



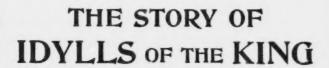
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"'LO, THOU LIKEWISE SHALT BE KING""-Page 290



ADAPTED FROM TENNYSON

By INEZ N. McFEE

WITH THE ORIGINAL POEM

Illustrated by M+L+KIRK



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INTRODUCTION

HE stories sketched herein are for the most part founded on Tennyson's "Idylls of the King." The aim of the writer has been to put the subject matter of the "Idylls" into readable form for young readers,—to lay a foundation, as it were, for Tennyson's tales. They are stories of "noble chivalry, courtesy, humanity, friendliness, hardiness, love, friendship, cowardice, murder, hate, virtue, and sin."

Before reading these tales the young reader should know that King Arthur was a good and wise king who ruled over parts of England in the sixth century. In those days England was divided into a number of petty kingdoms, each ruled by its own king, and Arthur was the wisest and best of these rulers. Indeed, so great was he, that he conquered a large number of his neighbor kings, and finally came to be the ruler of all Western, or Celtic England. He was so chivalrous and kind, so wise and just, that people everywhere sang his praises. Story after story about him was handed down from one generation to another, until, even before printing came into use, writers of many lands took him for the highest type of chivalrous gentleman. He was made to stand for all that was good and pure in life, and his name became a household watchword.

A writer named Mallory gathered the Arthur stories together and had them published in one book. He called his work "Morte d'Arthur." Tennyson got much of the material for his "Idylls" from Mallory, but each author added to the original records to suit his own fancy. Thus, Arthur really reigned in the sixth century, but Mallory put him into a setting of feudal chivalry and knighthood at its highest flower, which was actually reached in the twelfth century. Tennyson went farther and put in conversation and happenings of his own day and age. Therefore, while the

story of Arthur is beautiful and inspiring, it is not exactly true to his time. But this fact does not in any way affect the interest of the tale.

The traveler over Great Britain finds everywhere mementos of Arthur. From "Arthur's Seat" at Edinburgh to "Arthur's Castle of Tintagil" in Cornwall, his name is in the air. Winchester claims to have been the seat of Arthur's royal palace—the city spoken of in the tales as Camelot. Bamborough Castle in Northumberland boasts of having been "Joyous Gard," the home of Lancelot, Arthur's best-loved knight; while Guilford in Surrey is said to have been the home of "the lily maid of Astolat," who died for love of Lancelot. Devonshire is known as the home of Geraint, one of Arthur's strong knights, and Glastonbury is the traditional "island-valley of Avalon" whither Arthur passed at the close of the tales. It was to Glastonbury, we are told, that Joseph of Arimathea conveyed the Holy Grail after the Saviour's death, and there the Feast of the Pentecost was always faithfully observed by Arthur and his knights.

Tennyson uses his "Idvlls" to point a moral. In some respects he makes them a tale of "Paradise Lost." In the beginning, he shows us Arthur's kingdom — a creation bright and fair, perfect in every way. The blight of sin, however, creeps in at last and gradually spreads corruption, until all ends in what seems to be defeat and failure; but through the clouds we can see the sun shining, and we feel that Arthur's life has not been lived in vain. do not deal with the moral in our rendering of the stories. give them for their pictures of chivalrous times, for their beauty of thought and action, and for their portrayal of right, truth, and might conquering over wrong. It is our hope that young readers will profit from acquaintance with the brave, and courteous knights. and the pure, true, beautiful ladies around whom the tales are woven, and be led to realize the truth of the saying: "Do after the good, and leave the evil, and it shall bring you to good fame and renown."

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CHAPTER 1

HOW ARTHUR CAME TO BE KING

ING UTHER Pendragon lay dying. He was sore at heart and sadly troubled. His spirit could not bear to leave the earth, for he had no heir to succeed him. Loudly did he mourn, and all his attendants were filled with pity. Merlin, the great wizard, and his master Bleys were sent for, and tried in vain to comfort him.

At last the two wise men went out from the King's presence, and paced along the shore beside the sea. They were sad and troubled, for they could think of no way in which their magic might help their beloved King. It was night — a dismal night, "in which the bounds of Heaven and earth seemed lost." Suddenly, from out the blackness, a dragon-winged ship loomed up at sea. Bright and all shining she was, and there were many people on her decks. B. only a glimpse the two wise men had ere she passed from sight. Then master and pupil stood silently watching the great waves rice and fall. Wave after wave came in, each mightier than the last, until finally the ninth one, "gathering half the deep and full of voices, slowly rose and plunged roaring, and all the wave was in a flame, and down the wave and in the flame was borne a naked babe, that rode to Merlin's feet."

Quickly the old wizard caught up the child. "The King!" he cried. "Here is an heir for Uther!"

As he spoke, the fringe of the great breaker, swooping up the strand, lashed at him and rose all around him in fire, so that he and Straightway Merlin and Bleys hurried to the castle, and great was the rejoicing when the glad tidings were borne throughout the court that an heir had been given to Uther from the deep sea. The old King was glad and happy indeed, and his spirit passed from his body in peace. But he did not die until he had blessed the child and commanded two knights and two ladies to take it, wrapped in cloth-of-gold, and deliver it to a poor man they would find waiting at the outer gates of the castle. The wise old King knew that when he was dead the babe's life would be in danger, and that many of his wicked, unscrupulous nobles would try to take the throne.

Now the old man at the gate was Merlin in disguise, but the knights and ladies knew it not. He bore the babe secretly away, and carried him to Sir Anton, an old friend of King Uther's. The good knight had the child christened by a holy priest, naming him Arthur. Then his wife took the babe and nursed him and reared him with her own children.

Great was the speculation at court as to where the child had gone, and strife and trouble arose among the more powerful nobles as to who should rule in King Uther's stead. But Merlin charged them, saying:

"Havé heed what ye do. The child is not dead. God will have His will; in His own good time He will bring forth Uther's heir and crown him King. And Uther's heir shall be greatest of all great kings; all his enemies shall fall before him. And before he dies he shall long have been King of all England, and have under his rule Wales, Scotland, and Ireland, and more kingdoms than are now known."

The petty kings and nobles marveled at what Merlin said, and though they scoffed at him in secret, they dared not take the throne, for well they knew the wisdom of his prophecies. And for many years there were wrangling and bloodshed in the land.

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Knaves and cutthroats went their way undisturbed, and the country sank into decay. Wild men and people from over the sea plundered and laid waste the borderlands, and Terror rode barebacked over the hills and through the dales. At last Merlin went to the Archbishop of Canterbury and told him to make known to all the lords of the realm, and to all the gentlemen of arms, that if they would come to London at Christmas time, a miracle would be shown to them, revealing who was to be their King. Of course all the lords and gentlemen were eager to know who this might be, and long before dawn on Christmas Day the great church in London was packed with hopeful guests, who waited anxiously for the hour of prayer, after which the miracle was to be made known.

When all had been permitted to file into the churchyard, there was seen a large, square marble block, having in its midst an anvil all of steel. In the anvil was stuck a beautiful sword, with naked blade. And on the sword were letterings and markings of gold, which, being interpreted, read:

"Whoso pulleth this sword from out this anvil and marble is the true King of all England."

The people marveled, for the feat seemed easy; and there was some wrangling among the lords, for each of them wished to be King, as to who should have the 1. st trial to draw out the sword. The question having been settled by the Archbishop after some difficulty, one after another went up and tried to draw the sword from the anvil. But no one could even make it stir.

"It is plain," said the Archbishop, "that the man is not here who can draw the sword. But doubtless God will make him known in good time. Let us issue a proclamation that there will be another trial on Twelfth Day. In the meantime, let us provide ten good knights to guard the sword."

All was done as the Archbishop said. Then, as the nobles and gentlemen did not care to return to their homes and journey back again, it was arranged to have a great joust, or tournament, on New Year's Day. The Archbishop was glad of this excuse to

keep the lords and the common people together, for he hoped that during the joust some sign would be given as to who should win the sword.

Now it happened that Sir Anton lived on a large estate near London, and he decided to go up to the tournament with his son, Sir Kay, and young Arthur for his companions. When they had ridden a few miles on their journey, Sir Kay discovered that he had forgotten his sword. He was much dismayed, for he meant to take part in the tourneys, and he begged Arthur to ride back for it. This the sweet-tempered lad willingly consented to do, though by so doing he would miss a large part of the tournament. But the trip was a useless one, for when he arrived at the castie, he found that all the servants had set off across the fields for the tournament. There was no one to find the sword for him, and he was forced to turn back empty-handed.

"Alas!" said he, "I will not go to my brother without a sword. He shall do his share in the tourney, even though it be late in the day. I will get me down to the churchyard and draw out the sword from the marble."

When he had come to the churchyard and made fast his horse to the stile, he went to the tent which had been placed over the marble block, and peeped in. And lo! the brave and trusted knights who had been left to guard the sword had stolen away to the tourneys! Seizing the weapon by the handle, Arthur pulled it easily from the marble, mounted his horse, and rode away in search of Sir Kay, to whom he delivered the sword.

Sir Kay recognized it at once, and, saying nothing of his intentions to Arthur, he spurred his horse to his father's side. Showing the sword to Sir Anton, he said, "Lo, Sir, here is the sword that was in the marble in the churchyard, wherefore I must be King of all England."

Sir Anton was astonished. But he knew his son. Privately summoning Arthur, he made Sir Kay and the boy go quietly with him to the churchyard. There he examined the marble; then he

drew them into the church and sternly bade Sir Kay tell him the truth about the stone.

"How is it that you now have the sword in your possession? You could no more draw it on Christmas Day than any other knight!" he demanded.

Sir Kay knew his father was not to be deceived, so he answered truly: "My brother Arthur brought it to me."

"Zounds!" exclaimed the old knight. "And how came you by it, boy?"

Arthur told him.

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"Then," said Sir Anton, "I see that you, lad, must be the destined King of our land."

"I!" cried Arthur in bewilderment, for he had not understood the true significance of the sword. "Wherefore I? Are you dreaming, Father? Why should I be King?"

"Because God will have it so," answered Sir Anton solemnly, uncovering his head. "Know you not, lad, that it has been ordained that whosoever pulleth this sword from the marble shall be King? It is a sign from the Great Ruler on high. Now, that there may be no mistake, let us see if you can put the sword back in its place and draw it out again."

"Surely, Sir, that is easy!" answered Arthur, and straightway led the way to the churchyard.

Lightly he hurled the gleaming steel into the center of the anvil. Then Sir Anton took hold of the sword and tried to draw it out, but in vain. Sir Kay next tried with all his might to move the sword, but he could not stir it.

"Nay," said Sir Anton, "you are not the man. Do you try, Arthur."

And Arthur took hold of the sword and drew it forth easily. At this Sir Anton and Sir Kay knelt on the ground before him and bowed low their heads.

"Alas," cried Arthur, "wherefore do you kneel to me, mine own dear father and my brother?"

"Nay, my lord Arthur," answered good Sir Anton, "call me father no more. You are not of our kin. None of my blood courses in your veins."

Then he told Arthur how he had taken him from Merlin and brought him up as his own son; and how the wizard had said that Arthur was sent from heaven to be King. Arthur was deeply moved, but the thought that he might be the King paled before the loss of his good parents, and he was even more deeply grieved.

Seeing this, the old knight said kindly: "Do not take it to heart, my lord Arthur. We will still be your friends, if it please you."

"If it please me!" exclaimed Arthur. "What manner of man should I be if it did not please me? It would ill-behoove me to show aught but kindness and love to you and my good mother, Lady Eleanor, who have stood for so many years between me and the world. Nay, Sir Anton, if it should to that I have the good fortune to be crowned King, ask what you will of me and the favor shall be granted, even unto the half of my kingdom."

"Lord Arthur," replied the old knight, bowing low, "your kindness and courtesy do credit to the wise teachings of my good lady. I thank you. But I shall ask no more of you than that you make my son, Sir Kay, seneschal of all your lands."

"Indeed," answered Arthur, "that will I do willingly. And, by my faith, no man but he shall fill that office while he and I live."

Then Sir Anton counseled Arthur and Sir Kay to hold their peace till Twelfth Day, when Arthur might take his turn among all those who came to try for the sword.

"For," said he, "no other man can take the sword, let him try as he may. You are the King that God has sent to save the land. It is best that you prove yoursel, before all the lords and common people."

When Twelfth Day came, a great crowd again assembled, and all the mighty and powerful men of the kingdom tried in turn to draw the sword. But none of them could do it. Then Arthur

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stepped out modestly from the ranks of the gentlemen and drew the sword with ease. At first the people were amazed. Then there was a great shout and a mutter of angry voices. How could all the great and powerful knights submit to be ruled by a mere boy, who had never even been knighted? It was with difficulty that the Archbishop of Canterbury and his assistants finally restored order. Then the Archbishop proposed that the question should not be decided till Candlemas, which is the second day of February, and to this all agreed.

However, when Candlemas came, Arthur again was the only one from among the vast throng assembled in the churchyard who could draw the sword. But the people were no better satisfied than before; so they agreed to have another trial on Easter Day. And again it happened that none but Arthur could take the sword. Once more it was agreed that another trial should take place—this time at the Feast of the Pentecost, commonly known as Whitsunday, seven weeks after Easter.

Now so bitter was the feeling against Arthur that Merlin was fearful lest he come to harm, so the wizard prevailed upon the Archbishop to send ten of Uther's best-beloved knights to serve the young King-to-be as a body-guard. They were to attend Arthur at all times, and never to leave him even for a moment, until the great day for the Feast of the Pentecost arrived.

The people had now grown reckless over the choice of King, feeling that any full-grown man could rule more wisely than a mere stripling; so all manner of men were allowed to test their strength on the day of Pentecost. But all to no purpose, for none but Arthur could draw the sword. When for the fourth time he prevailed over all the knights and strong men of the land, a murmur ran through the crowd. A presentiment seemed to descend upon them. And all the common people fell upon their knees, crying:

Let Arthur be crowned King! We will take no other. He it is whom God has sent. Deny him no longer, lest a great pestilence come upon us. Long live Arthur, the King!"

Many of the knights now began to waver, and several of them came and knelt at Arthur's feet and implored him to forgive them for doubting him. This Arthur did readily, and, taking the sword, knelt and offered it on the altar before the Archbishop. Then he was knighted by the best man there.

Arthur was crowned at once, in the presence of all the people, and there he swore to the lords and the common people to be a true king forevermore, and to rule the land with right and justice. On one side of him stood the wizard, Merlin, his beard whitened by the frosts of a hundred winters, and on the other stood the Lady of the Lake, who had appeared as though by magic, clothed in white samite, mystic and wonderful. A mist of incense curled about her, and her face was well-nigh hidden in the gloom.

Just as the coronation ceremonies were over, the attention of the people was attracted toward the lake near by. And behold, a most wonderful sword rose above the waters in the center of the lake!

"The mystic sword!" cried the Lady of the Lake. "Make haste, my lord Arthur, row out and secure it. Excalibur, meaning cut-steel, is his name. Strong and powerful is he. And with him in your hands no enemy can stand before you."

"And mind you, O King," said the wizard, "secure you the scabbard, for it is ten times more powerful than the sword. While you have the scabbard upon you, you shall lose no blood, be you ever so sorely wounded."

Thus admonished, Arthur lost no time in securing the sword. And a wonderful sword it was, with a blade so bright that men were blinded by it. "All the haft twinkled with diamond sparks, myriads of topaz-lights and jacinth-work of subtlest jewelry." On the hilt was engraved the "Elfin Urim," mysterious Hebrew jewels, having a hidden meaning. Some say that this symbol consisted of four rows of precious stones on which were inscribed the names of the twelve tribes of Israel; others that it was formed of three stones, one of which indicated in some mysterious way the answer

"Yes," the second "No," while the third was neutral. On one side of the blade was engraved in Hebrew, "Take me," but on the other side were the words "Cast me away." When he had read the inscriptions. Arthur was at a loss what to do, and his face grew sad at the thought of throwing away the wonderful sword. But Merlin came to his aid.

"Take the sword and strike!" he counseled. "The time to cast away is yet far off."

And Arthur obeyed.

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CHAPTER II

THE FOUNDING OF THE ROUND TABLE

RTHUR had scarcely been king an hour before complaints began to pour in upon him. Lords, knights, and ladies besought him to restore lands which had been taken from them, in one way and another, since the death of Uther. The widowed and the fatherless came to him for protection, and prayed him to give them aid in various causes. The King received all who sought him, for he had a kind heart a singled with all his soul to establish order, truth, and justice so shout his realm. But many difficulties plunged him into a sea of trouble, and he readily saw that he must have a band of faithful helpers.

One of the first acts was to make Sir Kay seneschal of England, according to the promise given to Sir Anton. To him was entrusted, as far as possible, the restoration of all lands to their proper owners. Arthur next remembered son.e old friends of King Uther's, Sir Baldwin, Sir Ulfius and Sir Brastias. Sir Baldwin was made Constable of Britain, and Sir Ulfius, Chamberlain; while Sir Brastias he appointed Warden of the country north of the River Trent. Of course a large part of the land over which these lords were supposed to hold sway was Arthur's realm only in name, as it was ruled by kings who were hostile to him. This land had to be conquered. To conquer it Arthur would need a large army; therefore he conceived the idea of founding an order called The Knights of the Kound Table.

These knights were to be chosen from the flower of the land. They were to be brave, true, chivalrous, loyal, ever ready to fight for the right and to champion the cause of the weak. A large number presented themselves at Arthur's call, and he took the

hands of each separately in his own, and, in a voice that trembled, bade the knighted make the following vow:

"To reverence the King as if he were Their conscience, and their conscience as their King, To break the heathen and uphold the Christ, To ride abroad redressing human wrongs, To speak no slander, no, nor listen to it, To honor his own word as if his God's, To lead sweet lives in purest chastity, To love one maiden only, cleave to her, And worship her by years of noble deeds, Until they won her."

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So simple were the words of great authority, so strait were the vows to his majesty, that when the knights rose from kneeling "some were pale as at the passing of a ghost, some flushed, and others dazed, as one who wakes half-blinded at the coming of a light." Then, when he had finished knighting them, the King "spake, and cheered his Table Round with large, divine, and comfortable words," beyond the power of pen to tell.

As he talked a miracle happened. From eye to eye through all their Order flashed a momentary likeness of the King; and ere it left their faces, through the casement over Arthur came three rays of beautiful light — flame-color, vert (green), and azure, one falling upon each of three fair Queens who stood in silence near his throne."

Just who these three Queens were who attended King Arthur we do not know. Some say that they were the Queen Morgan le Fay, Arthur's sister, the Queen of Northgales, and the Queen of the Waste Lands. But others, and by far the greater number, say that they were mystic Queens sent from heaven to watch over the King, and that they were embodiments of the three cardinal virtues, Faith, Hope, and Charity. They always hovered near him; but only rarely were they visible to the eyes of the knights in attendance.

The royal palace and the court of the Knights of the Round Table were to be established at Camelot. To Merlin was entrusted the planning of the castle and the grounds, and the result was more than might have been expected even of a mighty wizard. It was indeed a city of enchantment—"a city of shadowy palaces and stately, rich in emblem and the work of ancient kings who did their days in stone." Here and there pinnacles and spires rose toward heaven, and everywhere were beautiful touches from the hand of Merlin the Mage, who knew all arts.

A great wall was built all about the castle grounds, and the entrance thereto was not like any other gate under heaven:

"For barefoot on the keystone, which was lined And rippled like an ever fleeting wave, The Lady of the Lake stood: all her dress Wept from her sides as water flowing away; But like the cross her great and goodly arms Stretch'd under all the cornice and upheld: And drops of water fell from either hand; And down from one a sword was hung, from one A censer, either worn with wind and storm; And o'er her breast floated the sacred fish; And in the space to left of her, and right, Were Arthur's wars in weird devices done, New things and old co-twisted, as if Time Were nothing, so inveterately, that men Were giddy gazing there: and over all High on the top were those three Queens, the friends Of Arthur, who should help him at his need."

Both the castle and wall, however, were many years in the building, and during all this time Arthur and his knights were waging the battle of truth and justice. "And now the Barons and little kings prevailed, and now the King, as here and there the war went swaying." But no enemy of Arthur could long hold out against Excalibur, which was so bright in his eyes that it gave the light of thirty torches; and Arthur's domain widened and

lengthened daily, while the pure and noble deeds of the King and his knights uplifted and bettered all with whom they came in contact. Arthur and the noble knights of the Round Table were known far and wide, and everywhere they were both loved and feared.

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Perhaps the hardest struggle of all, was that with the Welsh kings and barons. They were most stubborn in their resistance against King Arthur. So, after he had conquered all England and won to himself many true and valiant knights, he went down into Wales and caused a great Feast of the Pentecost to be held in the city of Caerleon, hoping thus to please the people. To this feast came many great kings with large hosts of powerful knights. And Arthur rejoiced, for he thought they had come to do honor to him; and he sent messengers to them with rich presents.

But the kings refused even to look at these, and repulsed the bearers with bitter scorn, saying that they would receive no gifts from a beardless boy of questionable blood. And they sent word to Arthur that they had come to bring him gifts, which they would deliver with sharp swords, betwixt the neck and shoulders. They charged the messengers to say plainly to Arthur that they had come to slay him, for they would never submit to the rule of a mere boy.

Arthur and his lords took counsel together, and decided to entrench themselves in a strong tower which was near at hand. Accordingly, five hundred picked knights were chosen, food was hastily gathered in, and the army fortified behind strong walls. Hardly were they safely settled, when the mighty Army of the Kings besieged them, but all to no purpose, for the strong walls of the tower sheltered them well. For fifteen days the siege lasted; then Merlin came into the city.

The kings welcomed him gladly, for the old wizard had many times worked powerful charms for them.

"But," they demanded, "why is this boy - this slender strip-

ling, Arthur, a mere nobody, the chosen King of all your noble

people?"

"Because," answered Merlin sternly, "he is the Heaven-sent son of King Uther Pendragon. And it is not meet that ye fight against him, besides it wil. profit ye naught. Powerful is he and brave, endowed with God-given strength. All his enemies shall fall before him, and he shall be ruler over land and sea. Greater than all great kings shall he be, and all the people will bow before him and cry, 'All hail, the good King Arthur!'"

There were some among the kings who heeded Merlin's words; but others, and those the more powerful, laughed scornfully, and muttered under their breath things not exactly complimentary to the old wizard. However, he gained from them a promise to listen to Arthur if he cared to come out and speak with them, and they assured him that Arthur would be allowed to come and go in peace.

Then Merlin went to King Arthur. "Go out and speak boldly to them as their King and Chieftain," he advised. "And spare them not; neither be thou afraid, for thou shalt overcome them in

spite of all."

So Arthur hastily donned robes of peace over his heavy armor and went out to meet them. With him went Sir Kay, Sir Brastias, Sir Baldwin, and the Great Archbishop of Canterbury. Wisely and well did Arthur speak to the hostile kings, and never once did he fail to reply readily to the many questions which they asked. But his wisdom and gentle kindness did not impress them. They defied him, and Arthur told them sadir, but with spirit, that he would yet make them bow their heads in submission. Then the kings turned away in great wrath.

After Arthur had gone back to the tower, Merlin turned to the kings, saying: "What will ye do? Ye had better disband quietly, for I say unto you that truly ye will never prevail. No, not were your number doubled unto ten times ten, for God is with Arthur

and his knights."

But the kings were angry and sore of spirit, and they said to him scornfully: "Since when have we taken advice from dreamers?"

Then Merlin faded swiftly from their sight, vanishing by magic, and the kings were troubled. They had no wish to anger the old wizard, lest he work some charm upon them.

At once Merlin appeared before Arthur, counseling him fiercely: "Set upon yonder rebellious rascals this hour, and smite them. Go against them with weapons like their own; then, if the battle waxes against you, draw Excalibur and he shall win the victory."

And it came to pass as Merlin had foretold.

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Within the hour Arthur and his knights fell upon the vast Army of the Kings, and for a time the battle waxed hot and fierce. Everywhere Arthur appeared in the thickest of the fight, until finally his horse was slain under him, and several of the rebel knights sprang upon him. Quickly he unsheathed Excalibur and waved him aloft. There was a light like that of thirty torches, low thunders rumbled, and lightnings played around, and the rebellious kings and barons shrank together, afraid. Then Arthur and his knights pressed them close. Slowly they retreated; the citizens of Caerleon joined Arthur and fell upon them with clubs and stones, slaying many knights; and finally the remnant of the noble Army of the Kings broke and fled.

And Merlin came to King Arthur and counseled him not to follow them. So Arthur and his knights returned to Camelot and held council as to what were best to be done. For Merlin had told them that the kings though defeated were not humbled, and wo.'d follow him into his own country to wreak vengeance upon him.

At the council it was decided to send for Merlin and abide by his advice, and he came, saying: "I warn ye that your enemies are exceeding strong. They are as good men-at-arms as any in all the land. Since ye fought with them they have added four Scot-

tish kings and a powerful duke, with their large companies of knights, to their number. If our King goeth out to meet them, even with all the able knights he can gather together in his realm, he will be out-numbered, overcome, and slain.

"Now, if ye will, hark a to my advice: Across the seas there live two strong and powerful brothers; kings they are. One is King Ban of Benwick, and the other King Bors of France. They have a very rich and powerful enemy, King Claudas, who worries them continually and against whom they cannot prevail. Now, let my lord King Arthur send two trusty messengers unto these kings and entreat them to come to our aid, promising in return to help deliver them from King Claudas."

And the King and all his knights approved; so Ulfius and Brastias were chosen as messengers to the brothers. They started in great haste for the city of Benwick. In a narrow pass among the mountains they were set upon by eight knights from the court of King Claudas, but God was with them and they overcame, and left their enemies lying sorely wounded upon the field.

At Benwick, very fortunately, they found both King Ban and King Bors, enjoying life in peace; for their enemy King Claudas and most of his knights had gone away over the borders for a big hunt. As soon as the kings learned that the messengers came from the court of Arthur and were of the Round Table, they welcomed them most heartily, and summoned attendants to give them food and bind the wounds they had received upon their journey.

Until morning the good knights tarried, and then set out upon the homeward journey with joyful hearts. Not only did they have about their persons as many rich gifts for King Arthur as they could well carry, but they had something that was of far greater value—a promise from King Ban and King Bors to come to Camelot as soon as they could make ready, and help Arthur in his struggle with the rebellious Welsh and Scots.

Great was the joy among the knights of the Round Table, when the good news was heard. Preparations were at once begun

for a grand feast and tournament when the kings and their followers should arrive. Arthur and a band of his most noble knights went twenty miles along the way to meet the expected guests, and most heartily did they greet them. The next day almost one thousand knights took part in the tourneys and enjoyed the bountiful feasts. King Arthur, King Ban, and King Bors, the Archbishop of Canterbury, old Sir Anton, and the ladies of Arthur's court sat on a platform covered with cloth-of-gold, and acred as judges of the contests. And a merry time every one had. It was the largest joust yet held in England.

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When the eleven rebellious kings marched up against Arthur, he and his allies were not only ready but waiting for them, and a battle was fought on the plains below Camelot. The great Army of the Kings was utterly routed, and Arthur acknowledged as King of Great Britain. His allies, the kings Ban and Bors, laden with rich presents, returned to their own countries, happy in the assurance that if their enemy, Claudas, ever again molested them, they had only to send to the court of Arthur to obtain the means necessary to quiet him forever.

Scarcely had the foreign kings gone and Arthur and his noble knights settled down for a time of peaceful quiet, when guests arrived at Court. They were Bellicent, wife of King Lot of Orkney, with her sons, and a host of servants. Now Lot was one of the kings who had recently been engaged in the war against Arthur. But Queen Bellicent represented that she came in friendship, and told Arthur she had just discovered that she was his half-sister, being the daughter of Igraine, wife of Uther, by a former marriage. She was a very beautiful woman, and Arthur's heart went out to her. Pure and truthful himself, he was the last man in the world to detect falsehood, deceit, and cunning in another, so he made her most welcome. And not until her departure, a month later, did he learn that she had really come to him as a spy.

All was revealed to him in a marvelous dream, which filled him

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with dread. It seemed as though there came into his land a large number of griffins and serpents which burnt and slew the people throughout the land. And Arthur thought that he went to battle with them and that, although they wounded him sorely, he finally succeeded in slaying them.

"What does it mean?" he inquired of Merlin.

"Ah, my Lord Arthur," answered the old man solemnly, "it was a gruesome dream, and it meant *Treason*. You have indeed entertained serpents in your court unawares for the past thirty days. They shall bite and sting like adders! Queen Bellicent's son shall break up your noble order of the Knights of the Round Table, lay in waste the glories of Camelot, and slay you in vattle."

And Arthur was disheartened at the words, and drooped in ex-

ceeding bitterness of spirit.

But Merlin counseled him wisely: "Rebel not. It is God's will, and He doth all things well. Forget it! I should not have told you, for it profits no man to know the Future! Pray regard it as though you knew it not, my Lord Arthur. Live ev:r as the pure, blameless King, and when years hence, for it will be years hence, the end comes, you will receive your reward. Sorrow not, my lord, for you shall die an honorable death, b "—I shall die shamefully. I shall be buried alive!"

Arthur marveled much over the words of the wizard, and, later he saw how faithfully this prophecy of doom was fulfilled, particularly that about the magician's own sad ending. It seems that Merlin, old as he was, fell in love with Vivien, a beautiful but wicked maiden of Arthur's court. She enticed from the old man a great number of his magic secrets, and used them to further her own interests. At last Merlin became so deeply in love with Vivien that he could scarcely bear to have the maiden out of his sight, and she grew very weary of him. Moreover, she was afraid of him because he was a wizard. She feared that in one of his jealous frenzies he would work some charm upon her.

Now, there was one charm the secret of which Merlin would

never tell Vivien, though he frequently hinted of its great pow r. Of course, when she found he would not tell the secret, she was most anxious to know it, so she tried in every way to learn it. But Merlin was wise: he was aware of Vivien's feeling for him, and he knew that if she discovered the secret his life would be in danger; for one who knew it could work a spell upon another that would put that other into a deep sleep; then the possessor of the charm could cause the ground, or a tree, to open, allowing him to roll the victim in and seal him up.

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But alas for Merlin! He thought so much about the secret that daily it became harder for him to keep it. He had a presentiment that some day, in an unguarded moment, he would tell the charm. And sure enough he did!

He and Vivien were sitting under a large oak tree in the Breton forest of Borceliande. A great weariness was upon Merlin, for he was very old, having lived three times the number of years usually allotted to man. He had not the strength to withstand Vivien's coaxing to tell him the secret and he yielded. Hardly had he told it to her when he felt a great drowsiness stealing over him. In a moment, he lay in a deep sleep, and Vivien stood over him, clapping her hands and laughing in wild glee. Then, with a few mysterious moves and passes, she caused the great tree to open, and roughly tumbled Merlin in. No sooner was he safely inside than the tree closed up again,—

"And in the hollow oak he lay as dead,
And lost to life and use and name and fame."

And Vivien laughed and shrieked wildly, "I have made his glory mine. Fool! O fool!" she cried. Then she turned and sprang away through the forest, and the thicket closed behind her as the deep woods echoed "fool!"

CHAPTER III

ARTHUR'S BEST FRIEND

MONG King Arthur's knights was one, Sir Lancelot of the Lake, whom he loved with a love passing that of women. Sir Lancelot was one of the first to respond to Arthur's call, and he willingly left his beautiful castle "Joyous Gard" in Northumberland, to do the will of his "blameless, white king." Chief was Lancelot among all the brave and noble knights of the Round Table; in tournaments and jousts and deeds of arms he surpassed all others, and never was he overcome except by treason or enchantment. All over the land, next to good King Arthur, Sir Lancelot was loved and honored by high and low. Always he fought next to his king in battle, and well did his strong arm serve his master.

Sir Lancelot loved excitement and the joy of the fray. He was never content to lounge at home, among the splendors of the court at Camelot. If adventure were not at hand, he went out in search of it, and many are the thrilling stories told of him. It is said that once, at a great tourney, he overthrew twenty-eight knights in quick succession, among them being the great and mighty

King of North Wales.

Legend has it that once, when affairs at the court were dull, Sir Lancelot, according to his custom, determined to go in quest of adventures. He set out with only one companion, his nephew, Sir Lionel, saying that he would not return until time for the great Feast of the Pentecost, which was always observed at Camelot, with great tourneys and much rejoicing. Days passed and nothing was heard from the adventurers, and finally time drew very

near to the Pentecost. Then Lancelot's brother, Sir Ector, grew anxious, and set out in search of the two men.

Though not so strong as his brother Lancelot, Sir Ector was a brave and noble knight. So he rode boldly into the heavy forest for many miles in the direction in which his brother and his nephew had started. Finally he met a sturdy forester and inquired of him if there were any adventures to be found thereabout.

"Yea," said the forester. "If you be a brave man, you can find all that you seek about a mile farther on, in the depth of the forest. There is a strong manor with a deep moat around it, and a ford where your horse may drink. Hard by is a beautiful tree all hung with many fair shields that once belonged to bold, true knights. In the midst of these hangs a brass and copper basin. If you smite angrily upon it three times with the butt of your spear, that which you seek will appear."

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Sir Ector rode forward at once. He knew well that if Sir Lancelot had vassed that way, he had sought at once the adventure of which the forester told. As he came up to the tree and eagerly scanned the many shields, he recognized the shield of his nephew, Sir Lionel, and also those of several knights of the Round Table who had mysteriously disappeared. But of Sir Lancelot's shield there was no sign. Though he thanked Heaven for this, Sir Ector was both dismayed and disheartened, and very angry withal at the sight of these silent proofs of treachery done to his friends. So he smote angrily upon the basin three times, and rode his horse into the stream, to give him a drink. Scarcely had the animal satisfied himself, when a knight rode up behind Sir Ector and demanded that he come out of the water and prepare to defend himself. With a shout Sir Ector wheeled sharply, and smote the strange knight such a heavy blow that he fairly made his horse reel.

"Ha!" cried the knight. "That was well done, and more than knight has done to me these twelve years past, but, my friend, such as you can be no match for Turquine!"

THE STORY OF IDYLLS OF THE KING

As the strange knight spoke his name, Sir Ector fell a rembling, for there was scarcely a knight in all the Order of the Round Table who did not fear the great and mighty bandit, Sir Turquine. The powerful knight marked the effect of his words, and chuckled to himself as he reached out one mighty arm and plucked the fear-weakened Sir Ector from the saddle. Swiftly he bore hi... away to his own home, where he stripped him of his armor, beat him with cruel thorns, and threw him into a deep dungeon, where he found many men whom he knew, among them the lost Sir Lionel.

"Alas, my nephew!" cried Sir Ector, "that we should meet in this foul place! But tell me, know you aught-of my brother, Lancelot?"

"No," answered Lionel. "I left him asleep in the shade of an oak tree, but whether he now lives I know not. One thing is sure: unless he does, and comes to our rescue, we shall rot in prison. For there is no man on earth but Lancelot who can overthrow our jailer."

While the knights mourned and sympathized with each other, Lancelot also drooped and languished in a distant prison cell. As he had lain in peaceful slumber under the oak tree, four Queenwitches had come by and cast a spell over him. They had borne him off to their castle and had sought by every means in their power to make him renounce the Round Table and his allegiance to King Arthur, and serve in their castle guard instead. This Sir Lancelot would not do, and the Queens declared he should die in prison if his will could not be broken.

Now it chanced that the damsel who was commanded to wait upon Sir Lancelot, and carry him his meals, was the daughter of Bagdemagus, a king whose head had been bowed low in the dust by the King of North Wales. Once in a tournament Lancelot had overthrown this great king, and the daughter of Bagdemagus, knowing this, was very kind to Lancelot. She offered to help him escape, if he would deliver her father from the tyranny of the

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Welsh king. Lancelot was more man glad to consent, and at the appointed time the maiden led him safely away and hid him in her father's house. Then King Bagdemagus assembled all his brave and trusty knights and gave them into Sir Lancelot's command, and great was the victory which they won over the King of Wales and his followers.

As soon as Lancelot saw his faithful friend, the Princess Bagdemagus and her father, the King, safely settled in their own borders, he bade them a kind farewell and set forth alone to seek for Sir Lionel, marveling much as to the young man's disappearance while he 'himself had been sleeping beneath the oak. He made his way back to the tree, and scarcely had he ridden ten rods from it when he met a maiden riding a white mule.

"Sweet lady," said he, bowing low before her, "canst thou tell me if any adventures are to be found in this forest?"

"Yea, my lord knight," answered the maiden, smiling brightly at the handsome Lancelot, who had a manner that was pleasing to all women, "there are many adventures hereabouts, if it so happens that thou hast strength to prove them."

"And why should I not prove myself, fa'r maiden?" asked Sir Lancelot quickly. "It is for further trials of my strength that I have come into this strange country."

"Aye, and thou hast spoken like a true knight!" exclaimed the girl admiringly. "I doubt not that thou art powerful and brave. I will bring thee to the greatest and mightiest knight that ere was found, if thou wilt tell me thy name and serve for me a quest, if first thou art lucky enough to overthrow the great man."

"Surely," responded Sir Lancelot, with his usual gallantry. "Twould be a pleasure to serve so fair a lady on any quest, however difficult. As to my name, I am called Sir Lancelot of the Lake, and belong to the Order of the Round Table. It may so chance that you have heard of my master, the noble King Arthur?"

"Yes, indeed," answered the maiden eagerly. "Not only of

Arthur, but of horave friend and most trusted knight, Lancelot. Now do I know that this powerful knight be delivered into your hands. He is the great and wicked bandit, Sir Turquine. And I am told that in his dungeons are three score and four good knights of King Arthur's court. He hath taken every one that came within his reach."

"Praise the kind Providence that led me hither, fair maiden!" cried Sir Lancelot. "I will avenge my friends of the Table Round and slay the villain, or forever give up my place at Arthur's right hand! Lead on! I am anxious to meet the bold Turquine, and God will strengthen my spear."

So the damsel made haste to lead Sir Lancelot to the tree by the ford, and she showed him the mystery of the basin. He recognized at once a large number of the shields hanging up on the tree, and he was so angry that he smote the basin fiercely until the bottom fell out. But no one came. Then Sir Lancelot rode up to the gates of Sir Turquine's manor and pounded for admission, and still no one answered. So he rode up and down before the gates like a sentinel, determined not to go away until he had obtained satisfaction.

At last horses' hoofs were heard in the distance, and presently there appeared at a bend in the road a great knight, who drove before his own horse another on which lay another knight who was wounded. There was something about the wounded man which seemed strangely familiar, and as he came nearer, Lancelot saw that it was Sir Gaheris, one of the Order of the Round Table who had but lately been knighted.

Sir Lancelot grasped his spear and firmly rode forward at a gallop. "Prepare to defend thyself!" he shouted sternly. "I charge thee in the name of King Arthur and the noble Order of the Round Table!"

"If thou comest under the name of that villainous band, thou art truly welcome!" answered the knight boldly. "I defy thee and all thy noble brotherhood!"

"Thou hast too much assurance, friend," returned Sir Lancelot, calmly. "But I pray thee, before we test our strength, let us lay my wounded brother upon the ground and make him more comfortable."

The knight consented. And then began such a fight as had never been seen or heard of before in all England. Now one knight prevailed and now the other, and for full two hours they fought without either one gaining the mastery. Both were covered with wounds and their breath came in gasping sobs; yet neither would cry for quarter.

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"Hold thy hand, good knight," he cried, "and let us reason together. Thou art the best knight that hath ever crossed blades with me, and more like one other that I have never seen than any one whom I could imagine. If thou art not he, for I hate him bitterly, I will agree to set free all my prisoners and let them return to Arthur's court, providing thou wilt promise to be my friend."

"And who is it thou so hatest, Sir Turquine?" inquired Sir Lancelot. "It is meet that I should know his name ere I promise, for thou art surely a brave knight, and who knows that thou mightst not be true and loyal didst thou so mind?"

"Know then," answered Sir Turquine grimly, "it is Sir Lancelot of the Lake. He slew my beloved brother at the battle of the Towers, and to avenge him I have killed a hundred good knights and crippled many more, and there are four score and ten shut up in my dungeons. Never will I cease to slay the knights of the Round Table that come into my borders while Lancelot lives. Knowest thou him? Is he friend of thine? Tell me true."

"Aye!" answered Lancelot bravely. "Never yet have I spoken aught but truth to man. Behold! Thy hated enemy stands before thee. I am Lancelot of the Lake, son of King Ban of Benwick. And we must fight unto the death; for as thou must

avenge thy brother, so must I likewise avenge my friends and kinsmen of the Round Table. I defy thee!"

Sir Turquine's wrath now waxed high. He fought with might and main, and Sir Lancelot had all he could do to defend himself. For two hours more they fought without rest, and both were faint and sick from the pain of their wounds and the loss of blood. Both were smeared and bespattered, and the grass all about them was trodden and stained like a slaughter pen. At last Sir Turquine's splendid strength gave way, and he bore his shield low for very weariness. Then came Sir Lancelot's chance, and he seized it. Quickly he grasped his foe by the helmet and bore him to his knees, plucking off his helm as he did so, and severing his neck with one blow. Then he fell fainting by the side of the dead knight.

Now the maiden who had brought Lancelot to the ford had remained hidden in a nearby ravine to watch the duel, and as soon as she saw that Lancelot had fallen beside the slain Turquine, she rushed to his side. And it was well that she did so, for he would have died of his wounds without her ministrations. Seizing Sir Turquine's helmet she bounded to the ford and quickly returned with cool spring water and soothing herbs. Tearing her hand-kerchief, sash and scarf into bandages, she soon had her patient's wounds dressed as skilfully as a physician could have bound them,

and set about restoring him to consciousness.

It was not long until Sir Lancelot was up and eager to set about his business. Almost immediately he inquired of the maiden as to the nature of the quest which she had wished him to undertake.

"Nay, Sir Knight," she cried pleadingly, "pray think not of it now. Stay thy hand, I beseech thee, until thou art rested and whole again."

But Sir Lancelot only laughed. "What are a few wounds, fair maiden?" he exclaimed. "Pray tell me thy wish, that I may

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keep my promise. I must be in Camelot for the Pentecost, and the time draws very near."

"Well, if thou must, Sir Knight," answered the maiden reluctantly. "I dislike to ask thee to duel more to-day; yet there is a wicked knight hereabouts who robs and distresses ladies and gentlewomen. It would be a noble act if thou couldst stay his hand, and thou wouldst have the thanks of all the ladies and damsels."

"Lead on," replied Sir Lancelot. "It is a good quest. But first let us set my wounded brother upon his feet."

So they loosed the thongs that bound the hands and feet of Sir Gaheris and removed the gag from his mouth, so that he was free to sit up and express his thanks to Lancelot and his admiration for the way Sir Lancelot had held his own in the duel with Sir Turquine. But Lancelot cut him short.

"Stay thy praise, Sir Gaheris!" said he. "I did but my duty. It was meet that I should do all I could for the Round Table and our blameless, white king. Get thee hence and finish this task for me, while I go with this maiden to redeem my promise. She hath sore need of a strong arm. I am told that at Turquine's manor hard by, there are shut up in the dungeon a large number of men from the Round Table. Their shields hang in a tree by the ford. Among them have I recognized those of my kinsmen, Sir Ector and Sir Lionel. Go then to the castle, I pray thee, and release the prisoners. Tell them to be of good cheer, and to hasten to Camelot for the great Feast of the Pentecost, when I shall be with them."

So Sir Lancelot and the maiden rode away, and as they drew near the bridge where the wicked knight usually lay in covert, Sir Lancelot bade the maiden ride on in advance. Scarcely had she gone a dozen rods, when the bandit sprang out from the thicket and dragged her from her horse. In an instant Sir Lancelot was upon him, and with one blow severed his head from his body.

"Zounds! What a dog!" he cried in disgust, as he helped the

weeping maiden to her feet. "'Tis a disgrace on knighthood that such as he lives! Hast thou aught more that I can do for thee, fair maiden? If so, thou hast but to speak, for thou hast twice saved my life, and 'tis a pleasure to serve thee."

"Nay, brave knight," answered the maiden, smiling, "thou art very kind, and better and gentler than any knight I have yet seen, but I can ask no more of thee. Go thy way, and may the good Father of all guide and preserve thee wheresoever thou goest."

They parted, and Lancelot rode forward into the forest in the direction of Camelot. That night he lodged at the hut of a poor forester. Next morning's sun found him again upon the way. Suddenly, as he rode quietly along, he 'eld a knight racing toward him, pursued by two others. He reined in his horse and waited for them to come up; and he saw that the knight in distress was no other than Sir Kay, Arthur's seneschal and foster-brother. Sir Lancelot went to his aid, and in a furious fight the two robberknights were killed. But in the fray Sir Lancelot's horse was slain.

"Ah, Sir Lancelot!" cried Sir Kay, as soon as he could speak, "Tis a lucky ...ing for me that you happened to be riding this way! They would have had me in another minute! Did you find the adventures that you sought? Surely you must, for this is a land of cutthroats and robbers! Woe is me! I am sent upon a quest for my lord Arthur, and well do I know that I shall never return alive!"

"Tut, Sir Kayl" chided Lancelot, "where is your courage?" But in his heart he pitied the seneschal and felt that what he dreaded would likely come to pass. So he said: "Come, I will tell you what to do. Let us make a trade. I will exchange my armor for your horse and armor. With my shield and armor on, you are safe, for most people where you are going would not venture to try at arms with me, and you can buy a horse at the nearest manor. As for me, I shall be safe enough, for I can defend myself."

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And so it came about that Lancelot and the seneschal exchanged arms, and made many hearts sorry thereby. For Sir Kay passed in peace many robbers and highwaymen who did not dare molest him thinking him Sir Lancelot, whose power as a swordsman was well known in that vicinity. Had they guessed the cowardly heart that beat under Sir Lancelot's armor and seen how the arm trembled that bore Sir Lancelot's shield, Sir Kay would surely have been slain!

As Sir Lancelot rode on toward Camelot, four of Arthur's knights espied him, and they nudged each other, saying: "Behold the sensechal, how proudly he bears himself! Verily, the honor of his position goes to his head like new wine! He rides like the great Chief of Knights, Sir Lancelot himself. Let us break his pride!"

And they laid their heads together and planned to frighten him by disguising themselves and asking him to cross swords with one of their number.

Now Lancelot knew the four at once and divined their plan, but he gave no sign. Laughing in his sleeve, he assumed the voice of Sir Kay, and challenged the party either singly or in a body. The knights were astounded, for they had expected Sir Kay to take flight instantly, and they murmured among themselves, but mirthfully accepted the challenge. Their mirth was changed to humiliation when the supposed seneschal not only defeated each in turn but all in a body! And they drew away with hanging heads, and would not even accompany this changed Sir Kay to court, as he invited them to do. Bitter as gall was the thought that they, who considered themselves among the flower of Arthur's knights, had been defeated by the seneschal, a mere farmer and keeper of grain-bins, who scarce knew one shield from another!

Great was the rejoicing when Sir Lancelot, after some further adventures, finally reached Camelot. The knights released from Turquine's dungeon and Sir Kay had all arrived before him, and loudly had they praised him. King Arthur felt that his beloved knight had indeed done him great service, and was prepared to

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show Lancelot all honor. A great feast was made ready which almost rivaled that of the Pentecost, to be held on the morrow. Praises, jests, and merriment ran high, but probably the happiest souls in all that vast throng were the four knights who learned that they had tested swords with the champion himself instead of the King's steward. And in all the land of England there was not at this time any man, excepting the King himself, who was so loved, so honored and so worthy of all reverence as Sir Lancelot of the Lake, son of King Ban of Benwick.

CHAPTER IV

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THE MARRIAGE OF ARTHUR

OU will remember that when Arthur was crowned, many kings ruled in the isle of Britain. Ever they waged war with one another, laying in waste a great part of the land, and from time to time the heathen hosts swarmed from over the sea and harried what was left. So there came to be many great tracts of wilderness where man was never seen and where wild beasts roamed at will. In parts of the wilderness there dwelt a fearful animal known as the loup-garou, or man-wolf, a creature, half-man and half-wolf, that devoured men, women and children.

The land of Cameliard, where Leodogran was king, suffered most from the wild beasts and heathen that overran its borders. Much of the country was covered by thick, wet woods, and by day as well as by night, the wild dog, the wolf, the bear, and the boar came to root in the fields and gardens of the King, and ever and anon they would steal a child and drag him away to their foul dens. Leodogran was greatly troubled and knew not where to turn for aid, his castle guard having been wasted by heathen hordes and recent fighting with his neighbor, King Urion. At last he heard of the crowning of Arthur, and of how the new king tried faithfully to measure justice to all. So he sent word to him, saying: "Arise, and help us! For here between man and beast we die."

Arthur's tender heart was filled with compassion, and he summoned his knights around him and bade them prepare for the journey. Not once did he pause to think that he was yet but little used to battle (for this was in the early days of his reign), or of how much his own affairs needed looking after, for there was yet much bitter, smoldering revolt against him in his kingdom.

Now it chanced that as Arthur and his noble knights filed into

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the gateway at Caneliard, Leodogran's daughter, the beautiful Guinevere, "fairest of all flesh on earth," was waiting by the castle wall to be them pass. She glanced up, and the King, looking deep into her eyes, felt that her lovely image was engraved upon his heart forever. The princess drew back, blushing. But as Arthur wore no symbol of his kinghood, and rode as a simple knight among his followers, many of whom were in richer arms than he, she knew him not. The King paused not to reveal himself, but his pulses throbbed and he determined to fight a good battle for King Leodogran and ask him for his beautiful daughter's hand as a reward.

So Arthur pitched his tent beside the forest and drove out the heathen. Then he slew the wild beasts and felled the forest, letting in the sun, and making broad pathways for the hunter and the knight. As he was about to go to King Leodogran, a messenger from his own land came hurrying, bidding him to make haste if he would save his throne, for the rebel kings who questioned his right to reign were gathering their forces once more. And Arthur was obliged to put back the love that was stirring in his heart and hurry to the call of his country. But as he went he mused and pondered about Guinevere and his own lonely state as king without a bride, and he pondered in these words:

"What happiness to reign a lonely king,
Vext—O ye stars that shudder over me,
O earth that soundest hollow under me,
Vext with waste dreams? for saving I be join'd
To her that is the fairest under heaven,
I seem as nothing in the mighty world,
And cannot will my will, nor work my work
Wholly, nor make myself in mine own realm
Victor and lord. But were I join'd with her,
Then might we live together as one life,
And reigning with one will in everything,
Have power on this dark land to lighten it,
And power on this dead world to make it live."

When Arthur and his knights came to the field where the rebel kings were drawn up in battle ranks, the day became suddenly so bright and clear that "the smallest rock far on the faintest hill" could be plainly seen, and, though it was high day, the morning star shone brightly. As the King unfurled his banners, from both sides rose loud shouts and trumpet blasts and clarien calls that thrilled the blood. Then with drawn lances the thousand rebel hosts came thundering to meet Arthur's army. And nobly did the knights withstand the shock! There ensued a great crash and clattering of steel, and now the barons and kings prevailed and now Arthur and his knights. But at last God showed His hand on Arthur's side; for all at once "the Powers who walk the world" made lightnings and great thunders over the King, and dazed all eyes, and Arthur's hands seemed to grow mightier with every blow. Then came a deep, wonderful voice from the four winds, shouting, and the rebel hosts huddled together sore afraid, and, when the voice ceased, they broke in wild flight. But when Arthur's knights would have pursued them, dealing death on every hand, their peaceloving King cried: "Ho! they yield!"

> "So like a painted battle the war stood Silenced, the living quiet as the dead, And in the heart of Arthur joy was lord."

And he turned laughingly to Lancelot, his beloved guard, who had kept faithfully at his side throughout the battle, exclaiming: "Thou dost not doubt me King, so well thine arm hath wrought for me to-day."

"Sire and my Liege," cried Lancelot admiringly, "the fire of God descends upon thee in the battle-field; I know thee for my King!"

And the two swore there on the field of death a deathless love. And Arthur clasped the knight's hands in his own as he said solemnly: "Man's word is God in man. Let chance what will, I trust thee to the death." King Leodogran was greatly troubled. He admired Arthur and was deeply grateful to him for ridding Cameliard of its enemies; also he saw that it would be of immense advantage to himself to be related to so powerful a king; but he did not feel like giving Arthur his greatest treasure, which was his only daughter. He had heard some of the murmurings of the rebel kings and feared lest Arthur as they said of him, were not of royal blood. So he pondered in his heart, being resolved never to give his daughter to any except a true king and the son of a king at that.

He summoned his old, gray-haired chamberlain, and inquired of him: "Know you aught of Arthur's birth?"

But the chamberlain, whom he trusted above all men, could give him no satisfaction, and the King rebuked him half-angrily, saying: "O friend, had I been holpen half as well by this King Arthur as by thee to-day, then beast and men had had their share of me."

Then Ulfius, Brastias, and Bedivere were summoned, and Sir Bedivere took it upon himself to satisfy the King; but Leodogran doubted still.

Now, either by chance or design, for she was wondrous wise, Queen Bellicent, wife of Lot of Orkney, and her two sons came knocking at the castle door for admittance, and Leodogran was forced to make a feast and entertain her. As they sat at meat, he remembered that she was a kinswoman of King Arthur, and so determined to question her, beginning in this wise: "A doubtful throne is ice on summer seas. You come from Arthur's court. Victor his men report him. Yea, but do you think this king—so many there are that hate him, and his knights so few, how-

ever brave they be — hath body enough to hold his foemen

And the Queen, for reasons best known to herself, sent her sons from the room, and told Leodogran all she knew of Arthur, giving various stories that were afloat concerning his birth, and telling how, when she asked Merlin concerning the shining dragonship and the naked child cast up by the sea, the wizard had mocked her in riddling rhymes, saying:

"Rain, rain, and sun! a rainbow in the sky!

A young man will be wiser by and by;

An old man's wit may wander ere he die.

"Rain, rain, and sun! a rainbow on the lea!

And truth is this to me, and that to thee;

And truth or clothed or naked let it be.

"Rain, sun, and rain! and the free blossom blows;

Sun, rain, and sun! and where is he who knows?

From the great deep to the great deep he goes."

She told of Arthur's crowning and the miracles shown at that time, and said to the King heartily: "Fear not to give Arthur thine only child, Guinevere, for he is a true king, and Merlin hath sworn that though men may wound him he will not die, but pass to come again, and then or now utterly smite the heathen underfoot, till these and all men hail him for their king."

Her words left King Leodogran as unconvinced as before, and he decided to sleep over the matter. That night the truth came to him in a dream, as truth so often does come to man. He beheld as in a vision Arthur standing crowned in the heavens, while all his foes and those who spoke against him melted away like mists before the morning sun. And Leodogran awoke and sent word to Sir Bedivere and his comrades, bidding them tell Arthur that his suit was granted.

There was great joy in Arthur's heart when the good tidings were heard, and he prepared to have the marriage take place

at once. As urgent state affairs called for his presence at home, he could not go for his bride himself; so he asked Sir Lancelot to go in his stead. And Lancelot consented right willingly, for he was pleased that the King should show so much confidence in him.

It was the latter part of April when Lancelot set out, and the May flowers were blooming when he left Cameliard on the return journey with the beautiful princess. On every hand was the breath of spring, life, and love. Blue isles of heaven glanced upon them through the fresh, shimmering green of the forest trees, sunbeams danced madly around them, the flowers gave their sweetest fragrance, and the birds fairly made the woods ring with their love anthems. The road seemingly lay through the very heart of Nature's most brilliant beauty, and endless were the enchanting pictures presented; but to Lancelot the loveliest picture of all was the Princess Guinevere. Clad in a beautiful gown of grass-green silk buckled with golden clasps, and crowned with a light green tuft of waving plumes, she seemed the very Queen of Nature and type of all that the wood-thrush sang in his dreamy notes. So charming she looked as she lightly sat her cream-white mule and swayed the rein with her dainty finger tips, that Lancelot felt a man might well give all his worldly worth for one kiss from her perfect lips, and in so thinking failed to see that the thought was treachery to the King.

At last they came to Camelot and the waiting King, who hastened eagerly forward to greet his bride. Now as yet the princess had not seen the King, and she scanned his fair, handsome face eagerly, thinking half discontentedly to herself that she preferred Lancelot's dark eyes and raven hair to her lord's curling locks of gold and eyes of laughing blue! Yet she made no sign, and knelt with Arthur on cloth-of-gold before the beautiful, white altar of Camelot, where the great St. Dubric, the holy head of the Church of Britain, spoke the solemn vows that made them one.

"Behold, thy doom is mine," said Arthur, speaking the last words of the service softly and tenderly, his voice sounding like sweetest music. "Let chance what will, I love thee to the death!"

And the new-made queen replied with drooping eyes, "King, and my lord, I love thee to the death!"

Then the holy Dubric spread his hands in blessing. "Reign ye, and live and love," he said, "and make the world other,—and may thy Queen be one with thee, and all this Order of thy Table Round fulfil the boundless purpose of its King!"

The King and the Queen then left the shrine and went forth into the beautiful, white city, which seemed all on fire with sun and cloth-of-gold. Children dressed in white ran before them, strewing flowers in their pathway and leading them on to the palace. White-garbed knights, rejoicing in Arthur's joy, blew their trumpets madly, and then broke forth in one grand, rich chorus that seemed to fill the very heavens:

- "Blow trumpet, for the world is white with May!
 Blow trumpet, the long night hath roll'd away!
 Blow thro' the living world—'Let the King reign!'
- "Shall Rome or Heathen rule in Arthur's realm?

 Flash brand and lance, fall battle-ax on helm,

 Fall battle-ax, and flash brand! Let the King reign!
- "Strike for the King and live! His knights have heard That God hath told the King a secret word. Fall battle-ax, and flash brand! Let the King reign!
- "Blow trumpet! he will lift us from the dust.

 Blow trumpet! live the strength and die the lust!

 Clang battle-ax, and clash brand! Let the King reign!
- "Strike for the King and die! and if thou diest,
 The King is king, and ever wills the highest.
 Clang battle-ax, and clash brand! Let the King reign!

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"Blow, for our Sun is mighty in his May!
Blow, for our Sun is mightier day by day!
Clang battle-ax, and clash brand! Let the King reign!

"The King will follow Christ, and we the King, In whom high God hath breathed a secret thing. Fall battle-ax, and flash brand! Let the King reign!"

CHAPTER V

ARTHUR'S ENEMIES AT COURT

VEN as Arthur sat at the wedding banquet, with his bride on one side and Sir Lancelot on the other, his enemies could not leave him in peace. In there came some lords from Rome — delegates of the Roman Emperor — to claim tribute as of old. But Arthur would not listen to them, saying:

"Nay, the old order changeth, yielding place to new; tribute to whom tribute is due, custom to whom custom. And since ye are grown too old and weak to do your part and guard this realm from heathen enemies, there shall be no more talk of tribute."

Then the great lords departed in anger, and Arthur was obliged to go to war with Rome to enforce his word. So he was given but little time to make the acquaintance of his beautiful queen, and it was with a sad heart that he left her in the care of Sir Lancelot and a few other trusted knights who were chosen to guard the palace and the ladies of the Court. But Arthur was mighty in battle and the excitement of the fray was music to his soul, so the time passed rapidly, after all. And in three months he was able to turn joyfully homeward, having defeated the Romans in twelve great battles and utterly put them to rout.

For a time Arthur was allowed to enjoy life in Camelot. There were no enemies without to subdue, and it seemed as though his beautiful dream of spending the rest of his days in peace was to be realized, when all at once he found that there were many traitors about him. Jealousy was beginning to creep in, and here and there were envious souls who coveted the throne. Every now and then it was whispered that Arthur was not the man to be king, that his strength lay only in his powerful sword, Excalibur, and that without it he would be as nothing. The knights, too, were slip-

ping from their high standard. Without battles to fight, time hung heavily upon their hands, and they sapped their strength with much feasting, with unseemly jousts, and bouts at the gaming tables. Also the finger of scorn was pointed secretly at Sir Lancelot and Queen Guinevere, and it was whispered that the beautiful queen loved Lancelot instead of the King. But of these last idle whisperings not a word did King Arthur hear. He was too pure and noble himself to see aught but good in others, and he did not even dream of doubting his wife or of questioning the loyalty of his beloved knight whom he regarded as a brother.

Now the chief whisperer of the throng at Court and the instigator of most of the mischief was one Modred, Arthur's nephew, son of Queen Bellicent of Orkney. He was a wily, oily-tongued scoundrel, who did all he could to work himself into King Arthur's good graces and then prepared to do him harm when his back was turned. It was Modred's desire to drive Arthur from the throne and seat himself upon it, and he was aided and abetted in his slander of the Queen by Vivien, the sorceress, who, you will remember, was to destroy Merlin by shutting him up in the hollow oak. She hated Arthur because he was pure and good and refused to submit to her charms, and she knew that she could hurt him most by bowing low the head of the beautiful queen whom he loved with all his heart.

There was another who hated Arthur, and despised and envied the Queen. This was Queen Morgan le Fay, sister to Queen Bellicent and half-sister, also, to Arthur. Beautiful was she bevond description, and as false as she was fair, - a very fiend among women. Mistress of many witches' charms, she determined to capture the sword Excalibur, and have Arthur put to death; then she would establish her lover on the throne as King, and reign herself as Queen.

It was not hard to get Excalibur, as Arthur had never yet realized the need of keeping it under guard. So Queen Morgan le Fay found out where it was kept, and bided her time. Soon s.

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King Arthur and her husband, King Urien, and Sir Accolan, a brave but foolish knight who had allowed himself to become smitten with Queen Morgan le Fay's charms, felt a strange desire to go hunting in each other's company, and set out together for the deep forest. Hardly had they entered it when a young hart sprang up in their pathway and they chased it for many a weary mile. At last Sir Urien lamed his horse, and the three dismounted and gave chase on foot, as it was evident that the hart was nearly spent. Finally it disappeared completely and the men found themselves standing hopelessly bewildered by the side of a strange lake. In a moment their eyes took in what appeared to be a deserted ship riding at anchor close to the shore, and King Arthur proposed that they go aboard and explore her.

They found the ship to be a most beautiful little vessel, richly and admirably fitted up, and they spent so much time over it that night was upon them before they were aware of it. Then there was a sound as of clapping hands, and in a twinkling sailors appeared on every side, and twelve damsels, clad in white, came and bowed before the King welcoming him warmly. Then they invited the men to come out to supper in the tiny salon, where they pressed all manner of dainties upon them, and there was much feasting. Being weary with the day's chase, the men soon asked if they could stay there for the night, and were shown at once to separate sleeping apartments where they fell immediately into deep, dreamless slumber.

When King Urien awoke he found himself at home in the chamber with his wife. Sitting up, he stared about him in dismay, half wondering if the hunt and what followed had been a dream. Then, catching sight of the mocking smile on his wife's face as she watched him under half-closed lids, he at once suspected that the whole business was one of her charms, and doubted not that some treason against Arthur was intended. But he spoke never a word.

As for King Arthur, he was even at that moment lying among

some twenty knights in a distant dungeon, where he had found himself on awakening.

As soon as his first surprise was over, he began to question those about him and learned that he was imprisoned by Sir Damas, a wicked knight who falsely kept from his inheritance his younger brother, Sir Ontzlake.

"Damas causes travelers to be taken prisoners by a band of his robbers," explained a knight, "in the hope that he will one day get hold of a champion to fight and kill Sir Ontzlake for him. Damas is a coward and refuses brave Ontzlake's entreaty that he will fight him single-handed for the inheritance, or else that he will provide a knight to fight for him. Now there is not among us a knight that would fight for Damas. We would far rather starve in prison!"

"Then the Lord deliver you!" exclaimed Sir Arthur compassionately.

As he spoke a fair damsel appeared before Arthur, inquiring, "What cheer?"

"Alas," answered the King sadly, "I know not. But stay," he added quickly, as the maiden half turned away, "methinks I have seen thee at the Court of Archur?"

"Nay," answered the maiden, smiling and dimpling, "I have not been there." Yet it was a falsehood she told, for she was one of Morgan le Fay's maidens and was secretly pleased to think that the great king remembered her. "I am of Sir Damas' household, and I am sent to tell you that you shall be delivered, if you will but consent to fight a knight for Sir Damas."

"I will do so gladly," answered Arthur, for he was of no mind to die in prison. "If only I may have a good sword, horse, and armor, and also if my fellow prisoners may be freed."

"All shall be as you require," replied the maiden. "My master will be greatly pleased. I will come for you within the hour, and shall bring with me your great sword, Excalibur." And she departed, smiling.

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And now let us turn for a moment and see how it had fared with the third member of the hunting party, Sir Accolan. He awoke to find himself in the heart of a deep forest, and as he stood rubbing his eyes in amazement and wondering which way to turn, a damsel appeared before him.

"I bid you good cheer, Sir Accolan," she observed smilingly and curtseyed prettily before him. "I am come from Queen Morgan le Fay. She bids you take heart and follow me."

"Whither dost thou lead?" queried Sir Accolan, half minded to turn and run the other way, for he was sore frightened and bewildered.

"To the home of Sir Ontzlake near at hand," answered the maiden. "He will aid thee and set thee on the way."

And so perforce the knight followed the maiden and presently came to the Ontzlake castle where the lord of the manor welcomed him heartily and caused food to be set before him. As they sat at meat a messenger arrived from Sir Damas, bidding Sir Ontzlake to present himself at two o'clock near the old tower if he wished to test his strength for the inheritance.

"Alas," mourned Sir Ontzlake, "'tis the opportunity I most desire, but it has come at an ill-fated time. Here am I with a broken rib and a severe lance wound in my sword arm. How can I fight and come off victorious? Yet if I do not consent, my brother will never again make the offer and I shall forever lose my birthright! Woe is me!"

"Indeed, Sir Ontzlake," cried Sir Accolan quickly. "You are in sore straits! Allow me to offer myself in your stead. 'Twould be a pleasure to do this thing for you in return for the kindness you have shown me."

"Thank you kindly, friend, and the Lord reward you!" answered Sir Ontzlake warmly. "I am minded to accept your aid in the same spirit in which you offer it. You are a brave and noble knight, and a man after my own heart! If you will do this thing for me then you need never want for a friend so long as Harry

Ontzlake lives! And you may command me even to the half of my inheritance, and it is thine!"

"Zounds! man, say no more," cried Sir Accolan. "Is it not reward enough if I may call thee friend? Have I not heard of thy goodness and bounty and how thou art beloved of all within thy gates? Then, too, I am of the Court of Arthur and sworn to help all worthy persons in need of aid. Provide me with sword and arms at once, I pray thee. I but do my duty."

And so it came to pass that at precisely two o'clock King Arthur and Sir Accolan rushed upon each other, both having been so changed in that long, dreamless sleep that neither one recognized the other. From the very first the battle was fierce, for both were skilled swordsmen, and many were the admiring shouts drawn from the bystanders, who were composed of Sir Damas and his household, the knights from the dungeon, and Sir Ontzlake and his retainers.

Soon King Arthur was covered with blood, while his assailant showed scarce a wound, and Arthur marveled much. It seemed to him as though Excalibur swung lightly in his hand and refused to bite steel as he was wont to do. And presently he became convinced that there was treachery somewhere and felt sure that his opponent held the real Excalibur, for the two swords were seemingly alike, and he knew that his sister, Morgan le Fay, whom the damsel said had sent the sword, had played him false. All at once Arthur's sword snapped off close to the hilt, and he was weak and faint and felt that he must die, yet he was too proud and brave to cry for quarter.

"Zounds, man!" cried Sir Accolan admiringly, "you are the bravest knight that ever swung sword." And all present felt that he spoke truly and marveled how Arthur could fight as he did, being so sorely wounded. "Will you not give in, friend? I dislike to slay a defenseless man! You can fight no longer with a broken sword!" said Sir Accolan.

Then a strange thing happened. There came a sound as of the

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rushing of many waters and the Lady of the Lake appeared in a cloud of mist and stood at Arthur's side. But he saw her not. At that moment he made a wild, despairing charge at Sir Accolan, striking him with the hilt of his broken sword and so dazing him that he lunged forward and dropped his own. In a moment Arthur sprang forward and caught it up, and gave a mad shout as he recognized it. For it was Excalibur which he had in his hand, and the jewels which had beamed dull in the hands of Sir Accolan now shone brightly and gave forth a light as of many torches, and the people huddled together amazed.

Then Arthur cried compassionately to his opponent, who had struggled to his feet but remained standing with his head bowed so that he saw not the miracles: "Friend, will you not ask for mercy? I care not to kill you when you are not in the wrong and fight the battle of another!"

But Sir Accolan shook his head. "Alas, brave knight, I thank you, but I can not do it. My swordsman's pride is too great. Do your duty according to custom. But first tell me from what Court are you, for I never before saw so brave a man!"

As he spoke he raised his eyes, and in that moment the Lady of the Lake made a few strange passes and the change which had disguised the faces of Arthur and Sir Accolan rolled away. Each knew the other and fell back amazed.

"Alas! my King!" cried Sir Accolan, in a voice choked with horror and tears. "Thy forgiveness I implore! I knew thee not, else had I died rather than strike thee!"

"It is freely granted, my friend and most brave knight," answered Arthur kindly. "I know you fought me blindly. 'Tis the work of my wicked sister, Morgan le Fay, the enchantress. She would fain see me slain." Then he turned angrily to Sir D mas and flashed the light of Excalibur into his eyes so that he was sore afraid and trembled until his knees smote together. "Sir Damas there will be no more fighting to-day! I command thee to give to thy brother, Sir Ontzlake, his full share of the inheritance,

and so to live that thou shalt be an honor to thy country and the peerage! If thou dost this not, then shall thy life be the forfeit!"

So saying, the King turned about and beckoned to Sir Accolan signifying his readiness to depart. But ere they could start, Sir Ontzlake came forward and kneeled before the King, begging him and Sir Accolan to come home with him and be his guests until the morrow for darkness was even then descending upon them. This the King gladly consented to do, and when morning dawned Sir Ontzlake not only provided them with horses to make the journey but petitioned King Arthur to swear him into the Order of the Round Table that he might dwell with him and his knights forever.

In this way Queen Morgan le Fay's scheme had failed, and she knew it on the instant and fled with all speed from the Court lest Arthur wreak vengeance upon her when he came home. But Arthur's knights told him where she had gone, and when Sir Accolan died from his wourds four days after reaching Camelot, Arthur caused his remains to be placed upon a bier and sent to her, under guard of six knights, with the following message:

"Behold your work! Take your lover and mourn him well! But see that you plan no more treason for I have my sword Excalibur again."

This message filled Morgan le Fay with bitter anger, but she was nearly heartbroken over the loss of Sir Accolan, and felt that she cared not to reign as queen if she could not have him on the throne beside her. So she nursed her wrath quietly, and gave no sign. And because of this Arthur was merciful and would not allow his knights to go after her and burn her at the stake, as they wished to do.

After many days there came to Arthur one of Queen Morgan le Fay's handmaidens bearing a "peace-offering." It was a most beautiful cloak, all decorated and embroidered with beautiful stones. And Arthur was pleased for he thought his sister had repented,

inasmuch as the maiden assured him solemnly that the queen desired to make amends for the wrong she had done him.

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As the King extended his hands to receive the cloak, a blinding mist fell upon those who stood near, and when they could see clearly again they beheld the Lady of the Lake whispering to Arthur. And the King's brow grew black, but at the end of the conference he turned quietly to the damsel and observed softly: "Damsel, let me first see this cloak upon you, that I may the better observe it."

The damsel smilingly obeyed him and threw the cloak about her shoulders. The next moment the girl fell dead at the feet of the King. A great clamor then ensued and the knights demanded that they be allowed to go out and wreak vengeance upon the queen for the death blow which their beloved King had so narrowly escaped.

At first Arthur would reconsent, but when Lancelot and Queen Guinevere had added their pleadings to the others, he gave way and allowed Lancelot and Ontzlake to lead a party against her. The queen's spies informed her that they were coming, and when they reached her castle she and her castle knights had fled into the forest. But all to no purpose, for the knights pursued her hotly and eagerly, and the queen soon saw that unless she resorted to witchcraft she would be taken. So she changed herself and her knights into columns of stone. Soon Lancelot and Ontzlake lost the trail nor could they find it again, and they finally paused beside the very column of stone which hid the queen and gave vent to their wrath and disappointment.

For many days the knights tarried in the forest, but they finally gave up the search and vert back to Camelot. Then the queen resurrected herself and I men and they went away to the north of England; nor did she ever dare to show herself in the Court of Arthur again. But her husband, King Urien, remained one of Arthur's most faithful knights until his death, having wisely accept d the advice of Arthur when he counseled him, saying:

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"Thy wife, my sister Morgan ie Fay, is as false as she is fair. Cleave not unto her. I know from the mouth of Sir Accolan that she intended to do away with thee and crown him King, had she succeeded in her evil designs against me. Of course, I can have no one from her household in my Court, but I desire thee to remain if so thou hast naught to do with her, for I think thou hast never been a party to her evil doings. But there are some among her kinsmen that must be banished."

Sir Unwain and Sir Baumain, nephews of Queen Morgan le Fay, who had openly aided her, were then banished from the Court, and afterward made great trouble for Arthur by stirring up rebellions among the border kings and by annoying him in many petty ways. But the wily Modred, guiltiest soul among them, managed to escape the suspicions of Arthur and remained at Court to hatch the worst conspiracy of all—the breaking up of the Round Table and the death of the noble King.

CHAPTER VI

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GARETH OF ORKNEY

UEEN BELLICENT, wife of Lot of Orkney, and half-sister to King Arthur, was the mother of three stalwart sons. Two of them, Sir Modred and Sir Gawain, were knights of King Arthur, as we have already seen. The third and youngest, Gareth, tallest, cleanest-limbed and most noble of them all, was still at home. And though he chafed to go and help to work the will of Arthur in cleansing the world, his mother, foolish in her love and worship of him, would not consent.

"My son," she was wont to say in answer to his eager pleadings, "hast thou no pity for my loneliness? Lo, thy father, Lot, lies like a log all day beside the hearth! He is old and unfit to manage his estates, and both thy brethren are in Arthur's hall. Red berries ever charm the young bird, but stay thou with me, my best beloved! Rule well thy father's kingdom; follow the deer—sweet is the chase—and let wars and jousts and tournaments pass by. Make thy manhood mightier day by day by doing thy duty faithfully here at Orkney till I am old and passed away, and I will seek thee out some fair bride to grace thy home and halls and comfort us! Stay, my best son, thou art yet more boy than man!"

And once Gareth, overwrought, answered thus: "Aye, and as you hold me yet for a child, hear now the story of a child that might be like me: Mother, there was once a king whose heir, when tall and marriageable, asked for a bride; and thereupon the King set two before him. One was fair, strong-armed — but to be won by force — and many men desired her; one, good lack, no man desired. And these were the conditions of the King: that save he won the first by force, he needs must wed that other, whom

no man desired,— a red-faced bride who knew Lerself so vile that evermore she longed to hide herself. And one, they called her Fame; and the other one was Shame! Oh, Mother, how can you keep me here tethered to you? Man am I grown; a man's work must I do. Follow the deer? No! Follow the Christ, the King; live pure, speak true, right wrong, follow the King—else, wherefore born?"

And the mother sought once more to dissuade him, and spoke of the doubt in the minds of some people as to whether Arthur really were the true king, closing with the entreaty: "Stay till the cloud that settles around his birth hath lifted but a little. Stay, sweet son!"

Then Gareth answered quickly: "Nay, Mother, not one hour, so that you yield me. I would walk through fire, Mother, to gain your full leave to go! And who can say Arthur is not poven king? Who swept the dust of ruined Rome from off the threshold of our realm, crushed the Idolaters, and made the people free? Who should be king save he who makes us free?"

But Queen Bellicent answered not his quick questions, her keen mind having taken hold of what he was willing to endure, and seemingly shown her a way of escape. "And will you walk through fire?" she queried craftily. "He who walks through fire will hardly heed the smoke. Aye, go then, if you must, but before you ask the King to make you knight, I demand one proof of your obedience and your love of me."

And Gareth cried impatiently: "A hard one, or a hundred, so I go! Give me the proof and test me to the quick!"

"Prince," said the queen mother, speaking slowly, "thou shalt go disguised to Arthur's hall, and hire thyself to serve for meats and drinks among the scullions and the kitchen-knaves, and those that hand the dish across the bar. Nor shalt thou tell thy name to any one. And thou shalt serve a twelve-month and a day."

In this way the queen hoped to discourage him; for she felt that if there were no way open to glory for her princely-proud son excepting through the avenue of the kitchen-vassalage, the poorest post in the King's household, he would give up the idea. But she did not know Gareth of Orkney!

Only a moment he pondered, and then answered sadly: "The thrall in person may be free in soul, and I shall see the jousts. Thy son am I, and since thou art my mother, must obey. I therefore yield me freely to thy will. So hence will I, disguised, and hire myself to serve with scullions and with kitchen-knaves; nor tell my name to any — no, not the King."

Great was the chagrin and grief of Queen Bellicent when he accepted her terms, and Gareth, seeing this, tarried for a few days, for he loved his mother and disliked to leave her in sorrow. And there arose in the queen's heart a hope that he would resolve to stay. But one morning, while the castle household was yet asleep, Gareth summoned his courage and clad himself like a tiller of the soil; and taking with him his two faithful serving-men, who had waited upon him since a child, he disguised them also, and quietly set out for the Court of Arthur.

For two days they journeyed to the southward and then on the third, a bright, beautiful morning near Whitsuntide, they came to the wonderful gates of Camelot, where they held their breath in amazement. And as they stood with shining eyes drinking in the beauty of the white city, they heard a blast of strange, sweet music, and an old, gray-bearded man came forth and inquired of them: "Who be ye, my sons?"

And Gareth answered straightway: "We be tillers of the soil, come to see the glories of the King. But your city moves so weirdly in the mist that these, my men, doubt if the King be king at all, or come from Fairyland; and whether this city be built by magic or by fairy kings and queens; or whether, indeed, there be any city at all, or all a vision; and this music now hath brightened them both, but do you tell them the truth."

Now the old man was really Merlin in disguise, and he saw through their pretense at once, but he answered Gareth soberly,

though his eyes twinkled, "Son, I have seen the good ship sail keel upwards in the heavens, and solid turrets topsy-turvy in the air. And here is truth; but if it pleases thee not, take thou the truth as thou hast told it to me! Truly as thou sayest, son, fairy kings and queens have built this city. They came from out a sacred mountain-cleft toward the sunrise, each with a harp in hand, and built it to the music of their harps. And as thou sayest, son, it is enchanted; for there is nothing in it as it seems, saving the King. And take thou heed of him; for thou art not what thou seemest, and thou goest up to mock the King, who can not brook the shadow of any lie!"

Then Merlin motioned toward the gates and himself turned sadly away, leaving Gareth filled with wonder and awe. And then it dawned upon the youth that he had been speaking with Merlin, and he laughed joyously and entered with his two followers. But nevertheless his heart jumped into his throat as he went onward; and when he finally came to the hall where the great Arthur Pendragon sat crowned on his throne, his tongue clove to the roof of his mouth for very fcar and his knees smote together. "For this half-shadow of a lie that I am acting, the truthful King will doom me when I speak," he thought sorrowfully, and timidly he glanced around half fearing that one or the other of his brothers, Gawain or Modred, would recognize and unthinkingly betray him, but he saw neither of them. Their absence gave him courage, and he glanced about eagerly, noting the many knights who stood with their eyes upon their chief in love and faith.

And as Gareth watched and waited, people came before the King with pleas for aid and justice, and the King heard their causes one by one and delivered judgment; and none who cried for succor cried in vain. And justice was meted out after this manner:

First there came a widow to the King, crying: "A boon, Sir King! Thy father, Uther, took from my lord a field by violence. I pray thee make it right."

And Arthur asked: "What wouldst thou, woman, field or gold?"

"The field, my Lord," replied the woman, weeping, "for it

was pleasant in my husband's eyes."

So Arthur, smiling, said: "Have thy pleasant field again, and thrice the gold for Uther's use thereof, according to the years. No boon is here; just common justice, so thy story be proven true. Accursed be he who from the wrongs his father did would shape himself aright!"

And so the tales went on, and as each tale of suffering was recited, some knight would cry: "A boon, Sir King! Give me

the leave to right this wrong!"

The King would grant the boon, and the knight would ride away to redress the wrong, glad indeed to be of some small service in doing battle for the Christ and his most blameless King. Finally there came a messenger from King Mark of Cornwall, bearing a magnificent present 'cloth-of-gold which he laid at Arthur's feet, and kneeling, he asked that Mark he made a knight of the Round Table.

"Just Heaven!" cried Arthur, rising in mighty wrath, for Mark was a traitorous, lying king, a coward who struck in the dark when his foe's back was turned. "Hear I aright? Dare that traitor ask for a place for his shield here among these my trusted

knights and true?"

As he spoke, the King waved his hands toward the side walls, and Gareth observed that on either hand was a treble row of shields with a knight's name engraven beneath each. A knight standing near him explained in a low voice that it was Arthur's custom when a knight had done one noble deed to have his arms carved, and for each other knightly deed he did a jewel was added. And Arthur straightway looked for his brothers' shields and saw Gawain's all bright and shining with jewels, but Modred's was dim and blank as death.

Then Gareth's eyes wandered back to Arthur, and he saw him

rend the cloth in two and cast it upon the blazing hearth, ere he turned to the shrinking messenger. "Thy Mark hath tarnished the great name of King, and he would sully the low state of churl! But, seeing he hath sent us cloth-of-gold, return thou and hold him from our eyes lest we lap him up in cloth of lead! Craven, man of plots, craft, poisonous counsels, wayside ambushings—"Then the great King paused, silenced, perhaps, by the frightened expression of the man who cowered before him, and said kindly: "Tis no fault of thine, man. Seneschal, take him hence and satisfy his hunger ere he leaves the Court. Accursed be he who strikes and lets not his hand be seen!"

Gareth was next in line, and, for a moment, his heart counseled him to turn and run, but he subdued it and advanced bravely, leaning on his men. "A boon, Sir King! For see you not how weak and hunger-worn I seem, leaning on these? Grant me to serve for meat and drink among your kitchen-knaves a twelve-month and a day, nor seek my name. Hereafter I will fight."

The King answered him, saying: "A goodly youth and worth a goodlier boon! But so thou wilt no goodlier, then must Sir Kay be thy master."

Then the King rose and departed, and the knights went their several ways. All this time Sir Lancelot's keen, dark eyes had been observing Gareth, and he now came over to Sir Kay counseling him to treat the lad kindly; for he believed him to be some noble youth in disguise, some king's son bent on having a lark.

But Sir Kay secretly despised Lancelot, so he roughly bade him mind his own business. And for this kindly meant interference he made Gareth suffer all the more. He called him Sir Fine-face and Sir Fair-hands, and gave him the rudest place in the castle for his bed, caused him to be served with the roughest food, and forced him to do work beyond his strength. But for all this Gareth never murmured. Bravely he bowed himself to obedience and wrought with kindly pleasance for the King, gracing each lowly act in the doing of it.

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And when the kitchen-knaves talked among themselves, they would tell the love that bound the King and Lancelot — how the King had saved his life in battle twice, and Lancelot once the King's, for Lancelot was the first in tournament, but Arthur mightiest on the battle-field,— and Gareth was glad. Or they would tell how once the wandering forester at dawn, far over the blue towns and hazy seas, found the King, a naked babe, of whom the prophet spake: "He passes to the Isle of Avalon. He passes and is healed and can not die"— and Gareth rejoiced in their tale.

But if their talk was foul, then would he whistle rapid as any lark, or carol some old song so loudly that at first they mocked, but after came to reverence him. And if a tale of knightly deeds and daring were wanted, then Gareth's was the tongue to spin it; and he held all the knaves spell-bound till Sir Kay's angry voice would be heard and they would scatter like leaves before the wind. And if, perchance, the knaves chanced to play at jousts, then Gareth easily won above all the rest. And so life went on for a month or more, until the queen, his mother, repented of the hard vows she had made her beloved boy swear, and sent arms and a kindly message to release him.

Then the heart of Gareth rejoiced. He laughed; he ran; he leaped, and finally presented himself all breathless before Arthur and told him all: "Sire and my Liege," he cried, "I have staggered thy strong Gawain in a tilt for pastime; yea, he said it: joust can I. Make me thy knight in secret! Let my name be hidden, and give me the first quest!"

The great King smiled in sympathy with him and observed gently: "Son, thy good mother let me know of this, and asked me to yield thy wish. But, make thee my knight? Sir, my knights are sworn to vows of utter hardihood, utter gentleness, utter faithfulness in love, and utter obedience to the King."

And Gareth answered from his knees: "My King, for hardihood I can promise thee. For uttermost obedience, ask the seneschal, who, by the way, is no mellow master of meats and drinks! For loving, I love not yet, but if it pleases fortune to send me the maiden of my dreams, I can love truly, God willing."

King Arthur was pleased with the boy's reply, and consented to make him a knight privately, providing his good friend and counselor, Sir Lancelot, did not object.

So Lancelot was sent for and entered heartily into the plan, and Gareth was knighted and danced away to the kitchen, still in disguise. Then the King turned to his favorite knight and spoke gravely, saying: "Lancelot, I have given him the first quest. He is not proven. Look, therefore, when he calls for this in the hall; get you to horse and follow him far away. Cover the lions on your shield, that no man may know you, and see as far as you may that he be not slain or taken prisoner."

Now it happened that early the next morning there came into Arthur's hall a beautiful maiden of high lineage. Like the Mayblossom was her brow from which the golden-brown hair rippled back, her cheeks rivaled the bloom of the delicate apple blossom, her eyes gleamed like the starry night, her nose tip-tilted like the petal of a flower, and all about her was an airy gracefulness and perfume that made poor Gareth's head swim.

Very proud was this maiden, with opinions of her own, and she proved them straightway by daring to lecture the King. "O King," she cried, "you have driven away the foe without, why suffer you the foe within? Every bridge, ford, and tower for half a league around is beset by bandits! Why sit you there? If I were King, I would not rest until even the loneliest hollow were as free from bloodshed as your altar cloth!"

"Comfort thyself," said Arthur softly, though his eyes twinkled and he was secretly much amused, "neither I nor mine rest. If my knights keep the vows they swore, the meanest moorland of our realm shall in time be as safe, damsel, as the center of this hall. But pray what is thy name? And what thy need?"

Pleased by the courteous, kindly manner of the King, the maiden spoke more gently: "My name is Lynette. I am come to seek aid for my sister, the Lady Lyonors, who is imprisoned in Castle Perilous by a wicked knight who seeks to force her to wed him. Now this castle is wound about by three loops of a river, and over it are three passings. Each passing is defended by a knight, and there is a fourth one, nore powerful than all the others, who defends the castle. And I demand of thee thy chief knight, Sir Lancelot, to overcome these men, for no other can do it!"

"Ah!" observed the King, still speaking softly, but with his mind fixed upon the lad, Gareth, to whom he now regretted he had been unwise enough to promise the first quest. "Damsel, you know this Order lives to crush all wrongers of the Realm. But tell me about these four, and who they are."

"They are of the old knight-errantry," answered Lynette quickly. "No law or king have they, and courteous or bestial is their manner, as best pleases them. Proud of their strength are they, and they call themselves the Day. Morning Star, Noon Sun, and Evening Star are the three who guard the bridges, and the castle guard is a huge, savage m. 1-beast, who names himself Night, or more often, Death. He wears a helmet mounted with a skull, and bears a skeleton figured on his arms. These are four fools, King, but mighty men; and herefore am I come for Lancelot."

Hearing this, Gareth, with kindling eyes, called from where he stood, a head taller than those about him in the throng: "A boon, Sir King, this quest!" Then, as Sir Kay, who stood near him, groaned like a wounded bull, he continued excitedly: "Yea, King, thou knowest thy kitchen-knave am I. But I am mighty through thy meats and drinks, and I can topple over a hundred such! Thy promise, King!"

And Arthur, glancing at him with the frowning brows of perplexity, exclaimed shortly: "Go! Thou art worthy!"

And all the hearers were amazed.

As for the maiden, Lynette, anger, shame, and pride chased away the May-white of her brow. Raising high her dimpled arms,

she cried scornfully: "Fie on thee, King! I asked for thy chief knight, and thou hast given me but a kitchen-knave!" Then, ere man could stay her, she turned and flew swiftly from the hall to her horse without the door, and galloped away through the weird white gate, never pausing until she reached the tourney field where she burst into angry tears, murmuring chokingly, "Kitchen-knave, forsooth! Fie upon him!"

In the meantime, Sir Gareth fled another way to where stood a horse, King Arthur's gift, the worth of half a town, a war horse of the best, held in waiting, with spear and shield, by the two who had followed Gareth from the North. Loosening a string, his kitchen garb fell off and he stood revealed before all the kitchen thralls and curious knights who had followed him, a noble knight in glittering, jeweled armor. From all the bystanders rose a cry of admiration, and the kitchen-knaves threw up their caps, shouting lustily: "God bless the King and all his fellowship!"

Then, followed by the cheers and good wishes of all save the jealous-hearted Sir Kay, who cursed and grumbled so loudly that Lancelot rebuked him sorely, Gareth passed out from the gate and spurred his horse to where the maiden still lingered by the tourney field, murmuring: "Wherefore did the King scorn me? For, if it were impossible to send Lancelot, at least he might have yielded to me one of those who tilt for lady's love and glory here, rather than — O sweet Heaven! O fie upon him! — his kitchen-

knave!"

When Gareth, looking full noble and handsome in his brave attire, came up and bowed low in courtly fashion before her, saying, "Maiden, the quest is mine. Lead, and I follow," she cried shrilly: "Hence! Avoid! Thou smellest all of kitchen grease! And look who comes behind!"

At this moment an angry bellowing came over Gareth's shoulder, and the voice of Sir Kay cried: "Knowest thou not me, thy master? I am Kay. We lack thee by the hearth."

Turning quickly, Gareth beheld the pompous seneschal astride a borrowed horse, and his brow grew black. "Master no more!" he cried scornfully. "Too well I know thee, the most ungentle knight in Arthur's hall." With that he quickly unseated Kay, and leaving him with a slight sword prick in his shoulder, galloped after the fast flying maiden.

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When the heart of her good horse was well-nigh ready to burst with violence of the pace, the maiden perforce drew rein, and, overtaken, spoke:

"What dost thou, scullion, in my fellowship? Deemest thou that I accept thee more that by some device full cowardly thou hast overthrown thy master? Thou dish-washer and broach-turner! To me thou smellest all of the kitchen as before!"

"Damsel," Sir Gareth answered gently, refusing to be rebuked or angered by the hasty words or the scorn in her beautiful face, "whatever you will, and whatever you say, I leave not until I finish this fair quest, or die."

"Aye, wilt thou finish it?" scoffed the maiden tantalizingly. "Sweet lord, how like a noble knight he talks! The listening rogue hath caught the manner of it. But, knave, thou shalt be met with knave, and by such a one that thou, for all the kitchen brews that were ever supped, shalt not once dare to look him in the face."

"I shall try," said Gareth, with a smile that maddened her, and away she flashed again down the long avenues of the boundless wood.

But, after a time, she drew rein and turned hesitatingly to the despised knave at her side, and his heart bounded as it seemed to him there was less of scorn in her fair face. "Sir Kitchenknave, I have missed the only way where Arthur's men are stationed through the wood, and this forest is nigh as full of thieves as leaves. We are lost. If both be slain, then I am rid of thee. But yet, Sir Scullion, life is sweet,—and canst thou

use that spear of thine? Fight if they knowest how; for, thanks to Arthur's scanty grace, I have missed the road!"

And Gareth tried to reassure the maiden, but finding she would not listen to him, determined to ride bravely by her side and prove his right to knightheod if he could. They were even then climbing the long slope of a hill, and, when they came to the summit, they beheld in the valley beyond a sloomy-shaded mere, and on its banks were six strong men about to throw a bound man into its depths.

And even as Gareth and the maiden looked, a frightened serving man burst through the bracken and cried to the knight: "Help, my lord! The villains are drowning the baron, my master, a servant of King Arthur!"

Gareth needed no more words; indeed he would probably have gone to the help of the outnumbered man had no one appeared to beg aid. With a hastily murmured word of assurance to Lynette. he swooped down upon the villains and smote them hip and thigh. Three of them were stretched senseless upon the ground, and the other three ran screaming into the forest. Then Gareth loosed the stone from off the captive baron's neck, freed him of his bonds, and helped him to his feet.

"Oh, my friend," cried the baron, stretching out his hand to Gareth, "it is well that you came! Those rogues had soon made short work of me. Good cause is theirs; for it hath long been my custom, if I caught a thief, to tie a stone around his neck and drown him here. Many of them are rotting in these waters, and at night, so the servants say, they slip loose from the stone and dance upon the mere! But, now that you have saved my life, and it is worth somewhat as a cleanser of this wood, let me reward you."

"No," answered Gareth quickly. "For the deed's sake have I done this deed in uttermost obedience to the King. But wilt thou give this maiden shelter for the night?"

"Right welcome are ye both!" responded the baron heartily,

again extending his hand to Gareth. "I well believe thou art of our good Arthur's table!"

A light laugh now broke from Lynette, who had joined them as soon as the baron was freed. "Aye, of a truth he is, being Arthur's kitchen-knave!" she cried. "But do not think, scullion, that you are more welcome to me because ye have put to rout a lot of craven foresters! A thresher could have scattered them with his flail! Nay, you smell of the kitchen still!"

Gareth answered never a word, but signed for the baron to lead on, and there came to him a half-regretful wish that the baron had not crossed his path, for the maiden had been half willing to trust him when no other protection was nigh!

The Lord Baron's home proved to be a castle rich and fair, and he eagerly spread before his guests all its hospitalities. Soon he invited them to partake of a feast that had that day been held in the castle, and laced a roasted peacock before Lynette, seating Gareth by her side.

The maiden rose at once in angry scorn. "Baron, this is too much discourtesy, putting this knave by my side. Hear me: this morning I went in all confidence to Arthur's Court and begged for his best knight, Sir Lancelot, to rescue my sister, Lady Lyonors, who is held prisoner by a man-savage in the Castle Perilous. Now, this lout, this kitchen-knave rose up and bawled out for the quest, and Arthur, suddenly gone mad, granted it. Think of it! A villain fitter to stick swine than to ride abroad redressing women's wrongs!"

"Methinks thou forgettest thyself, maiden!" answered the baron sternly. "Even a kitchen helper can be an honest man! And one can see at a glance that this man is not in his right a kitchen-knave; a knight is he, and a most brave and noble one!"

So saying, the Lord Baron turned his back none too politely upon the indignant maiden, and seating Gareth at another table placed himself beside him. "Friend, it matters not to me if thou be'st a kitchen-knave, or if the King or yonder damsel be mad.

Thou strikest a strong stroke, and thou art a goodly knight and the saver of my life! If thou harkenest to my advice, thou wilt take yonder foolish Miss back to Camelot, and let Lancelot or some other fight her battles!"

But as Gareth would not turn back for the maiden's sneering words, neither would he pause for the friendly baron's advice, and so in early morning they set out, the maiden still as scornful and unyielding as before. At last they came by a rough-thicketed road to where a small bridge spanned a deep, narrow, frothing stream. On the farther side arose a silk pavilion, gay with the golden streaks and rays of the Lent-lily, save where the dome rose high and purple. From the top floated a slender crimson banner, and beneath, a lawless warrior paced unarmed.

"Damsel," he cried, "is this the warrior bold that thou hast brought from Arthur's Court to struggle for the pass?"

"Nay, Sir Morning Star," answered the maiden, being divided in her scorn between Gareth and the warrior before her. "The King in utter scorn of thee and all thy folly hath sent his kitchen-knave. Beware lest he fall on thee suddenly and slay thee unarmed, for he is not a knight, but a knave."

Gareth flushed crimson, but made no move while the warrior called for the Daughters of the Dawn to approach and arm him, waiting patiently until three beautiful, silken-clad, bare-footed, rosy-cheeked maidens, all glistening with dew-drops, appeared and clad the warrior in a blue armor and gave him a blue shield, with the morning-star engraved thereon.

Lynette was not unmindful of her knight's gentle behavior, or of the admiration of the scene before him which lurked in his eyes, but she turned to him tauntingly, nevertheless, and asked: "Why stare you so? You shake in fear! There is yet time; flee down the valley before he gets to horse. Who will cry shame? You are not knight but knave!"

And Gareth replied quickly: "Damsel, whether knave or knight, far liefer had I fight a score of times than hear thee so revile me. But truly thy words send a strength of anger through me. I know that I shall overthrow him!"

But now the Morning Star cried to Gareth: "A kitchen-knave sent in scorn of me, such I fight not, but answer scorn for scorn. It were a shame to do him further wrong than to set him on his feet and take his horse and arms and return him to the King! Come, leave thy lady, knave. It beseemeth not a knave to ride with a lady!"

"Do to u liest!" cried Gareth angrily. "I spring from loftier lineage than thine own."

Forthwith the two sprang angrily at each other, and Gareth lashed so fiercely with his brand that he soon had his foe groveling on the ground.

"Take not my life! I vield," cried the warrior.

"So this damsel ask it of me," answered Gareth, "I accord it easily as a grace."

"Insolent scullion!" cried the maiden, reddening. "I ask of thee! I bound to thee for any favor asked! Then shall he die." But as Gareth began to unlace the warrior's helmet, she shrieked: "Be not so hardy, scullion, as to slay one nobler than thyself!"

"Damsel," returned Gareth graciously, "thy charge is an abounding pleasure to me. Knight, thy life is at her command. Arise and get thee quickly to Arthur's hall, and say his kitchenknave hath sent thee. See thou cravest his pardon for breaking the laws! Thy shield is mine! Farewell! Damsel, do thou lead, and I will follow."

And fast away flew Lynette, but when he had overtaken her, she turned and spoke: "Methought, knave, when I watched thee striking on the bridge, the savor of thy kitchen came upon me a little faintlier; but the wind hath changed, I scent it twenty-fold." And then she sang a mocking little song about the beauty of the Morning Star, pausing finally to say: "But thou had best take counsel and be gone. For near here is the second brother in their fool's parable, and he will pay thee sil thy wages and to boot.

Care not for shame, run! Thou art not knight but knave!"

"Parables?" queried Gareth, laughingly. "Hear a parable of
the knave. When I was kitchen-knave among the rest, fierce was
the hearth, and one of my mates owned a rough dog, to whom
he cast his coat, saying, 'Guard it,' and there was none dared meddle
with it. And such a coat art thou, and such a dog am I, and the
King hath given thee to me to guard. And if knave does thee
service as full knight, then he is as good as any knight towards
thy sister's freeing."

"Aye, Sir Knave," replied Lynette haughtily. "But because thou strikest as a knight, being but a knave, I hate thee all the more."

"Yes, fair damsel, but in that you are grievously wrong. You should worship me the more, that, being but knave, I can over-throw thine enemies."

"Aye, aye," she cried tauntingly, "but thou shalt meet thy match!"

When they came nigh to the second river-loop, they beheld the second warrior, Noonday Sun, astride a huge, bay horse. His shield and armor were burnished so brightly that they cast sparks in the sun, and Gareth was well-nigh blinded by their blazing splendor.

"Avaunt! What dost thou, brother, in my marches here?"

And Lynette answered shrilly: "Here is a kitchen-knave from Arthur's Hall! He hath overthrown thy brother. Morning Star, and hath his arms."

Noonday Sun cried out angrily and plunged into the foaming ford, but Gareth met him half way. No room was there in the whirling waters for lance or tourney skill, and Gareth feared he would be overcome, for his horse was frightened and hard to control. But, as the warrior raised his ponderous arm for the fifth mighty stroke, his horse slipped and went down in the stream. The Noonday Sun was now at the mercy of the waters. Gareth,

however, was too noble to let his enemy drown, and after a hard struggle succeeded in drawing him out on the tocks. Shocked and breathless, the warrior could fight no more, and so, perforce, yielded. Gareth charged him to deliver himself to King Arthur, promising to plead for him on his return, and then bade the maiden lead on.

Quietly she obeyed.

"Ah, damse.." laughed Gareth, unwise in his joy, "hath not

the good wind changed again?"

"Nay," answered the maiden scornfully, "not ? point! Nor art thou victor here. There is a ledge of state across the ford, and the Noonday Sun's horse stumbled thereon. Yea, for I saw it."

Then she began to sing:

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"O sun, that wakest all to bliss or pain, O moon, that layest all to sleep again, Shine sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on me.

"But what knowest thou of love song or of love?" she then demanded of Gareth, and without pausing for his reply went on singing:

"O dewy flowers that open to the sun,
O dewy flowers that close when day is done,
Blow sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on me.

"But how mayest thou know of flowers?" she queried. "Except, perchance, to garnish meats with. Hath not our good King who lent me thee, the flower of kitchendom, a foolish love for flowers? What put you round the pasty? Wherewithal did you deck the boar's head? With flowers? Nay, the boar had rosemary and bay."

Gareth answered only with a smile, and his blue eyes laughed tenderly at her. Lynette sang on:

"O birds that warble to the morning sky,
O birds that warble as the day goes by,
Sing sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on me.

"But what canst thou know of birds?" she said. "Lark, mavis, merle, or linnet? What dreamest thou when they utter their sweet, sun-worshiping May music? Thinkest thou: 'these be for the snare, these for the spit?' But thou hast fried thy last one, except thou turn to fly, for yonder is the third stout fool awaiting thee!"

Gareth turned from silent admiration of his companion and gazed in amazement in the direction which she pointed. It was but too true. Over beyond a bridge of treble bow, against the rose-red western sl.y, stood, seemingly all naked, the knight who named himself Evening Star.

"Zounds!" cried Gareth, aghast. "Why does the madman wait naked there in the open dayshine?"

"Nay," replied the maiden, "he is not naked; only wrapped in hardened skins that fit him like his own. If you cleave his armor, the skins will turn the blade of your sword!"

The Evening Star now shouted from the bridge: "O brotherstar, why shine you here so low? Your ward is higher up. Have you slain the damsel's champion?"

"No star of thine," cried the maiden quickly, perceiving that the knight had mistaken Gareth for his brother on account of the Morning Sun's shield which he bore, "but shot from Arthur's heaven with all disaster unto thee and thine! Both thy younger brethren have gone down before this youth, and so wilt thou, Sir Star. Art thou not old?"

"Old, princess!" cried the knight, "both old and hard. Old with the might and breath of twenty boys."

"Old and over-bold in brag!" said Gareth angrily. "But that same strength which overthrew the Nonday Sun can throw the Evening Star!"

The Evening Star now blew a fierce and deadly blast upon his

horn, that made Lynette shudder and cover her ears. "Approach and arm me," he cried hoarsely. And straightway from out the old russet, storm-beaten, many-stained pavilion came a grizzled dame, and armed him in old arms. His helm had only a drying evergreen for a crest, and on his shield the Star of Even blazed but dimly.

The two knights rushed madly toward each other and met midway upon the bridge. At the first blow Gareth unseated his foe, and when he arose, met him with drawn sword and overthrew him again. But up like fire he started, and as oft as Gareth brought him groveling on his knees, so often he vaulted up again; till Gareth panted hard, and his great heart, foredooming all his trouble vain,

labored within him.

Presently he half despaired, and Lynette, seeing this, cried out: "Well done, brave knight!" And again, "O good knight-knave, — O knave, as noble as any of all the knights, shame me not! Shame me not! For I have prophesied! Strike! Thou art worthy of the Table Round! His arms are old; he trusts his hardened skin. Strike! Strike! The wind will never change again!"

Her words put new courage into Gareth's heart and gave the strength of Samson to his arm. He hewed off great pieces of the hardened armor-skin, but could no more wholly subdue his enemy than could the loud waves, rolling ridge on ridge, submerge the springing buoy that rides at sea. At length Gareth's sword clashed with his foeman's and broke it at the hilt, and he thought to claim the victory. But the warrior, all unknightlike, sprang upon him and wrapped him in his wiry arms. Struggling, striving, panting, each sought to throw the other into the stream, until at last, straining every nerve, Gareth prevailed; then, turning, said to the maiden in a smothered voice: "Lead on. I follow."

"Nay," cried Lynette, holding out her hand. "I lead no longer. Ride thou at my side. Thou art the kingliest of all the kitchen-knaves!" Off came Gareth's jeweled helm, as would a courtier's hat of plumes, and low he bowed until his lips touched the tips of her dainty fingers. Then, swiftly mounting his horse, he wheeled him into the path, while the maiden sang joyously:—

O trefoil, sparkling on the rainy plain,
O rainbow with three colors after rain,
Shine sweetly: thrice my love hath smiled on me.

"Sir," she then murmured, "and, good faith, I fain had added Knight, but that I heard thee call thyself a knave! Shamed am I that I so rebuked, reviled, and mis-said thee! Noble I am, and thought the King did but scorn me and mine. Grant now thy pardon, friend, for thou hast ever answered courteously, and wholly bold art thou, and meek withal as any of Arthur's best, but, being knave, hast mazed my wit. I marvel what thou art."

"Damsel," returned Gareth gently, "you are not all to blame, saving that you mistrusted our good King. You said your say; my answer was my deed. I hold he scarce is knight, yea, but halfman, nor neet to fight for gentle damsel, who lets his heart be stirred with foolish heat at the damsel's waywardness. Shamed? Care not! Your unkind sayings fought for me: and seeing now your words are fair, methinks there rides no knight, not even Lancelot, that has the force to quell me."

So they rode in silence until nigh upon that hour when the lone heron forgets his merancholy, and twilight falls. Then the maiden turned smilingly to her companion, and told him of a cavern near at hand where the Lady of Lyonors had promised to secrete bread, baked meats, and good red wine of the Southland. Pointing the way past a narrow comb wherein were slabs of rock with sculptured figures of knights on horseback, she observed: "Sir Knave, my knight, a hermit once was here, whose holy hand hath fashioned on the rock the war of Time against the soul of man. Yon four Day fools hath sucked their allegory from these damp walls, and taken but the form. Know you not these?"

And Gareth looked and read, in letters such as the Roman standard bearers carved upon the cliffs of the streaming river Gelt, "Phosphorus, Meridies, Hesperus, Nox, Mors," each beneath a figure of an armed man, the faces all turned forward.

"Follow the faces, and we shall find the cave," said Lynette. "But look, who comes behind?"

Gareth turned, and in so doing let the Morning Sun's shield be seen.

"Stay, felon knight," cried the pursuer, "I avenge thee for my friend."

With that he charged at Gareth, and before the young man had time to defend himself he lay sprawled upon the grass. It was all done so suddenly and withal so neatly that a laugh of admiration broke from the unfortunate victim.

The sound of mirth, so inopportune, jarred upon Lynette. "Shamed and overthrown and tumbled back into a kitchen-knave, why laugh you?" she demanded harshly. "Have you but blown your boast in vain?"

"Nay, noble maiden," answered Gareth penitently, "but that I, son of old King Lot and good Queen Bellicent of Orkney, victor of the bridges and the ford and knight of Arthur, should thus be thrown so easily! Surely it is some device of sorcery or unhappiness! Out sword; we are thrown!"

"Prince!" cried the strange knight joyfully, putting out his hand to stay the other. "Gareth! It was all through the mere awkwardness of one who came to help you, not to harm! I am Lancelot. Sent to give you aid by our good King, if it so chanced that you had need of a strong arm, and as glad to find you whole as you were to join our Order true!"

"Lancelot!" cried Gareth, in amazement. "Thou! O! Lancelot, thine the hand that threw me! Praise the saints! For 'tis no shame to be thrown by thee, the great Prince of Knights!"

And Lancelot laughed and cordially shook his out-stretched hand, but Lynette cried petulantly: "Lancelot, why came you not when

called? And wherefore do you come now when you are not called? I gloried in my knave, who being still rebuked, would answer as courteous still as any knight. But now, if he's a knight, the marvel dies, and leaves me fooled and tricked and only wondering why I am played upon, and whether I and mine be scorned. For where should truth be found but in Arthur's hall and in Arthur's presence? Knight, knave, prince and fool, I hate thee and forever!"

Gareth stood dumb under the maiden's last words, and so Lancelot spoke: "Blessed be thou, Sir Gareth! Knight art thou to the King's best wish. O maiden, are you wise to call him shamed, who is but overthrown? Well has he striven, and he and his good horse are tired; yet I felt his manhood through all his weary lance's charge. The stream has he freed, justice wreaked on his foes, and when reviled, was answered graciously. Then, too, he makes merry when overthrown. Hail, Knight and Prince, and of our Table Round, I salute thee!"

Then he went on to explain to Gareth how the King had bade him cover his shield and follow, how he had been delayed by being obliged to see the wounded, bellowing Sir Kay home, and how he had lost them, through their losing the trail.

The maiden listened to all this moodily, and when Lancelot, half vexed, turned to her and told all the story of Gareth, she answered yet more petulantly than before: "Worse is being fooled of others than to fool one's self!" Then she brushed her brow wearily, and in so doing must have cleared her face of frowns, for she turned smilingly to Lancelot and said in a different voice: "There is a cave somewhere near with meats and drinks, forage for the horses, and flint for fire, but all about it flies the honeysuckle. Help us to find it!"

When they had sought the cave and found the comforts hidden there, Sir Gareth sank into a heavy sleep, but yet he turned and tossed and seemed uncomfortable. So the maiden took his head into her lap, softly and carefully, so as not to waken him, and she brooded tenderly over him. As she sat thus, she mused silently: "Sound sleep be thine! Sound cause to sleep hast thou. Wake lusty! Seem I not as tender to him as any mother? Aye, but such a one as has all day long rated her child and vexed his day, but blesses him asleep. . . . How sweetly smells the honeysuckle in the hushed night, as if the world were one of utter peace. and love, and gentleness! . . . O Lancelot, Lancelot! full merry am I to find that my goodly knave is a noble knight! But see I have sworn to the castle guard to bring you to fight with him! Now, if you go up with us, then will the rebel knight attack you, and my knight-knave will miss the full flower of his accomplishment."

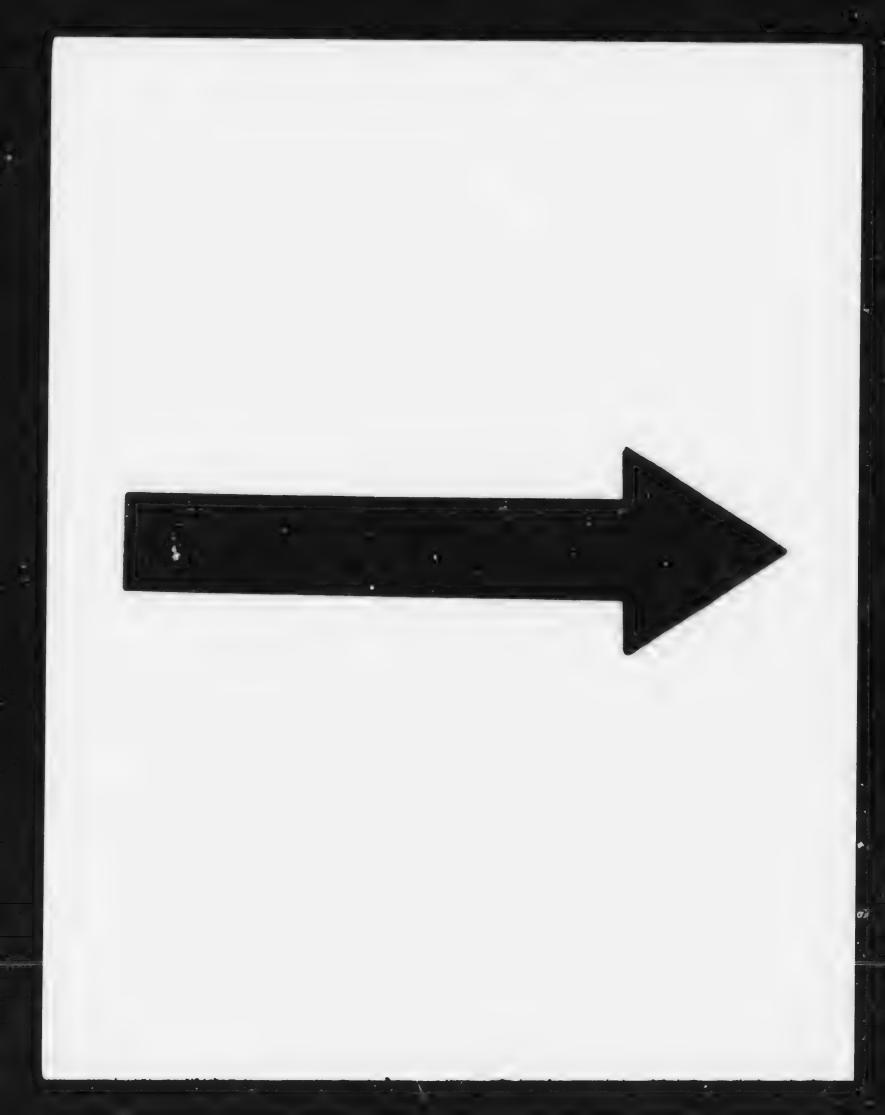
Lancelot came over to her, smiling kindly, and he noted the white hand unconsciously smoothing Gareth's hair. "We must leave it to him, for the quest is his," said he. "And, peradventure, he you name may know my shield. I'll tell you, damsel! Let Gareth, if he will, change his shield for mine, and take my horse, for he is fresh and needs not to be spurred, loving the battle as well as he who rides him."

"Spoken like Lancelot!" agreed the maiden cordially.

So they talked and planned until at last Gareth showed signs of waking, and Lynette put him quietly away and slipped blushingly out, leaving to Lancelot the task of persuading Gareth. Whatever he said we know not, but we are afraid the good knight told tales out of school; for when the maiden returned there was a new light in Gareth's eyes, and a joy in his heart that showed in his voice.

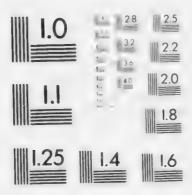
He was impatient to gain victory. "Come, let us go," he cried. Silently the three traversed the silent field. A smile lay on Gareth's lips and his dreams were passing fair. But only two remarks did he make which would show the tenor of his thoughts to his companions: —Once, a star shot downward, and he cried: "Lo! the foe falls!" Again, an owl whooped in the forest, and he exclaimed, "Hark, the victor pealing there!"

Suddenly she who rode at his left grasped the shield which Lance-



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lot had lent him, pleading eagerly: "Yield, yield him this again. 'Tis he must fight! I curse the tongue that all through yesterday reviled thee, and hath wrought on Lancelot now to lend thee horse and shield! Wonders thou hast done; miracles thou canst not. Here is glory enough in having flung the three. I see thee mained and mangled! Do not fight, I pray thee! I swear thou canst not fling the fourth!"

"But wherefore, damsel?" queried Gareth laughingly, albeit his blue eyes dwelt tenderly upon her. "Tell me all you know. You cannot frighten me. No rough face or voice, brute bulk of limb,

or boundless savagery will turn me from the quest."

"Nay, Prince," she answered. "I never looked upon his face, seeing he never rides abroad by day; but I have watched him pass like a phantom, chilling the night. Neither have I heard his voice. Always he made a mouthpiece of his page who came and went, and still reported him as closing in himself the strength of ten, and when very angry massacring man, woman, lad, and girl — yea, the soft babe! Some hold that he hath swallowed infant flesh! Monster! O Prince, I went for Lancelot first! The quest is Lancelot's; give him back the shield."

"Yea, my lady Lynette," laughed Gareth. "If he will joust for it and win it as the better man!"

Then Lancelot, seeing Gareth's heart was set upon finishing the quest, contented himself by offering all manner of advice on the devisings of chivalry; how best to manage horse, lance, sword and shield, and so fill up with skill the gap where force might fail.

But his words went in one ear and out the other; Gareth could not fix his attention upon the friendly counsel, and at last cried out in protest: "Alas, Sir Lancelot, here be rules, but I can master only one — to dash against mine enemy and to win. Full many a time have I watched thee victor in the joust and seen thy way, but I am not skilled like thee."

"Then Heaven help thee," sighed Lynette, greatly troubled.

A dark cloud now rose up and shrouded all the stars in gloom.

Gaily the three essayed to talk, striving thus to cheer each other, but ever the black pall seemed to sink lower and wrap them in silence. At last the maiden pressed her white palfrey close to Gareth's horse, clasped his arm, and pointing unsteadily ahead, whispered, "There!"

They had reached the goal at last. Only a short distance away stood the Castle Perilous, and right beside it was a huge, black pavilion with a trailing, black banner. Before Lancelot and Lynette had time to think, Gareth seized the long, black horn which hung conveniently near on the wall, and blew a hideous blast that went shivering through the night and echoing in all the castle walls. Lights soon twinkled here and there throughout the castle, and when Gareth, impatient, blew another blast, muffled voices could be heard and hollow tramplings up and down. Then far above them a window burst into glowing bloom and from out the radiance leaned a beautiful woman.

"Lyonors!" exclaimed Lynette eagerly. "Have courage! Here is a knight come to deliver thee!"

It is doubtful if the woman above heard the cheering message, but she undoubtedly guessed its import. Radiant smiles lighted up her face and she extended her hands in eager welcome.

"God grant you save her," cried Lynette to Gareth.

His answer was another lusty blast which raised the echoes far and near. Then the great black doors of the huge pavilion slowly folded back, and there came riding out a hideous thing with the white breast-bone, barren ribs, and grinning skull of Death. A monster thing it was, mounted on a coal black horse, with night black arms, and slowly it came out into the dim dawn, then paused and spoke no word.

"Fool," cried Gareth angrily, "men say thou hast the strength of ten. Canst thou not trust the limbs thy God hath given thee, but must trick thyself out in ghastly imageries of that which Life hath done with, and the dull clod hides with mantling flowers for pity?"

But the thing spoke no word in reply, and all about there seemed to be gathering a swift, boundless current of horror. The Lady Lyonors wrung her hands and wept despairingly; a handmaiden behind her swooned; Sir Gareth's skin prickled with fear; and even the bold Sir Lancelot felt all through his warm blood a chill like that of ice.

All at once the fearless steed which Gareth rode neighed fiercely, and Death's dark war-horse bounded forward. Then those that did not blink with terror, saw to their amazement that Death was cast to the ground, but slowly rose again. With two powerful blows Gareth split open the impostor's armor and then -most wonderful to relate — out sprang a beautiful, blooming boy, fresh as a new-born flower.

"O knight, slay me not!" he pleaded. "My three brothers bade me do it to make a horror all about, and stay the world from Lady Lyonors. They never dreamed the passes could be crossed."

Most graciously Gareth answered, for his heart was thrilled with wild joy: "My fair child, what madness made thee challenge the chief knight of Arthur's hall?"

"Fair Sir, they made me do it. They hate the King and Lancelot, the King's friend. They hoped to slay him somewhere on the stream. They never thought harm would come near me. They did not dream the stream could be opened."

Lady Lyonors now appeared at the open house door, with hearty thanks, and a cordial welcome for her deliverer and the dear sister who had periled her life to bring him. Everything in the castle was placed at their disposal, and all the household waxed merry with dance, revel, and song over their deliverance from the grim enemy, Death.

And in the heart of Gareth joy was crowned, for he had won the quest and proven to his beloved King how well he could strike for Christ and the right. Those who told the story in the old times say that Gareth wedded Lady Lyonors, but those who told it later say it was Lynette. And to our minds the latter tale seems truer.

CHAPTER VII

THE STORY OF GERAINT AND ENID

N a certain Whitsuntide King Arthur held a great Feast of the Pentecost at Caerleon upon Usk. In the midst of the rejoicings a forester of Dean, wet from the woods, came with the tidings that he had seen a beautiful milky-white hart in the forest near the banks of the Severn. Now King Arthur dearly loved the chase, so he immediately ordered the horns to be blown announcing a big hunt on the morrow.

The Queen was also much interested in the chase, so she eagerly petitioned and obtained leave to see the hunt. Unfortunately she slept late the next morning, and when she awoke all the eager hunters had gone. But the Queen was not to be disappointed, and set out as soon as she could make ready, with only a single maiden for a companion, intending, since she was so late, to view the scene from a certain high knoll in the woodland. As they waited, all ears listening for the hounds, there was heard a sound of galloping hoofs, and presently Prince Geraint, a knight of Arthur from the neighborhood of Devon, appeared.

"Ah, Prince," cried Queen Guinevere graciously, "thou art late, late! Later than we, if indeed," glancing doubtfully at his silken holiday attire, "thou hast intended to take part in the hunt at all?"

"Yes, noble Queen," replied the Prince, with low-bowed courtesy, "so late am I that I have left arms and hunting garb at home, and come like you only to see the hunt and not to share it."

"Then wait with me," invited the Queen pleasantly, "for on this knoll, if anywhere, we shall see the hounds. Often they break covert here at our feet."

While they stood breathlessly listening for the on-coming bay-

ing of Cavall, the King's noblest hound, there rode past them an armed knight, with a lady and a dwarf. And the Queen, desiring to know the stranger knight's name, sent her maiden to inquire of the dwarf what it might be. But the dwarf answered sharply that he would not tell, neither would he allow her to ask his master, saying that she was not worthy even to speak of him, and he lashed at her with his whip. So the maiden returned indignantly to the Queen, and Geraint loyally made after the dwarf and questioned him, but with no better success—indeed, the impudent fellow struck the knight across the face with his whip so severely that the blood started. Quickly the Prince gripped his gold-mounted sword, minded to destroy him, but not liking to pass arms with such a worm, he restrained himself and turned loyally to his Queen, saying:—

"Most noble Queen, mightily will I avenge this insult which has been put upon you through your maiden! I shall follow yon churlish dwarf and compel his master to come to you humbly and crave pardon. Though I ride only with my faithful sword, no doubt I can find armor along the way somewhere, for loan or for pledge, and, in three days, if I be not slain, I will come again. Farewell!"

"Farewell!" returned the Queen. "Be prosperous in this journey, fair Prince, as in all; and may you light on all things that you love, and live to wed with her whom first you love. But ere you wed with any, bring your bride — yea, though she be the daughter of a king or a beggar from the hedge — and I will clothe her for her bridals like the sun."

Half vexed at losing sight of the hunt, but more out of humor at the cause, Prince Geraint followed the three over field and dale, till they came at last to a little town hidden in the valley, on one side whereof was a newly-built fortress, and on the other an ancient castle, half in ruin. The three rode up to the fortress, entered therein, and were lost behind its walls; but Geraint felt that he had tracked them to their lair, and so rode on wearily into town, seeking shelter for the night. But it seemed too busy a place for

strangers, and every one he spoke to was so full of bustle that he scarce took time to look at him and muttered something about "The Sparrow-hawk."

Grown thoroughly incensed at last, the Prince paused before an armorer's shop, where a man sat bowed above his work, riveting a helmet on his knee. Without turning around, he answered the Prince's question thus: "Friend, he that labors for the Sparrowhawk has little time for idle questioners."

This was the last straw, and all the Prince's anger was inflamed: "A thousand pips eat up your Sparrow-hawk!" he cried. "Tits, wrens, and all winged nothings pack him dead! Ye think the rustic cackle of your burg the murmur of the world! What is it to me? O wretched set of sparrows, one and all, who pipe of nothing but of sparrow-hawks! Speak, if ye be not like the rest, hawk-mad. Where can I get shelter for the night? And arms, arms, arms to fight my enemy? Speak!"

On the instant the armorer had turned amazed, and seeing one clad so gaily in purple silks, started up, helmet in hand, bowing low, and waiting for a chance to speak, which he did eagerly, as soon as the Prince paused. "Pardon me, O stranger knight!" said he. "We hold a tourney here to-morrow morning, and there is scarcely time for all the work in hand. Arms? Truth, I know not; all are wanted here. Shelter? The town is full, but perhaps Earl Yniol, at the castle yonder beyond the bridge, would take you in."

So Geraint turned shortly, a little spleenful still, and rode onward to the castle where a courteous, hoary-headed Earl, in a suit of frayed magnificence, listened kindly to his queries, and replied cordially: "Enter then, and partake of the slender entertainment of a house once rich, now poor, but ever open-doored."

"Thanks, venerable friend," said Geraint laughingly. "So you do not serve me sparrow-hawk for supper, I will enter and eat with all the passion of a twelve hour fast."

The old Earl sighed, then smiled, and answered, "Graver cause

than yours is mine to curse this hedgerow thief, this Sparrow-hawk! But enter in; for, save you yourself desire it, we will not touch upon him even in jest."

So Geraint rode into the courtyard, and looking about him saw that all was in ruirs. The prickly thistle sprouted in the broken stones; here was a shattered archway plumed with fern; there was fallen a great part of a tower, and like a crag tumbled from a cliff was gay with wild flowers, while high above a piece of turret stair, worn by feet now silent, lay bare in the sun; and all about rose craggy gray walls half covered with luxuriant, ambitious ivy that sought in vain to spread an air of life and prosperity over all. And, as Geraint stood waiting, he heard the voice of a maiden singing in her bower; and so sweet was the voice that his heart was moved within him, and he said to himself: "Here, by the Grace of God, is the one voice for me!"

The song was that of Fortune and her wheel, and the maiden sang it with spirit, as though bidding defiance to the ups and downs of destiny:—

- "Turn, Fortune, turn thy wheel and lower the proud; Turn thy wild wheel thro' sunshine, storm, and cloud; Thy wheel and thee we neither love nor hate.
- "Turn, Fortune, turn thy wheel with smile or frown; With that wild wheel we go not up or down; Our hoard is little, but our hearts are great.
- "Smile and we smile, the lords of many lands; Frown and we smile, the lords of our own hands; For man is man and master of his fate.
- "Turn, turn thy wheel above the staring crowd; Thy wheel and thou are shadows in the cloud; Thy wheel and thee we neither love nor hate."

The song ceased, and the singer, a beautiful maiden, fair as a vermeil-white blossom, and clad in faded silk, came down. The

Earl presented her as his daughter, the Lady Enid, and again Geraint thought: "Here is the one maiden in the world for me."

"Enid," spoke the old Earl, "the good knight's horse stands in the court; take him to stall, and give him corn, and then go to the town and buy us flesh and wine; and we will make us merry as we may. Our hoard is little, but our hearts are great."

The maiden came forward willingly, but Geraint could not bear to have one so daintily beautiful wait upon him as a servant might, and eagerly expressed his willingness to care for his own horse. Yniol, however, caught his purple scarf and held him back, saying: "Forbear! Rest! The good house, though ruined, my son, endures not that her guest should serve himself."

And so Geraint was obliged by courtesy to yield to the Earl, but his eyes followed the maiden and he marked her proud, quick-stepped entrance into the town and her coming forth, and always he admired her yet the more. Now the hall where they sat was perforce kitchen and dining-room as well, so he wonderingly watched the maiden as she moved quickly about preparing and serving the meal with wondrous grace and sweet simplicity. As she stood behind the board and waited upon her father, mother, and himself, he felt within him a great longing to kiss the dainty hands that served him. And afterward as she busied herself now here, now there, about the hall at her lowly handmaid work, his eyes followed her, and he would fain have offered help, yet dared not.

At last he forced himself to turn aside and address the Earl. "Fair host and Earl, I pray your courtesy. This Sparrow-hawk, what is he? Tell me of him. But stay, tell me not his name! For if he be that knight whom I saw ride into the new fortress beyond your town this evening, I have sworn to force it from him! I am Geraint of Devon, a knight of Arthur, and this morning I heard the strange knight's dwarf offer insult to the Queen, through her maid in waiting, by refusing to tell the name of his lord at the Queen's request. You see I had ridden out but to see the hunt and could not fight him then, as I had left my armor at home.

Therefore, I followed him, hoping to find arms wherewith to break his pride and humble him before the Queen."

"Ah!" cried the old Earl, with kindling eyes, "art thou indeed Geraint, he whose name is far-sounded among men for his noble deeds? Well might I have known when first I beheld your stately presence that you were one who was wont to sit at meat in Arthur's hall at Camelot! My house is honored, and happy am I to have you beneath my crumbling roof to-night! Full often have we heard praises of your feats of arms, and this dear child will bear me witness that many a time have we discussed your noble deeds." The Earl paused to draw the fair Enid, who had just come to his side, affectionately down upon the wide arm of his chair, and then continued, while Geraint envied him his privileges: "As to this Sparrow-hawk whereof you speak, he is my nephew and sometime suitor for this fair hand," lifting Enid's hand caressingly to his lips. "But I knew his fierce, turbulent spirit. and refused him, and since - my curses be upon him! - he has contrived by foul means to lay low the house of Yniol. With false tales he raised my own town against me in the night, sacked my house, ousted me from my earldom, and built that fortress beyond the bridge to overawe my friends, for truly there are those who love me yet. He keeps me isolated in this ruined castle, and why he does not kill me I know not, unless it be that he despises me too much; and I — I sometimes despise myself, for I have submitted all too gently and failed to use my power, but in my old age I am some way very wise or very foolish, for I can not bear to fight, and so I submit patiently to my wrongs."

"Let me fight for you, friend!" cried Geraint, filled with sudden pity for the trembling old man. "My limbs are young and strong, and I am sworn to right wrong wherever found! Tell me where I may get arms, and at to-morrow's tourney I will lay the Sparrow-hawk low in the dust. Right humbly shall he apologize to our most gracious Queen, and every farthing of thine inheritance shall he restore to thee, else will I have his heart's blood!"

"Spoken like a true knight of Arthur!" exclaimed the Earl. "Aye, son, and I could furnish you with arms. Old and rusted, 'tis true, but still fit to serve you in good stead; but if I did so, you could not fight the Sparrow-hawk at the tourney; for his rules are that no man shall tilt except the lady he loves best be there. The thing is managed in this wise: two forks are fixed into the meadow ground, and over these is placed a silver wand, tipped with a golden sparrow-hawk. This is the prize of beauty, and 'tis given to the winning knight for the pleasure of his lady love. The Sparrow-hawk hath always won it for the lady with him, and so hath justly earned his name. Perforce thou seest why thou canst not tilt with him at the tourneys, but possibly thou wilt take the day following?"

"No," cried Geraint quickly, leaning eagerly toward the old man. "Thy favoring kindness, Earl Yniol! Let me lay lance for thy dear child, thine own fair Enid! Truly I have seen all the beauties of our time, but never yet hath mine eyes dwelt on one so sweetly fair and pure as she! If she be not unwilling, give her to me for my beloved wife, as a reward for overcoming the Sparrowhawk—I care not for the golden bauble—and I swear to you

to love and reverence her forevermore!"

"Ah!" replied the old man, looking at him with kindly, favoring eyes, "'tis an alliance most to be desired, but I know not what the maid will say!" (Enid had left the room when first they began to discuss the tourney). "I must prove her heart, for never would I rise by the sacrifice of my child. Mother," turning to the old dame who now came into the room, "this knight, Prince Geraint of Devon, wishes to tilt with the Sparrow-hawk and force him to give us restitution, desiring the hand of Enid as a reward. A maiden is a tender thing, best understood by her who bore her. Go thou and inquire of Enid concerning this."

And so the old dame hurried to Enid's room, where she found her half disrobed for the night. Kissing her upon both cheeks, she laid her hands upon her fair, shining shoulders and held her away that she might look into her face, while she told her of Prince Geraint's desire. Red and white was Enid's fair face, and filled with amazement, as she listened to the tidings, so sudden, so unexpected that they took her breath away, and she could speak no word, nor could she rest that night. In the morning she roused her mother and together they went down into the tourney field, where they waited for her father and Geraint. And the young knight, as he came to her side, felt that beating in his heart, 'neath her father's old rusty armor, which proclaimed that, were Enid the prize of bodily force, he could win against any odds.

Soon the knights and the ladies came, and the town and country people, and they filled all the space about the lists. Then the Sparrow-hawk blew loud upon his trumpet, and bowing low before the lady at his side, said gallantly: "Advance, and take the golden prize as fairest of the fair; for I these two years past have won it for thee, most worthy lady of the prize of beauty."

"Stay!" called Prince Geraint in a loud voice. "There is one

more worthy here!"

"How now!" cried the Sparrow-hawk in surprise and wrath, and turning beheld the old Earl, his uncle, and his wife and Enid, with the handsome, challenging knight beside her. "Do battle for it then!" he stammered, choked with passion at the sight, and rushed toward Geraint.

"The Lord bless thee and keep thee, my knight," murmured Enid so kindly and sweetly as Geraint bent over her hand in brief farewell, that, unmindful of the vast throng, he stooped and kissed her tenderly upon the forehead ere he rushed headlong to meet the on-coming Sparrow-hawk.

Then the strife began, and never was so great a fight seen thereabouts before. Thrice they charged, and each time broke their lances. Quickly they dismounted and made at one another with their swords. So furious were their strokes that at each one the bystanders thought to see the battle ended. Twice they rested, and then came on again, and many a wound did either give and re-

ceive, but neither had the mastery, till at last Farl Yniol cried lustily: "Remember the great insult done to the Queen." Then treraint gathered all his force into one last blow, and so mighty was the stroke that it smote through the helmet and bit the bone and felled the Sparrow-hawk to the ground.

"Tell me thy name!" commanded the Prince sternly, setting his

foot upon the fallen man's breast.

"Edyrn, son of Nudd!" moaned the Sparrow-hawk. "Woe is me! Ashamed am I to tell it to thee. My pride is broken: men

have seen my fall."

"Then, Edyrn, son of Nudd," replied Geraint, "these two things shalt thou do, or else thou diest: first, with thy lady and thy dwarf in company, thou shalt ride to Arthur's court and crave lowly pardon of the Queen for the insult offered in the grove by the Severn; next thou shalt restore to the uttermost farthing all that thou hast taken of the Earl, thine uncle. These two things shalt thou do, or thou shalt die."

"Stay thy hand, Prince," answered Edyrn sadly. "These things will I do willingly. For now that thou hast broken my pride, and the fair Enid has seen my fall and rejoices, I repent. It is meet

that I do works worthy of repentance."

The young knight rose humbly and journeyed to Queen Guinevere where he begged pardon on his bended knees for his traitorous life. So kindly did the beautiful Queen receive him, and so earnestly did she beseech him to turn to the right, that he swore to fight for the King and the Christ throughout all his life, and ever after kept the vow unsullied.

But Geraint returned with Yniol to the castle, and that night pleaded with Enid that she go with him to wed at the Court of Arthur on the morrow that being the day he had promised the Queen he would return. Enid blushingly consented, though she would fain have postponed the date that she might replenish her faded wardrobe and so do honor to her lord, yet she dared not mention it for fear of grieving him.

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"He seems so bent on going," she mused, as she sought the privacy of her chamber, "that it were little grace for me to ask a second favor of him, so much are we now beholden! But sweet Heaven! How much I shall discredit him, so noble are his acts and so splendid his attire! Did he but see fit to tarry yet a day or two, I would work eye dim and finger lame to prepare fitting raiment. O, woe is me! to appear before the great Queen in faded apparel, unfit even for a kitchen-maid!"

And so thinking, the maiden fell longing for a certain beautiful dress, all branched and flowered with gold, that her mother had given her on her birthday eve, the night Sir Edyrn sacked their house and scattered all to the four winds. "Oh," she mourned, "did I but know where it had been hid, then I might appear before the Queen in fitting raiment!"

While she sat fearing more and more the thought of going so ill-clad before the Queen and all the splendor of the Court, her mother came to her bringing a package which she said had just been brought by a villager and contained a sweet surprise. And lo! when Enid had unbound it, there rolled out the very gown for which she had been wishing.

"Aye," cried the mother, glad in her daughter's tearful joy, "don it in the morning, child. Now the beautiful Queen can not say 'the Prince hath plucked a ragged robin from the hedge! For though I heard him call you fairest of the fair, think not, girl, that you will not be the fairer to him in new dress than in old."

But in the morning when Geraint rose early and made himself ready for the journey, calling eagerly for his bride-to-be, and Ynicl told him she would be down ere long, that her mother was proudly decking her in apparel fit even for the Court of Arthur, Geraint became perplexed and troubled, and at last begged the Earl eagerly, saying: "Sir, entreat her by my love, albeit I give no reason but my wish, that she ride with me in her faded silk."

Imagine the consternation this message created in the chamber where the old dame stood admiring her beautiful daughter and likening her unto a fair bride who was created out of flowers! But Enid, all abashed, although she knew not why, tremblingly obeyed the request and laid aside the rich robe, not daring to look at her silent mother, and so came down in silence in her faded, clir, ing silk.

And Geraint, when he marked her sweet submission, loved her yet the more, but, seeing her mother's brow still clouded with disappointment, made haste to her, saying: "Good mother, take it not ill that I have asked this thing. Two reasons there are—one, that our Queen Guinevere, when I left three days since, promised me that if I would bring my bride to her, whensoever I found her, she would clothe her like the sun. And I am minded to accept this sweet service, for the two bound together so graciously may learn to love each other—and where could Enid find a nobler friend? Next, I desired to make proof of her love, for if she could at a word from me put aside a thing so dear to all women, then might I be sure that her heart was wholly mine. A proplet certain of my prophecy, now am I assured that never shadow of distrust shall come between us! Some day will I make amends for my hard petition."

Then the two journeyed away to Caerleon, and from the topmost tower, where she sat on the watch, Queen Guinevere saw them coming up the vale of Usk and hastened down and out to greet them. Right royally did she welcome them and shortly had Enid arrayed in magnificent bridal spiendor. Then the two were wedded by the priestly Dubric, and all that week high festival was held at Court. And for many moons Geraint and Enid dwelt at Caerleonon-Usk, and the Queen and Enid became great friends, and Geraint rejoiced greatly at their friendship, for it pleased his pride to see his wife the favorite of the noblest lady in the land.

Now Geraint loved his wife better than life itself, and it was his pleasure to array her in splendid gowns and dazzling jewels and to delight in her exceeding great beauty. And Enid, though not caring greatly for such things, was yet glad to make herself pleasing in her husband's eyes, for he was ail the world to her. Daily she appeared before Geraint in some new splendor, and often the lily-white hands of Queen Gunevere helped in the adorning, nor ever did she give an envious thought to the fact that her favorite lady-in-waiting's beauty might outshine her own. But the Queen and Lady Enid could never be rivals, for they were the exact opposite in their beauty: fair as an Easter lily was Guinevere, and her golden hair, woven into rich, shining coils, made for her a crown lovelier than any turned by the hands of man; while Enid's tropical beauty glowed like the red, southern rose; and dark as midnight were the tresses that framed her brow in wavy tendrils.

Finally a little cloud arose that threatened for a time to dim the brightness of Geraint's new joy. There floated slowly through the Court an evil rumor concerning the Queen, saying that the King no longer had her heart, and, indeed, that he had never possessed it, but that it was given to Lancelot; and that Lancelot, the King's most trusted knight and closest friend, returned her love, and was thereby false to the King and to his solemn vows of knighthood. Of course Arthur knew nothing of this; neither was any one else certain, but there was much talk. And the matter troubled Geraint greatly. His dear wife, Enid, was so closely bound to the Queen by friendship that he feared she might in some degree be touched by the breath of scandal, and the thought was torture to him. At last he went to the King and begged permission to withdraw from the Court for a time to his own princedom in Devon, saying that robbers and marauders were molesting his estate and that his presence was needed to quell them. King Arthur, all unsuspicious of the true reason, although wondering greatly, consented and Geraint and Enid rode away, with fifty knights to accompany them. "And now," thought Geraint contentedly, "if ever wife were true to her lord, mine shall be to me; for in this quiet home of ours, far away from the poisonous influences of the Court, nothing can come between us."

For a time all went well, but Geraint's mind had dwelt so

long on his foolish fears that he could not think clearly, and the one thought — how to keep his wife's love — dwelt with him to the exclusion of all others. He became so absorbed in pleasing her that he scarce left her for a moment, and took no heed whatever of ruling his province, of hunting or of joining in the tourney, and no delight in the society of his peers, thereby bringing shame and ridicule upon himself and upon Enid, who was blamed for his careless sloth. And the matter grieved Enid sorely, for her lord's name was very dear to her; and she longed to tell him what people were saying, and to ask if it were her fault that he no longer cared for knightly deeds, but shame and the fear of grieving him tied her tongue.

Finally, there came a morning when Enid awoke before her husband, and, leaving her place at his side, drew up a chair and sat beside him marveling at his strength and beauty, for his arms and chest were bare in the bright warm sunshine which beat in upon him. "O noble breast and mighty arms," she murmured, "am I the cause that all your glory and your fame is gone, and that men reproach you, saying your manliness is no more? 'Tis true, Geraint, I am, because I dare not tell what people say. And yet, rather than have things as they are, how gladly would I gird thy harness on thee and ride by thy side to battle, and even see thee wounded—aye, wounded perhaps to death! Now, here have I the courage for this great sacrifice, and yet am not brave enough to speak the truth as a true wife should! Ah me! I fear I am no true wife."

As she spoke, her tears fell fast upon his face and breast, and he awoke, hearing by great misfortune only her last words — that she feared she was not a true wife. "Just Heaven!" he thought, "in spite of all my care, and for all my pains, she is not faithful to me, and I see her weeping for some gay knight in Arthur's hall!"

The thought goaded him so fiercely that, without a single inquiring word, which might have set all clear between them, he sprang quickly to the floor and called gruffly to his squire: "Make 88

ready my horse and arms and thy lady's palfrey; I will ride into the wilderness." Then, turning to Enid, he said in a voice he never had used to her before: "It seems that my spurs are yet to win! I have not fallen so low as some would wish. Do thou put on thy worst and meanest dress and ride with me."

Enid was frightened and amazed, not knowing why he was angry, and faltered tearfully. "If I have done wrong, let me at least know my fault."

"Question me not," replied Geraint harshly, "but do my bidding."

So Enid turned away sorrowfully, and as she did so she bethought her of the old and faded silk in which Geraint had first seen and loved her. Eagerly she brought out the cherished robe and donned it hopefully, saying to herself: "Surely when my lord sees this dress, his heart will soften, and he will tell me what grieves him and take me into his love again."

But, poor girl, Geraint had no eyes for gowns that morning. Perhaps he dared not look at her for fear the tempest in his heart would burst in thunder round her head. "Ride thou a good way on before," he commanded briefly, with his eyes fixed upon his saddle girths. "And I charge thee, on thy duty as a wife, whatever happens, do not speak to me—no, not a word!"

And Enid more frightened than before, silently obeyed, but scarcely three paces had they passed when Geraint cried out spleenfully. "Effeminate as I am, I will not fight my way with gilded arms; all shall be iron," and straightway foolishly threw his heavy purse toward his squire.

So the last view Enid had of her home was the marble threshold all shining with gold and scattered coin; and the insulted squire chaffing his shoulder where the purse had struck.

"To the wilds!" cried Geraint, pointing the way to the marsh lands, where bandits and savage beasts were most apt to abound. And they fared forth, each busy with his own thoughts, and it was hard to say which carried the heavier heart. A stranger meeting

them would have said at once, from their pale faces and disturbed mien, that each had suffered some exceeding wrong. Ever Enid cast about in her heart to divine her fault, and anon murmured prayers for the safety of her lord. And Geraint cursed his stupidity for wasting so much time in attending his wife, dressing her beautifully and striving to keep her true, groaning over the thoughts that would arise!

Toward noon Enid became aware of three armed knights lying in wait for them in the shadow of a rock, and she heard them say, "Look! Here comes a laggard keight who seems no bolder than a beaten hound. See how his head hangs down! Let us set upon him and slay him and his horse and armor and damsel shall be ours."

Then Enid pondered in her heart, saying: "I will go back and warn my lord of these caitiffs, lest they slay him, for he sees them not. If he is angry with me and kills me, far better had I die by his dear hand than that he should suffer shame."

Geraint received her in foolish wrath: "Did I wish your warning or your silence? Have you forgotten my command? Well, then, look — for whether you wish me victory or defeat; long for my life, or hunger for my death — you shall see my vigor is not lost."

Tears filled Enid's eyes, for she was all unused to unkind words; and she covered her face despairingly, fearing that her husband would be overthrown. But anger made Geraint all-powerful. With a savage cry as though glad to have something on which to vent his spleen, he rushed upon the bandits, and with one powerful stroke drove his spear through the first of them a cubit's length. The other two now charged upon him, but their lances splintered upon his heavy armor like straws, and in two strokes he slew them both. Then he took off their armor and bound it upon their horses, and bade Enid drive the animals on before her. She obeyed without a word, and as Geraint followed her, somewhat nearer than before, his heart smote him for his cruelty, and would fain have had

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Scarcely had they gone a mile when Enid became aware of three other mounted bandits at the edge of a wood, and one of them seemed heavier than Geraint, and filled her heart with fear by his boastings: "See, here cometh a prize — three horses armor-laden and driven by a single fair damsel. A good knight following? Aye, but a cowardly dog, else would he not put so much upon a maiden! Come, let us fall upon him and take his damsel and his goods."

"Alas," murmured Enid to herself, "I must disobey my husband again! He is not on his guard, and full weary with his former fight. Yea, though it displeases him, I must speak, for his life is dearer to me than my own."

So she waited for him to come up and faced him timidly, saying: "Have I leave to speak?" Then told him all.

Geraint listened impatiently as before, then turned upon her roughly: "If there were a hundred in the wood, and every man were larger limbed than I, and all at once should sally out upon me, I swear it would not ruffle me so much as you who do not obey me! Stand aside, and if I fall, cleave to the better man."

And Enid turned away to wait the event, not daring to watch, and scarcely feeling within herself strength to breathe in prayer. Then he she dreaded most, bore fiercely down upon her lord. But his lance missed, and Geraint's own spear drove straight through his shield and corselet, and there broke short, felling the huge robber from off his horse. His companions came on slowly, their leader's death filling all their veins with fear. Geraint, seeing this, bellowed forth a fearful battle cry, and the knaves turned and fled. But he would not suffer them to escape, and so set upon and slew them. Then, binding their armor to the horses, as before, saving the lance which pleased him most, he bade Enid to add them to her charge.

Once more the odd procession started, and Geraint followed

nearer than before, half-fascinated, despite his anger, by the skill with which his wife managed her wayward horses, six of them with their jingling arms. Indeed, after a time, he fancied that the bandit horses pricked their light ears and strove to do their best to help the good friend who directed them with firm voice and kind government, and his heart again reproached him. So that when they came to the end of the wood and found some mowers at work in the field, and a lad bearing victuals to them, he took compassion on her paleness, and stopped the boy, saying: "My son, let the damsel eat, she is so faint."

"Yea, willingly," replied the lad, "and do thou, my lord, eat also, for though the food is coarse 'twill give thee strength."

So Geraint and Enid dismounted, sitting down in the fragrant hay, while their horses grazed at will near by, and they partook of the humble fare, or rather Geraint did, for Enid was too sore at heart to eat and she only pretended to do so, fearing to rouse her lord's ire by refusal. At last Geraint, reaching into the basket for more, found to his dismay that he had eaten all. "Boy," he cried, "my appetite hath outrun my manners! I have emptied the basket. But I will reward thee fairly, for never before did food taste so good. Choose thou a horse and arms from the captive six, and take the best."

"My lord," exclaimed the boy, reddening with delight, "you overpay me fifty-fold!"

"You will be all the wealthier then," answered Prince Geraint merrily.

"I take it as a free gift, then, not as a reward; for while your damsel rests I can easily go to the Court and get more food, and, while there, I will tell the Earl about you. He loves to know when men of rank are in his territory, and will fetch you to his palace and serve you with food more fit than mower's fare."

"No, indeed," said Geraint quickly. "I ask for no better food than that which I have just eaten. And into the Earl's palace I will not go! I know, God knows, too much now of palaces! Get

thee to the inn and secure us harborage for the night. Then, if thy Earl desires to speak with me, let him seek me there."

So the lad went away happily, leading his chosen horse, with his head held high as though he fancied himself a knight, and Geraint and Enid stayed in the field; nor spoke to one another, he drowsing in the heat and albeit half-musing of his prophecy on their marriage morn that naught could ever come between them, and she thinking of their strange adventure and longing wistfully for her lord to take her into his arms again.

Finally the messenger returned, and they moved to the house he told them of, and remained till evening time, apart by all the chamber's width and silent as two moody, drooping mutes. Then came a loud discordant voice without, and their door drove suddenly backward against the wall and the Earl and a party of rioting friends bolted into their presence. Startled and withal ashamed, Enid was dismayed to recognize in the wild lord of the place the Earl Limours, a former much-scorned suitor, but she gave no sign. So Geraint welcomed him cordially, and called for wine and goodly cheer to feast the sudden guests.

When the drinking and feasting was at its height, Earl Limours, made bold by the wine which coursed madly through his veins, turned to Geraint and asked permission to cross the room and speak with his good damsel, who seemed so pale and lonely. "Aye, take my free leave," replied the Prince shortly. "Get her to speak; she doth not speak to me."

And Limours, looking at his feet, arose and crossed to Enid's side, where he bowed low and whispered admiringly, "Enid, the pilot star of my lone life; Enid, my early and my only love; Enid, the loss of whom hath turned me wild — what chance is this? How is it I see you here, and in my power? But stay, girl, fear me not; for in my heart, despite my wildness, is a touch of sweet civility. Methought that in the old days you would have favored me, but for your father. Was it so? Tell me now; make me a little happier. Do you not owe me something for

a life half lost? Yea, the whole dear debt of all you are! And, Enid, I see with joy that you and he sit apart and do not speak; you come with no page or maid to serve you — doth he love you as of old? Nay, call it not a lover's quarrel! I know men may bicker with things they love, but they do not make them laughable in the eyes of all. Your wretched dress is an insult to your person, and 'tis plain your beauty is no beauty to him now. Think not you will win him back. I know men, and a man's love once gone never returns. But here is one who loves you as of old, the one true lover whom you ever owned; speak but a word, and he shall cross our path no more! See, he sits surrounded by my followers! If I but hold up my finger they will understand. Zounds! Enid, do not look so frightened! I mean not blood; my malice is no deeper than a moat, or stronger than a wall!"

He paused for very breath, and Enid shrank timidly from the impassioned gaze of his wine-heated eyes. She longed to fly to Geraint for shelter, yet dared not in his present mood, and so was forced to trust to her woman's wit to protect her. "Earl," she murmured softly, "if, indeed, you love me as in former years, and seek not to betray me, come in the morning and snatch him from me by violence. Leave me here to-night, I pray thee, for I am weary to the death."

Low bowed the Earl till his brandished plume brushed his insten, then turned swiftly and bade the Prince good night and departed homeward, bragging to his men that the fair Enid never loved man but him, nor cared a broken egg-shell for her lord! And Unid, left alone with Prince Geraint, sat pondering how she could best break her lord's command of silence and tell him all that troubled her. As she wrestled with her thoughts, the calmness of the room bore in upon her, and turning she saw that Geraint had fallen back in deep sleep upon the couch where he sat. Swiftly she flew to his side, and, settling him in a comfortable position, hung over him in a rush of tenderness, noting his firm, deep breathing, and thanking God that he had passed

through the day's perils in safety. Finally, overcome with fatigue, she leaned against him and slept a troubled sleep till the cock, crowing at dawn, awakened her. Rising up, she endeavored to collect and arrange her husband's armor, and, while bungling at her unusual task, let it fall jangling to the floor. Immediately Geraint rose up and stared at her, and Enid broke the silence he had commanded and told him all Earl Limours had said, saving the passage touching her husband's love, and ended by craving his pardon for her own crafty reply.

Though his mind still dwelt upon her words of the previous morning, Geraint could find no fault with her now in word or deed, so he bade her order their horses brought. Quickly Enid roused the sleeping host, and then, all unasked, aided her lord to don his armor. Sallying forth Geraint bade the amazed landlord keep five horses and their armor for his pay, then, as he assisted his wife to mount, charged her, saying: "Enid, I especially ask to-day that, whatsoever you may hear or sec, you warn me not. See that you obey."

"Yea, my lord," answered Enid sadly, "'tis ever my wish to obey you, but your command is a hard one, when I must ride in advance and hear the evil threats, and note the danger which you seem rot to see."

"Be not too wise," answered Geraint unkindly, "seeing that you are wedded to a man who hath arms to guard his head and yours, eyes to find you out however far, and ears to hear you even in his dreams."

Forward toward the waste earldom of Doorm they traveled, and Enid's heart trembled within her; for the Earl of Doorm, whom his trembling vassals called "the bull," was known far and wide for his strength and fierceness. In a short time her straining ears heard the tramp of horses' hoofs away in their rear, and, turning, she beheld a cloud of dust. Now Geraint rode in sullen silence as though he heard them not, so she rode toward him and, lifting her hand, pointed to the oncoming cloud. Pleased with

what he termed her obedience to his command, Geraint turned and waited the onslaught.

In a moment, Limours, borne on a black horse, "like a thundercloud whose skirts are loosened by the breaking storm," dashed up and closed with him. But Geraint smote him heavily to the earth, and overthrew the next who followed, and charged singlehanded the small brigade of knights behind. At his first cry of battle the rogues fled panic-stricken, this way and that, like a shoal of darting fish that scatters in a moment at the warning shadow of a man's hand on the stream.

"What think you of your lover now?" cried the Prince, with ill-advised humor. "Has your palfrey heart enough to bear his armor? Shall we strip him of it, and buy therewith a dinner for ourselves? Say, which shall it be, fast or dine?"

But Enid, half-angered by his coarseness, spoke never a word in reply, and led the way onward, her tear-blind eyes fixed steadily upon her bridle-reins. And so they journeyed, Geraint suffering in silence from a wound received in his late combat, and grimly determined to speak not a word of it to his wife, till his eye darkened and his helmet trembled, and, at a sudden turn in the road, he went down in a heap upon a bank of grass. In a moment, however, his wronged wife was beside him, and had swiftly unfastened his armor till sne found the wound and bound it up in her faded veil. Then, fearing that perhaps he was hurt to the death, the horror of it all charged her overwrought nerves, and she sank down beside the way weeping heart-brokenly.

Many passed but none heeded them; for it was no uncommon sight in those days to see a woman weeping by the side of her fallen knight. A fugitive fleeing from the wrath of Doorm tore past, and frightened her palfrey so that he ran away into the bushes and was lost, but the noble war-horse stood by like a staunch friend, and tried to stay her grief by rubbing a sympathizing nose against her shoulder and face. At last, when her grief had worn itself low from very violence, she became aware of a body of knights

approaching. At their head rode one whom she readily divined as the great Earl Doorm himself.

Stirred by the beautiful, sorrowing face, he paused. "What! is he dead?" he called.

"No, no, not dead!" she answered, in all haste. "Would some of your kind people take him up and bear him away out of this scorching sun? Most sure am I that he is not dead."

"Well, dead or not," said the Earl heartlessly, "you mar a comely face with idiotic tears! They can avail him nothing! But, since the damsel's face is beautiful, boys, we will grant the favor. Take him up you, Jeems and Gurth, and bear him to the hall. If he lives, we will have him in our band; if he dies, we have got earth enough to cover him. And don't forget the charger, men, he is a noble one."

The great Earl passed on, and two brawny spearmen advanced to do his bidding, growling like dogs because they were thus forced to lose the bones that might by chance fall to them in the day's hunt. Roughly they tossed Geraint upon a rude litter-bier, all in the hollow of his shield, and bore him to the dark, silent hall of Doorm, where they case him hastily down upon an oaken settle, and rushed away to join their mates in the chase. There through the long hours of the afternoon Enid sat by her husband, chafing his hands, bathing his brow, and calling upon him in endearing terms to awaken and speak to her.

At last her voice pierced through the lethargy which bound him, and he became aware of the warm tears falling on his face. "Ah, ha," thought he delightedly, "she weeps for me." And he resolved to lie still and test her to the uttermost, so he gave no sign.

As the night shades were falling, the Earl of Doorm and his spearmen came back with their plunder. Soon the great hall rang with life and light and the tumult of many voices. A score or more of handsome, well-dressed women, joined the knights, and, following them, came servants bearing food and wine. Whole

hogs and quarter beeves, large flagons of rich wines, and all manner of choice eatables made the table groan, and the bandits fell to with an eagerness not unlike that of swine. Their greediness made Enid faint and sick, and she crouched farther back into her dark corner, trembling with fear and horror.

At last the Earl of Doorm could eat no more, and, raising his eyes from his plate, he gazed indolently about the hall until his sharp eyes fell on the shrinking form of Enid. In a moment he remembered the scene of the afternoon and strode toward her. "Eat!" he commanded. "I never yet behield a thing so pale. God's curse, it makes me mad to see you weep! Good luck had your good man, for were I dead, who in all the world would weep for me? Sweet lady, never since I first drew breath have I beheld a lady like yourself. If you had some color in your cheeks, there is not one among my gentlewomen fit to wear your slipper for a glove. Listen to me, girl, you shall share my earldom with me, and we will live like two birds in one nest. I will fetch you vonderful forage from the fields; for I compel all creatures to my will."

Great consternation followed the Earl's words. His knights stared at him with bulging cheeks, forgetting in their amazement to swallow their food. The women made grimaces at each other, and one and all hated the fair stranger who stood in their midst with sorrowing down-bent head.

"I pray you, sir," answered Enid, speaking so low and with such difficulty that the Earl heard not what she said, "my lord being as he is, kindly let me be."

"Aye," replied the Earl, in gracious, self-satisfied vanity, wellpleased at himself for having made the offer, and never thinking any woman would reject it, "eat and be glad, for you are mine."

"How can I be glad," queried Enid sadly, taking no notice of the last part of his speech, "unless my lord arise and speak to me?"

Vexed at what he termed her foolishness, the Earl caught her

by the arm and drew her by main force to the table, where he placed food before her and sternly commanded her to eat.

"No, no," cried Enid pleadingly, "I will not eat till yonder

man upon the bier arises and eats with me!"

"Drink, then," answered the Earl shortly. "Here," pouring her a glass of wine, "drink this, and the wine will change your will."

"No, indeed," sobbed Enid, "I will not drink unless my dear lord bids me do it. If he rises no more, then shall I drink no wine while I live."

For a moment the Earl paced the floor angrily, gnawing his lips in perplexity, then paused fore Enid. "Girl," he said warningly, "yonder man is dead. Be careful how you scorn my courtesies! A fool you are to weep for one who dressed you in rags! Doff your ragged, faded dress, and let my gentlewomen

clothe you in a robe befitting your beauty."

"No," persisted Enid, 'I pray you let me be. In this poor gown my dear lord first found and loved me; in this poor gown I first rode with him to Court where the beautiful Queen arrayed me for my bridal like the sun; in this poor gown he bade me clothe myself yesterday when we fared forth in search of adventure, and I will not cast it away unless he himself arises and bids me do it. I can never love any one but him; I pray you be gentle and let me be"

"Truly," cried the Earl, beside himself with rage, and seeing how his women smiled behind their hands, "it is of no use to be gentle with you! Take that for my salute!" giving her a stinging slap on the cheek with his palm.

And Enid, in her utter fear and helplessness, thinking he would not have dared do such a thing had he not felt certain Geraint was dead, gave forth a sudden sharp, bitter cry, like a wild thing in a trap.

Then a strange, terrifying thing happened. With a sudden bound the apparently lifeless knight dashed into the center of the room, sword in hand, and with one mighty sweep severed the head from the great Earl's body, and let it roll like a russet-bearded ball upon the floor. All the knights and women ran shrieking from the room, thinking a specter had arisen in their midst, and Geraint and Enid were left alone.

"Oh, Enid, my wife," cried Geraint, catching his wife's hands in a close, warm clasp, "forgive me! I have done you more wrong than yonder villain! Forgive me, I pray you, for though my own ears heard you say yesterday morning, when you thought me sleeping, that you feared you were no true wife, I needs must believe you against yourself. I know not what you meant, neither shall I ask; but of this I am certain no man ever yet had a truer or lovelier wife! Henceforward I will die rather than doubt."

And Enid was silent for very happiness, but her starry eyes flashed back a world of answering love and she yielded herself to his embrace. Presently a sudden terror shot through her heart. "O Geraint, fly! Fly before it is too late! They will pluck up courage soon to return, and then they will surely slay you. Fly, my Lasband, our charger is just without the door, forgotten in the edge of the laurels; I saw him but a moment since — my palfrey is lost."

"Then shall you ride with me, dear Enid. Come!" answered Geraint, leading her forth.

Scarcely had they reached the open hall door when the noble war-horse came toward them with a low whinny. Enid threw her arms about his neck and kissed his white-starred forehead in glad welcome. Then Geraint quickly mounted and held out his hand to his wife; grasping it, she set her foot upon his and so climbed up, and Geraint leaned over and warmly kissed her. So they rode swiftly away, and the heart of Enid rejoiced.

Just without the gateway of the castle, a full-armed knight rode toward them with all speed and made as though to set upon Geraint. And Enid, fearing for her lord's hurt and loss of blood, cried loudly: "I pray thee, knight, slay not a dead man!"

"The voice of Enid!" joyfully exclaimed the strange knight. And lo! it was Edyrn, the son of Nudd, Enid's cousin whom Geraint had overthrown at the joust of the Sparrow-hawk. But Enid perceived not his gladness, and was more fearful than before, for she knew not what his spirit might be toward them.

"O cousin," she cried pleadingly, "slay him not who gave thee life!"

"I greet you with all love. I took you for a bandit knight of Doorm. Fear not, Enid, that I should fall upon him who has done so much for me; for once when I was up so high in pride that I was halfway down the slope to Hell, by overthrowing me he threw me higher. Now, by his grace, I am a knight of Arthur's Round Table, and I am come, a mouth-piece of our good King, to bid the Earl of Doorm disband himself, and scatter all his powers, and come to the judgment of the King."

"Alas, thou art too late!" exclaimed Geraint. "He now hears the judgment of the great King of kings, and his powers are scattered. See! and he pointed to the frightened men and women staring from knolls here and there, and to others still fleeing in the distance. Then he told what had befallen, and how the Earl lay dead in his silent hall.

But when Edyrn prayed him to come to the camp hard by and acquaint the King of the matter, he was unwilling and ashamed, knowing all his own folly.

"Well," said Edyrn, at last, when he found no argument would move him, "if you will not come to Arthur, he will come to you."

"Enough!" cried Geraint resignedly. "Lead on, I follow." And Enid, as they journeyed, was consumed by two fears: one from the bandits scattered along the way, and the other from Edyrn, from whom she shrank with nervous timidity each time he drew near. At last, perceiving this, he said reassuringly: "Fair and dear cousin, you no longer have need to fear me: I am changed. Since my overthrow at my last foolish Sparrow-

hawk joust, when your good husband taught me a much-needed lesson, I have sought to do better. Of course, it did not all come at once; but when I went up to the Court of Arthur, all ashamed and expecting to be treated like a wolf, I met with such courtesy, such fine reserve, and noble reticence, that I longed to be like those about me. My past life looked black indeed, and I sought the wise counsel of the holy Dubric. Often I saw you, Enid, with our beautiful Queen, but I kept myself aloof lest my presence should

His words made Enid's heart glad indeed, and, while she murmured her pleasure, they came to King Arthur's camp and the King himself advanced to greet them. For a moment he spoke apart with Edyrn, then gravely smiling, advanced and, lifting Enid from behind Geraint, set her upon her feet and kissed her brotherlike, then pointed out a tent where she might rest, and watching until she entered therein, turned eagerly to Geraint:

vex you."

"Ah, Prince, I welcome you back heartily. When first you prayed leave to go to your own land and defend your marshes, I was pricked with some reproof; for I felt that I had let foul wrong stagnate and delegated too much to other eyes and hands. Therefore, I am now come here with Edyrn and others to cleanse this common sewer of my realm. I thank you for the justice meted out to the wicked Earl; Edyrn has briefly told me all. And have you looked at Edyrn, and marked how nobly he is changed? Great is the thing which he hath done; for he hath changed his old life of violence to one of sanest, noblest, most valorous obedience. Verily, he that conquereth his own spirit is better than he that taketh a city. To my mind the thing which he hath done is greater and more wonderful than if he had gone out single-handed and overcome a band of powerful robbers. But come, Prince, you are wounded. Get you to shelter, and I will summon mine own physician to wait upon you."

Meekly Geraint bowed low and departed, his heart filled with remorse over his own late shortcomings. And for many days he

lay weakly upon his low cot, while his wound slowly healed. Enid lingered ever beside him, nursing and ministering unto all his wants with tender cheerfulness; and each day their love for each other

grew deeper.

Now, while Geraint lay in enforced idleness, the King and his knights went up and down throughout the Doorm realm and set all in order. The slothful officers and the guilty ones, who for bribe winked at wrong, were ousted out of office, and strong, wise men set therein. For many days a thousand men moved here and there in all the waste lands, clearing out the cark places, and letting in the light and the law. Then, when Geraint was whole again, they moved slowly back to Caerleon-on-Usk.

Most joyfully did Queen Guinevere welcome her friend Enid, and clothed her once more in beautiful apparel. And Geraint, though not as proud c friendship as he once had been, rested well content, knowing and re held all of his beautiful wife's love, nor feared he the influence of another. And so for a time they abode in the Court of Arthur; then traveled away to their home on the Severn in Devon. Here Geraint administered the King's justice so wisely and well, that all men loved him and rejoiced in his good government and his might in tournament and battle. Everywhere he was spoken of as the "Great Prince" and "Man of Men," and his wife Enid was loved and revered no less than himself, and people called her "Enid the Good." Noble children came to bless their home, and nevermore did trouble darken their doors, until Geraint's honorable life was ended in the great battle for the King against the heathen of the North Sea.

CHAPTER VIII

THE LILY MAID OF ASTOLAT

NCE, when Arthur was but a boy, he roamed one day through the trackless realms of Lyonesse, and stumbled all unawares upon a valley which the people all about shunned. This vale was haunted by two brothers, one a king, who had fought and killed each other there, and their bones lay bleaching in the sun. And Arthur, laboring up the pass in the misty moonshine, stepped suddenly upon the skeleton that wore the crown, and the skull broke from the neck, and the crown, thus set in motion, turned on its rims and rolled down the crags like a glittering rivulet. Arthur scrambled after, and secured it at the risk of his life. Beautiful, indeed, was the prize, of richly wrought gold, all engraved in fanciful design, and decorated with nine diamonds, one in front and four on each side. "Ah!" cried Arthur, in boyish admiration and elation, setting the crown on his head, "would that I were a king!"

Years passed on and Arthur's wish came true; then he brought forth the crown and, plucking out the jewels, showed them to his knights, saying: "These jewels which I chanced upon divinely are not mine. They belong to the kingdom, and I shall devote them to public use. Henceforward let there be, once every year, a joust for one of these: for so by nine years' proof we needs must learn which is our mightiest, and ourselves shall grow in use of arms and manhood, till we drive the heathen from out all our land."

And it came to pass as the King desired. Eight years rolled away, and eight jousts had been, and each time Lancelot had easily won the diamond, intending when he had secured all to give them to the Queen in token of his love and loyalty. The time for the

ninth and last tournament was at hand, and the prize was to be the central diamond, the largest and most beautiful of them all. But it so chanced that Queen Guinevere was just recovering from an illness, and could not be present.

"Alas," mourned the King revretfully, "I wish the time were not now; for you will miss the great deeds of Lancelot and his powers in the lists,— a sight you love to look on."

The Queen answered never a word, but lifted her eyes languidly to Lancelot, where he stood beside the King, and Lancelot, whose love for her was ever in conflict with his loyalty and love for the King, thought within himself: "Alas, she needs me here. Is not my love greater than jewels?" So, though it grieved him sorely to give up hope of winning the last diamond, he turned to the King and observed sadly: "Ah, King, I am afraid the jewel is lost to me; for my old wound that Sir Mador gave me troubles me of late, and I am scarce fit for the saddle."

For a moment a troubled doubt crossed the good King's heart, and he glanced sharply first at his wife, then at his trusted knight, Lancelot, but he turned away without a word. Scarcely had he closed the door, when the Queen burst out peevishly: "To blame, my lord Lancelot, much to blame! Why do you not go to the jousts? Half of the knights now are our enemies, and they will accuse us of shamefully staying at home and betraying the good King's trust."

And Lancelot, vexed that he had lied to the King all to no purpose, replied hastily: "My Queen, you are overlate in your wisdom; you were not so wise when first you loved me. As for the gossips, let them say what they will; but, indeed, my loyal worship is allowed by all, and no offense is thought. But is there more? Hath the King spoken, or does my loving service weary you?"

"The faultless King, my lord Arthur!" laughed Guinevere scornfully, "he cares not for me. He is so wrapped up in his foolish fancy of the Round Table, and swearing men to impos-

sible vows, that he never thinks of me. Reproached me? Indeed, no. He has never had a glimpse of mine untruth; but today I thought there gleamed a vague suspicion in his eyes. The pink of perfection is he,—but who can gaze on the sun in heaven? My friend, to me he is all fault who hath no fault at all! I am yours, not Arthur's, as you know, save by the bond, and therefore must you hear my words: go you to the jousts."

"But," queried Lancelot, "how can I show myself at the tournament after my lying pretext of a wound? The King himself is utter truth, and honors his own word as if it were his God's."

"Yea," sneered the Queen, "a moral child without the craft to rule, else had he not lost me. But listen, if I must find you wit: disguise yourself and go unknown pretending that, as men have said knights fall before the glamor of your name rather than the prowess of your sword, you sought in this way to test your might. This will please the King, for no keener hunter after glory lives than himself. Go, and win!"

So Lancelot perforce yielded to the Queen's wishes, and in a sorry temper got himself to horse, and set out by unfrequented ways for the tourney field. As he journeyed among the solitary downs, full often lost in fancy, it chanced that he missed his way, and towards evening drew near to the castle of Astolat, which shown from afar in the western sun. Riding up to the marble gateway, he blew a shrill blast upon the horn which hung without, and immediately an old gray-headed man, dumb as an oyster, appeared and motioned him to enter. Right willingly Lancelot obeyed, marveling much at the speechless man, who showed him to a little chamber in the turret and helped him to disarm. And straightway Lancelot came forth, and met the lord of the castle and his two stalwart sons, Sir Torre and Sir Lavaine, while close behind came Elaine, the daughter, who for her fairness was called by the people "The Lily Maid of Astolat." There was no mother of the house to greet him, for God had called her.

"Whence comest thou, my guest?" cried the Lord of Astolat,

extending his hand in hearty greeting. "And what may be thy name? I guess from thy stately presence that thou belongest to the great Court of Arthur and the knights of the Round Table."

"Aye," answered Lancelot, "thou hast guessed truly. But ask not my name now, for I desire to ride unknown to the jousts, and may not give my reasons. Also I would ask another favor of thee: unwittingly I brought my shield with me, and I dare not carry it to the tourney, for it is widely known; I pray thee, then, lend me another shield, that my disguise may be complete, and keep this one till I come again."

"Gladly will I do so," answered the host. "You can have my son Torre's. He was lately wounded and can not ride to the tilt."

"Yea," said Sir Torre bluntly, "since I cannot use it, you may have it."

"Fie, Sir Churl," laughed the father, "is that an answer for a noble knight? Forgive him, my guest. But here is Lavaine," turning playfully to his younger son, "he is going to the Diamond Jousts, and forsooth he is so strong and brave that he will certainly do nothing less than win, in ar hour's time, and has promised to bring back the diamond and set it in his sister's golden hair."

"Nay, good father," cried Lavaine, crimsoning with embarrassment, "shame me not before this knight. Thou knowest it
was all a jest! Torre was vexed because he could not go, and
my sister here told us how she dreamed that some one brought her
the diamond, but that she let it slip through her hand and lost it
in the stream. And so, Sir Knight, I said if I won the prize, then
she must keep it better. So yo see it was nothing but a joke!
But, dear father, if he will have my company, I should like very
much to ride to the jousts with this good knight. Win, of course,
I shall not, but yet I will do my best."

"Indeed," said Lancelot hear ly, "I should be glad to have your company and guidance over these moors whereon I all but lost myself. Also should I like to see you win the diamond and bring it home to your fair sister. It is a wondrous jewel I hear."
"Aye," muttered Sir Torre bitterly, "a fair, large diamond,
more fit for queen than for lily-maid."

"Nay, not so," answered Lancelot gallantly. "If the proverb, what is fair be but for the fair,' is true, as I think it is, then this fair maiden might wear as fair a jewel as there is on earth."

And Elaine, won by his mellow voice, thought to herself, "Surely this is the most noble knight in Arthur's Hall," and there stole into her heart a love for him which later worked her doom. Yet there was little about this knightly courtier to win a maiden's fancy, saving his kingly bearing, gracious courtesy, and pleasing converse. Twice her age was he, and his noble face was bronzed and worn with care, and scarred with the conflict between his love for Guinevere and his loyalty to Arthur, his friend and King. But still he was good to look upon, the darling of the Court, and pastmaster of the art of conversation, and he charmed them all, as they sat about the dinner board that evening, with his talk of Court and camp and adventures here and there. However, when Guinevere's name was mentioned, he deftly switched the tide of talk, and inquired concerning the dumb man who had admitted him.

"The heathen reft him of his tongue ten years ago," answered the host, "when he learned of their fierce design against my house, and warned me of it. With my sons and little daughter I fled to the woods and had refuge in a boatman's hut by the river for many days, till our good King drove the pagan out from Badon hill."

"O, Sir Knight," cried Lavaine eagerly, interrupting his father's tale of woe, "tell us of Arthur's famous wars, for we live apart and know so little."

Willingly Sir Lancelot complied, for he loved to tell of Arthur's prowess in battle, and his hearers sat spell-bound before his tales of knightly daring. In glowing words he told of the four loud battles by the shore of Duglas; of the terrible war that thundered in and out of the gloomy skirts of the Celidon forest; of the

struggle by Castle Gurnion, where the glorious King wore on his cuirass the famous Russian Emerald (first given by Pilate to Tiberius Cæsar), having the head of Christ engraved upon it, and how the sun splintered in silver rays, lightening as he breathed, until the Saxons were sore afraid; of the conquest at Caerleon, where the strong neighings of the wild, white horse set every gilded parapet shuddering; and of the last great battle on the mount of Badon where the King charged at the head of his Round Table and broke the heathen. "Oh," he cried in conclusion, "the King is mighty on the battle-field! There lives no greater leader! At home he seemeth mild and careth not at all for our jousts, laughing when one of his knights overthrows him easily according him the better man, but, when he faces the heathen in battle array, the fire of God descends upon him. He is transfigured and his face is wonderful to behold. There is no man like our glorious King!"

"Saving your own great self!" thought Elaine worshipfully, following the light and shade of his talk with ever deepening interest and noting the play of expression on his speaking countenance. And, perceiving an under current of sadness through all, she tried by various little attentions to bring him cheer, and succeeded each time in calling up such a "sudden-beaming tenderness of manners and nature" that, all unused to men and courtier ways, she thought the brightness beamed for her alone. All night long the dark, splendid face lived before her, speaking in silence of noble things, and it held her from sleep. At dawn she arose and went down into the courtyard, cheating herself with the belief that she went but to bid Godspeed to her young brother, Lavaine.

Now it so chanced that as she stole down the long tower stairs, Lavaine passed within to get Torre's shield for Lancelot, and so the lily-maid found the knight standing alone by his proud horse, smoothing its glossy shoulder, and humming to himself. Halfenvious of the noble horse, Elaine drew nearer and stood gazing with all her soul. And Lancelot, turning around, stood more amazed than if seven men had suddenly set upon him, for in the dewy light the maiden seemed more beautiful than the angels; yet a sort of fear stirred him as he saw that she gazed upon his face as though it were a god's. He greeted her silently, and suddenly there flashed over her a wild desire that he should wear her favor at the tilt. For it was the custom in those days for knights to wear in their helms at tournaments some glove or scarf of the lady whom they favored most. Timidly, and with madly beating heart, she made the request.

And Lancelot scarce knew how to answer her. Before his guilty soul floated the vision of Queen Guinevere's matchless beauty, and the thing Elaine asked seemed impossible. "Nay, fair lady," he said slowly, turning away to avoid her disappointment. "It has never been my custom to wear a lady's favor at the lists, therefore I cannot do it now."

"But," answered Elaine eagerly, seeking an excuse for him with ready woman's tact, "if you now wear my favor it will then aid the more in keeping your disguise."

"True, my child," agreed Lancelot, seeing much wisdom in her counsel. "Well, I will wear it. Fetch it out to me."

Delighted to obey, Elaine skipped happily to her boudoir, returning straightway with a red velvet sleeve, beautifully embroidered with shining pearls, and bound it upon his helmet. And Lancelot submitted smilingly, saying: "Never yet have I done so much for any maiden living."

The words filled Elaine's heart with delight and dyed her beautiful face a rich carmine, but the color fled quickly, leaving her paler than before, as Lavaine appeared with his brother's shield, and made ready to depart.

"Do me the grace, my child, to keep my shield till I return," said Lancelot, handing to Elaine his famous shield, whereon gleamed the azure lions in shining, jeweled splendor, and substituting Torre's plain, and as yet unblazoned one.

"The grace is mine, Sir Knight," replied Elaine, accepting the charge gladly.

Then Lavaine kissed the roses back into his sister's cheeks, "lest people think her really a lily-maid." The King's knight kissed his hand to her in true courtier fashion, and the two rode away, Elaine watching them from the castle gateway as far as she might sec.

And so it came to pass that --

Elaine the fair, Elaine the lovable, Elaine the lily-maid of Astolat, High in her chamber up a tower to the east, Guarded the sacred shield of Lancelot.

Elaine passed her days in sweet dreaming and vain imaginings. She placed the shield where the sun's first rays might strike the jeweled lions, and awaken her with their gleams from her dreams of their great owner. Then, as the days passed, she began to fear the shield might rust, and she furnished for it a beautiful case, all embroidered with silk after the fashion of the shield itself, and added from her needle-woman's skill a border of branch and flower, and a yellow-throated nestling an anest. And, as she worked, she mused over each cut and dint in the scarred shield and fancied what had taken place in field and tournament.

Meantime the two knights fared forward toward the lists, and, as they neared their destination, the elder said to the younger: "Would you know my name? Hear it then, but tell it not.

Lancelot of the Lake."

"Is it, truly?" gasped the lad, filled with hero-worshiping reverence. "The great Lancelot! At last, I have my wish! Our country's greatest knight! Now, if I might see the great Arthur Pendragon, Britain's King of kings, then might I die happy!"

They were already nearing the meadow where the jousts were to be held, so Lancelot made no reply further than to wave his hand toward the lists, and watch the joy and admir ion dawn on the young knight's face. It was indeed a gorgeous sight. The great half-round gallery of seats, filled with richly dressed spectators, "lay like a rainbow fallen upon the grass." And the lists were rapidly filling with knights, magnificent in their battle array. Lavaine's eyes wandered eagerly over the throng, until they rested upon the high throne, where the great King sat, robed in red samite. All about the royal seat shone and writhed carved, golden dragons, the royal crest of the great house of Pendragon. A golden dragon clung to the King's crown and writhed down his long, rich robe. Two others formed the arms of the chair of state. And just above the King's head, in the ornaments of the canopy, was a golden flower, in the center of which shone the great diamond prize of the day.

Lancelot, observing how the lad's eyes were riveted on the King, spoke solemnly, "Just now you called me great, perhaps because I have some skill in war and tourney, but, no doubt, many a youth now in the ascendant will attain to all I have and surpass me. Greatness is not in me, unless it be in the knowledge that I have it not. Yonder is the great man — our peerless, white King!"

Lavaine stared at him in wonder, not half-comprehending what was meant, but just then the bugles blew and both sides began to make ready for the jousts. The Knights of the Round Table formed the challenging party, and those who came to tilt against them were kings, princes, barons, and knights from far and near. And Lavaine was for taking sides at once and preparing for the fray, but Lancelot signaled to him and drew away out of the line of combat, and the boy followed his leader, for to his hero-worshiping heart Lancelot's slightest will was law.

The knights quickly formed into two long lines at opposite ends of the field. "With helmets crested with their ladies' favors or with nodding plumes, and long lances bedecked with pennons that danced to the lit of the breeze, the great company of knights

awaited the signal for the onset. And no less impatient than their riders, the splendid war-horses quivered for the fray. Then suddenly the heralds blew a mighty blast on their trumpets; the knights struck spur; and riders and steeds, alike wild with the joy of the conflict, were hurled together in the center of the lists. The hard earth trembled with the shock, and the clear air of morning reverberated with the thunder of arms."

Lancelot withheld his hand for a time, until he could see which was the weaker side, then he hurled himself into the midst of the press against the stronger, which was his own order of the Round Table. In a moment it became evident that the knight with the red sleeve favor was a great acquisition to the losing side. Spurred on by cheers and shouts, he was soon at the head of the line — duke, earl, baron, and knight gave way before him, and it began to look as though the Knights of the Round Table would be overcome. Great excitement prevailed on every hand; the spectators rose in their seats in astonished admiration; the knights in the lists marveled much and questioned one another: "Who is this strange knight of the red sleeve that tilts with a daring almost equal to that of the great Lancelot himself?" And even King Arthur was fired at last by the wonderful deeds of the stranger, and cheered him lustily.

Presently there arose in the hearts of the Round Table knights a strong feeling of jealousy that there should live a knight who could outdo the chivalrous deeds of their own beloved chief. And the cousins of Lancelot—strong, mighty men of great prowess in battle—counseled together, and finally bore down upon the stranger in a body, determined to overthrow him, and thus keep their kinsman peerless still. Like a great wave of the North Sea they came on, seeking by weight of men and horses to overwhelm Lancelot and the brave knight fighting valiantly at his right hand, who was none other than the youth, Lavaine. One, with lance aimed low, lamed Lancelot's noble horse; and another struck

sharply with his spear and pierced through shield and mail, leaving the lance head buried in Sir Lancelot's side.

Then Lavaine, seeing the great danger of his beloved hero, did a most noble deed. With a well-aimed blow he overthrew a mighty warrior, took his horse, and brought it to where Sir Lancelot lay. And Lancelot, sweating with agony from the great wound in his side, got to the horse with Lavaine's aid, minded to endure as long as he might. With a great shout the knights of his party rallied round him; and stirred to fresh zeal by his courage, they smote with might and main. Ever Lancelot led them on until he had driven his kinsmen and all the knights of the Round Table back to the very extremity of the lists. Then came a wild blast of the trumpets, and the Heralds proclaimed that the victory belonged to the knight of the red sleeve, and bade him advance and get the diamond.

But Lancelot sat as if suddenly bereft of motion, and his party, seeing this, set up a deafening cheer and cried with one voice: "Advance, man, and get the prize! 'Tis well won."

"The prize!" gasped Lancelot, suddenly swaying in the saddle. "No diamond prize for me! My prize is death! For God's love give me air!"

Struck dumb with consternation were all the knights about him, and Lancelot took swift advantage of their plight and stole away from the field. And no one marked where he went, save the faithful Lavaine, who spurred his horse forward and kept him silent company till they came to a hermit's cave in a poplar grove some miles away. Then Lancelot could keep his saddle no longer, and slid to the earth, crying to Lavaine, "Draw out the lance beauty"

Lavaine obeyed, though with sore misgiving, fearing the lord might die in the drawing of it; and Lancelot gave a great shriek and a ghastly groan and fainted dead away. The hermit heard the cry of suffering and came hurrying forth, and it chanced that he was once a knight and knew Lancelot well; so he caught

him up and bore him in, and tended him with great skill. But for many weary weeks Lancelot lay hidden from the world by the tall poplars and the ever-tremulous aspen trees, and Lavaine and the good hermit waited upon him faithfully, being in daily doubt as to whether he would live or die.

Now on that day when Lancelot and his young friend led the lists, there was great wonder and pity among the people assembled. And the knights whom he had led so victoriously went to the great King, saying: "Sire, our knight, through whom we won the day, hath gone away sorely wounded, and hath left his prize untaken, crying that his prize is death."

"Heaven hinder that so great a knight as we have seen to-day should pass uncared for," said the King. "He is a mighty warrior. Indeed, he seemed to me another Lancelot! Yea, twenty times I thought he was Lancelot, and I am yet in doubt."

And the King pondered for a moment, becoming more and more convinced that the disguised knight was Lancelot, in spite of every proof to the contrary. So he called Gawain, his nephew, son of Lot and Bellicent and brother to Gareth, and bade him take the diamond and ride forth at once, day and night, until he found the knight who had so dearly won it, and give it to him, charging Gawain also to return speedily to the Court bringing news as to the stranger's identity and how he fared.

Now Gawain was mighty and grave, and known among his comrades as "Gawain, the Courteous," because of his courtly manners; but he did not reverence his word as the King would have all men do, and often carried a treacherous heart. He accepted the quest with a smiling face but fared forth in wrath; for the feasting and merry-making were yet to come, and he loved the banquet and the company of the ladies better than he loved the service of the King. However, seeing that the knight was so sorely wounded, he hoped to find him in the nearby community, and so rode at a gallop, searching all the countryside, and stopping everywhere save at the neatly hidden hermit's cave. At length,

as he traveled in an ev . . . idening circle, he came to the gates of Astolat, and Elaine hailed him joyfully:

"Ho, Sir Knight! What news from Camelot? What of the knight of the red sleeve?"

"He won," answered Gawain, half forgetting his courtly manners in his wonderment at the maiden's radiant beauty, "but he parted from the jousts hurt in the side."

Whereat Elaine caught her breath, and smote her hand on her own side as though she felt the lance wound therein, and wellnigh fainted. Then came the Lord of Astolat, and to him Gawain told his quest, and how he had searched the countryside at random, and was wearied of it all.

"Aye!" cried the hospitable lord warmly. "Ride no more at random, noble Prince! Abide with us; here was the knight, and here he left a shield, which he will surely send or come for. Furthermore, our son is with him, and we shall surely have news soon."

And Gawain, carelessly forgetful of the King's command, and more than willing to tarry for a time in a home containing so perfect a maiden, consented with an exaggeration even of his usual courtesy, saying to himself: "Tell, if I bide, lo! this wild flower for me!" So for many days he tarried, and set himself to play upon her with free flashes of courtly wit, songs, sighs, slow smiles, and golden eloquence. But the fair, lily-maid, Elaine, had no heart for his mock courtship, and soon grew very weary of him.

"O Prince!" she cried. "Loyal nephew of our noble King, why ask you not to see the shield which the knight left, and in this wise learn his name? Why do you slight your King and lose the quest he sent you on? Why be no surer than our falcon, who, yesterday when we slipped him at the horn, lost it and went to all the winds?"

"By my head," answered Gawain, "I lose it, as we lose the lark in heaven, O damsel, in the light of your blue eyes! But, if you will, let me see the shield."

And when aw the azure lions, crowned with gold, he smote his thigh, and cried mockingly: "Right was the King! Our Lancelot! that true man!"

"And right was I," answered the lily-maid merrily, not noticing his insincerity, "I, who dreamed my knight the great st knight of all."

"And is Lancelot your knight?" queried Sir Gawain, still in a mocking tone. "Have I, then, wasted my time? Do you love him, fair maiden?"

"I know not," answered Elaine simply. "Perhaps I know not what love is, for my brothers are the only young men I have known; but if I love not him, there is no other man that I can ever love."

"Yea, by God's death," said Gawain, "I see you love him well, but doubt such if you would love him still if you knew what others know, or her whom they say he loves. But stay! One golden minute's grace! He wore your favor at the tourney. Can he have changed his worship? It well may be. 'Tis like our true man to change like a leaf at last! 'Tis no concern of mine. Far be it from me to cross our mighty Lancelot in his love! And so, fair lily-maid, if, as I doubt not, you know his inding-place, suffer me to leave the diamond with you. Here! If you love, it will be sweet to give it; and, if he love, it will be sweet to have it from your hand; and whether he love or not, a diamond is a diamond. Fare you well a thousand times! A thousand times farewell! Yet, if he love, and his love holds true, we two may meet at Court hereafter."

And so Gawain called for his horse and departed at full speed, caroling lightly as he went, well-pleased to be rid of the unwelcome quest.

In the meantime, King Arthur had cut short the festivities at the jousts and returned home, filled with misgivings over the fate of his friend, if it were Lancelot, and minded to find out for a certainty. Almost the first question he asked of the Queen was, "Where is Lancelot?"

"Was he not with you?" cried the Queen in amazement. "Did he not win the prize?"

"Nay," answered Arthur, "but one like him,—a great and mighty knight, even greater than Lancelot."

"Ah, but that was he!" exclaimed the Queen eagerly. "No sooner had you parted from us, my King, than Lancelot told me of a common talk that men went down before his spear at a touch knowing he was Lancelot; he said that his great name conquered, and therefore would he hide his name from all men, even the King, and to this end he made the pretext of a hindering wound, that he might joust unknown of all, and learn if his old prowess were in aught decayed, saying also, 'Our true, Arthur, when he learns, will well allow my pretext, as a gain of purer glory.'"

"Aye!" replied the King sorrowfully, "but far lovelier in our Lancelot had it been, in lieu of idly dallying with the truth, to have trusted me as he hath trusted thee. Surely his King and most familiar friend might well have kept his secret. True, indeed, albeit I know my knights are fantastical, so fine a fear in our Lancelot must needs have moved me to laughter; but now little cause remains for laughter.— Ill news, my Queen, for all who love him—for his own kin knew him not and set upon him, and he left the field, no one knows whither, most sorely wounded. Only one item of it all cheers me, and that is the hope that Lancelot no longer bears a lonely heart; for, against his usual custom—and a thing that deceived us all—he wore upon his helm a beautiful scarler sleeve, richly broidered with pearls. The gift of some gentle maiden, I doubt not; and God grant he be with her now!"

"Yea, Lord," murmured Queen Guinevere, "thy hopes are mine," and could say no more, but turned sharply about and fled to her chamber, lest the King detect the sobs that threatened to choke her. Here she wrestled with her grief, well-nigh distraught

over the thought that Lancelot had ceased to love her and turned to another. At length pride came to her aid, and she rose and moved about the palace, pale and cold.

Days passed and still no message came from Lancelot, and the good King grew very uneasy and was exceeding wroth with the knight whom he had sent in search of him. Then came Gawain, light-hearted and courteous still, with a tale all fixed to suit the occasion.

"Sir and my liege, the knight was Lancelot! This much I learned certainly, but I failed to find him, though I rode the whole country over. But I lighted on the maid whose sleeve he wore. She is the beautiful daughter of the Lord of Asto'at, and known in all the country thereabouts as 'Flaine, the fair, Elaine, the good, Elaine, the lily-maid of Astolat.' Lovelier than the daintiest, purest lily in all the world is this lily-maid, and her love is given to Lancelot. And I. thinking our courtesy the truest law, gave the diamond into her keeping, charging her to deliver it at once to Lancelot; for by my head, she knows where our knight is in hiding."

But the clever speech failed to pacify Arthur, and he turned frowningly upon the over-confident Gawain: "Too courteous you are, truly! You shall go no more on quest of mine, seeing that you forget obedience is the courtesy due to kings."

So saying, the King turned shortly on his heel and left Gawain staring after him in silent anger. Then a vindictive light flashed into his cold gray eyes, and he glanced triumphantly to where the Queen leaned against a pillar, stricken to the heart with the news he had given; then tossed back his hair defiantly, and strode into the palace, there to buzz about stories of the lily-maid of Astolat and her love.

Soon all through the palace flashed the whisper: "Lancelot loves the lily-maid of Astolat, and the lily-maid loves him." And many there were who marveled over it, and took great delight in probing the Queen, who hid her suffering as best she might.

Like fire in dry stubble the story flared, and each day some fresh item was added by the gossips; till the knights at the banquet forgot to drink to Lancelot and the Queen, according to custom, but pledged instead Lancelot and the lily-maid of Astolat, and smiled at each other as they did so; while the Queen listened to it all perforce, and smiled with cold, set lips, albeit she ground her feet deep into the velvet beneath the banquet board, while the meats became as wormwood to her, and she hated all who pledged.

Meantime, far away, the maid of Astolat, her guiltless rival, kept the memory of Lancelot green within her heart, and watched for him longingly day by day, but he did not come. Finally, heart-sick with waiting, the crept to her father's side and begged him to allow her to go in search of Lavaine. But her father guessed her secret; so she confessed at once that it was to find Lancelot, and give into his hand the diamond, that she wished to go. "For," said she, "in my dreams I have seen him lying pale and gaunt with wasting sickness, all for the lack of the care that I might give him."

Fain would the old man have detained her at home, saying that they would surely have news soon; but she had ever been a petted, wilful child, and now he could not say her nay. So, perforce, he gave his consent, and she set out at once under the escort of her good brother, Sir Torre. They traveled for many weary miles over the downs toward Camelot, and at last came unexpectedly upon Lavaine, practising at arms upon his horse.

"Lavaine!" cried Elaine breathlessly. "Lavaine, how fares my lord, Sir Lancelot?"

"Torre and Elaine!" ejaculated the youth, in open-mouthed amazement. "Why are ye here? Sir Lancelot! How know ye my lord's name is Lancelot?"

Elaine began eagerly to tell him of Gawain and his quest; but, before she was half through, Sir Torre, being vexed with her for coming forth, interrupted with a brief farewell, saying that Elaine could stay with Lavaine if she were so minded, but as for him-

self he would get within the gates of their kinsman, who dwelt beyond the city, for rest and shelter. And so the lily-maid went alone with Lavaine across he poplar grove to the cave of the hermit, and the first thing which she beheld was the remnant of her scarlet sleeve still bound upon the helmet, and it made her heart rejoice. Half timidly she advanced into the inner room, and there saw the great Lancelot, gaunt and pain-wasted, scarcely more than the bare skeleton of his mighty self, lying upon a low couch of wolf skins, and a faint cry of pity escaped her.

Gently she slipped to her knees beside him, and, when he turned his fever-kindled eyes upon her, she held up the gem, saying falteringly: "Your prize, the diamond sent you by the King."

Then, in a broken voice, she told him of all the events which had followed his disappearance from the lists, and ended by giving the diamond into his hand. Her beautiful, pitying face was very close to him, and Lancelot turned and kissed her lightly, as one would kiss a child who had performed some sweet service,

then he passed into dreamless sleep.

Through many a weary day and many a wearier night, the lilymaid watched over King Arthur's mightiest knight, tending him with never failing love and care, though his fevering wound often made him cross and impatient; until one day the wise hermit, skilled in herbs and potions and the woes of man, told her joyfully that her tender care had saved his life. And during all this time Lancelot watched Elaine and called her sister, and saw with sorrow the secret love that burned within her heart. Often he reproached himself bitterly that he could repay her love and kindness only with a brother's love, and felt that had he met her earlier in life, before that other fatal bond had made him prisoner, perchance she might have made another world for him. But now it could not be; it was too late to change,—the shackles of his old love straitened him, his honor rooted in dishonor stood, and his unfaithful love for Guinevere needs must keep him falsely true to her. Elaine, made wise by love, felt that he could not love her in return, and, over and over to herself, like a little helpless, innocent bird, she moaned plaintively, "If he will not love me, then I must die."

As soon as Lancelot was able to sit in the saddle, Elaine and Lavaine guided him tenderly to Astolat, and there he lingered in the comfort of the princely castle until his wound was made whole, and his strength regained. And each morning Elaine appeared before him in her loveliest robes, hoping thus to awaken his love, and saying to herself: "If I be loved, these are my festal robes. If not, these are the victim's flowers before he falls."

At last the time came when Lancelot felt it were unwise to tarry longer, and prepared to go back to the King's service. But before going he was anxious to give Elaine some present, or grant her some boon, in token of his grateful appreciation of her care for him. To this end, he besought her to tell him what she most wished for, but Elaine put him off, not liking to tell him of the one deep wish, and that only, that filled her heart. Finally, he came to her one day, as she roamed idly in the rose garden, and begged her to ask a boon, saying: "Speak your wish, sweet Elaine, for I go away to-day."

Then all Elaine's fears rose up in her throat, the garden swam before her, and she faltered out: "Going? And shall I never see you more? Must I die for want of one bold word? Nay, I shall say it: I love you. I have gone mad, methinks."

"Ah, sister," answered Sir Lancelot sorrowfully, "what is

"Your love," she said, innocently extending her white arms; your love — to be your wife."

"But, think you not, sweet Elaine, that had I chosen to wed, I would have been wedded earlier? Now there never will be wife of mine."

"Oh," wailed Elaine, deaf to all thought but that the parting had come, and that she who had loved him back from death to life could never win from him a dearer name than sister, "not to

be with you, not to see your face — alas, for me then, my good

days are done!"

"Dear maiden," said Lancelot earnestly, seeking to lessen her heartache, "this is only a first fancy, a flash of youth such as is common to all, and not true love. You will smile at it yourself hereafter, when you are mated with one of your own years, not twice your age. And then will I, for you are true and sweet beyond mine old belief in womanhood, endow you, like a brother, with broad land and territory, even to the half of my realm beyond the sea, and in all your quarrels I will be your knight. But more than this I cannot."

While he spoke, the lily-maid, deathly pale, leaned for support against the garden seat, then replied: "Of all this will I have nothing," and so fell swooning, and the servants who came running at Lancelot's loud call carried her away to her chamber in the tower.

Now it so happened that the Lord of Astolat, dreaming in the shrubbery near at hand, heard their talk, and could not find it in his heart to blame Lancelot. But he said to Lancelot sorrowfully: "A first flash of youth, alas! yea, a flash that I fear will strike my fair blossom dead. Too courteous are you, Lord Lancelot. If so be you could use some roughness, ere you go, to blunt or break her passion, all might yet be well."

"That is a hard thing for me to do, my lord," replied Lancelot, "seeing that I owe my life to her, and that I love her as I might were she my own dear sister; but I will do what I can, since you ask it."

So, towards evening, Lancelot sent for his shield; and Elaine slipped it from its embroidered case and sent it to him, and leaned from out her casement to see him pass. She saw him ride below and noted sorrowfully that her favor was gone from off his helm. And Lancelot heard the clinking of the casement latch, and the lily-maid by tact of love saw that he heard, yet he did not look up or wave his hand, but rode swiftly away with down-bent head.

This was the only discourtesy which he could bring himself to use.

Now a great sorrow spread itself over Astolat and slowly settled down. The lily-maid who had been the light and joy of the place sorrowed and drooped in her chamber high to the east, like a pale ghost. No more did her light footstep skim through the house and garden; no more did her gay laughter bring smiles to the faces of father and brothers, and nothing that their love could devise seemed to cheer her. All day long she sat before the empty shield-case, with the voice of Lancelot in her heart and his picture obscuring her vision, mourning and praying that Death would ease her pain. Then one day the words of a little song came to her, and she wrote them down, calling it "The Song of Love and Death":

- "Sweet is true love tho' given in vain, in vain;
 And sweet is death who puts an end to pain:
 I know not which is sweeter, no, not I.
- "Love, art thou sweet? then bitter death must be: Love, art thou bitter; sweet is death to me. Oh, Love, if death be sweeter, let me die.
- "Sweet love, that seems not made to fade away;
 Sweet death, that seems to make us loveless clay,
 I know not which is sweeter, no, not I.
- "I fain would follow love, if that could be; I needs must follow death, who calls for me; Call and I follow, I follow! let me die!"

Her voice rang through the castle like a wild cry, and her brothers, shuddering, whispered hoarsely, "Hark, the phantom of the house that shrieks before death! Alas, our sweet sister!" This was in accordance with a superstition of the times, for in those days every one believed that the Death Spirit gave warning

before he entered a home. The father and brothers, therefore, hastened with all speed to Elaine's room, but found that the shadow of Death had outstripped them and already lurked over the sweet face of their lily-maid, and not one of them could speak.

For a moment Elaine watched them, smiling sweetly, then gave a pale little hand to each of her brothers: "Sweet brothers," she asked, "do you remember how you used to take me, when I was a little child, up the river in the great boatmen's barge; and how you would never go beyond the cape that has the poplar on it, though I cried to go on and find the palace of the King? Last night I dreamed that I was out alone upon the swollen river, and my childish wish to find the palace still stirred in my heart, and now that I am awake the wish still remains, and I pray thee, Father, let me go up to the great Court of Arthur and there find rest."

"Peace, child!" answered the father, "you have not the strength to go so far alone. And wherefore would you look on this proud fellow again, who scorns us all?"

"Oh," cried Torre, breaking into stormy sobs, "I never loved the man, and if I can but meet him, I care not how great he be, I shall surely strike him dead, for great grief hath he wrought in this house."

"Fret not yourself, dear brother," pleaded the lily-maid gently, "nor be angry, seeing it is no more Sir Lancelot's fault not to love me, than it is mine to love him of all men who seems to me the highest."

"Highest?" queried her father scornfully, meaning to break her love if he could. "Daughter, I know not what you call the highest, but this I do know, for it is talked among all, he loves the queen in open shame, and she returns his love; if this be high, what is it to be low?"

"O Father," answered the lily-maid faintly. "These are slanders. Never yet was man so noble, but some made ignoble talk. He makes no friend who never made a foe. It is my glory

to have loved one peerless, without stain; so let me die, my Father, and I am not all unhappy, even though I have loved God's best and greatest knight without love in return. Thank you, Father, for wishing me to live, but you are working against your own desire; for, if I could believe the things you say, I should but die the sooner. Cease, Father, and call the priest that he may shrive me of my sins."

So the holy man was summoned and ministered to her spirit, and departed, leaving her bright and happy. Then she turned eagerly to Lavaine, her youngest and dearest, and besought him to write a letter for her.

"Is it for Lancelot?" queried the boy-knight. "If it is for my dear lord, then will I bear it to him gladly."

"Nay, dear brother," answered Elaine softly, "'tis for Lancelot and the Queen and all the world beside, and I myself must bear it."

In unbroken silence the letter was written according to her dictation. Then Elaine turned pleadingly to her father: "O good Father, tender and true, you who have always given me my will, deny not now my last request! When the breath is gone from out my body, wrap me in my richest, fairest raiment, and deck my little bed with coverings as dainty and beautiful as the Queen's own; then bear me on it to the old black barge, and drape it like a funeral pall, and let our old dumb servant row me to the Court of Arthur. But ere I die, place the letter in my hand that I may bear it with me. And let us go alone; for none of you could speak for me so eloquently as mine own silent self. Shall it be so, Father? Promise! O Father, promise me."

And the father who had never denied even her simplest request in life could not deny her in death, so promised with bitter sobs. And then Elaine grew so bright and happy that the shadow seemed to lift from her face, and her household whispered one to another that mayhap Death had stayed his hand, and that perhaps 'twas more in imagination than in the blood. But on the eleventh morn-

ing she asked her father for the letter, and, with a sweet low-murmured farewell to all, she died.

Grief reigned supreme in Astolat, and the whole house mourned uncomforted, but all was done as the dear lily-maid desired. Her brothers bore her gently to the black-samite draped barge, and laid her tenderly in a cloth of gold that wrapped her to her waist. Purest white was her shroud, and her beautiful, unbound hair framed her face and floated o'er her breast and pillow in purest gold. In one hand she bore the letter, and in the other Lavaine placed a beautiful, white lily, fitting emblem of the lily-maid. Above her head they hung the silk-embroidered cover she had wrought for Lancelot's shield, and they bent over her for the last farewell.

"Look, Torre," cried Lavaine brokenly, "she smiles as though her sleep were sweet! One scarce would call her dead, but sleeping. Oh, Elaine, sweet lily-maid of Astolat, farewell! Farewell, my sister dear! Sweet be thy rest!"

And so the brothers turned stumblingly away, blinded by their tears; and the dead, rowed by the dumb, passed up the river toward the great King's palace at Camelot.

Now it chanced that on that very day Sir Lancelot craved an audience of the Queen to present to her the diamonds won in the nine years' jousts. Coldly, like a marble statue of herself, the Queen received him in a vine-clad oriel on the river side of the palace.

"O Queen!" cried Lancelot, kneeling at her feet, "my Queen, I bring you fitting tribute of your beauty. Grant my worship, dear lady, and make me happy by accepting these jewels. I had not won but for you. Priceless are they, and yet scarce fit to match your loveliness! I pray you to twine them into an armlet for the roundest arm on earth, or make them into a necklace for a neck which shames the graceful swan! And, dear lady, rumors have I heard flying through the Court which I trust you have not given ear to. Our bond, not being the bond of man and wife, should

have in it a firmer trust. Let rumors be. When did not rumors fly? I trust that you believe me in your own nobleness."

As he spoke, the Queen half turned away and plucked from the vine-embowered window leaf after leaf, and threw them, all torn and crumpled, upon the floor, till the place was strewn with green. Then, accepted the diamonds with a cold passive hand, and laid them upon the table, ere she burst forth angrily, filled with her own fancied wrongs:

"It may be I am quicker of belief than you believe me, Lancelot of the Lake. Our bond is not the bond of man and wife, and is then easier broken — this much hath it of good. For many years I have for your sake done wrong to one whom in my heart of hearts I ever acknowledged the nobler. And now, diamonds for me! To loyal hearts the value of all gifts must vary as the giver's. I want them not! Give them to her, your new fancy! I pray you add my diamonds to her pearls! Deck her in this splendor; tell her she shines me down: an armlet for an arm to which the Queen's is haggard, or a necklace for a neck, oh, as much fairer as faith once tair was richer than these diamonds! Nay, by the mother of our Lord himself, she shall not have them!" so saying, the angry Queen, beside herself with jealousy, caught up the diamonds and flung them passionately into the river, then rushed in frenzy from the room.

Lancelot staggered to the window ledge and leaned, half-sick of life and love and all things of the world worldly, looking down upon the water where his jeweled hopes lay buried. And as he stood there, lol there came slowly up the funeral-draped barge bearing the lily-maid of Astolat, and paused beneath his window, for the gateway of the palace was near at hand. Lancelot was stricken as dumb as Elaine's poor servitor with amazement and grief. "My pure lily-maid! Sweet Elaine of Astolat!" cried his heart reproachfully. "O woe is me! Her father judged the thing aright. Sweet Heaven, that such must be! Would to God, Elaine. I had died for thee!"

And while Lancelot stood motionless, struggling with his deep emotion, for he had loved the sweet lily-maid dearly, though not as she desired, the guard of the castle and the people stared wonderingly, whispering one to another, "Who and what is it?" Then, as the dumb man responded not to their queries, and all his face remained as motionless as though cast in stone, some one cried: "He is enchanted. He cannot speak. And she, look, more beautiful than the fairest angel is she! She sleeps! It is the Fairy Queen herself!"

Cries of dismay and grief arose on every hand, for it had been prophesied that the King would not die, but would one day pass into fairyland. And many were there who believed, indeed, that this was the fairy barge, come to carry their King away.

Soon Arthur himself heard the noise and came, with his knights, to see what it was all about. Then the dumb man uprose in silent majesty and pointed first to the dead maiden, then to Arthur and next to the castle doors; and the great King understood him and signed to two of his purest knights, Sir Percivale and Sir Galahad, to lift the maiden and bear her reverently into the hall.

All the knights and ladies gathered around, and soon came the fine Gawain who had bade her a thousand farewells, crying in amazement: "The lily-maid! Sweet Elaine of Astolat!" Then came Lancelot who had taken no farewell, and stood before her as voiceless now as when she leaned from the casement gazing at him; and all his heart was lead within him, and the people marveled at his emotion and whispered one to another. Last of all came Queen Guinevere, and, when she saw the beautiful, innocent, dead face, her anger melted, and all her heart thrilled with purest pity. Then King Arthur spied the letter in her hand, and, stooping, took it gently, broke the seal, and read:

"Most noble lord, Sir Lancelot of the Lake, I, sometime known as the Maid of Astolat, am come to bid farewell to thee, since thou hast taken no farewell of me. I loved thee, and my love had no return, so therefore has it been my death. And so I make

moan to Queen Guinevere and to all the ladies of the Court that ye pray for my soul and give me burial. And do thou, too, Sir Lancelot, pray for my soul, as thou art a knight peerless."

And all those who heard the letter wept for pity, and, glancing at the maiden half-fancied that her lips moved. Many eyes were turned on Lancelot reprovingly, and, seeing this, he stepped out before them all and told the lily-maid's story in a trembling voice:—

"My lord Arthur, and all ye that hear, know that I am right heavy for this gentle maiden's death, for good she was and true, and nursed me from my wound, and loved me with a love passing the love of women. God knows I gave her no cause to love me, and only showed her a brother's love in return, of this her father and brethren will bear witness. Nay, more, her father begged me, when I was leaving, to be plain and blunt and break her passion with some discourtesy. This I disliked to do, for the damsel had been very kind to me, and I loved her as though she had been my own dear sister, but, to please her father, I left her without taking farewell. And now, from the letter, it would seem that I only wounded her gentle heart in vain."

"Sir Knight," cried the Queen bitterly, her anger still working like a sea after storm, "it seems to me you might have shown her so much grace as would have kept her from her death!"

Lancelot looked up quickly, their eyes met, and her own fell: "Queen," he said slowly, "she would not be content save to be my wife or my love, and neither of these could be. I told her that her love was but the flash of youth, and would die to rise again for some one more suitable to her in age. And also did I promise that when she had put aside her thought of me and wedded some youthful love more worthy of her, I would endow them with wealth and goods from my own estate. More than this I could not do, and this she would not have, but grieving, died."

"Alas," said King Arthur, sighing heavily, "I can not see that thou art to blame, albeit, lovely as she is in death, she must have been radiant enough in life to have awakened love in the heart

of the noblest knight. But it is thy duty and mine, as head of the Round Table, to see that she be buried worshipfully."

So the King gave orders that a tomb should be opened for Elaine, among the royal dead in the richest shrine in Camelot, and he himself led the funeral train. All the knights followed in martial order, and "with gorgeous obsequies, mass, and rolling music" the lily-maid's golden head was laid low in the dust, "ashes to ashes," among the half-forgotten Kings and royal ladies. And Arthur commanded: "Let her tomb be grand and costly. Place her image thereupon, with a carved lily in her hand, and the shield of Lancelot at her feet, and blazon with gold and azure letters the story of her voyage hither, that all true hearts may read."

Then the great crowd turned homeward, in such order as pleased each, and the Queen, marking where Sir Lancelot stood apart with his eyes bent upon the ground, passed near him and murmured low: "Lancelot, forgive me; mine was jealousy in love."

"Aye," returned Lancelot, without looking up, "that is love's curse! Pass on, my Queen, forgiven."

And Arthur, the pure King, seeing his knight's clouded brow, came to him and said affectionately: "Lancelot, my Lancelot, my knight in whom I have the most joy and affection, seeing this homeless trouble in your eyes, I would to God that thou couldst have loved this maiden, so fair and pure, fashioned for thee alone it seems, who might have made for thee a happy home and given thee loving sons to inherit the name and fame of Lancelot of the Lake."

"Aye, my lord," answered Lancelot faintly, "fair and pure indeed she was, and as lovely in mind as in body, but love cometh not by force."

"No," sighed the King, "but there is nothing on this side of Heaven better than true, married love, and that she failed to win thee to this, true and gentle as thou art, is sore pity."

Lancelot could form no answer, and turned away, wandering blindly to a friendly cove beside the river. Here he lifted up his

eyes and saw the barge that brought the maid of Astolat moving afar off, a blot upon the stream. And he murmured low in grief: "Ah, sweet lily-maid, you loved me surely with a love far tenderer than my Queen's. Farewell, fair lily, now -- at last. Yea, I will indeed pray ever for thy soul, as thou didst desire me. Queen, may not your growing fear for name and fame tell truly of a love that wanes? And why did the King dwell on my name to me? Mine own name shames me, seeming a reproach. Lancelot of the Lake! Indeed, 'twere better if the Lady of the Lake had drowned me in the mere from which they say I sprung. Alas, for Arthur's greatest knight - a man not after Arthur's heart! Of what worth is my greatness or my name if only it makes men worse, and my example leads them to sin? I will break these sundering bonds of shame! But can I if she wills it not? Mayhap, fair lily, thou hast not died in vain! Beseech God, if I do not change, to send his angel down to seize me by the hair and bear me far, and fling me deep into that forgotten mere which lies among the tumbled fragments of the hills."

And so Lancelot mourned and wrestled with his troubled spirit throughout all the long night, not knowing he should die a holy man.

CHAPTER IX

THE SEARCH FOR THE HOLY GRAIL

HE search for the Holy Grail was the most wonderful quest in all the history of Arthur. And it began in this wise:

The gentle sister of Sir Percivale, known among the knight-hood as "Percivale the Pure," being disappointed in love, fled for peace to a convent and devoted herself to a life of prayer and praise, fasting and almsgiving. Here she learned from her Confessor, an aged man whose hair was whitened by an hundred winters, a legend concerning the time of our Lord, which had been handed down through five or six generations.

When our Lord Christ hung upon the cross, there came one of his loving followers, Joseph of Arimathæa, and caught in a cup the blood which fell from the Master's wounded side. And this cup, was called the "Holy Grail," and was the same from which our Lord had drunk at the Last Supper with his disciples. Now, in the dark days of persecution that followed, Joseph was obliged to flee from the Holy Land, and took refuge in the island of Britain, where Aviragus, the heathen prince, gave him a home in the town of Glastonbury. Here Joseph wished to found a church of the true faith, and desired from God a sign from Heaven as to the fitness of the place. So, after much fasting and prayer, he planted his hard pilgrim staff in the ground one Christmas eve, and the next morning, lol a wonderful miracle had happened. The staff had taken root and was crowned with leaves and flowers, and Joseph took it as a symbol that the faith of Christ would thrive and blossom in that heathen land. And the staff grew into a beautiful thorn tree, and ever since that time the winter thorn has blossomed at Christmas in memory of our Lord.

The Holy Grail remained in the possession of Joseph for many years, and was a great blessing to mankind; for whoever was suffering or afflicted in any way had but to touch it, or look at it, and their troubles fled. But the times grew so evil that so pure a thing could not remain in the sin-afflicted world, and it was caught up to Heaven. But when Joseph of Arimathæa had been sleeping under the Glastonbury thorn for about four hundred years, and the reign of Arthur, "the blameless white king," was come, pious people everywhere began to hope that the Grail might again be returned to earth to crown and glorify the good works of their noble king. Percivale's sister, the gentle sweet-eyed nun, spent all her days in fasting and in prayer that the Grail might come once more. And her great faith and constant prayer was rewarded thus:

One night as she lay sleeping in her narrow convent cell, she was awakened by a sound as of silver horns blowing over the hills in the far distance. At first she thought it some hunter's horn, but as the sound came nearer and louder, and sleep cleared from her brain, she realized that Arthur and his knights would not be abroad at that hour, and that "naught that we blow with breath or touch with hands" could make such clear, beautiful music. Wonderingly she raised herself from her rest, and then a long silver beam stole into the room, and down the beam floated the Holy Grail, "rose-red with beatings in it, as if alive," and the white walls of the room glowed with rosy colors; and when the Grail had passed, the beam faded away and the rosy quiverings died away into the night. Then the saintly maiden rose up and spent the remaining night hours in joyful prayer and thanksgiving, and, as soon as morning dawned, hurried away to her brother.

"O Percivale!" she cried, her eyes shining with beautiful light and holiness, "the Grail has come! The Holy Thing is here on earth once more! Rejoice with me, sweet brother, for I have seen it, truly." Then she told him all about the vision and beseeched him, saying: "Brother, fast thou, too, and pray. And

tell thy brother knights to fast and pray, that so perchance the vision may be seen by thee and those, and all the world be healed."

And Percivale hastened to spread the good news among men, and himself and many others fasted and prayed for weeks, expectant of the wonder that would be.

Now there dwelt in Arthur's halls a beautiful boy-knight of gentle mien, who moved about always clothed in spotless white, with a face radiant as an angel's, and he was pure as the driven snow. Sir Galahad was his name. Brothers and sisters he had not; neither did any one know who his parents were, but he had been reared by the nuns at the convent. The story of the Grail inspired him, and he went to the nun to inquire concerning it. So pleased was the gentle sister with his purity and innocence, that she cut from her shining wealth of hair enough to plait a broad, strong sword-belt, and into this she wove with silver and crimson threads a strange device of a crimson grail within a silver beam, and bound it on the youth, saying: "My knight of Heaven, whose faith and love is one with mine, round thee I bind my belt. Go forth, fast and pray, for thou shalt see what I have seen, and one will crown thee king far away in the spiritual city."

At the great Round Table in the hall at Camelot there was one vacant seat, which Merlin, the great wizard, had built. It was fashioned with strange inscriptions and devices, and was called "The Siege Perilous." No one dared occupy it, because, according to Merlin, none but the pure could sit therein safely. And the strength of the warning had been fully proven: at different times daring ones who deemed themselves above reproach, so rumor whispered, had attempted it, and been swallowed up forevermore.

Now it chanced one evening that, as the knights sat around the table, Sir Galahad announced his intention of occupying the seat called the Siege Perilous. And the knights cried out in alarm and warning, but Galahad only laughed at their fears, saying, "If I lose myself, I save myself," and straightway sat down.

Then all the knights gasped and looked to see some dreadful thing befall him, but to their amazement no judgment was meted out. Instead, a great miracle was worked in their midst. All at once there came a dreadful sound as though the roof were cracking and rending over their heads. A fearful blast of mighty wind swept down upon the castle, and terrible thunders pealed aloft; and mingled with the sound of thunder was a strange cry, such as man had never heard before. Then there burst into the room a beam of light, seven times more clear than day, and down that long, clear beam stole the Holy Grail, all enshrouded in a luminous cloud, and none could see who bore it. As it passed, the knights were stricken dumb, and each one arose and beheld his fellow's face as in a glory, and no one spoke until the light had vanished and the thunders ceased.

Then Sir Percivale found his voice and cried out, vowing that, because he had not seen the Grail plainly, he would ride in quest of it and see it without the veil, if it took a twelvemonth and a day. And many other knights also took the vow, among them being Galahad and Lancelot, and his cousin Sir Bors, and Gawain, the Courteous, who shouted louder than all the rest.

Now it chanced that King Arthur was not in the hall when the vision appeared, having ridden forth with some of his knights early in the day to storm the fastness of a horde of robbers who were working much damage along the borders. But from afar he heard the terrible thunder and saw the smoke rolling up from the roofs of Camelot, and cried out in alarm lest they had been smitten by lightning, and the wonderful work wrought by Merlin should vanish in unremorseful folds of rolling fire. With all speed he spurred toward home and entered with his smoked, grimy, blood-stained followers into the vision-swept room, and stood in wonder at the knights, all in a tumult, some vowing, some protesting.

"Percivale! Percivale!" he cried, half in amaze, half in anger, to the knight nearest him, "what means this unseemly confusion?"

And Percivale told him what had taken place, and how the knights had vowed their vows to see the Grail uncovered. Then the King's face grew dark indeed, and he cried in anguish: "Woe is me, my knights! Had I been here, ye had no sworn this vow."

"Aye!" cried Sir Percivale boldly, unlike his usual meek, quiet self, "if thou hadst been here thyself, my King, thou, too, wouldst have sworn!"

"How now!" exclaimed Arthur sternly. "Art thou so bold and hast not seen the Grail?"

"Nay, Lord," answered Percivale, "I heard the sound, I saw the light, but since I beheld only the shadow of the Holy Thing, I swore a vow to follow it until I saw."

The King then asked various members of the Order if they had seen the Grail, but all answered as one: "Nay, Lord, and therefore have we sworn our vows."

"Lo, now," queried Arthur bitterly, "have ye seen a cloud? What go ye into the wilderness to see?"

Then on a sudden the voice of Galahad came clear and sweet from the lower end of the hall: "O King, I not only saw the wondrous Grail, but heard a voice saying, 'O Galahad! O Galahad, follow me!'"

"Ah, Galahad, Galahad," said the King, "for such as thou is the vision; not for these other of my knights. No doubt your pure self and the saintly maiden have seen Christ's holy symbol. But," turning to the others, "ye are not Galahads, no, nor Percivales, not men of holiness and stainless life, but rather warriors, good and true, with strength to right the wrong, beat down violence and lawlessness, and drive the heathen from our land. But now ye wish to follow like sheep the leader's bell; one hath seen the vision and all the rest, blind though ye be, think ye will see it, too. Well, so be it! Since your vows are made, they are sacred, and ye must go. However, I know full well that many will return no more, but lose their lives in following wandering

Our good hall will ring with calls for knightly quests and noble deeds, and who will respond, think you? O me! that the flower of my realm should thus turn their backs upon duty and court ruin! Ye think I am a gloomy prophet; we shall see. But, my knights, ere we part, and the fair Order of the Round Table which I made, be scattered, let us meet once more in a joyous tournament to-morrow, that I may count your ranks for the last time unbroken."

Accordingly, the next day the great joust was held, and never was such a tourney held before at Camelot. All the knights jousted well and nobly, and Galahad and Percivale, being filled with holy power, won tumultuous shouts from the people for their surprising quickness and skill. But not a knight thought of forsaking his vow, and toward evening one and all began making silent preparations to depart on the morrow. Then the veil of sorrow which had all day been hovering over Camelot, casting shadows on the merriment, fell and muffled all in gloom.

Early in the morning the knights passed from Camelot to engage in the Great Quest, and all the windows and long galleries and balconies and even the house-tops were filled with people, who rained flowers upon them and cheered and cried, "God-speed!" as they passed. But in the King's household there was great grief, and the noble King could scarcely control his voice to speak farewell. The Court ladies wept and wailed and accompanied their knights to the gateway, and Queen Guinevere, who rode by Lancelot's side, shrieked aloud in agony, crying: "Alas, this madness has come upon us for our sins!"

At the mystic gateway, where the three queens stood on guard, the company broke up, and each knight went his own way, while Arthur and his sorrowing household returned to the deserted halls of Camelot. And for a time the blameless, whole-souled King shut himself up, and mourned in exceeding grief and bitterness over what he felt to be the beginning of the end of the noble kingdom which he had wrested from wild beasts and heathen

hordes. Then he roused himself and sought to find new knights to take the places of his dearest and best, who rode at random, meeting, for the most part, with naught but distress and failure; and ever misfortune, sorrow, and treason crept nearer to him who had struggled so hard to revive in man the image of his Maker.

Now, we may not follow separately the many knights who went out in the mad quest for the Grail, so we will content ourselves with setting down the tale as told by Percivale, the Pure, to his fellow-monk, Ambrosius, in an abbey, where he secluded himself from the pomp and vanities of the world on his return from a partially successful search.

"When I left my follows I was lifted up in heart," said Percivale, "and never yet had Heaven appeared so blue, or earth so green, and all my blood danced within me, and I knew that I should see the Holy Grail. But after a time my mind misgave me, and every evil thought and deed of times gone by seemed to rise up in judgment against me and repeat Arthur's words: 'This Ouest is not for thee.'

"Soon I found myself alone in a land of sand and thorns, and I was sore athirst. All about me the air was filled with mocking visions: first, I seemed to see a stream of water, clear and cool, and goodly apples on trees hard by; but when I drew nigh hoping to eat and drink, all fell into dust and vanished. Then, as I rode on. home-like visions came to me, only to fall into dust as I approached. And presently a great warrior in golden armor, with a golden crown, riding on a war-horse also trapped in gold and jewels, came out to meet me and embrace me in his arms; but as I drew nigh unto him, he, too, fell into dust and vanished, and I was left alone and weary. Again I saw a city set high upon a hill, and by the walled gateway was a great crowd, and they cried as in one mighty voice, 'Welcome, Percivale, thou mightiest and purest of men!' Eagerly I climbed up, but found at the top no man or voice that answered me; only the crumbling ruin of a deserted city. And I cried in grief: 'Lo, if I find

the Holy Grail itself and touch it, it, too, will crumble into dust.'

"Then I dropped into a vale, low as the hill was high, and here found a holy hermit to whom I described my mantoms, and he made answer: 'O, son, thou lackest the highest virtue, the mother of them all—true humility. Thou hast been full of pride and thoughts of self and thine own advancement. Thou ist needs have the mind which was in Christ Jesus, who humbled Hanself that all should follow His example. Thou must, like the sinless Galahad, lose thyself to save thyself.'

"Scarcely had he finished speaking when lo! Galahad himself appeared in the chapel doorway, all shining in golden armor, and we entered the holy place and knelt in prayer. Here the hermit slacked my terrible thirst, and then blessed the sacrament and offered it to us. I took the bread in silence, but Galahad turned to me in amazement, albeit his face shown with a wonderful radiance. 'Saw ye nothing, Percivale?' he queried. 'I, Galahad, saw the Grail, the Holy Grail, descend upon the shrine! I saw the face of a child that smote itself into the bread and went: and not now alone, but always is the Holy Thing with me day and night. And by its blood-red strength I have conquered the heathen everywhere, and broken their evil ways, and made their realms mine for the King and Christ. But my time is hard at hand when I shall go hence and be crowned King afar in the spiritual city; wherefore arise and follow me, for thou, too, shalt see the vision when I go.'

"His great faith filled me with power, and toward evening I followed him with difficulty up a great, tempest-swept hill. Beyond it lay an evil-smelling, blackened swamp, whitened here and there with dead men's bones, and impassable save where in ancient times a king had built a causeway of piers and arches running out into the great Sea. Over these bridges Galahad sped at once, and I would fain have followed; but every arch, as soon as he had crossed it, leapt into fire and vanished, and thrice above him I heard a thunderous sound like the joyous shoutings of all the

sons of God. And then I saw him far away on the great Sea, his armor shining like a star, and over his head hung the Holy Grail, veiled in a luminous cloud. And the boat, if boat it were — I saw not whence it came — sped with exceeding swiftness; and presently from the heavens shot a glorious light and I beheld the Holy Vessel, shining rose-red, clear and pure, over his head, and I gave a shout of joy for I knew the veil had been withdrawn. Then in the distance I saw the spires and gateways of the spiritual city, and beheld Galahad move into it like a shooting-star. And then the darkness fell, and I saw no more. How I returned to the hermitage I know not, but from thence I rode back to Camelot, filled with exceeding joy that my quest was over and that phantoms would never vex me more."

Silence ensued for a time, each one busy with his own thoughts, until the old monk turned to his companion, with a sigh: "How different our lives have been! Yours filled with Court pleasantries, noble quests, mysteries and visions; mine with homely companions among my fold—fc: I know every honest face as a shephera knows his sheep—days of quiet prayer, and reading of monkish books. But tell me this, Percivale, saving this Sir Galahad, came you

on none but phantoms in your quest?"

"O my brother," answered Percivale sadly, "must I tell thee how far I faltered from my vow? As I wandered about, seeking in vain for the Grail, I chanced upon a goodly town built round a stately palace, where dwelt a Princess rich and beautiful. I knocked at the gates and asked for succor in the name of our noble Arthur. Straightway I was admitted and disarmed by maidens, fair as flowers; then conducted into the presence of the noble Princess. And lol brother, my very breath stopped, for she was one whom in my youth I had loved with my whole heart, and never since had maiden stirred my pulse, and now I had found her again, the heiress of a dead man's wealth. My heart went out to her again, as of old, and I saw that she loved me, but I made no sign, for I was poor and she rich. However, as I walked one

day in the orchard, she stole upon me and gave me her first kiss and asked if I would wed her. Now, she was very dear to me, and the Quest seemed far off, yet I hesitated, for Arthur's words came to me, and I felt that this would be 'following wandering fires' indeed. Then, the leading knights of her territory came to me and begged me to wed with her and be their Prince, and how near I was to yielding, God knoweth; but, brother, one night my vow flared up and burned within me, and I rose and fled from temptation, yet, as I went, I wept and wailed and hated myself and the Holy Grail and all things save her, my beautiful Princess. But soon after this I came to the hermit's hut and met Galahad, and thereafter cared no more for her, or anything else on earth."

"O, brother, the pity of it!" exclaimed Ambrosius. "To find thine own first love again, all but hold her a bride within thine arms, and then to cast her aside like a weed! But I sympathize with what I know not, for earthly love has never yet come nigh me. Sail, brother, I am glad that you have come hither, for hope springs alive in my breast that now, at last, I have found a true triend. But stay, Percivale, saw you none of your own knight-

hood as you wandered?"

"Yes," answered Percivale, "one night I met Sir Bors, the cousin of Lancelot, and most joyful was our meeting. Eagerly we questioned each other concerning the Quest, and among the first things I asked him was: 'Have you seen aught of Lancelot?' 'Aye,' answered Bors sadly. 'He dashed past me once in the fever of madness and maddening what he rode. Why ridest thou so hotly on a holy Quest?' I shouted. 'Stay me not!' was the answer. 'I have played the sluggard, and now I ride apace, for there is a lion in the way,' and so he vanished, and I am sore grieved 'nat Heaven hath plagued him thus. You see, brother, Bors leved Lancelot faithfully, and said he would be content to give up the Quest, if by so doing he could help Lancelot to see the Holy Grail.

"Then he told me how, in his wanderings, he had fallen into

the hands of a pagan people, who worshiped the sun, moon, and stars, and when he told them of the blessed Christ and his Quest, they mocked him and made him a prisoner. For many days he lay in a foul, underground dungeon until by a miracle — what else? — a great, heavy stone, such as no wind could move, slipped and fell, letting in a rush of sweet, fresh air. As he lay gazing out upon the starlit night, the beautiful rose-red Grail stole past him on a beam of light, followed by a deafening peal of thunder. Then a maiden of his own faith, who worshiped in secret among the Pagan herd, came to him stealthily and loosening his bonds, aided him to escape."

"Aye," cried Ambrosius, "I know the knight of whom you speak! He chanced this way, and surely it was the same man. Forsooth, he gave the name of Bors; a shining pelican was engraved upon his helm, and he seemed a reverent, square-set, honest man, with eyes a-kindle and a warm smile, half shrouded in sadness, upon his lips. But saw you no knight but Bors? And when you reached Camelot what befell you there? Were all the knights returned, or had there been truth in Arthur's prophecy? And what said the

knights, and what replied the King?"

"One question at a time, brother," answered Percivale, smiling at the monk's eagerness, "else I shall not be able to satisfy thee. The good Bors and I journeyed back together, and all along the way were striking evidences of the trouble and ruin that had descended upon Arthur's once orderly realm. Here and there grand castles were fallen into decay and peopled with ghosts and phantoms; we met no gaily decked, smiling knights, and our horses slipped and stumbled desperately over carcasses of hornless unicorns and once noble talbots, while all about the bones of the deadly basilisk and the hated cockatrice lay bleaching in the sun.

"We found our beloved King seated upon the throne in his lonely hall, and before him stood only one-tenth of those who had gone forth so joyously on the Quest, and they were worn and wasted. Most kindly did our King welcome me—for I had

ever been a favorite with him—saying that they had greatly feared I had been destroyed in the late fierce storm which had made sad havoc all about, and inquiring sadly if I had seen the Holy Cup that Joseph of old had brought to Glastonbury.

"Then, when I had told him all that thou hast heard and of my decision to spend my life in prayer in the seclusion of a monastery he answered me never a word, but turned sharply to his nephew, the courteous Gawain, saying, 'Gawain, was the Quest for such as thee?' 'Nay, my lord,' answered Gawain softly, 'neither did I pursue it long, for I met a holy man who showed me plainly that it was not. Therefore, I gave myself to making merry in joyous company, and spent my twelvemonth and a day right pleasantly.'

"The King now caught sight of Bors, where he stood by Lancelot's side, and hailed him cordially: 'All hail, Sir Bors! Thou, I know, hast seen the Grail, if ever it could be seen by loyal man and true.' 'Yes, my King,' answered Bors simply, 'but ask me no more, for I cannot speak of it.' And I saw that he had clasped Lancelot's hand tightly, and that his eyes were filled with tears,

in grief and sympathy for his beloved kinsman.

"Arthur then called upon others of the sorry company, but each and all spoke of naught but perils by flood and field, till only Lancelot remained, for the King had kept his mightiest till the last. 'O Lancelot, my friend,' he said, 'our mightiest, hast thou achieved the Quest?'—'Alas, King,' groaned Lancelot sorrowfully, 'Arthur, my friend, if indeed I be a friend of thine, and mightiest, methinks those are happier who welter in their sins like swine in the mud, sunk so low they cannot see their own shame! For in me evil and good strove together for the mastery, and the pure and knightly scemed the very stock round which the evil twined and grew, till neither could scarce be discerned; so that, when the knights swore together to find the Grail, I swore with them, hoping that if I might touch or see the Holy Thing I might pluck the two asunder, and cast out the evil. I went to a holy saint, and he wept and told me that unless I could separate the two, the

Quest itself was not for me. So I wrestled in prayer as he directed me, and even while I prayed my madness came again upon me, and drove me into the deep wilderness. Here I became the sport of little men who once had fled at the mere shadow of my sword. Fleeing from them, I came to the wild sea-shore, and there found a boat tossing among the dank grasses. And all the sea was lashed with foam, and drove like a cataract against the sand, and a wild thought came to me that, perchance, I might embark and lose myself in the seething waters, and thus wash away my sin in the great Sea. No sooner thought than done; I burst the chains, and sprang into the boat, and so for seven days I drifted along the dreary deep. Then, on the seventh night, when I lay well-nigh distraught for want of food and drink, I felt the boat strike sand and come to anchor, and I alighted near the enchanted castle of Carbonek. Steps led from the sea up to the great entrance way, but on either side of the gate a huge lion stood on guard. However, I was determined to enter, and so, grasping my sword firmly, I sprang toward them. Like a flash they reared themselves on their hind legs and gripped me by the shoulders, one on either side; but before I could smite them, a voice cried: "Doubt not, go forward; if thou doubtest, the beasts will tear thee piecemeal." My sword was then dashed violently to the ground, and I passed on into the empty castle hall, flooded with moonlight from a high window that looked upon the sea. And all through the quiet house sounded a sweet voice, clear as a lark's, that seemed to be singing in the topmost eastern tower, - a voice beautiful as an angel's, and it drew me toward it. Half in a dream, I climbed more than a thousand steps, and finally came to a door, through which showed chinks of light, and heard the voice chanting: "Glory and joy and honor to our Lord, and to the Holy Vessel of the Grail." Here I was perhaps at the end of my Quest! In eager frenzy I beat upon the door and it gave way beneath my hands, then such a blast of light and heat, as though seven times heated in a furnace, smote upon me that I fell blinded and well-nigh senseless. As I lay blinking and gasping, methought I saw the Holy Grail, shrouded in crimson samite, and around it great angel-shapes, with wings and shining eyes. And indeed, but for my madness and my sin, and then my swooning away, I would have sworn that I saw it in very truth; but what I saw was veiled and covered, and so this Quest was not for me.'

"There was silence in the hall for several minutes after Lancelot ceased speaking and each knight stood with bowed head. Then Gawain, encouraged by the silence of the King, burst out recklessly and irreverently in his usual mad fashion: 'Truly, friend Percivale, this mad quest of thine and thy holy nun's hath driven men mad, even our mightiest knight of all. Never have I failed thee, King, in any quest of thine, nor shall I; but herewith I swear forevermore to be deafer than the blue-eyed cat and thrice as blind as any noonday owl to all holy virgins and their religious ecstasies.'

"And the King made answer sternly: 'Gawain, thou art already too blind and deaf to have desire either to see or hear; no need to make thy denseness greater by idle vows. But if, indeed, there came a sign from Heaven, blessed are Bors, Percivale, and Lancelot, for each has seen according as it was granted to each of them to see. And Lancelot, my friend, thou errest in saying that the good and evil had so grown together in thy heart that they could not be dissevered; be sure that apart from thy sin, whatever it may be, there grows some root of nobleness. See to it, my friend, that the plant may bear its flower.'

"Then the noble Arthur turned to the wretched, withered handful of men, all that remained of his noble Order of the Round Table, once the very flower of the realm, and addressed them in a quivering voice: 'O my knights, was I too dark a prophet when I foretold that most of those who went forth upon the Quest would follow wandering fires, and be lost in the quagmire of doubt and empty dreams? Surely not, for scarce a tenth of those who set forth in such mad eagerness have returned. And out of those to whom the vision came, Lancelot, our greatest, will scarce believe

he saw; another hath beheld the Holy Thing afar off, and is content to leave human wrongs to right themselves, and cares for naught but to pass his life in silent prayer; and Galahad, who alone has seen the vision face to face, his chair is empty, and he comes here no more; however, they may crown him victor in the spiritual city. O my knights, spake I not truly when I said the Quest was not for such as ye, and that our noble Order would only be sacrificed in vain? And some there were among ye who thought that if I, the King, had seen the Vision, I myself would have sworn the vow. But, my knights, do you not know that such could not have happened easily, for it is the King's quest to do the duty set before him in the land he rules? He is like a tiller of the soil to whom is allotted a portion of a field to plow, nor must he leave it till his work is done. Do not think, my knights, that I, the King, have no visions come to me? Nay! many a time they come, by night and by day, until sometimes I scarce know whether this earth I tread be earth at all, or the air I breathe be air or vision, but still through all I feel the strength of my purpose to serve my God and Saviour, and then, when the vision is at its highest, I know I shall never die, but live always. And so, my friends, I have my visions, and you have yours. And what we have seen, we have scen.' "

So saying, the King turned away, and all that he meant none could tell. Only it seemed that he meant to show us that the truest servant of God is he who, like himself, followed not after any great quest, but stayed faithfully at home and looked after the duties God had given him.

CHAPTER X

GUINEVERE

ING ARTHUR at once raised to knighthood men to fill the places made vacant in his noble Order by those who had lost their lives in the vain search for the Grail, and for a time everything seemed as well as at the beginning. The knights jousted and tourneyed as before, they hawked and hunted, and every now and then rode forth and assailed the heathen who frequently broke over their borders; but, though mighty deeds were still done, and brave hearts still worshiped and honored the King, there was yet the old evil at work, spreading its poisonous growth throughout the land.

The new knights were not the old, and soon faltered in their loyalty to the King. They were easily influenced by evil doings, and the King had many enemies at Court, chief among them being his nephew, Modred, brother to the flighty Gawain, to the noble Gareth, and son of Lot and Bellicent. These evil followers excused themselves by saying that the King expected too much of them, but it was not so, for the King's character was not too lofty a standard for any man who wished to be "a stainless gentleman." And many grew quickly tired of their knighthood vows; others waged long and bitter war with the evil in their hearts, only to fail at last; and very few followed the King to the end, faithful even unto death.

Sir Lancelot's wrestlings and struggles to uproot his sin died away with the vision of the Grail. He forgot all about the hermit's advice and the wise counsel of the King on his return, and became once more the Queen's most willing slave. All men knew it, save the King, for no one dared tell him of the treachery, and

he loved and trusted Lancelot as of old. However, a time came when the thing could no longer be hidden, and it happened in this wise:

Day by day Queen Guinevere came more and more to fear Sir Modred's fawning smile and mocking, persistent, gray eyes. She knew him for the cruel, ambitious man he was, and knew also that he hated her and Lancelot, and most of all the King, and that he would stop at nothing to gain his desire — the throne of Camelot. She knew, too, that he spied upon her, and she feared that one day he would track her guilt and proclaim it abroad to all men, and thus shame her forever. So great became her fear that she could not sleep at night, and started with alarm at every shadow that crossed her path. Then she begged Lancelot, saying: "O Lancelot, if thou lovest me, go away to thine own land. I fear to have thee here, and to meet thee. Go away, I pray thee, until this smoldering scandal has had time to die away in ashes. Go, Lancelot, else the wily Modred will rake all forth into a blaze before the people and our lord, the King."

And Lancelot, ever willing to do her least wish, consented reluctantly. Therefore, they set a night when they knew the good King would be absent, to meet and bid farewell forever. Now Modred heard of this in some way, and laid his plans to entrap them. As Lancelot and Guinevere sat upon the Queen's couch in her boudoir, hand clasping hand, passion-pale in a very madness of farewells, there came a triumphant shout, and Modred's voice, crying: "Come out, traitor, you are trapped at last." Then Lancelot rushed forth with a roar like a wounded lion, and leaping upon Modred hurled him head foremost down the tower stairs, where he fell in a heap among his comrades, whom he had stationed at the foot for witnesses.

"Alas!" sobbed the Queen, "now no sacrifice will avail. The end is come, and I am shamed forever."

"Nay," said Lancelot, soothingly, striving to comfort her, "mine be the shame, for mine was the sin. But rise and come away with me to my strong castle over the sea. There will I hide thee and protect thee from all the world, till my life shall end."

"No, Lancelot," returned the Queen sorrowfully. "All is at an end, we have taken our farewells. Would to God we had taken them sooner, and that I might hide from myself! Say no more, for mine is the shame; I was a wife, but thou art unwedded. Please Heaven you had wedded the lily maid of Astolat and departed moons ago! But I must fly ere my lord Arthur returns, for great will be his just anger. I shall get me secretly into the convent at Almsbury, and there give myself to a life of prayer, hoping to receive, if possible, relief from the pain and shame that suffocate me. And I charge thee tell no man of my whereabouts."

So in the silence of the night the humbled Queen stole away to the Almsbury sanctuary, and Lancelot fled with all speed to his own land, and the courtiers, not knowing, thought that they had flown together. Loosed were all the tongues of the Court and talk ran high, but not one of the scandal-mongers had courage to tell the noble King when he returned toward morning, wearied out with an unfruitful quest. Quickly they bethought themselves of the lateness of the hour and scurried silently away to their chambers.

Slowly Arthur climbed the stairs, chilled to the bone with death-dumb, autumn-dripping gloom, and a nameless horror fell upon him, some great, over-hanging evil, which smote him three-fold as he noted with dismay that his beloved Queen's bower was dark as the night around. Then a form pressed close to him and clung sobbing at his feet, and when he questioned "What art thou?" it faltered forth: "Alas, I am Dagonet, thy fool, and I shall never make thee smile again."

It was but too true. Dagonet, the merry court-jester, he who was wont to provoke the smiles of the weary and way-worn, was at heart a sorrowing, disappointed man, and he felt keenly how deeply the thrust of unfaithfulness from wife and trusted friend would probe into his master's noble heart. In a moment, the ter-

rible truth flashed upon the King, and he saw as though blazed in fire all that he had lately tried not to believe, for some of the whispers had occasionally reached his ear. With a low moan he turned heart-brokenly and bowed his head against the cold, silent wall, well-nigh bereft of reason that the two to whom he had given all of his mighty love, with whom he had exchanged vows of faithfulness unto death, should thus prove false to him and to their God; nor did he give the slightest ear to the efforts at comfort which Dagonet, the jester, the least of all his knights, and yet the only one brave enough to come to him in his great trouble, essayed to give him.

Meanwhile, Queen Guinevere, at the convent gates, tearfully pleaded for admission: "Mine enemies pursue me. O peaceful sisterhood, I pray ye to receive me into your fold that I may spend my life in prayer and pleading, for my sins are many and most bit-

terly do I repent."

Wrought upon by her grace and beauty, the gentle nuns consented, and at her request even forbore to ask her name. So for many weeks the Queen dwelt among them unknown, wrapped in grief, and communing only with a little maid, who, pleased by the strange lady's great beauty and pleasing manner, loved ever to hover near and wait upon her. But even in the quiet peacefulness of the convent the Queen did not find the oblivion and forgetfulness of the world which she sought; forever and anon there floated through the sanctuary bits of news from the outside world, which the little maid loved to babble. First, after she had been there but a few days, the news came that the King was waging war against Lancelot in the fastness of his strong tower; then, and the Queen's very soul writhed within her, the cry was waged that while the King was absent, Sir Modred had leagued himself with the heathen and usurped the throne.

"Woe is me!" moaned the Queen to herself. "With what a hate the people and the King must hate me! 'Tis all my fault. Had I been the true queen that Arthur thought me—aye! and

deserved — then might the noble Order of the Round Table still be bright and flourishing, and goodness, purity, and beauty be reigning abroad in all the land! Peace be to my soul that knew not, or cared not, to distinguish the false from the true! O my malden," turning beseechingly to the girl loitering near, "sing, I pray thee, something sad and sweet enough to unlock the sorrow that grips my heart. Sing, that the tears may come and cool my burning brain ere I go mad indeed!"

And the little maid, half frightened by the wild words and manner of her beloved lady, lifted up her sweet voice and sang:

- "Late, late, so late! and dark the night and chill! Late, late, so late! but we can enter still. Too late, too late! ye cannot enter now,
- "No light had we; for that we do repent,
 And learning this, the bridegroom will relent.
 Too late, too late! ye cannot enter now,
- "No light! so late! and dark and chill the night!
 O, let us in, that we may find the light!
 Too late, too late! ye cannot enter now.
- "Have we not heard the bridegroom is so sweet?

 O, let us in, tho' late, to kiss his feet!

 No, no, too late! ye cannot enter now."

Memories fraught with the sweetness that might have been, concerning the time when first she came a bride to Camelot, pressed upon the Queen, and she bowed her head low upon her hands and shook with passionate, remorseful sobs.

"Oh, I pray you, noble lady," cried the maiden, ceasing her song abruptly, more alarmed than ever, "weep no more. Let my words comfort your sorrows, for they do not flow from evil done; right sure am I of that, seeing your tender grace and stateliness. Weigh your sorrows with the King's, my lady, and see how much less they

be, for gone is he to wage grim war against Sir Lancelot in his strong castle by the sea where he holds our guilty Queen; and Modred, whom he left in charge of all, his own nephew, has turned traitor. O sweet lady, the King's grief for his own self, and his own Queen and realm must needs be thrice as great as any grief of ours! Think, no matter how much he may desire to weep in silence, as we do here in quiet Almsbury, he cannot, for he is King, and all the world knows his grief and shame. He could not veil his Queen's wickedness if he would."

"Sweet Heaven!" thought the Queen, "will the child kill me with her innocent talk?" But aloud she answered, "Must not I, if the false traitor has displeased his lord, grieve in common with all his realm?"

"Yea," replied the maiden sadly. "It is a grief for all women that she is a woman, whose disloyal life hath wrought confusion in the Round Table which good King Arthur founded long years ago, with signs and miracles and wonders, at Camelot, ere the Queen came."

The Queen writhed in anguish, as one upon a rack, and queried bitterly: "O little maid, shut in by nunnery walls, what canst thou know of kings and Round Tables, of signs and wonders, except it be the signs and simple miracles of the sanctuary?"

"O my lady," answered the girl quickly, "I have not always lived here. My father was a friend of Arthur and rode to Camelot from Lyonesse to be knighted at the founding of the Order. He told me many wonderful things, for in those days the land was full of signs and miracles straight from Heaven. He said that when he reached the turning, an hour, or perhaps two, after sunset, he looked back in farewell along the coast toward Lyonesse and saw white-clad spirits spring forth, with beacon-stars upon their heads and wild sea-light about their feet, until all the headlands shone in flame like the rich heart of the west. And in the light the white mermaiden swam, and strong man-breasted things stood from the sea, and sent a deep sea-voice through all the land, to which the

echoes made answer like a distant sounding horn. And furthermore, the next morning, as he passed through dim-lit woods, he beheld three spirits mad with joy come dashing down on a tall way-side flower, that shook beneath their weight as a thistle shakes when three gray linnets wrangle for the seed. And in the evenings, the flickering fairy circle wheeled and broke in front of him, then flew and linked and broke again, and ever sped before him. And when at last he arrived at Camelot, a wreath of airy dancers hand in hand swung round the lighted lantern in the hall; and there was spread such a feast as never man had dreamed; for every knight was served with what he longed for most by hands unseen, and down in the cellars merry bloated things shouldered the spigot while the wine ran high. This you see was Arthur's realm, my lady, before the coming of the sinful Queen."

"Aye," said the Queen, still bitterly, "if they were all so happy, and the land so full of signs, why was not some miracle shown fore-telling the doom in store if Guinevere came into the land? Why did not thy wise father, who was so apt in reading signs, foresee this?"

"O my lady," exclaimed the girl softly, "such wisdom was far beyond my gentle father. But there was one, a bard, well-skilled in making songs, who sang before the knights a glorious song of Arthur's wars, picturing the King as more than man, and railing at those who called him the false son of Gorlois.— For ne man knows, my lady, from whence Arthur came. He was found one morning, after a great tempest, a naked child upon the sands of dark Tintagil by the Cornish sea. And they fostered him, and he grew up, and was proven the true King by a miracle, and so crowned.— The bard wove in all of this, my lady, and said that the King's grave, like his birth, should be a mystery from all men. Furthermore, he said that if the King could find a woman as great in her womanhood as he was in his manhood, they two might change the world. Then, in the midst of his song, he faltered and turned pale and well-nigh swooned away, and when he was recovered

would sing no more, neither would he tell to any one his vision—but, can you doubt, my lady, that he did not foresee the evil work of Lancelot and the Queen?"

"Lo!" thought the Queen miserably, "our simple-seeming abbess and the nuns have found me out, and have sent this maiden to play upon me." Whereat she bowed her head in her hands and

spoke no more.

"Ah, sweet lady," murmured the maiden, breaking the silence, for to her, silence was made only to be broken, "have I vexed thee with my garrulous talk? If so, bid me be silent; for I do not wish to be a prattler and vex my father's memory — my father who was ever the noblest in manners, though indeed he would have it that Sir Lancelot's was the nobler. Pray check me, lady, if I ask amiss, but when you moved at Court — for I know by your grace and beauty you must sometime have dwelt in the halls of Arthur—which was the noblest, Lancelot or our lord the King?"

Whiter, if possible, than before grew the Queen's sad face, but she made answer composedly: "Sir Lancelot, as became a noble knight, was gracious to all ladies, and in open battle or in the tourney-field always forebore to press his own advantage; and the King also did the same, and these two were the most noble mannered men of all; for manners are not idle, but the fruit of loyal

nature and of noble mind."

"If so," observed the maiden musingly, "then Lancelot must in truth be a thousand-fold less noble than his King, for, as rumor has

it, he is the most disloyal friend in all the world."

"Aye, maiden," replied the Queen mournfully, "closed about by narrowing nunnery walls, thou knowest little of the world's lights and shadows, or of its wealth and woes. If ever Lancelot, that most noble knight, were for one hour less noble than himself, pray for him that he escapes the doom of fire, and weep for her who drew him to his doom."

"I do indeed pray for both, sweet lady," answered the novice carnestly. "But I could as soon believe Sir Lancelot as noble as

his King as that you, my lady, could be as sinful as the hiding Queen."

So, like many another babbler, the maiden hurt where she would soothe, and harmed where she would heal. But her last words proved a straw too many, and the Queen's anger broke beneath the load.

"Traitress!" stormed Guinevere, with flushing face and stamping foot. "Petty spy! Tool, set upon to plague and harry me! May such as thou become even as the Queen. Get thee hence!"

The last words roused the frightened maiden, who stood before the Queen white as her veil and as tremulous as foam upon the windy beach, and she turned and fled as though pursued by phantoms.

Then Guinevere sank back upon her couch, hiding her face in her hands, her anger gone, saying to herself reproachfully: "The poor child means nothing, but my own too fearful guilt betrays itself. Heaven help me, for surely I repent! And what is true repentance but in thought — never again to think of the things that made the past so pleasant? And I have sworn never to see him more — never to see his face again. Ah, me!"

So sighing, and off her guard for the moment, the Queen's memory, from old habit, slipped back to the days when she had first met Sir Lancelot. How noble and true he had seemed when he came that day, reputed the best and goodliest man in the hall of Arthur, to act as ambassador to his King, and lead her forth to be a bride—the bride of the great King, Arthur Pendragon, whom as yet she had not seen! How pleasant was the trip through the leafy woods and over the blossoming fields, where the mating birds sang joyously, and all the heavens seemed upbreaking through the earth! How she had enjoyed the company of the handsome, brilliant knight, and how pleasant had been their talk of sport and field and all the sweet thoughts of youth! Ah, me! if life could have been one long ramble over blue hyacinths and 'neath whispering pines by the side of the courtly dark-haired Lancelot; if they

could have wandered for aye and never come near the great, golden Pendragonship and the waiting, golden-haired King, who had proven such a high, self-contained lover! For Guinevere had never loved her husband. Hers was then a soul incapable of understanding the great height and purity he had reached, and she had early tired of his loftly ideals.

So she sat immersed in trance, moving through the past unconsciously, till on a sudden rang a cry throughout the quiet nunnery: "The King! The King!" Stricken stiff, the Queen listened to the mailed feet as they rang along the corridor, then fell from her seat prone upon the floor and veiled her face in her white arms, her golden hair unbound and floating all about her. Not once did the feet pause until they reached her side, then came a long silence, and at last, when she felt she could bear the suspense no longer, a voice spoke, so low, monotonous, hollow, and changed, that she scarce knew it for her lord's:

"Liest thou here so low, the child of one I honored, dead before thy shame? Well it is that no child is born of thee! Thine offspring are sword and fire, red ruin and the breaking up of laws, the craft of kindred and the godless hosts of heathen swarming o'er the Northern Sea! Knowest thou from whence I have come? From waging bitter war with Lancelot, my mightiest knight and erstwhile brother; and he that did not hesitate to smite me in the worst way, had yet the grace of courtesy left in him to stay his hand against the King who made him knight. But many a noble knight was shin, and all Lancelot's kith and kin have gone to abide with him; Modred has raised a revolt with many more who have chosen to forget their troth and fealty and cleave unto him, so I have only a remnant of my once glorious Round Table remaining. But of this remnant who still love and serve me I will spare enough to guard thee safely here, for there are wild times in store for the land.

"Unless ancient prophecies err, I march now to meet my doom, as it has been foretold that one of mine own blood shall overthrow

But thou hast not made my life so sweet to me that I, the King, should greatly care to live, for thou hast spoilt the purpose of my life. Oh, Guinevere, I was first of all the kings to raise the knight errantry of the realm and bind them into one company, the fair Order of the Round Table, a glorious band composed of the flower of men, and one well-fitted to serve as a model for the mighty world. I bound them to me with vows strait and severe; I made them lay their hands in mine and swear to reverence the King, as if he were their conscience, and their conscience as their King; to break the heathen and uphold the Christ; to ride abroad redressing human wrongs; to speak no slander, no, nor listen to it; to honor their own word as if their God's, and lead sweet lives of purest chastity; to love one maiden only, cleave to her, and worship her with years of noble deeds, for I know of no more subtle master under heaven than a loving maiden to keep down the base in man and teach him high thought, amiable orde, courtliness, desire for fame, and all that makes a man. And Guinevere, all this throve before I wedded thee, believing thee one to feel my purpose and be a true helpmate. But thy shameful sin with Lancelot corrupted all my Court, and smote all that my heart most desired; so that now I care not greatly if I lose my life. Think how sad it would be for me to sit within my lonely halls missing my noble knights and their accustomed tales of goodly deeds, as in the golden days before thy sin; and at Camelot and Usk thy darkened powers would ever speak of thee and I should always hear thy light footfalls on the stairs and see thy shadow glide from room to room. For, Guinevere, think not because thou didst not love thy lord, that he has wholly lost his love for thee. I am not made of so slight elements, yet I must leave thec, woman, to thy shame. Better the King's waste hearth and aching heart, than thou re-seated in thy place of light, the mockery of my people and their bane!"

For a moment the King paused, his voice too choked for speech, and the miserable Queen crept forward and laid her hands about his feet, but she did not speak or unveil her saddened, tear-swept face.

The King had no idea of the great sea of remorse and repentance that seethed in her soul and paralyzed her tongue. In the distance a solitary trumpet blew, and the waiting war-horse below neighed joyfully, as though recognizing the voice of a friend. The sound roused the King, and he continued sorrowfully:—

"Yet think not, Guinevere, that I have come to curse thee. I, whose vast pity almost makes me die to see thee laying thy golder head, that was once my pride, at my feet. Past is my flaming wrath and the pangs which made my tears burn, and lo, I forgive thee, as Eternal God forgives! Do thou for thine own soul the rest.

"But how shall I take leave of all I loved? O golden hair, with which I used to play, not knowing! O beautiful womanhood—a kingdom's curse to Camelot! I cannot touch the lips, they are not mine, but Lancelot's; nay, they never were the King's. I cannot take thy hand; that too is flesh, and in the flesh thou hast sinned. Nevertheless, O Guinevere, in spite of all, I love thee still! Let no man dream but that I love thee still! Perchance, if so thou purify thy soul and lean on our fair father Christ, hereafter in that world where all are pure we two may meet before high God, and thou wilt spring to me, and claim me thine, and know I am thy husband. Leave me this last hope, I charge thee.

"Now I must get me hence. Through the thick night I hear the trumpet blow. They summon me, their King, to lead to a great battle in the West, where I must strike against the man they call my sister's son — no kin of mine, who leagues with Lords of the White Horse, heathen and traitor knight! But I shall strike him dead, and meet myself with mine own mysterious doom, concerning which you shall hear in due time. Hither I shall never come again, never see thee more — Farewell!"

Then Guinevere felt the King's breath upon her neck, and knew that he bent low over her and spread his hands in unspoken blessing. Choking with sobs he turned and passed from the room, and still the heartbroken Queen made no sign. Low she groveled in

despair till the last faint sound of the mailed feet had passed; then suddenly sprang into life, consumed with the desire to see his face and yet herself keep hidden. And lo! the King sat on his horse beneath her window, and round him was a group of nuns, each with a candle, listening eagerly, with glad compliance, to his charges concerning his beloved Queen, and how they were to guard an' foster her forevermore. And as he spake to them his helm was lowered so that his face, which then was as an angel's was hidden from her; while above him, in his crest, the great Dragon of the Pendragonship blazed so brightly that all the night seemed a stream of fire, and the moony vapor rolled about the King and wound him in a sea of mist until his very form was hidden from the sight of her who gazed so yearningly. Then the blameless, white King moved away ghostlike to his doom, and the Queen's numbed tongue made a great effort at speech.

"O Arthur," she called, extending her arms toward him beseechingly, but so hoarse and faint was her voice that it carried not even to the nuns below, and they gazed after the noble form of their King, unmindful of the stricken woman above them, who well-nigh died as the great remorseful waves of her sin swept over her, and she realized at last what Arthur was, and knew, too, that she loved him better than all else on earth. Who can measure the despair that was hers as she gazed in the direction her lord had gone? Only those, perhaps, who have drained to the dregs the bitter

draught Too Late.

"Gone, my lord," she moaned. "Gone through my sin, to slay and to be slain! And he forgave me, and I could not speak! Sweet heaven, I should have answered him, but his mercy choked me. How can it be farewell? Gone, my lord the King, my own true lord! But how dare I call him mine? The shadow of Lancelot cleaves to me, and the King called me polluted. We is me! What shall I do? . . . Shall I kill myself? But what help in that? I cannot kill my sin, if soul be soul, nor can I kill my shame; no, nor by living can I live it down. The days will grow

to weeks, the weeks to months, the months will add themselves and make the years, the years will roll into the centuries, and mine will ever be a name of scorn. I must not dwell on the defeat of fame. Let the world be; but what else have I? He spoke of a hope, unless it be he mocked me, his hope he called it; but he never mocks, for mockery is the fume of little hearts. Blessed be the King, who hath forgiven my wickedness, and left me hope that in mine own heart I can live down sin, and be his noble mate hereafter in the heavens before high God!

"Ah, great and gentle Arthur, lord to whom my false pride would not look up, I half despised the height to which I would not, or could not, climb. I thought I could not breathe in that fine air, that pure severity of perfect light; I yearned for the warmth and color which Lancelot gave me, but now I see thee as thou art. Thou art the highest and the most human, too! Oh, is there none to tell the King I love him, though so late? Now—ere he goes to the battle? Sweet heaven, none! I must live so that I myself may tell him in that purer life; now it were too daring. Ah, my God, what might I not have made of thy fair world, had I but loved thy highest creature here? It was my duty to have loved the highest; it surely was my profit had I known; it would have been my pleasure had I seen. Always we needs must love the highest when we see it."

Here some one grasped her hands in warm supplication, and lifting her bowed head the Queen beheld the little novice weeping at her feet. "Yea, little maid," she said softly. "Arise, I forgive thee willingly, for am I not forgiven?"

Then she became aware that the holy nuns were gathered around her, weeping, and her heart was loosed within her, and she wept with them, saying: "Ye know me then, that wicked one who broke the vast design and purpose of the King? O shut me round with narrowing nunnery-walls, and keep me from the voices crying, 'Shame!' Yet let me not scorn myself, for he loves me still—let no one dream but that he loves me still. And, holy maidens.

if so ye do not shudder at me nor scorn to call me sister, let me dwell with you. I would wear the black and white, and be a nun like you,— fasting with your fasts, but not feasting with your feasts; grieving with your griefs; not grieving at your joys but still not rejoicing with them; mingling with all your sacred rites. I would pray and be prayed for. I would do each low office of your holy house,— walk your dim cloister, distribute dole to poor, sick people, and so wear out in alms-deed and in prayer the life which wrought the ruin of my lord, the King."

And it came to pass as the Queen petitioned. The nuns gladly took her unto themselves, and she, half hoping, half fearing, praying always, sought to free herself from sin. Finally the good abbess died, and Guinevere, because of her kindly deeds, her repentant life, and noble rank, was chosen to fill her place. For three years she ruled wisely and well, beloved by all, and then passed to that better land, where sin cannot enter in, her heart filled with the message she meant to deliver to Arthur.

CHAPTER XI

THE PASSING OF ARTHUR

HEN King Arthur rode forth from his farewell of the humbled Queen in the convent at Almsbury, his heart lay dead within him. He had lost faith in the world, and in himself, and, as he told the Queen, he did not greatly care to live. So he joined the main body of his faithful followers and moved with them toward that battle which was destined to take place in the West, and where it had been foretold that he would meet his doom. A great restlessness was upon him. He could not eat, and, though worn with the day's marches, he could not sleep, and spent the time listening in vain for the answer to that bitter cry echoed from the cross, "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?"

One night Sir Bedivere, the first of all the knights whom he had knighted, a faithful, trusty follower who never for one moment doubted his King, and one of the three whom Arthur sent to Leodogran with the request for his daughter's hand in marriage, being himself unable to sleep, came out and wandered among the pitched tents of the hosts. Something drew him near to the tent of his lord, and here he heard the King lamenting to himself over the failure of his life's work and purpose, saying that surely God had forsaken him, if, indeed, God cared for the world of men at all, for he, the King, had wrought and tought for God's cause all his life, and now wife, friend and people had betrayed him, and there was no sign that Heaven took any heed. And the heart of Bedivere was heavy within him, and he sought in vain for some comforting thought to offer. But, while he cudzeled his brains, Arthur himself stammered forth the words that had once given comfort to the Psalmist when the bitterness and heaviness of death was upon him: "'I shall not die, but live, and declare the works of the Lord.' O Christ, I pass, but shall not die."

And the King slept, but not in peace, for there came to him, blown lightly along the wind, the ghost of Gawain, who was killed in the war with Lancelot. As the frail phantom passed, it cried to him:

"Hail, King! To-morrow thou shalt pass away. Farewell! There is an isle of rest for thee, but I am blown along a wandering wind. Hollow, hollow, hollow is all delight!"

The King waked with a start, crying: "Who spake? 'Twas the voice of Gawain in the wind. Was it a dream? Or doth all that haunt the wastes and wilds mourn, knowing that the end of the Round Table is at hand?"

Sir Bedivere made quick to answer: "My King, let pass whatever will, elves and the harmless glamor of the field, for yet thou shalt not pass. Light was Gawain in life, and light is he in death, for the ghost is as the man; care not thou for dreams of him, but rise. I hear the steps of Modred in the West, and with him are many of the knights, once thine, whom thou hast loved, but who are now grown grosser than the heathen, spitting on their vows and on thee. Right well in heart they know thee for the King. Arise, go forth and conquer as of old!"

But the King answered him sadly, saying: "Far other is this battle whereto we move than when we strove in youth, and brake the petty things, and fought with Rome. Ill doom is mine to war against my people and my knights. The King who fights his people fights himself. The stroke that strikes them dead is as my death to me. But let us hence, and find or feel our way through this blind haze, which, ever since I left one lying in the dust at Almsbury, hath folded the paths of the world in darkness for me."

So the King arose and girded on his armor while it was yet night, and summoned his willing hosts, and by their powerful aid pushed the forces of Modred, league by league, back to the western boundary of Lyonesse. Here the long mountains ended in a

coast of shifting sand, and beyond this was the ever-restless sea. The traitors could flee no more, so turned on the waste sands by the hungry sea and there closed with the Knights of the Round Table in that last "weird battle of the West."

Arthur had fought in many a battle, but never in one like this. A death-white mist swept over land and sea, and chilled the blood of friend and foe until their hearts were cold with formless fear. And even on Arthur fell confusion, since he saw not whom he fought; for friend and foe were shadows in the mist, and friend slew friend not knowing whom he slew. And all fought as men possessed; some were haunted by visions of golden youth, others were met by the faces of old ghosts upon the battle-field, and in the mist was done many a noble, knightly deed, and also many a base one. All the air was filled with the crash of splintering spears and the shattering of helm and harness under the blows of sword and battle-axe, and the shouts of those who prevailed mingled with the shrieks of the fallen, who looked to Heaven for the Christ, and saw only the mist, and heard only the oaths, insults, and blasphemies of the wounded heathen and traitorous knights, the prayers and cries for light, and the moans of the dying.

All day long the forces swayed and struggled, until toward evening a dead hush fell upon the scene. Then a bitter wind came out from the North and blew the traitorous mist aside, and the moon rose clear and full over the battle-field. King Arthur got upon his feet, pale and unsteady, and glanced searchingly over the field, but no man was moving there, nor was any voice, either of Christian or heathen, heard thereon; all was deathly still, save the wild waves of the ocean. For the relentless tide was coming in, and surged among the dead faces, swaying the helpless hands to and fro and tumbling the hollow helmets of the dead. And the King swayed and would have fallen, but for the timely hand of Sir Bedivere, who alone of all his once glorious Round Table remained by his side.

"Ah, Bedivere," cried the King, clinging gladly to his faithful

follower, whom he had not before observed, "thou art true and loyal still! Hearest thou the voice of the sea as it beats upon the faces of the dead who died for me? Alas! on my heart hath fallen a great confusion; I know not what I am, or where I am, or whether I be King. Behold, I seem but King among the dead."

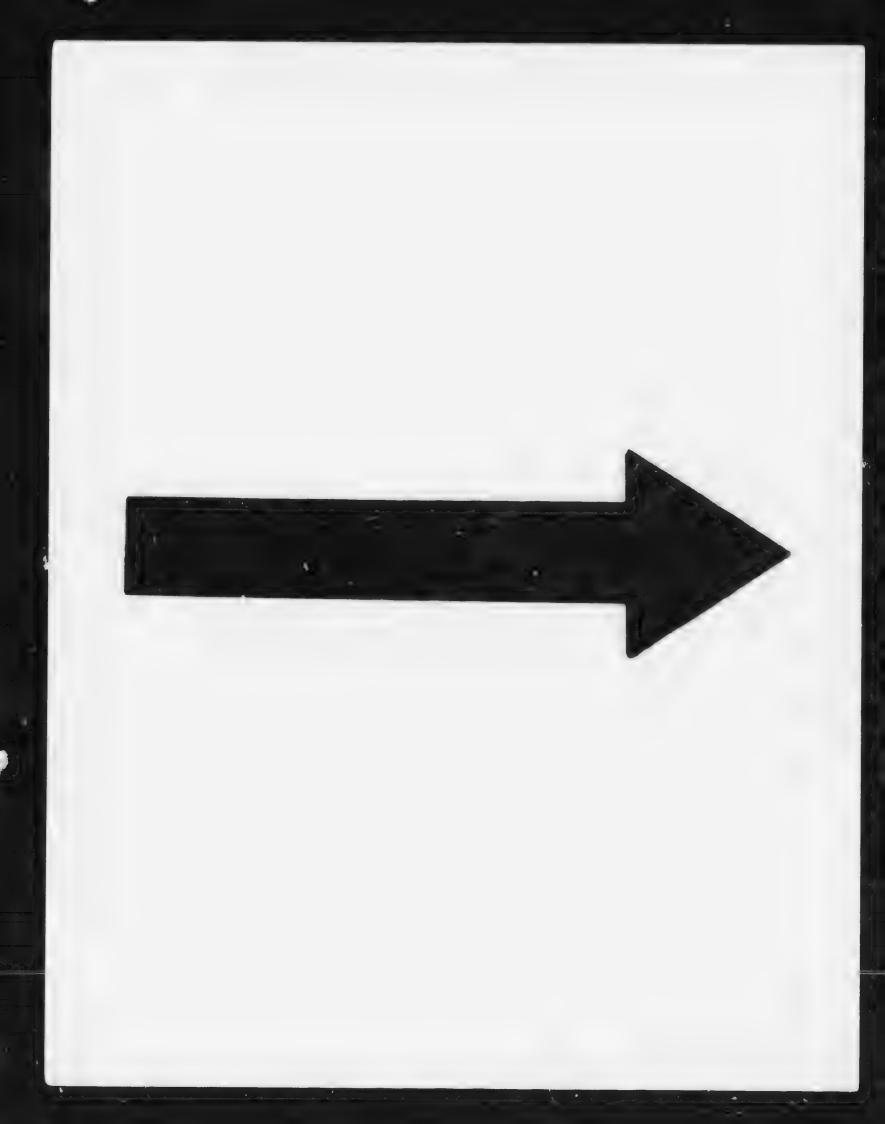
"Aye," answered Bedivere boldly, "my King, King everywhere! If the dead have kings, there also will I worship thee. But still thy life is whole, and still I live who love thee; but as for him who hates thee, he that brought the heathen back among us, behold yonder he stands unharmed,— Modred, the traitor of thy house," and he pointed scornfully to where Modred had lifted himself victoriously above a heap of slain.

All the great King's heart was shaken by one last wild burst of wrath. "Call him not one of my house," he cried fiercely, grasping his sword, Excalibur. "No kin of mine is he who hath lifted up his hand against me in treachery. But thou sayest well in this dark hour of mine that for thee I still am King. Yea, I am the King, and thou shalt see one more deed worthy of a King before I go hence and am seen no more."

Like a lion roused, he rushed upon the traitor. But Modred was ready and waiting, and gave him back blow for blow, inflicting many grievous wounds upon his head. Then Arthur, summoning all his strength for a fatal blow, brought down Excalibur with mighty force and laid the rebel Modred dead at his feet, but he was well-nigh dead himself.

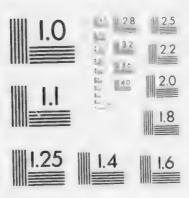
In a trice Sir Bedivere was at the side of his fainting King, and bore him tenderly to a ruined chapel in a field near by. It stood on a narrow strip of waste land, out of reach of the grasping sea, which sought in vain to over-wash it from one side, while on the other a great mere shone brightly in the moonlight. Here at the foot of a broken cross, Bedivere gently laid the King and ministered unto him.

Soon Arthur opened his blue eyes, and said weakly: "The sequel of to-day unsolders all the goodliest fellowship of famous



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knights whereof this world holds record. They sleep — the men I loved —," and a little later he whispered brokenly, "I perish

by this people which I made."

Then presently he seemed to gather strength, and roused himself to talk to the sorrowful Bedivere. "Ah, Bedivere, my faithful knight and true, first and last of all my noble Round Table, never more shall we meet in joyous converse in the halls and gardens of Camelot! All are dead, the men I loved. I made this realm and people, and they have been my death, though yet I hold by Merlin's prophecy that I shall come again to rule once more. But heed not thou the future. Urgent is the present need, for my wound is so deep that except some aid come I cannot live till morning. Do thou, therefore, take my good sword, Excalibur, which long ago was given me by the Lady of the Lake — thou rememberest how the mystic arm rose up from the surface of the water, and gave the sword into my hand; and thou knowest also how Merlin bade me: 'Take thou and strike; the time to cast away is yet far off,' and I took it and did strike, not for my own glory, but for the glory of Christ, my Master; and now the time is at hand to cast away - therefore take Excalibur, I say, and haste thee to the brink of the mere, fling him therein as far as thou mayest, watch what befalls, and quickly bring me word again."

"My King," answered Sir Bedivere earnestly, "it is not meet to leave thee here alone, for a little thing may harm a wounded man. Yet, if thou commandest, I can but obey. Quickly will I

go, watch and see, and bring thee word."

With all haste Sir Bedivere went forth from the ruined shrine, passing among the tombs that stood around it, where the bones of many mighty men lay moldering, and climbing by a rugged, zigzag path down the juts of pointed rock, he reached at last the shining levels of the lake. Here he drew the sword, Excalibur, and prepared to fling it into the lake. But, as he brandished it aloft, the moon came out from behind a cloud and sparkled in the keen frosty air upon the hilt, for the hilt was all encrusted with

gems,—sapphire, topaz, diamond, and jacinth, a miracle of jewel-work. And Bedivere was dazzled by the blinding light, and his purpose wavered for he could not bring himself to cast away a thing so precious. Therefore, he determined to leave Excalibur hidden among the many-knotted waterflags that whistled stiff and dry beside the water's edge, and so strode slowly back to the wounded King.

"Hast thou performed my mission?" questioned Arthur

quickly. "What hast thou seen or heard?"

And Bedivere made answer, saying: "I heard the waters lap-

ping on the rocks, and washing among the reeds."

"Thou hast betrayed thy nature and thy name, not rendering true answer like a noble knight!" cried the King faintly. "It is a shameful thing for men to lie. Hadst thou done as I bade thee, there had been some sign, either hand or voice or motion of the water. But now I charge thee, as thou art lief and dear to me, go again quickly, and spare not to fling the sword. Watch what

thou seest and bring me word."

So Sir Bedivere went the second time across the ridge. But no sooner had he drawn Excalibur from the reeds, than it again seemed to him to be a sin and a shame to cast away so noble a sword. "What good can follow if I do this thing?" he asked himself. "What harm if I do it not? Much harm in disobedience, doubtless; but would it be greatly wrong to disobey the King, now? Surely he is sick with his wound, and knows not what he says. And if I throw the sword away, what relic or record of my lord is left to after ages? Whereas, if Excalibur is kept stored in a King's treasure-house, it will be much to King Arthur's worship and honor. It will prove an inspiration to men in the ages to come, and folks will marvel at it and say, 'King Arthur's sword, wrought by the maiden of the Lake in nine years' time!" Therefore, he hid Excalibur a second time, and went slowly back to the King.

And Arthur, breathing heavily, asked him again: "What is

it thou hast seen or heard?"

"I heard the water lapping on the crag, and the long ripple washing in the reeds," answered Sir Bedivere as before.

Then was King Arthur wroth indeed. "Ah, traitor, unkind, untrue!" he cried scornfully. "Woe is me! Authority forgets a dying King. I see thee what thou art, for thou, the last of all my knights left to me, who should compass the love and loyal obedience of all, thou wouldst betray me for the sake of the precious hilt, either for the lust of the eyes or the lust of gold. But now, get thee hence once more, for though a man has twice failed in his duty, yet he may prosper the third time. Begone; only if this time thou sparest to fling Excalibur, I will arise and slay thee with mine own hands."

Sir Bedivere was filled with shame, and, rising quickly, he leaped down the path to the water's edge, snatched Excalibur from the bulrushes, and wheeling with shut eyes that he might not again be tempted, threw it with all his strength straight into the middle of the mere. Round and round the great brand flashed, making lightnings in the splendors of the moon, and whirling over in an arch like a streamer of light from the great Aurora of the North. But lo! ere the sword could dip the wave, a mighty arm, clothed in mystic white samite, rose up from the bosom of the waters, caught the hilt, and, brandishing Excalibur three times, drew it under into the mere. Then was Sir Bedivere filled with wonder and amazement, and he hurried to the King.

"Aye!" cried Arthur, before he could find breath for speech, "I know by thine eyes that thou hast done my command. Tell me: what is it thou hast heard, or seen?" And he listened quietly while Sir Bedivere told the wonder. Then he murmured heavily: "My end draws nigh; 'tis time that I were gone. Make broad thy shoulders to receive my weight, and bear me to the mere. I fear my wound hath taken cold, and that I shall die."

Sir Bedivere's eyes filled with tears, and he would have spoken but could find no words in which to clothe his remorse that his disobedience should have in any way placed his lord's life in jeopardy. Carefully he kneeled on one knee and taking the King's languid hands gently in his own, drew them over his shoulders, and so, rising, bore him upon his own broad back down to the water's edge. As they came near to the great mere, all shining in the winter moon's radiant glow, they beheld a dusky barge moving toward them. Dark as a funeral scarf it was, from stem to stern, and the decks were thronged with black-clad forms whose faces were hidden in black hoods. And among them were three queens in crowns of gold—the same three queens who often came to Arthur in his hour of need—and from them rose a wailing cry of lamentation "that shivered to the tingling stars."

"Place me in the barge," said the King faintly, as the vessel came close to the shore.

The bold Sir Bedivere obeyed wonderingly, giving up his precious charge to the three queens, who stretched forth eager arms to receive their wounded King. The tallest and fairest of the queens took his head in her lap and unbound his casque, and all three fell to chafing his hands, calling him by name, and bathing his white face with bitter tears. And, indeed, the sight of him was very piteous, so pale and blood-stained was he, with his glorious curls all parched with dust and hanging with clotted points,— a very different King from the Arthur of old who rode in shining armor, like a star, leading his knights to the charge in war or tournament!

Then the barge put off from the shore, and Bedivere was left alone. "Ah, my lord Arthur," he cried heart-brokenly, "whither shall I go? Where shall I hide myself? For the old days are dead and knightly glory is no more; the Round Table is gone forever. There have been no such times as these since the Star led the three Wise Men to Bethlehem. But now they are gone, and thou, too, art leaving me, and I — must I go forth into the darkened days and live my life among strange men who know me not?"

Slowly the King answered him from the barge: "The old or-

170 THE STORY OF IDYLLS OF THE KING

der changeth, yielding place to new, and God has many ways of accomplishing his purposes. Comfort thyself, for in me there is no comfort to trust in. My life's work is done, and I pray God to accept and purify it for Himself. And thou, if thou seest me no more, pray for my soul. More things are wrought by prayer than this world dreams of; it is the golden chain that links this earth to Heaven and the throne of God. Men are little better than sheep and goats, if, knowing God, they lift not their heads in prayer. But now farewell. I am going a long way with these friends of mine. My mind is all dim, but methinks I go to the island-valley of Avalon, where never comes hail or snow or wind-storms, neither does the sun's heat burn there, but all things rest and thrive amid wooded meadows ringed round with the summer sea. And there will I heal myself of my grievous wounds."

As the King ceased speaking, the barge moved away with oar and sail, "like some full-breasted swan that, fluting a wild carol ere her death, ruffles her pure cold plume, and takes the flood with swarthy webs." Long Sir Bedivere stood and gazed until the hull looked like one black dot against the verge of dawn, and the wailing had died away. Many memories crowded each other, but, chief of all, he pondered on Merlin's weird rhyme: "From the great deep to the great deep he goes." And he wondered whether Arthur would ever come again, and whether the three dark queens in the black barge were not the same three who had stood beside Arthur, clothed in light, when he was crowned King.

Then the stillness of the winter dawn oppressed him, and he groaned aloud: "The King is gone." But, as he climbed the jutting crags, he saw, or thought he saw, away in the distance, the barge, a mere speck on the verge of dawn. And as he looked, there was borne to his ears, from the far borders of the world, a triumphant sound of joyful welcome, as though the people of a great city, with one mighty voice, were rejoicing with music and singing over the coming of their King. As he strained his eyes beneath his arched hand, the speck vanished, and the sun burst forth

in all his glory, bringing the new year, with its new chances and triumphs. But Bedivere's heart was too sore for welcome, and he trudged away over the sands, himself also journeying into the unknown.



IDYLLS OF THE KING



IDYLLS OF THE KING

IN TWELVE BOOKS

"Flos Regum Arthurus" -- JOSEPH OF EXETER

DEDICATION

THESE to His Memory - since he With what sublime repression of himheld them dear.

Perchance as finding there unconsciously

Some image of himself - I dedicate, I dedicate, I consecrate with tears -These Idylls.

And indeed He seems to me Scarce other than my king's ideal knight.

"Who reverenced his conscience as his king:

Whose glory was, redressing human

wrong; Who spake no slander, no, nor

listen'd to it; Who loved one only and who clave to her -"

Her - over all whose realms to their last isle,

Commingled with the gloom of imminent war,

The shadow of His loss drew like eclipse,

Darkening the world. We have lost him: he is gone:

We know him now: all narrow jealousies

Are silent; and we see him as he moved,

How modest, kindly, all-accomplish'd, wise,

self,

And in what limits, and how tenderly;

Not swaying to this faction or to that;

Not making his high place the lawless perch

Of wing'd ambitions, nor a vantageground

For pleasure: but thro' all this tract of years

Wearing the white flower of a blameless life,

Before a thousand peering littlenesses, In that fierce light which beats upon a throne,

And blackens every blot: for where

Who dares foreshadow for an only

A lovelier life, a more unstain'd, than his?

Or how should England dreaming of his sons

Hope more for these than some inheritance

Of such a life, a heart, a mind as thine,

Thou noble Father of her Kings to be,

Laborious for her people and her poor ---

IDYLLS OF THE KING

Voice in the rich dawn of an ampler

Far-sighted summoner of War and Waste

To fruitful strifes and rivalries of peace —

Sweet nature gilded by the gracious gleam

Of letters, dear to Science, dear to

Dear to thy land and ours, a Prince indeed,

Beyond all titles, and a household

Hereafter, thro' all times, Albert the Good.

Break not, O woman's-heart, but still endure;

Break not, for thou art Royal, but endure,

Remembering all the beauty of that

Which shone so close beside Thee that ye made

One light together, but has past and leaves

The Crown a lonely spiendor.

May all love, His love, unseen but felt, o'ershadow Thee,

The love of all Thy sons encompass
Thee,

The love of all Thy daughters cherish Thee,

The love of all Thy people comfort

Till God's love set Thee at his side again!

THE COMING OF ARTHUR

LEODOGRAN, the King of Cameliard,

Had one fair daughter, and none other child;

And she was fairest of all flesh on earth,

Guinevere, and in her his one delight.

For many a petty king ere Arthur

Ruled in this isle, and ever waging

Each upon other, wasted all the land; And still from time to time the heathen host

Swarm'd overseas, and harried what was left.

And so there grew great tracts of wilderness,

Wherein the beast was ever more and more,

But man was less and less, till Arthur came.

For first Aurelius lived and fought and died,

And after him King Uther fought and died,

But either fail'd to make the kingdom one.

And after these King Arthur for a space,

And thro' the puissance of his Table Round,

Drew all their petty princedoms under him,

Their king and head, and made a realm, and reign'd.

And thus the land of Cameliard was waste,

Thick with wet woods, and many a beast therein,

And none or few to scarr or chase the For here between the man and beast beast;

So that wild dog, and wolf and boar

Came night and day, and rooted in the fields.

And wallow'd in the gardens of the King.

And ever and anon the wolf would steal

The children and devour, but now and then,

Her own brood lost or dead, lent her fierce teat

To human sucklings; and the children, housed

In her foul den, there at their meat would growl,

And mock their foster-mother on four

Till, straighten'd, they grew up to wolf-like men,

Worse than the wolves. And King Leodogran

Groan'd for the Roman legions here

And Cæsar's eagle: then his brother

Urien, assail'd him: last a heathen horde,

Reddening the sun with smoke and earth with blood,

And on the spike that split the mother's heart

Spitting the child, brake on him, till, amazed,

He knew not whither he should turn for aid.

But - for he heard of Arthur newly crown'd,

Tho' not without an uproar made by those

Who cried, "He is not Uther's son" - the King

Sent to him, saying, "Arise, and help us thou!

we die."

And Arthur yet had done no deed of arms.

But heard the call, and came: and Guinevere

Stood by the castle walls to watch him pass;

But since he neither wore on helm nor shield

The golden symbol of his kinglihood, But rode a simple knight among his knights,

And many of these in richer arms than he,

She saw him not, or mark'd not, if she saw,

One among many, tho' his face was bare.

But Arthur, looking downward as he

Felt the light of her eyes into his life Smite on the sudden, yet rode on, and pitch'd

His tents beside the forest. Then he drave

The heathen; after, slew the beast, and fell'd

The forest, letting in the sun, and made

Broad pathways for the hunter and the knight

And so return'd.

For while he linger'd there, A doubt that ever smolder'd in the hearts

Of those great Lords and Barons of his realm

Flash'd forth and into war: for most of these,

Colleaguing with a score of petty kings,

Made head against him, crying, "Who is he

That he should rule us? who hath proven him

King Uther's son? for lo! we look at him,

And find nor face nor bearing, limbs

Are like to those of Uther whom we knew.

This is the son of Gorloïs, not the King:

This is the so., of Anton, not the King."

And Arthur, passing thence to battle, felt

Travail, and throes and agonies of the life,

Desiring to be join'd with Guine-

And thinking as he rode, "Her father said

That there between the man and beast they die.

Shall I not lift her from this land of beasts

Up to my throne, and side by side with me?

What happiness to reign a lonely king,

Vext — O ye stars that shudder over me.

O earth that soundest hollow under me,

Vext with waste dreams? for saving I be join'd

To her that is the fairest under heaven,

I seem as nothing in the mighty world,

And cannot will my will, nor work my work

Wholly, nor make myself in mine own realm

Victor and lord. But were I join'd with her,

Then might we live together as one

And reigning with one will in every-

Have power on this dark land to lighten it,

And power on this dead world to make it live."

Thereafter — as he speaks who tells the tale —

When Arthur reach'd a field-of-battle bright

With pitch'd pavilions of his foe, the

Was all so clear about him, that he saw

The smallest rock far on the faintest hill.

And even in high day the morning star.

So when the King had set his banner broad,

At once from either side, with trumpet-blast,

And shouts, and clarions shrilling unto blood,

The long-lanced battle let their horses

And now the Barons and the kings prevail'd,

And now the King, as here and there that war

Went swaying; but the Powers who walk the world

Made lightnings and great thunders over him,

And dazed all eyes, till Arthur by main might,

And mightier of his hands with every blow,

And leading all his knighthood threw the kings

Carádos, Úrien, Cradlemont of Wales,

Claudias, and Clariance of Northumberland,

The King Brandagoras of Latangor, With Anguisant of Erin, Morganore, And Lot of Orkney. Then, before a

voice

As dreadful as the shout of one who Debating -" How should I that am

To one who sins, and deems himself alone

And all the world asleep, they swerved and brake

Flying, and Arthur call'd to stay the brands

That hack'd among the flyers, "Ho! they yield!"

So like a painted battle the war stood Silenced, the living quiet as the dead, And in the heart of Arthur joy was lord.

He laugh'd upon his warrior whom he loved

And honor'd most. "Thou dost not doubt me King,

So well thine arm hath wrought for me to-day."

"Sir and my liege," he cried, "the fire of God

Descends upon thee in the battlefield:

I know thee for my King!" Whereat the two,

For each had warded either in the fight.

Sware on the field of death a deathless love.

And Arthur said, "Man's word is God in man:

Let chance what will, I trust thee to the death."

Then quickly from the foughten field he sent

Ulfius, and Brastias, and Bedivere. His new-made knights, to King Leodogran,

Saying, "If I in aught have served thee well,

Give me thy daughter Guinevere to wife."

Whom when he heard Leodogran in heart

a king,

However much he he's me at my need.

Give my one daughter saving to a king,

And a king's son? "- lifted his voice. and call'd

A hoary man, his chamberlain, to

He trusted all things, and of him required

His counsel: "Knowest thou aught of Arthur's birth?"

Then spake the hoary chamberlain and said.

"Sir King, there be but two old men that know:

And each is twice as old as I; and

Is Merlin, the wise man that ever served

King Uther thro' his magic art; and

Is Merlin's master (so they call him) Bleys.

Who taught him magic; but the scholar ran

Before the master, and so far, that

Laid magic by, and sat him down, and wrote

All things and whatsoever Merlin did In one great annal-book, where afteryears

Will learn the secret of our Arthur's birth."

To whom the King Leodogran replied,

"O friend, had I been holpen half as

By this King Arthur as by thee today.

Then beast and man had had their share of me:

But summon here before us yet once

Ulfius, and Brastias, and Bedivere."

Then, when they came before him, the King said,

"I have seen the cuckoo chased by lesser fowl,

And reason in the chase: but wherefore now

Do these your lords stir up the heat of war,

Some calling Arthur born of Gorloïs, Others of Anton? Tell me, ye yourselves,

Hold ye this Arthur for King Uther's son?"

And Ulfius and Brastias answer'd, "Ave."

Then Bedivere, the first of all his

Knighted by Arthur at his crowning,

For bold in heart and act and word was he,

Whenever slander breathed against the King —

"Sir, there be many rumors on this head:

For there be those who hate him in their hearts,

Call him baseborn, and since his ways are sweet,

And theirs are bestial, hold him less than man:

And there be those who deem him more than man,

And dream he dropt from heaven: but my belief

In all this matter—so ye care to learn—

Sir, for ye know that in King Uther's

The prince and warrior Gorloïs, he that held

Tintagil castle by the Cornish sea,

Was wedded with a winsome wife, Ygerne:

And daughters had she borne him,—one whereof,

Lot's wife, the Queen of Orkney, Bellicent,

Hath ever like a loyal sister cleaved To Arthur,—but a son she had not borne.

And Uther cast upon her eyes of love: But she, a stainless wife to Gorloïs, So loathed the bright dishonor of his love,

That Gorloïs and King Uther went to war:

And overthrown was Gorloïs and slain.

Then Uther in his wrath and heat besieged

Ygerne within Tintagil, where her

Seeing the mighty swarm about their walls.

Left her and fled, and Uther enter'd in,

And there was none to call to but himself.

So, compass'd by the power of the King,

Enforced she was to wed him in her tears,

And with a shameful swiftness: afterward,

Not many moons, King Uther died himself,

Moaning and wailing for an heir to

After him, lest the realm should go to wrack.

And that same night, the night of the new year,

By reason of the bitterness and grief That vext his mother, all before his

Was Arthur born, and all as soon as born

Deliver'd at a secret postern-gate To Merlin, to be holden far apart Until his hour should come; because the lords

Of that fierce day were as the lords of this.

Wild beasts, and surely would have torn the child

Piecemeal among them, had they known; for each

But sought to rule for his own self and hand,

And many hated Uther for the sake Of Gorloïs. Wherefore Merlin took the child,

And gave him to Sir Anton, an old knight

And ancient friend of Uther; and his wife

Nursed the young prince, and rear'd him with her own;

And no man knew. And ever since the lords

Have foughten like wild beasts among themselves,

So that the realm has gone to wrack: but now,

This year, when Merlin (for his hour had come)

Brought Arthur forth, and set him in the hall,

Proclaiming, 'Here is Uther's heir,

your king,'
A hundred voices cried, 'Away with
him!

No king of ours! a son of Gorloïs

Or else the child of Anton, and no king,

Or else baseborn.' Yet Merlin thro' his craft,

And while the people clamor'd for a king.

Had Arthur crown'd; but after, the

Banded, and so brake out in open war."

Then while the King debated with himself

If Arthur were the child of shame-fulness,

Or born the son of Gorloïs, after death,

Or Uther's son, and born before his time,

Or whether there were truth in anything

Said by these three, there came to Cameliard,

With Gawain and young Modred, her two sons,

Lot's wife, the Queen of Orkney, Bellicent;

Whom as he could, not as he would, the King

Made feast for, saying, as they sat at meat,

"A doubtful throne is ice on summer seas.

Ye come from Arthur's court. Victor his men

Report him! Yea, but ye—think ye this king—

So many those that hate him, and so strong,

So few his knights, however brave they be —

Hath body enow to hold his foemen down?"

"O King," she cried, "and I will tell thee: few,

Few, but all brave, all of one mind with him;

For I was near him when the savage vells

Of Uther's peerage died, and Arthur

Crown'd on the daïs, and his warriors cried,

'Be thou the king, and we will work thy will

Who love thee.' Then the King in low deep tones,

And simple words of great authority, Bound them by so strait vows to his own self, That when they rose, knighted from kneeling, some

Were nale as at the passing of a ghost,

Some flush'd, and others dazed, as one who wakes

Half-blinded at the coming of a light.

"But when he spake and cheer'd his Table Round

With large, divine, and comfortable words,

Beyond my tongue to tell thee - I

From eye to eye thro' all their Order

A momentary likeness of the King: And ere it left their faces, thro' the

And those around it and the Crucified,

Down from the casement over Arthur, smote

Flame-color, vert and azure, in three rays,

One falling upon each of three fair queens,

Who stood in silence near his throne, the friends

Of Arthur, gazing on him, tall, with bright

Sweet faces, who will help him at his need.

"And there I saw mage Merlin, whose vast wit

And hundred winters are but as the hands

Of loyal vassals toiling for their liege.

"And near him stood the Lady of the Lake,

Who knows a subtler magic than his

Clothed in white samite, mystic, wonderful.

She gave the King his huge crosshilted sword,

Whereby to drive the heathen out:

Of incense curl'd about her, and her face

Wellnigh was hidden in the minster gloom;

But there was heard among the holy hymns

A voice as of the waters, for she dwells

Down in a deep; calm, whatsoever storms

May shake the world, and when the surface rolls,

Hath power to walk the waters like our Lord.

"There likewise I beheld Excalibur Before him at his crowning borne, the sword

That rose from out the bosom of the lake,

And Arthur row'd across and took it — rich

With jewels, elfin Urim, on the

Bewildering heart and eye — the blade so bright

That men are blinded by it — on one side,

Graven in the oldest tongue of all this world,

'Take me,' but turn the blade and ye shall see,

And written in the speech ye speak yourself,

'Cast me away!' And sad was
Arthur's face

Taking it, but old Merlin counsel'd

'Take thou and strike! the time to cast away

Is yet far-off.' So this great brand the king

Took, and by this will beat his foemen down." thought

To sift his doubtings to the last, and ask'd,

Fixing full eyes of question on her face,

"The swallow and the swift are near akin,

But thou art closer to this noble prince,

Being his own dear sister;" and she

"Daughter of Gorloïs and Ygerne am I;"

"And therefore Arthur's sister?" ask'd the King.

She answer'd, "These be secret things," and sign'd

To those two sons to pass, and let them be.

And Gawain went, and breaking into

Sprang out, and follow'd by his flying hair

Ran like a colt, and leapt at all he saw:

But Modred laid his ear beside the doors,

And there half-heard; the same that afterward

Struck for the throne, and striking found his doom.

And then the Queen made answer, "What know I?

For dark my mother was in eyes and hair

And dark in hair and eyes am I; and dark

Was Gorloïs, yea and dark was Uther, too,

Wellnigh to blackness; but this King is fair

Beyond the race of Britons and of

Moreover, always in my mind I hear A cry from out the dawning of my life,

Thereat Leodogran rejoiced, but A mother weeping, and I hear her sav.

O that ye had some brother, pretty one,

To guard thee on the rough ways of the world.' "

"Aye," said the King, "and hear ye such a cry?

But when did Arthur chance upon thee first?"

"O King!" she cried, "and I will tell thee true:

He found me first when yet a little maid:

Beaten I had been for a little fault Whereof I was not guilty; and out I

And flung myself down on a bank of heath,

And hated this fair world and all therein.

And wept, and wish'd that I were dead; and he -

I know not whether of himself he came,

Or brought by Merlin, who, they say, can walk

Unseen at pleasure — he was at my side.

And spake sweet words, and comforted my heart,

And dried my tears, being a child with me.

And many a time he came, and ever-

As I grew greater grew with me; and sad

At times he seem'd, and sad with him was I.

Stern too at times, and then I loved him not,

But sweet again, and then I loved him well.

And now of late I see him less and less.

- But those first days had golden hours
- For then I surely thought he would be king.
- "But let me tell thee now another
- For Bleys, our Merlin's master, as
- Died but of late, and sent his cry to
- To hear him speak before he left his life.
- Shrunk like a fairy changeling lay the mage;
- And when I enter'd told me that himself
- And Merlin ever served about the King,
- Uther, before he died; and on the night
- When Uther in Tintagil past away Moaning and wailing for an heir, the
- Left the still King, and passing forth to breathe,
- Then from the castle gateway by the
- chasm
 Descending thro' the dismal night —
- a night
 In which the bounds of heaven and
 earth were lost —
- Beheld, so high upon the dreary deeps It seem'd in heaven, a ship, the shape thereof
- A dragon wing'd, and all from stem
- Bright with a shining people on the decks,
- And gone as soon as seen. And then the two
- Dropt to the cove, and watch'd the great sea fall,
- Wave after wave, each mightier than the last,
- Till last, a ninth one, gathering half the deep

- And full of voices, slowly rose and
- Roaring, and all the wave was in a flame:
- And down the wave and in the flame was borne
- A naked babe, and rode to Merlin's feet,
- Who stoopt and caught the babe, and cried 'The King!
- Here is an heir for Uther!' And the fringe
- Of that great breaker, sweeping up the strand,
- Lash'd at the wizard as he spake the word,
- And all at once all round him rose in fire,
- So that the child and he were clothed in fire.
- And presently thereafter follow'd calm,
- Free sky and stars: 'And this same child,' he said,
- 'Is he who reigns; nor could I part in peace
- Till this were told.' And saying this the seer
- Went thro' the strait and dreadful pass of death,
- Not ever to be question'd any more Save on the further side; but when I met
- Merlin, and ask'd him if these things were truth—
- The shining dragon and the naked child
- Descending in the glory of the seas— He laugh'd as is his wont, and an-
- swer'd me
 In riddling triplets of old time, and
 said:
 - "'Rain, rain, and sun! a rainbow in the sky!
- A young man will be wiser by and by;

An old man's wit may wander ere Doubted, and drowsed, nodded and he die.

Rain, rain, and sun! a rainbow on the lea!

And truth is this to me, and that to

And truth or clothed or naked let it be.

Rain, sun, and rain! and the free blossom blows:

Sun, rain, and sun! and where is he who knows?

From the great deep to the great deep he goes.'

"So Merlin riddling anger'd me; but thou

Fear not to give this King thine only child,

Guinevere: so great bards of him will sing

Hereafter; and dark savings from of

Ranging and ringing thro' the minds of men.

And echo'd by old folk beside their fires

For comfort after their wage-work is done,

Speak of the King; and Merlin in our time

Hath spoken also, not in jest, and sworn

Tho' men may wound him that he

will not die, But pass, again to come; and then or

Utterly smite the heathen underfoot,

Till these and all men hail him for their king."

She spake and King Leodogran rejoiced,

But musing "Shall I answer yea or nay?'

slept, and saw,

Dreaming, a slope of land that ever

Field after field, up to a height, the

Haze-hidden, and thereon a phantom

Now looming, and now lost; and on the slope

The sword rose, the hind fell, the herd was driven,

Fire glimpsed; and all the land from roof and rick.

In drifts of smoke before a rolling wind,

Stream'd to the peak, and mingled with the haze

And made it thicker; while the phantom king

Sent out at times a voice; and here or there

Stood one who pointed toward the voice, the rest

Slew on and burnt, crying, "No king of ours,

No son of Uther, and no king of ours;"

Till with a wink his dream was changed, the haze

Descended, and the solid earth be-

As nothing, but the King stood out in heaven,

Crown'd. And Leodogran awoke, and sent

Ulfius, and Brastias and Bedivere,

Back to the court of Arthur answering yea.

Then Arthur charged his warrior whom he loved

And honor'd most, Sir Lancelot, to ride forth

And bring the Queen; — and watch'd him from the gates.

And Lancelot past away among the flowers,

- (For then was latter April) and re-
- Among the flowers, in May, with Guinevere.
- To whom arrived, by Dubric the high saint,
- Chief of the church in Britain, and before
- The stateliest of her altar-shrines, the King
- That morn was married, while in stainless white,
- The fair beginners of a nobler time,
- And glorying in their vows and him, his knights
- Stood round him, and rejoicing in his
- Far shone the fields of May thro' open door,
- The sacred altar blossom'd white with May,
- The Sun of May descended on their King,
- They gazed on all earth's beauty in their Queen,
- Roll'd incense, and there past along the hymns
- A voice as of the waters, while the
- Sware at the shrine of Christ a deathless love:
- And Arthur said, "Behold, thy doom
- is mine.

 Let chance what will, I love thee to
- the death!"
 To whom the Queen replied with drooping eyes,
- "King and my lord, I love thee to the death!"
- And holy Dubric spread his hands and spake,
- "Reign ye, and live and love, and make the world
- Other, and may thy Queen be one with thee,
- And all this Order of thy Table Round

- Fulfil the boundless purpose of their King!"
 - So Dubric said; but when they left the shrine
- Great Lords from Rome before the portal stood,
- In scornful stillness gazing as they past;
- Then while they paced a city all on
- With sun and cloth of gold, the trumpets blew,
- And Arthur's knighthood sang before the King: --
 - "Blow trumpet, for the world is white with May;
 - Blow trumpet, the long night hath roll'd away!
 - Blow thro' the living world —' Let the King reign.'
 - "Shall Rome or Heathen rule in Arthur's realm?
 - Flash brand and lance, fall battleax
 - Fall battleax, and flash brand! Let the King reign.
 - "Strike for the King and live! his knights have heard
 - That God hath told the King a secret word.
 - Fall battleax, and flash brand! Let the King reign.
 - "Blow trumpet! he will lift us from the dust.
 - Blow trumpet! live the strength and die the lust!
 - Clang battleax, and clash brand! Let the King reign.
 - "Strike for the King and die! and if thou diest,
 - The King is King, and ever wills the highest.

Let the King reign.

"Blow, for our Sun is mighty in his May!

Blow, for our Sun is mightier day by day!

Clang battleax, and clash brand! Let the King reign.

"The King will follow Christ, and we the King

In whom high God hath breathed a secret thing.

Fall battleax, and flash brand! Let the King reign."

So sang the knighthood, : noving to their hall.

There at the banquet those great Lords from Rome,

The slowly-fading mistress of the world,

Strode in, and claim'd their tribute as of vore.

Clang battleax, and clash brand! But Arthur spake, "Behold, for these have sworn

To wage my wars, and worship me their King:

The old order changeth, yielding place to new;

And we that fight for our fair father Christ,

Seeing that ye be grown too weak and old

To drive the heathen from your Roman wall,

No tribute will we pay:" so those great lords

Drew back in wrath, and Arthur strove with Rome.

And Arthur and his knighthood for a space

Were all one will, and thro' that strength the King

Drew in the petty princedoms under

Fought, and in twelve great battles overcame

The heathen hordes and made & realm and reign'd.

THE ROUND TABLE

GARETH AND LYNETTE THE MARRIAGE OF GERAINT GERAINT AND ENID BALIN AND BALAN MERLIN AND VIVIEN

LANCELOT AND ELAINE THE HOLY GRAIL PELLEAS AND ETTARRE THE LAST TOURNAMENT GUINEVERE

GARETH AND LYNETTE

THE last tall son of Lot and Belli-And tallest, Gareth, in a showerful

spring Stared at the spate. A slendershafted Pine

Lost footing, fell, and so was whirl'd away.

"How he went down," said Gareth, " as a false knight

Or evil king before my lance if lance

Were mine to use — O senseless cata-

Bearing all down in thy precipitancy -

And yet thou art but swollen with cold snows

And mine is living blood: thou dost His will,

The Maker's, and not knowest, and I that know,

Have strength and wit, in my good mother's hall

Linger with vacillating obedience, Prison'd, and kept and coax'd and whistled to—

Since the good mother holds me still a child!

Good mother is bad mother unto me!

A worse were better; yet no worse would I.

Heaven yield her for it, but in me

To weary her ears with one continuous prayer,

Until she let me fly discaged to sweep In ever-highering eagle-circles up To the great Sun of Glory, and

thence swoop

Down upon all things base, and dash

Down upon all things base, and dash them dead,

A knight of Arthur, working out his will,

To cleanse the world. Why, Gawain, when he came

With Modred hither in the summertime,

Ask'd me to tilt with him, the proven knight.

Modred for want of worthier was the judge.

Then I so shook him in the saddle, he said,

Thou hast half prevail'd against me,' said so — he —

Tho' Modred biting his thin lips was mute.

For he is alway sullen: what care I?"

And Gareth went, and hovering round her chair

Ask'd, "Mother, tho' ye count me still the child,

Sweet mother, do ye love the child?"
She laugh'd,

"Thou art but a wild-goose to question it."

"Then, mother, an ye love the child," he said,

"Being a goose and rather tame than wild.

Hear the child's story." "Yea, my well-beloved,

An 'twere but of the goose and golden eggs."

And Gareth answer'd her with kindling eyes,

"Nay, nay, good mother, but this egg of mine

Was finer gold than any goose can lay;

For this an Eagle, a royal Eagle,

Almost beyond eye-reach, on such a palm

As glitters gilded in thy Book of Hours.

And there was ever haunting round the palm

A lusty youth, but poor, who often saw

The splendor sparkling from aloft, and thought

'An I could climb and lay my hand upon it,

Then were I wealthier than a leash of kings."

But ever when he reach'd a hand to climb,

One, that had loved him from his childhood, caught

And stay'd him, "Climb not lest thou break thy neck,

I charge thee by my love," and so the boy,

Sweet mother, neither clomb, nor brake his neck,

But brake his very heart in pining for it,

And past away."

To whom the mother said, "True love, sweet son, had risk'd himself and climb'd,

And handed down the golden treasure to him."

And Gareth answer'd her with kindling eyes,

"Gold? said I gold?—aye, then, why he, or she,

Or whosoe'er it was, or half the world Had ventured—had the thing I spake of been

Mere gold — but this was all of that true steel,

Whereof they forged the brand Excalibur,

And lightnings play'd about it in the storm,

And all the little fowl were flurried at it,

And there were cries and clashings in the nest,

That sent him from his senses: let me go."

Then Bellicent bemoan'd herself and said,

"Hast thou no pity upon my loneliness?

Lo, where thy father Lot beside the hearth

Lies like a log, and all but smolder'd out!

For ever since when traitor to the King

He fought against him in the Barons'

And Arthur gave him back his territory,

His age hath slowly droopt, and now lies there

A yet-warm corpse, and yet unburiable,

No more; nor sees, nor hears, nor speaks, nor knows.

And both thy brethren are in Arthur's hall,

Albeit neither loved with that full love

I feel for thee, nor worthy such a love:

Stay therefore thou; red bernies charm the bird,

And thee, mine innocent, the jousts, the wars,

Who never knewest finger-ache, nor pang

Of wrench'd or broken limb — an often chance

In those brain-stunning shocks, and tourney-falls,

Frights to my heart; but stay: follow the deer

By these tall firs and our fast-falling burns;

So make thy manhood mightier day by day;

Sweet is the chase: and I will seek thee out

Some comfortable bride and fair, to

Thy climbing life, and cherish my prone year,

Till falling into Lot's forgetfulness I know not thee, myself, nor anything.

Stay, my best son! ye are yet more boy than man."

Then Gareth, "An ye hold me yet for child,

Hear yet once more the story of the child.

For, mother, there was once a King, like ours.

The prince his heir, when tall and marriageable,

Ask'd for a bride; and thereupon the King

Set two before him. One was fair, strong, arm'd —

But to be won by force — and many

Desired her; one, good lack, no man desired.

- And these were the conditions of the King:
- That save he won the first by force, he needs
- Must wed that other, whom no man desired,
- A red-faced bride who knew herself so vile.
- That evermore she long'd to hide herself,
- Nor fronted man or woman, eye to eve -
- Yea some she cleaved to, but they died of her.
- And one they call'd her Fame; and one, - O Mother,
- How can ye keep me tether'd to you - Shame.
- Man am I grown, a man's work must I do.
- Follow the deer? follow the Christ, the King,
- Live pure, speak true, right wrong, follow the King --
- Else, wherefore born?"
- To whom the mother said, "Sweet son, for there be many who
- deem him not,
- Or will not deem him, wholly proven King-
- Albeit in mine own heart I knew him King,
- When I was frequent with him in my youth,
- And heard him Kingly speak, and doubted him
- No more than he, himself; but felt him mine,
- Of closest kin to me: yet wilt thou leave
- Thine easeful biding here, and risk thine all,
- Life, limbs, for one that is not proven
- Stay, till the cloud that settles round his birth

- Hath lifted but a little. Stay, sweet son."
 - And Gareth answer'd quickly, " Not an hour,
- So that ye yield me I will walk thro' fire,
- Mother, to gain it your full leave to go.
- Not proven, who swept the dust of ruin'd Rome
- From off the threshold of the realm, and crush'd
- The Idolaters, and made the people free?
- Who should be King save him who makes us free?
 - So when the Queen, who long had sought in vain
- To break him from the intent to which he grew,
- Found her son's will unwaveringly
- She answer'd craftily, "Will ye walk thro' fire?
- Who walks thro' fire will hardly heed the smoke.
- Aye, go then, an ye must: only one proof.
- Before thou ask the King to make thee knight,
- Of thine obedience and thy love to
- Thy mother, I demand."
 - And Gareth cried.
- "A hard one, or a hundred, so I go. Nay - quick! the proof to prove me to the quick!
 - But slowly spake the mother looking at 'im,
- "Prince, thou shalt go disguised to Arthur's hall,
- And hire thyself to serve for meats and drinks

Among the scullions and the kitchen-knaves.

And those that hand the dish across the bar.

Nor shalt thou tell thy name to any-

And thou shalt serve a twelvemonth and a day."

For so the Queen believed that when her son

Beheld his only way to glory lead Low down thro' villain kitchenvassalage,

Her own true Gareth was too princely-proud

To pass thereby; so should he rest with her,

Closed in her castle from the sound of arms.

Silent awhile was Gareth, then replied,

"The thrall in person may be free in soul.

And I shall see the jousts. Thy son am I,

And since thou art my mother, must obev.

I therefore yield me freely to thy

For hence will I, disguised, and hire myself

To serve with scullions and with kitchen-knaves;

Nor tell my name to any - no, not the King."

Gareth awhile linger'd. The mother's eye

Full of the wistful fear that he would

And turning toward him wheresoe'er he turn'd,

Perplext his outward purpose, till an hour,

When waken'd by the wind which with full voice

Swept bellowing thro' the darkness on to dawn,

He rose, and out of slumber calling

That still had tended on him from his birth,

Before the wakeful mother heard him, went.

The three were clad like tillers of the soil.

Southward they set their faces. The

Melody on branch, and melody in mid air.

The damp hill-slopes were quicken'd into green,

And the live green had kindled into

For it was past the time of Easterday.

So, when their feet were planted on the plain

That broaden'd toward the base of Camelot,

Far off they saw the silver-misty

Rolling her smoke about the Royal

That rose between the forest and the field.

At times the summit of the high city flash'd;

At times the spires and turrets halfway down

Prick'd thro' the mist; at times the great gate shone

Only, that open'd on the field below:

Anon, the whole fair city had disappear'd.

Then those who went with Gareth were amazed,

One crying, "Let us go no further, lord.

Here is a city of Enchanters, built

- By fairy Kings." The second echo'd
- "Lord, we have heard from our wise man at home
- To Northward, that this King is not the King,
- But only changeling out of Fairy-
- Who drave the heathen hence by sorcery
- And Merlin's glamour." Then the first again,
- "Lord, there is no such city anywhere,
- But all a vision."
 - Gareth answer'd them
- With laughter, swearing he had glamour enow
- In his own blood, his princedom, youth and hopes,
- To plunge old Merlin in the Arabian
- So push'd them all unwilling toward
- the gate.

 And there was no gate like it under
- heaven.

 For barefoot on the keystone, which
 was lined
- And rippled like an ever-fleeting
- The Lady of the Lake stood: all her
- Wept from her sides as water flowing away;
- But like the cross her great and goodly arms
- Stretch'd under all the cornice and upheld:
- And drops of water fell from either hand;
- And down from one a sword was hung, from one
- A censer, either worn with wind and
- And o'er her breast floated the sacred fish;

- And in the space to left of her, and right,
- Were Arthur's wars in weird devices
- New things and old co-twisted, as if
- Were nothing, so inveterately, that
- Were giddy gazing there; and over
- High on the top were those three Oueens, the friends
- Of Arthur, who should help him at his need.
 - Then those with Gareth for so long a space
- Stared at the figures, that at last it seem'd
- The dragon-boughts and elvish emblemings
- Began to move, seethe, twine and curl: they call'd
- To Gareth, "Lord, the gateway is alive."
 - And Gareth likewise on them fixt
- Sc long, that ev'n to him they seem'd to move.
- Out of the city a blast of music peal'd.
- Back from the gate started the three, to whom
- From out thereunder came an ancient
- Long-bearded, saying, "Who be ye, my sons?"
 - Then Gareth, "We be tillers of the soil,
- Who leaving share in furrow come to see
- The glories of our King: but these, my men,
- (Your city moved so weirdly in the mist)

Doubt if the King be King at all, or A man should not be bound by, yet

From Fairyland; and whether this be

By magic, and by fairy Kings and Queens;

Or whether there be any city at all, Or all a vision: and this music now Hath scared them both, but tell thou these the truth."

Then that old Seer made answer playing on him

And saying, "Son, I have seen the good ship sail

Keel upward, and mast downward, in the heavens,

And solid turrets topsy-turvy in air: And here is truth; but an it please thee not.

Take thou the truth as thou hast told it me.

For truly as thou sayest, a Fairy

And Fairy Queens have built the city, son;

They came from out a sacred mountain-cleft

Toward the sunrise, each with harp in hand,

And built it to the music of their harps.

And, as thou sayest, it is enchanted,

For there is nothing in it as it seems Saving the King; tho' some there be that hold

The King a shadow, and the city real:

Yet take thou heed of him, for, so thou pass

Beneath this archway, then wilt thou become

A thrall to his enchantments, for the

Will bind thee by such vows, as is a shame

the which

No man can keep; but, so thou dread to swear,

Pass not beneath this gateway, but abide

Without, among the cattle of the field.

For an ye heard a music, like enow They are building still, seeing the city is built

To music, therefore never built at all.

And therefore built forever."

Gareth spake

Anger'd, "Old Master, reverence thine own beard

That looks as white as utter truth, and seems

Wellnigh as long as thou art statured tall!

Why mockest thou the stranger that hath been

To thee fair-spoken?"

But the Seer replied, "Know ye not then the Riddling of the Bards?

'Confusion, and illusion, and rela-

Elusion, and occasion, and evasion? I mock thee not but as thou mockest

And all that see thee, for thou art not who

Thou seemest, but I know thee who thou art.

And now thou goest up to mock the King,

Who cannot brook the shadow of any lie."

Unmockingly the mocker ending

Turn'd to the right, and past along the plain;

- Whom Gareth looking after said, " My men,
- Our one white lie sits like a little
- Here on the threshold of our enter-
- Let love be blamed for it, not she, nor I:
- Well, we will make amends."
 - With all good cheer
- He spake and laugh'd, then enter'd with his twain
- Camelot, a city of shadowy palaces And stately, rich in emblem and the
- work Of ancient kings who did their days in stone;
- Which Merlin's hand, the Mage at Arthur's court,
- Knowing all arts, had touch'd, and everywhere
- At Arthur's ordinance, tipt with lessening peak
- And pinnacle, and had made it spire to heaven.
- And ever and anon a knight would
- Outward, or inward to the hall: his
- Clash'd; and the sound was good to Gareth's ear.
- And out of bower and casement shyly glanced
- Eyes of pure women, wholesome stars of love;
- And all about a healthful people stept
- As in the presence of a gracious king.
 - Then into hall Gareth ascending
- A voice, the voice of Arthur, and beheld
- Far over heads in that long-vaulted
- The splendor of the presence of the King

- Throned, and delivering doom and look'd no more -
- But felt his young heart hammering in his ears,
- And thought, "For this half-shadow of a lie
- The truthful King will doom me when I speak.'
- Yet pressing on, tho' all in fear to find
- Sir Gawain or Sir Modred, saw nor
- Nor other, but in all the listening eyes
- Of those tall knights, that ranged about the throne,
- Clear honor shining like the dewy star
- Of dawn, and faith in their great King, with pure
- Affection, and the light of victory,
- And glory gain'd, and evermore to gain.
 - Then came a widow crying to the
- "A boon, Sir King! Thy father, Uther, reft
- From my dead lord a field with violence:
- For howsoe'er at first he proffer'd
- Yet, for the field was pleasant in our
- We yielded not; and then he reft us of it
- Perforce, and left us neither gold nor field."
 - Said Arthur: "Whether would ye? gold or field?"
- To whom the woman weeping, " Nay my lord,
- The field was pleasant in my husband's eye."
 - And Arthur, "Have thy pleasant field again,

And thrice the gold for Uther's use thereof,

According to the years. No boon is nere,

But justice, so thy say be proven true. Accursed, who from the wrongs his father did

Would shape himself a right!"

And while she past, Came yet another widow crying to him.

"A boon, Sir King! Thine enemy, King, am I.

With thine own hand thou slewest my dear lord,

A knight of Uther in the Barons' war,

When Lot and many another rose and fought

Against thee, saying thou wert basely

I held with these, and loathe to ask thee aught.

Yet lol my husband's brother had

Thrall'd in his castle, and hath starved him dead:

And standeth seized of that inherit-

Which thou that slewest the sire hast left the son.

So tho' I scarce can ask it thee for hate,

Grant me some knight to do the battle for me,

Kill the foul thief, and wreak me for my son.'

Then strode a good knight forward, crying to him,

"A boon, Sir King! I am her kinsman, I.

Give me to right her wrong, and slay the man."

Then came Sir Kay, the seneschal, and cried,

"A boon, Sir King! ev'n that thou grant her none,

This railer, that hath mock'd thee in full hall —

None; or the wholesome boon of gyve and gag."

But Arthur, "We sit King, to help the wrong'd

Thro' all our realm. The woman loves her lord.

Peace to thee, woman, with thy loves and hates!

The kings of old had doom'd thee to the flames,

Aurelius Emrys would have scourged thee dead,

And Uther slit thy tongue: but get thee hence —

Lest that rough humor of the kings of old

Return upon me! Thou that art her kin,

Go likewise; lay him low and slay him not,

But bring him here, that I may judge the right,

According to the justice of the King: Then, be he guilty, by that deathless King

Who lived and died for men, the man shall die."

Then came in hall the messenger of Mark,

A name of evil savor in the land, The Cornish king. In either hand he bore

What dazzled all, and shone far-off as shines

A field of charlock in the sudden

Between two showers, a cloth of palest gold,

Which down he laid before the throne, and knelt,

Delivering, that his lord, the vassal king,

IDYLLS OF THE KING

Was ev'n upon his way to Camelot; For having heard that Arthur of his grace

Had made his goodly cousin, Tristram, knight,

And, for himself was of the greater state,

Being a king, he trusted his liegelord

Would yield him this large honor all the more;

So pray'd him well to accept this cloth of gold,

In token of true heart and feälty.

to rend the Then Arthur cloth, to rer.

In pieces, and so cas, it on the hearth.

An oak-tree smolder'd there. "The goodly knight!

What! shall the shield of Mark stand among these?"

For, midway down the side of that long hall

A stately pile,—whereof along the front,

Some blazon'd, some but carven, and some blank,

There ran a treble range of stony shields,-

Rose, and high-arching overbrow'd the hearth.

And under every shield a knight was named:

For this was Arthur's custom in his hall:

When some good knight had done one noble deed,

His arms were carven only; but if twain

His arms were blazon'd also; but if

The shield was blank and bare with-

eth saw

The shield of Gawain blazon'd rich and bright,

And Modred's blank as death; and Arthur cried

To rend the cloth and cast it on the hearth.

"More like are we to reave him of his crown

Thea make him knight because men call him king.

The kings we found, ye know we stay'd their hands

From war among themselves, but left them kings;

Of whom were any bounteous, merciful,

Truth-speaking, brave, good livers, them we enroll'd

Among us, and they sit within our hall.

But Mark hath tarnish'd the great name of king,

As Mark would sully the low state of churl:

And, seeing he hath sent us cloth of gold, Return, and meet, and hold him

from our eyes, Lest we should lap him up in cloth

of lead,

Silenced forever — craven — a man of plots,

Craft, poisonous counsels, wayside ambushings -

No fault of thine: let Kay the seneschal

Look to thy wants, and send thee satisfied -

Accursed, who strikes nor lets the hand be seen!"

And many another suppliant crying

With noise of ravage wrought by beast and man,

Saving the name beneath; and Gar- And evermore a knight would ride awav.

heavily

Down on the shoulders of the twain, his men.

Approach'd between them toward the King, and ask'd,

"A boon, Sir King (his voice was all ashamed),

For see ye not how weak and hunger-worn

I seem — leaning on these? grant me to serve

For meat and drink among thy kitchen-knaves

A twelvemonth and a day, nor seek my name.

Hereafter I will fight."

To him the King, "A goodly youth and worth a goodlier boon!

But so thou wilt no goodlier, then must Kay,

The master of the meats and drinks, be thine."

He rose and past; then Kay, a man

Wan-sallow as the plant that feels itself

Root-bitten by white lichen,

"Lo ye now!

This fellow hath broken from some Abbey, where,

God wot, he had not beef and brewis enow,

However that might chance! but an he work,

Like any pigeon will I cram his crop, And sleeker shall he shine than any

Then Lancelot standing near, "Sir Seneschal,

Sleuth-hound thou knowest, and gray, and all the hounds;

Last, Gareth leaning both hands A horse thou knowest, a man thou dost not know:

Broad brows and fair, a fluent hair and fine,

High nose, a nostril large and fine, and hands

Large, fair and fine! - Some young lad's mystery -

But, or from sheepcot or king's hall, the boy

Is noble-natured. Treat him with all grace,

Lest he should come to shame thy judging of him."

Then Kay, "What murmurest thou of mystery?

Think ye this fellow will poison the King's dish?

Nay, for he spake too fool-like: mystery!

Tut, an the lad were noble, he had ask'd

For horse and armor: fair and fine, forsooth!

Sir Fine-face, Sir Fair-hands? but see thou to it

That thine own fineness, Lancelot, some fine day

Undo thee not - and leave my man to me."

So Gareth all for glory underwent The sooty yoke of kitchen-vassalage; Ate with young lads his portion by the door.

And couch'd at night with grimy kitchen-knaves.

And Lancelot ever spake him pleas-

But Kay the seneschal, who loved him

Would hustle and harry him, and labor him

Beyond his comrade of the hearth, and set

To turn the broach, draw water, or new wood,

- Or grosser tasks; and Gereth bow'd himself
- With all obedience to the Kink', and wrought
- All kind of service with a noble ease That graced the lowliest act in doing
- And when the thralls had talk among themselves.
- And one would praise the love that linkt the King
- And Lancelot how the King had saved his life
- In battle twice, and Lancelot once the King's -
- For Lancelot was the first in Tournament.
- But Arthur mightiest on the battlefield -
- Gareth was glad. Or if some other told.
- How once the wandering forester at
- Far over the blue tarns and hazy
- On Caer-Eryri's highest found the
- A naked babe, of whom the Prophet
- 'He passes to the Isle Avilion,
- He passes and is heal'd and cannot die '-
- Gareth was glad. But if their talk were foul,
- Then would he whistle rapid as any lark.
- Or carol some old roundelay, and so loud
- That first they mock'd, but, after, reverenced him.
- Or Gareth telling some prodigious
- Of knights, who sliced a red lifebubbling way
- Thro' twenty folds of twisted dragon held
- All in a gap-mouth'd circle his good mates

- Lying or sitting round him, idle hands,
- Charm'd; till Sir Kay, the seneschal, would come
- Blustering upon them, like a sudden wind
- Among dead leaves, and drive them all apart.
- Or when the thralls had sport among themselves,
- So there were any trial of mastery.
- He, by two yards in casting bar or
- Was counted best; and if there chanced a joust,
- So that Sir Kay nodded him leave
- Would hurry thither, and when he saw the knights
- Clash like the coming and retiring wave,
- And the spear spring, and good horse reel, the boy
- Was half beyond himself for ecstasy.
 - So for a month he wrought among the thralls:
- But in the weeks that follow'd, the good Queen,
- Repentant of the word she made him swear,
- And saddening in her childless castle, sent,
- Between the in-crescent and de-crescent moon,
- Arms for her son, and loosed him from his vow.
 - This, Gareth hearing from a squire of Lot
- With whom he used to play at tourney once,
- When both were children, and in lonely haunts
- Would scratch a ragged oval on the sand,
- And each at either dash from either end -

Shame never made girl redder than Gareth joy.

He laugh'd; he sprang. "Out of the smoke, at once

I leap from Satan's foot to Peter's

These news be mine, none other's ---

Descend into the city:" whereon he sought

The King alone, and found, and told him all.

"I have stagger'd thy strong Gawain in a tilt

For pastime; yea, he said it: joust can I.

Make me thy knight — in secret! let my name

Be hidd'n, and give me the first quest,
I spring

Like flame from ashes."

Here the King's calm eye Fell on, and check'd, and made him flush, and bow

Lowly, to kiss his hand, who answer'd him,

"Son, the good mother let me know thee here,

And sent her wish that I would yield thee thine.

Make thee my knight? my knights are sworn to vows

Of utter hardihood, utter gentleness, And, loving, utter faithfulness in love,

And uttermost obedience to the King."

Then Gareth, lightly springing from his knees,

"My King, for hardihood I can promise thee.

For uttermost obedience make de-

Of whom ye gave me to, the Seneschal.

No mellow master of the meats and drinks!

And as for love, God wot, I love not yet.

But love I shall, God willing."

And the King-

"Make thee my knight in secret? yea, but he,

Our noblest brother, and our truest

And one with me in all, he needs must know."

"Let Lancelot know, my King, let Lancelot know,

Thy noblest and thy truest!"

And the King-

"But wherefore would ye men should wonder at you?"

Nay, rather for the sake of me, their King,

And the deed's sake my knighthood do the deed,

Than to be noised of."

Merrily Gareth ask'd,

"Have I not earn'd my cake in paking of it?

Let be my name until I make my name!

My deeds will speak: it is but for a day."

So with a kindly hand on Gareth's arm

Smiled the great King, and half-unwillingly

Loving his lusty youthhood yielded to him.

Then, after summoning Lancelot privily,

"I have given him the first quest: he is not proven.

Look therefore when he calls for this in hall,

Thou get to horse and follow him far away.

Cover the lions on thy shield, and

Far as thou mayest, he be nor ta'en nor slain."

Then that same day there past into the hall

A damsel of high lineage, and a brow May-blossom, and a cheek of appleblossom,

Hawk-eyes; and lightly was her stender nose

Tip-tilted like the petal of a flower; She into hall past with her page and cried,

"O King, for thou hast driven the foe without,

See to the foe within! bridge, ford, beset

By bandits, everyone that owns a tower

The Lord for half a league. Why sit ye there?

Rest would I not, Sir King, an I were king,

Till ev'n the lonest hold were all as

From cursed bloodshed, as thine altar-cloth

From that best blood it is a sin to spill."

"Comfort thyself," said Arthur,
"I nor mine

Rest: so my knighthood keep the vows they swore,

The wastest moorland of our realm shall be

Safe, damsel, as the center of this hall.

What is thy name? thy need?"

"My name?" she said —
"Lynette my name; noble; my need,
a knight

To combat for my sister, Lyonors, A lady of high lineage, of great lands,

And comely, yea, and comelier than myself.

She lives in Castle Perilous: a river Runs in three loops about her livingplace;

And o'er it are three passings, and three knights

Defend the passings, brethren, and a fourth

And of that four the mightiest, holds her stay'd

In her own castle, and so besieges

To break her will, and make her wed with him:

And but delays his purport till thou send

To do the battle with him, thy chief

Sir Lancelot whom he trusts to overthrow,

Then wed, with glory: but she will not wed

Save whom she loveth, or a holy life. Now therefore have I come for Lancelot."

Then Arthur mindful of Sir Gareth ask'd,

"Damsel, ye know this Order lives to crush

All wrongers of the Realm. But say, these four,

Who be they? What the fashion of the men?"

"They be of foolish fashion, O Sir King,

The fashion of that old knight-

Who ride abroad, and do but what they will;

Courteous or bestial from the moment, such

As have nor law nor king; and three of these

Proud in their fantasy call themselves the Day,

Morning-Star, and Noon-Sun, and Evening-Star,

Being strong fools; and never a whit

The fourth, who alway rideth arm'd in black,

A huge man-beast of boundless savagery.

He names himself the Night and oftener Death,

And wears a helmet mounted with a skull,

And bears a skeleton figured on his arms,

To show that who may slay or scape the three,

Slain by himself, shall enter endless night.

And all these four be fools, but mighty men,

And therefore am I come for Lancelot."

Hereat Sir Gareth call'd from where he rose

A head with kindling eyes above the throng,

"A boon, Sir King—this quest!" then—for he mark'd

Kay near him groaning like a wounded bull —

"Yea, King, thou knowest thy kitchen-knave am I,

And mighty thro' thy meats and drinks am I,

And I can topple over a hundred

Thy promise, King," and Arthur glancing at him,

Brought down a momentary brow. "Rough, sudden,

And pardonable, worthy to be knight —

Go therefore," and all hearers were amazed.

But on the damsel's forehead shame, pride, wrath

Slew the May-white: she lifted either arm,

"Fie on thee, King! I ask'd for thy chief knight,

And thou hast given me but a kitchen-knave."

Then ere a man in hall could stay her, turn'd,

Fled down the lane of access to the King,

Took horse, descended the slope street, and past

The weird white gate, and paused without, beside

The field of tourney, murmuring "kitchen-knave."

Now two great entries open'd from the hall,

At one end one, that gave upon a

Of level pavement where the King would pace

At sunrise, gazing over plain and wood:

And down from this a lordly stairway sloped

Till lost in blowing trees and tops of

And out by this main doorway past the King.

But one was counter to the hearth, and rose

High that the highest-crested helm could ride

Therethro' nor graze: and by this entry fled

The damsel in her wrath, and on to

Sir Gareth strode, and saw without

King Arthur's gift, the worth of half a town,

A warhorse of the best, and near it stood

The two that out of north had follow'd him:

- This bare a maiden shield, a casque; that held
- The horse, the spear; whereat Sir Gareth loosed
- A cloak that dropt from collar-bone to heel,
- A cloth of roughest web, and cast it down,
- And from it like a fuel-smother'd
- That look: half-dead, brake bright, and flash'd as those
- Dull-coated things, that making slide
- Their dusk wing-cases, all beneath
- A jewel'd harness, ere they pass and
- 30 Gareth ere he parted flash'd in arms.
- Then as he donn'd the helm, and took the shield
- And mounted horse and graspt a spear, of grain
- Storm-strengthen'd on a windy site, and tipt
- With trenchant steel, around him slowly prest
- The people, while from out of kitchen came
- The thralls in throng, and seeing who had work'd
- Lustier than any, and whom they could but love,
- Mounted in arms, threw up their caps and cried,
- "God bless the King, and all his fellowship!"
- And on thro' lanes of shouting Gareth rode
- Down the slope street, and past without the gate.
 - So Gareth past with joy; but as
- Pluckt from the cur he fights with, ere his cause

- Be cool'd by fighting, follows, being named,
- His owner, but remembers all, and growls
- Remembering, so Sir Kay beside the
- Mutter'd in scorn of Gareth whom he used
- To harry and hustle.
 - "Bound upon a quest
- With horse and arms—the King hath past his time—
- My scullion knave! Thralls to your work again,
- For an your fire be low ye kindle mine!
- Will there be dawn in West and eve in East?
- Begone! my knave! belike and like enow
- Some old head-blow not heeded in his youth
- So shook his wits they wander in his prime —
- Crazed! How the villain lifted up
- Nor shamed to bawl himself a kitchen-knave.
- Tut: he was tame and meek enow with me,
- Till peacock'd up with Lancelot's noticing.
- Well I will after my loud knave, and learn
- Whether he know me for his master yet.
- Out of the smoke he came, and so my lance
- Hold, by God's grace, he shall into
- Thence, if the King awaken from his craze,
- Into the smoke again."
 - But Lancelot said,
- "Kay, wherefore wilt thou go against the King,

For that did never he whereon ye rail,

But ever meekly served the King in thee?

Abide: take counsel; for this lad is

And lusty, and knowing both of lance and sword."

"Tut, tell not me," said Kay, "ye are overfine

To mar stout knaves with foolish courtesies:"

Then mounted, on thro' silent faces

Down the slope city, and out beyond the gate.

But by the field of tourney lingering yet

Mutter'd the damsel, "Wherefore did the King

Scorn me? for, were Sir Lancelot lackt, at least

He might have yielded to me one of

Who tilt for lady's love and glory here.

Rather than — O sweet heaven! O fie upon him —

His kitchen-knave."

(And there were none but few goodlier than he)

Shining in arms, "Damsel, the quest is mine.

Lead, and I follow." She thereat,

That smells a foul-flesh'd agaric in the holt,

And deems it carrion of some woodland thing,

Or shrew, or weasel, nipt her slender

With petulant thumb and finger, shrilling, "Hence!

Avoid, thou smellest all of kitchengrease. And look who comes behind," for there was Kav.

"Knowest thou not me? thy master? I am Kav.

We lack thee by the hearth."

And Gareth to him,

"Master no more! too well I know thee, aye —

The most ungentle knight in Arthur's hall."

"Have at thee then," said Kay: they shock'd, and Kay

Fell shoulder-slipt, and Gareth cried again,

"Lead, and I follow," and fast away she fled.

But after sod and shingle ceased to fly

Behind her, and the heart of her good horse

Was nigh to burst with violence of the beat,

Perforce she stay'd, and overtaken spoke.

"What doest thou, scullion, in my fellowship?

Deem'st thou that I accept thee aught the more

Or love thee better, that by some de-

Full cowardly, or by mere unhappiness,

Thou hast overthrown and slain thy master — thou! —

Dish-washer and broach-turner, loon!
— to me

Thou smellest all of kitchen as before,"

"Damsel," Sir Gareth answer'd gently, "say

Whate'er ye will, but whatsoe'er ye say,

I leave not till I finish this fair quest,

Or die therefore."

"Aye, wilt thou finish it?
Sweet lord, how like a noble knight
he talks!

The listening rogue hath caught the manner of it.

But, knave, anon thou shalt be met with, knave,

And then by such a one that thou for all

The kitchen brewis that was ever

Shalt not once dare to look him in the face."

"I shall assay," said Gareth with

That madden'd her, and away she flash'd again

Down the long avenues of a boundless wood,

And Gareth, following was again beknaved.

"Sir Kitchen-knave, I have miss'd

the wood;

The wood is nigh as full of thieves as leaves:

If both be slain, I am rid of thee;

but yet, Sir Scullion, canst thou use that spit of thine?

Fight, an thou canst. I have miss'd the only way."

So till the dusk that follow'd even-

Rode on the two, reviler and reviled; Then after one long slope was mounted, saw,

Bowl-shaped, thro' tops of many thousand pines

A gloomy-gladed hollow slowly sink
To westward — in the deeps whereof
a mere.

Round as the red eye of an Eagleowl,

Under the half-dead sunset glared; and shouts

Ascended, and there brake a serving-

Flying from out of the black wood, and crying,

"They have bound my lord to cast him in the mere."

Then Gareth, "Bound am I to right the wrong'd,

But straitlier bound am I to bide with thee."

And when the damsel spake con-

"Lead, and 1 follow," Gareth cried again,

"Follow, I lead!" so down among

He plunged; and there, blackshadow'd nigh the mere,

And mid-thigh-deep in bulrushes and reed,

Saw six tail men hailing a seventh

A stone about his neck to drawn him in it.

but three

Fled thro' the pines; and Gareth loosed the stone

From off his neck, then in the mere beside

Tumbled it; oilily bubbled up the mere.

Last, Gareth loosed his bonds and on free feet

Set him, a stalwart Baron, Arthur's friend.

"Well that ye came, or else these caitiff rogues

Had wreak'd themselves on me;

To hate me, for my wont hath ever

To catch my thief, and then like vermin here Drown him, and with a stone about his neck;

And under this wan water many of

Lie rotting, but at night let go the stone,

And rise, and flickering in a grimly light

Dance on the mere. Good now, ye have saved a life

Worth somewhat as the cleanser of this wood,

And fain would I reward thee worshipfully.

What guerdon will ye?"

Gareth sharply spake, "None! for the deed's sake have I done the deed,

In uttermost obedience to the King. But wilt thou yield this damsel harborage?"

Whereat the Baron saying, "I well believe

You be of Arthur's Table," a light

Broke from Lynette, "Aye, truly of a truth,

And in a sort, being Arthur's kitchen-knave! -

But deem not I accept thee aught the more.

Scullion, for running sharply with thy spit

Down on a rout of craven foresters. A thresher with his flail had scat-

ter'd them. Nay - for thou smellest of the kitchen still.

But an this lord will yield us harborage, Well."

So she spake. A league beyond the wood.

All in a full-fair manor and a rich,

His towers where that day a feast had been

Held in high hall, and many a viand

And many a costly cate, received the three.

And there they placed a peacock in his pride

Before the damsel, and the Baron set Gareth beside her, but at once she rosc.

" Meseems, that here is much discourtesy,

Setting this knave, Lord Baron, at my side.

Hear me - this morn I stood in Arthur's hall.

And pray'd the King would grant me Lancelot

To fight the brotherhood of Day and Night --

The last a monser unsubduable

Of any save of him for whom I call'd -

Suddenly bawls this frontless kitchenknave.

'The quest is mine; thy kitchenknave am I,

And mighty thro' thy meats and drinks am I.'

Then Arthur all at once gone mad replies,

Go therefore,' and so gives the quest to him -

Him - here - a villain fitter to stick swine

Than ride abroad redressing women's wrong,

Or sit beside a noble gentlewoman."

Then half-ashamed and amazed, the lord

Now look'd at one and now at other, left

The damsel by the peacock in his pride,

- And, seating Gareth at another board,
- Sat down beside him, ate and then began.
 - "Friend, whether thou be kitchenknave, or not,
- Or whether it be the maiden's fan-
- And whether she be mad, or else the
- Or both or neither, or thyself be
- I ask not: but thou strikest a strong stroke,
- For strong thou art and goodly therewithal,
- And saver of my life; and therefore now,
- For here be mighty men to joust with, weigh
- Whether thou wilt not with thy damsel back
- To crave again Sir Lancelot of the
- Thy pardon; I but speak for thine avail,
- The saver of my life."
- And Gareth said, "F! pardon, but I follow up the
- Despite of Day and Night and Death and Hell."
 - So when, next morn, the lord whose life he saved
- Had, some brief space, convey'd them on their way
- And left them with God-speed, Sir Gareth spake,
- "Lead, and I follow." Haughtily she replied,
 - "I fly no more: I allow thee for an hour.
- Lion and stoat have isled together, knave,

- In time of flood. Nay, furthermore, methinks
- Some ruth is mine for thee. Back wilt thou, fool?
- For hard by here is one will overthrow
- And slay thee: then will I to court again,
- And shame the King for only yield-
- My champion from the ashes of his hearth."
 - To whom Sir Gareth answer'd courteously,
- "Say thou thy say, and I will do my deed.
- Allow me for mine hour, and thou wilt find
- My fortunes all as fair as hers who
- Among the ashes and wedded the King's son."
 - Then to the shore of one of those long loops
 - Wherethro' the serpent river coil'd, they came.
- Rough-thicketed were the banks and steep; the stream
- Full, narrow; this a bridge of single arc
- Took at a leap; and on the further side
- Arose a silk pavilion, gay with gold In streaks and rays, and all Lent-lily
- Save that the dome was purple, and above,
- Crimson, a slender banneret flutter-
- And therebefore the lawless warrior
- Unarm'd, and calling, "Damsel, is this he,
- The champion thou hast brought from Arthur's hall?

For whom we let thee pass." "Nay, nay," she said,

"Sir Morning-Star. The King in utter scorn

Of thee and thy much folly hath sent thee here

His kitchen-knave: and look thou to thyself:

See that he fall not on thee suddenly,

And slay thee unarm'd: he is not knight but knave."

Then at his call, "O daughters of the Dawn,

And servants of the Morning-Star, approach,

Arm me," from out the silken curtain-folds

Bare-footed and bare-headed three fair girls

In gilt and rosy raiment came: their feet

In dewy grasses glisten'd; and the

All over glanced with dewdrop or with gem

Like sparkles in the stone Avanturine. These arm'd him in blue arms, and gave a shield

Blue also, and thereon the morning

And Gareth silent gazed upon the knight,

Who stood a moment, ere his horse was brought,

Glorying; and in the stream beneath him, shore

Immingled with Heaven's azure waveringly,

The gay pavilion and the naked feet, His arms, the rosy raiment, and the star.

Then she that watch'd him, "Wherefore stare ye so?

Thou shakest in thy fear: there yet is time:

Flee down the valley before he get to horse.

Who will cry shame? Thou art not knight but knave."

Said Gareth, "Damsel, whether knave or knight,

Far liefer had I fight a score of times

Than hear thee so missay me and revile.

Fair words were best for him who fights for thee;

But truly foul are better, for they send

That strength of anger thro' mine arms, I know

That I shall overthrow him."

And he that bore

The star, when mounted, cried from o'er the bridge,

"A kitchen-knave, and scat in scorn of me!

Such fight not I, but answer scorn with scorn.

For this were shame to do him further wrong

Than set him on his feet, and take his horse

And arms, and so return him to the King.

Come, therefore, leave thy lady lightly, knave.

Avoid: for it beseemed not a knave To ride with such a last."

"Dog, hou liest.

I spring from loftier lineage than thine own."

He spake; and all at fiery speed the two

Shock'd on the central bridge, and either spear

Bent but not brake, and either knight at once,

Hurl'd as a stone from out of a catapult

- Beyond his horse's crupper and the bridge,
- Fell, as if dead; but quickly rose and
- And Gareth lash'd so fiercely with his brand
- He drave his enemy backward down the bridge,
- The damsel crying, "Well-stricken, kitchen-knave!"
- Till Gareth's shield was cloven; but one stroke
- Laid him that clove it groveling on the ground.
 - Then cried the fall'n, "Take not my life: I yield."
- And Gareth, "So this damsel ask it
- Good I accord it easily as a grace."
- She reddening, "Insolent scullion: I
- of thee?

 I bound to thee for any favor
- ask'd!"
 "Then shall he die." And Gareth
- there unlaced

 His helmet as to slay him, but she
 shriek'd,
- "Be not so hardy, scullion, as to slay One nobler than thyself." "Dam-
- sel, thy charge
 Is an abounding pleasure to me.
 Knight,
- Thy life is thine at her command.
- Arise
 And quickly pass to Arthur's hall,
- and say

 His kitchen-knave hath sent thee.
- See thou crave His pardon for thy breaking of his
- laws. Myself, when I return, will plead for
- Thy shield is mine farewell; and, damsel, thou,
- Lead, and I follow."

- And fast away she fled. Then when he came upon her, spake,
- "Methought,
 Knave, when I watch'd thee striking
 on the bridge
- The savor of thy kitchen came upon
- A little faintlier: but the wind hath changed:
- I scent it twenty-fold." And then she sang,
- "'O morning star' (not that tall felon there
- Whom thou by sorcery or unhappiness
- Or some device, hast foully overthrown),
- 'O morning star that smilest in the blue,
- O star, my morning dream hath proven true,
- Smile sweetly, thou! my love hath smiled on me.'
 - "But thou begone, take counsel, and away,
- For hard by here is one that guards
- a ford—
 The second brother in their fool's
- parable —
 Will pay thee all thy wages, and to boot.
- Care not for shame: thou art not knight but knave."
 - To whom Sir Gareth answer'd, laughingly,
- "Parables? Hear a parable of the knave.
- When I was kitchen-knave among the rest
- Fierce was the hearth, and one of my co-mates
- Own'd a rough dog, to whom he cast his coat,
- 'Guard it,' and there was none to meddle with it.

And such a coat art thou, and thee the King

Gave me to guard, and such a dog am I,

To worry, and not to flee — and — knight or knave —

The knave that doth thee service as full knight

Is all as good, meseems, as any knight

Toward thy sister's freeing."

"Aye, Sir Knave!

Aye, knave, because thou strikest as a knight,

Being but knave, I hate thee all the more."

"Fair damsel, you should worship me the more,

That, being but knave, I throw thine enemies."

"Aye, aye," she said, "but thou shalt meet thy match"

So when they touch'd the second riverloop,

Huge on a huge red horse, and all in mail

Burnish'd to blinding, shone the Noonday Sun

Beyond a raging shallow. As if the flower,

That blows a globe of after arrow-

Ten thousand-fold had grown, flash'd the fierce shield,

All sun; and Gareth's eyes had flying blots

Before them when he turn'd from watching him.

He from beyond the roaring shallow roar'd,

"What doest thou, brother, in my marches here?"

And she athwart the shallow shrill'd again,

"Here is a kitchen-knave from Arthur's hall

Hath overthrown thy brother, and hath his arms."

"Ugh!" cried the Sun, and visoring up a red

And cipher face of rounded foolishness,

Push'd horse across the foamings of the ford,

Whom Gareth met midstream: no room was there

For lance or tourney-skill: four strokes they struck

With sword, and these were mighty; the new knight

Had fear he might be shamed; but as the Sun

Heaved up a ponderous arm to strike the fifth,

The hoof of his horse slipt in the stream, the stream

Descended, and the Sun was wash'd away.

Then Gareth laid his lance athwart the ford;

So drew him home; but he that fought no more,

As being all bone-batter'd on the rock.

Yielded; and Gareth sent him to the King.

"Myself when I return will plead for thee."

"Lead, and I follow." Quietly she led.

"Hath not the good wind, damsel, changed again?"

"Nay, not a point: nor art thou victor here.

There lies a ridge of slate across the ford;

His horse thereon stumbled — aye, for I saw it.

"'O Sun' (not this strong fool whom thou, Sir Knave,

Hast overthrown thro' mere unhappiness),

'O Sun, that wakenest all to bliss or pain,

O moon, that layest all to sleep again,

Shine sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on me.'

"What knowest thou of lovesong or of love?

Nay, nay, God wot, so thou wert nobly born,

Thou hast a pleasant presence. Yea, perchance,—

"O dewy flowers that open to the

O dewy flowers that close when day is done,

Blow sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on me.'

"What knowest thou of flowers, except, belike,

To garnish meats with? hath not our good King

Who lent me thee, the flower of kitchendom,

A foolish love for flowers? what stick ye round

The pasty? wherewithal deck the boar's head?

Flowers? nay, the boar hath rosemaries and bay.

"'O birds, that warble to the morning sky,

O birds that warble as the day goes by,

Sing sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on me.'

"What knowest thou of birds, lark, mavis, merle,

Linnet? what dream ye when they

May-music growing with the growing light.

Their sweet sun worship? these be for the snare

(So runs thy fancy) these be for the spit,

Larding and basting. See thou have not now

Larded thy last, except thou turn and fly.

There stands the third fool of their allegory."

For there beyond a bridge of treble bow,

All in a rose-red from the west, and all

Naked it seem'd, and glowing in the broad

Deep-dimpled current underneath, the knight.

That named himself the Star of Evening, stood.

And G. eth, "Wherefore waits the madman there

Naked in open dayshine?" "Nay,"

"Not naked, only wrapt in harden'd skins

That fit him like his own; and so ye cleave

His armor off him, these will turn the blade."

Then the third brother shouted o'er the bridge,

"O brother-star, why shine ye here so low?

Thy ward is higher up: but have ye slain

The damsel's champion?" and the damsel cried,

"No star of thine, but shot from Arthur's heaven

With all disaster unto thine and

For both thy younger brethren have gone down

Before this youth; and so wilt thou, Sir Star;

Art thou not old?"

"Old, damsel, old and hard, Old, with the might and breath of twenty boys."

Said Gareth, "Old, and over-bold in brag!

But that same strength which threw the Morning Star

Can throw the Evening."

Then that other blew A hard and deadly note upon the horn.

"Approach and arm me!" With slow steps from out

An old storm-beaten, russet, many-stain'd

Pavilion, forth a grizzled damsel came,

And arm'd him in old arms, and brought a helm

With but a drying evergreen for crest,

And gave a shield whereon the Star of Even

Half-tarnish'd and half-bright, his emblem, shone.

But when it glitter'd o'er the saddlebow,

They madly hurl'd together on the bridge;

And Gareth overthrew him, lighted, drew,

There met him drawn, and overthrew him again,

But up like fire he started: and as

As Gareth brought him groveling on his knees,

So many a time he vaulted up again; Till Gareth panted hard, and his great heart, Foredooming all his trouble was in vain,

Labor'd within him, for he seem'd as one

That all in later, sadder age begins

To war against ill uses of a life, But these from all his life arise, and cry,

"Thou hast made us lords, and canst not put us down!"

He half despairs; so Gareth seem'd to strike

Vainly, the damsel clamoring all the while,

"Well done, knave-knight, well stricken, O good knightknave—

O knave, as noble as any of all the knights—

Shame me not, shame me not. I have prophesied —

Strike, thou art worthy of the Table Round —

His arms are old, he trusts the harden'd skin —

Strike — strike — the wind will never change again."

And Gareth hearing ever stronglier smote.

And hew'd great pieces of his armor

off him, But lash'd in vain against the har-

den'd skin, And could not wholly bring him under, more

Than loud Southwestern, rolling ridge on ridge,

The buoy that rides at sea, and dips and springs

For ever; till at length Sir Gareth's brand

Clash'd his, and brake it utterly to

"I have thee now;" but forth that other sprang,

And, all unknightlike, writhed his wiry arms

- Around him, till he felt, despite his mail,
- Strangled, but straining ev'n his
- Cast, and so hurl'd him headlong o'er the bridge
- Down to the river, sink or swim, and cried,
- "Lead, and I follow."
- But the damsel said, "I lead no longer; ride thou at my
- side; Thou art the kingliest of all kitchenknaves.
 - "O trefoil, sparkling on the rainy
- O rainbow with three colors after
- Shine sweetly: thrice my love hath smiled on me.'
 - "Sir,—and, good faith, I fain had added Knight,
- But that I heard thee call thyself a
- knave,— Shamed am I that I so rebuked, re-
- wiled,
 Missaid thee; noble I am; and
- thought the King Scorn'd me and mine; and now thy pardon, friend,
- For thou hast ever answer'd court-
- And wholly bold thou art, and meek withal
- As any of Arthur's best, but, being
- Hast mazed my wit: I marvel what thou art.
 - "Damsel," he said, "you be not all to blame,
- Saving that you mistrusted our good
- Would handle scorn, or yield you, asking, one

- Not fit to cope your quest. You said your say;
- Mine answer was my deed. Good sooth! I hold
- He scarce is knight, yea, but halfman, nor meet
- To fight for gentle damsel, he, who lets
- His heart be stirr'd with any foolish heat
- At any gentle damsel's wayward-
- Shamed? care not! thy foul sayings fought for me:
- And seeing now thy words are fair,
- methinks
 There rides no knight, not Lancelot,
 his great self,
- Hath force to quell me."
 - Nigh upon that hour
- When the lone hern forgets his melancholy,
- Lets down his other leg, and stretching, dreams
- Of goodly supper in the distant pool, Then turn'd the noble damsel smiling at him,
- And told him of a cavern hard at hand,
- Where bread and baken meats and good red wine
- Of Southland, which the Lady Lyonors
- Had sent her coming champion, waited him.
 - Anon they past a narrow comb
- Were slabs of rock with figures, knights on horse
- Sculptured, and deckt in slowlywaning hues.
- "Sir Knave, my knight, a hermit once was here,
- Whose holy hand hath fashion'd on the rock

And you four fools have suck'd their allegory

From these damp walls, and taken but the form.

Know ve not these?" and Gareth lookt and read -

In letters like to those the vexillary Hath left crag-carven o'er the streaming Gelt -

"PHOSPHORUS," then "MERIDIES" -" HESPERUS "-

"Nox"-"Mors," beneath five figures, armed men,

Slab after slab, their faces forward all.

And running down the Soul, a Shape that fled

With broken wings, torn raiment and loose hair.

For help and shelter to the hermit's cave.

"Follow the faces, and we find it. Look.

Who comes behind?"

For one - delav'd at first Thro' helping back the dislocated Kay

To Camelot, then by what thereafter chanced,

The damsel's headlong error thro' the wood -

Sir Lancelot, having swum the riverloops -

His blue shield-lions cover'd - softly drew

Behind the twain, and when he saw the star

Gleam, on Sir Gareth's turning to him, cried,

"Stay, felon knight, I avenge me for my friend."

And Gareth crying prick'd against the cry:

But when they closed - in a moment - at one touch

The war of Time against the soul of Of that skill'd spear, the wonder of the world -

> Went sliding down so easily, and fell,

> That when he found the grass within his hands

> He laugh'd; the laughter jarr'd upon Lynette:

> Harshly she ask'd him, "Snamed and overthrown.

And tumbled back into the kitchenknave,

Why laugh ye? that ye blew your boast in vain?"

" Nay, noble damsel, but that I, the

Of old King Lot and good Queen Bellicent,

And victor of the bridges and the ford,

And knight of Arthur, here lie thrown by whom

I know not, all thro' mere unhappiness -

Device and sorcery and unhappiness -

Out, sword; we are thrown!" And Lancelot answer'd, "Prince,

O Gareth - thro' the mere unhappi-

Of one who came to help thee, not to harm.

Lancelot, and all as glad to find thee whole,

As on the day when Arthur knighted him."

Then Gareth, "Thou - Lancelot! - thine the hand

That threw me? An some chance to mar the boast

Thy brethren of thee make - which could not chance -

Had sent thee down before a lesser spear,

Shamed had I been, and sad — O Lancelot - thou!"

IDYLLS OF THE KING

Whereat the maid n, petulant. "Lancelot,

Why came ye not, when call'd? and wherefore now

Come ye, not call'd? I gloried in my knave,

Who being still rebuked, would answer still

Courteous as any knight — but now, if knight,

The marvel dies, and leaves me fool'd and trick'd,

And only wondering wherefore play'd upon:

And doubtful whether I and mine be scorn'd.

Where should be truth if not in Arthur's hall,

In Arthur's presence? Knight, knave, prince and fool,

I hate thee and forever."

And Lancelot said,
"Blessed be thou, Sir Gareth!
knight art thou

To the King's best wish. O damsel, be you wise

To call him shamed, who is but overthrown?

Thrown have I been, nor once, but many a time.

Victor from vanquish'd issues at the

And overthrower from being over-

With sword we have not striven; and thy good horse

And thou are weary; yet not less I

Thy manhood thro' that wearied lance of thine.

Well hast thou done; for all the stream is freed,

And thou hast wreak'd his justice on his foes,

And when reviled, hast answer'd graciously,

And makest merry when overthrown. Prince, Knight,

Hail, Knight and Prince, and of our Table Round!"

And then when turning to Lynette he told

The tale of Gareth, petulantly she said,

"Aye, well — aye, well — for worse than being fool'd

Of others, is to fool one's self. A

Sir Lancelot, is hard by, with meats and drinks

And forage for the horse, and flint for fire.

But all about it flies a honeysuckle. Seek, till we find." And when they

sought and found, Sir Gareth drank and ate, and ail his life

Past into sleep; on whom the maiden gazed.

"Sound sleep be thine! sound cause to sleep hast thou.

Wake lusty! Seem I not as tender to him

As any mother? Aye, but such a

As all day le hath rated at her child,

And vext his day, but blesses him asleep—

Good lord, how sweetly smells the

In the hush'd night, as if the world were one

Of utter peace, and love, and gentleness!

O Lancelot, Lancelot"—and she clapt her hands—

"Full merry am I to find my goodly knave

Is knight and noble. See now, sworn have I,

Else yon black felon had not let me

To bring thee back to do the battle A star shot: "Lo," said Gareth, with him.

Thus and thou goest, he will fight thee first;

Who doubts thee victor? so will my knight-knave

Miss the full flower of this accomplishment."

Said Lancelot, "Peradventure he, you name,

May know my shield. Let Gareth, an he will,

Change his for mine, and take my charger, fresh,

Not to be spurr'd, loving the battle as well

As he that rides him." "Lancelotlike," she said,

"Courteous in this, Lord Lancelot, as in all."

And Gareth, wakening, fiercely clutch'd the shield;

"Ramp ye lance-splintering lions, on whom all spears

Are rotten sticks! ye seem agape to roar!

Yea, ramp and roar at leaving of your lord! -

Care not, good beasts, so well I care for you.

O noble Lancelot, from my hold on

Streams virtue - fire - thro' one that will not shame

Even the shadow of Lancelot under shield.

Hence: let us go."

Silent the silent field They traversed. Arthur's harp tho' summer-wan,

In counter motion to the clouds, allured

The glance of Gareth dreaming on his liege.

" the foe falls!"

An owl whoopt: "Hark the victor pealing there!"

Suddenly she that rode upon his left Clung to the shield that Lancelot lent him, crying,

"Yield, yield him this again: 'tis he must fight:

I curse the tongue that all thro' yesterday

Reviled thee, and hath wrought on Lancelot now

To lend thee horse and shield: wonders ye have done;

Miracles ve cannot: here is glory

In having flung the three: I see thee maim'd,

Mangled: I swear thou canst not fling the fourth."

"And wherefore, damsel? tell me all ye know.

You cannot scare me; nor rough face, or voice,

Brute bulk of limb, or boundless savagery

Appal me from the quest."

"Nay, Prince," she cried, "God wot, I never look'd upon the face,

Seeing he never rides abroad by day;

But watch'd him have I like a phantom pass

Chilling the night: nor have I heard the voice.

Always he made his mouthpiece of a

Who came and went, and still reported him

As closing in himself the strength of

And when his anger tare him, massacring

- the soft babe!
- Some hold that he hath swallow'd infant flesh,
- Monster! O Prince, I went for Lancelot first,
- The quest is Lancelot's: give him back the shield.'
 - Said Gareth laughing, "An he fight for this,
- Belike he wins it as the better man; Thus - and not else!"
- But Lancelot on him urged
- All the devisings of their chivalry When one might meet a mightier
- than himself; How best to manage horse, lance,
- sword and shield, And so fill up the gap where force
- might fail With skill and fineness. Instant were his words.
 - Then Gareth, "Here be rules. I
- know but one -To dash against mine enemy and to
- win. Yet have I watch'd thee victor in
- the joust, And seen thy way." "Heaven help thee," sigh'd Lynette.
 - Then for a space, and under cloud that grew
- To thunder-gloom palling all stars, they rode
- In converse till she made her palfrey
- Lifted an arm, and softly whisper'd "There."
- And all the three were silent seeing, pitch'd
- Beside the Castle Perilous on flat
- A huge pavilion like a mountain peak

- Man, woman, lad and girl-yea, Sunder the glooming crimson on the marge,
 - Black, with black banner, and a long black horn
 - Beside it hanging; which Sir Gareth
 - And so, before the two could hinder
 - Sent all his heart and breath thro' all the horn.
 - Echo'd the walls; a light twinkled; anon
 - Came lights and lights, and once again he blew;
 - Whereon were hollow tramplings up and down
 - And muffled voices heard, and shadows past;
 - Till high above him, circled with her maids.
 - The Lady Lyonors at a window stood,
 - Beautiful among lights, and waving to him
 - White hands, and courtesy; but when the Prince
 - Three times had blown after long hush - at last -
 - The huge pavilion slowly yielded up, Thro' those black foldings, that which housed therein.
 - High on a nightblack horse, in nightblack arms,
 - With white breast-bone, and barren ribs of Death,
 - And crown'd with fleshless laughter - some ten steps -
 - In the half-light thro' the dim dawn - advanced
 - The monster, and then paused, and spake no word.
 - But Gareth spake and all indignantly.
 - "Fool, for thou hast, men say, the strength of ten,
 - Canst thou not trust the limbs thy God hath given,

But must, to make the terror of thee more,

Trick thyself out in ghastly imageries

Of that which Life hath done with, and the clod,

Less dull than thou, will hide with mantling flowers

As if for pity?" But he spake no word;

Which set the horror higher: a maiden swoon'd;

The Lady Lyonors wrung her hands and wept,

As doom'd to be the bride of Night and Death;

Sir Gareth's head prickled beneath his helm;

And ev'n Sir Lancelot thro' his warm blood felt

Ice strike, and all that mark'd him were aghast.

At once Sir Lancelot's charger fiercely neigh'd

And Death's dark war-horse bounded forward with him.

Then those that did not blink the terror, saw

That Death was cast to ground, and slowly rose,

But with one stroke Sir Gareth split the skull.

Half fell to right and half to left and lay.

Then with a stronger buffet he clove the helm

As thoroughly as the skull; and out from this

Issued the bright face of a blooming boy

Fresh as a flower new-born, and crying, "Knight,

Slay me not: my three brethren bade me do it,

To make a horror all about the house,

And stay the world from Lady Lyon-

They never dream'd the passes would be past."

Answer'd Sir Gareth graciously to

Not many a moon his younger, "My fair child,

What madness made thee challenge the chief knight

Of Arthur's hall?" "Fair Sir, they bade me do it.

They hate the King, and Lancelot, the King's friend,

They hoped to slay him somewhere on the stream,

They never dream'd the passes could be past."

Then sprang the happier day from underground;

And Lady Lyonors and her house, with dance

And revel and song, made merry over Death,

As being after all their foolish fears And horrors only proven a blooming boy.

So large mirth lived and Gareth won the quest.

And he that told the tale in older

Says that Sir Gareth wedded Lyonors,

But he, that told it later, says Lynette.

THE MARRIAGE OF GERAINT

THE brave Geraint, a knight of Arthur's court,

A tributary prince of Devon, one Of that great Order of the Table Round,

And loved her, as he loved the light of Heaven.

And as the light of Heaven varies, now

At sunrise, now at sunset, now by night

With moon and tembling stars, so loved Geraint

To make her beauty vary day by

In crimsons and in purples and in

And Enid, but to please her husband's eye,

Who first had found and loved her in a state

Oi broken fortunes, daily fronted

In some fresh splendor; and the Queen herself,

Grateful to Prince Geraint for service done,

Loved her, and often with her own white hands

Array'd and deck'd her, as the loveliest,

Next after her own self, in all the

And Enid loved the Queen, and with true heart

Adored her, as the stateliest and the

And loveliest of all women upon earth.

And seeing them so tender and so close,

Long in their common love rejoiced Geraint.

But when a rumor rose about the Queen,

Touching her guilty love for Lance-

Tho' yet there lived no proof, nor yet was heard

The world's loud whisper breaking into storm,

Had married Enid, Yniol's only Not less Geraint believed it; and there fell

A horror on him, lest his gentle wife, Thro' that great tenderness for Guinevere,

Had suffer'd, or should suffer any

In nature: wherefore going to the King,

He made this pretext, that his princedom lay

Close on the borders of a territory, Wherein were bandit earls, and caitiff knights,

Assassins, and all flyers from the

Of Justice, and whatever loathes a law:

And therefore, till the King himself should please

To cleanse this common sewer of all his realm,

He craved a fair permission to depart.

And there defend his marches; and the King

Mused for a little on his plea, but, last.

Allowing it, the prince and Enid rode,

And fifty knights rode with them, to the shores

Of Severn, and they past to their own land:

Where, thinking, that if ever yet was wife

True to her lord, mine shall be so to me.

He compass'd her with sweet observances

And worship, never leaving her, and

Forgetful of his promise to the King, Forgetful of the falcon and the hunt, Forgetful of the tilt and tournament, Forgetful of his glory and his name, Forgetful of his princedom and its

cares.

And this forgetfulness was hateful to her.

And by and by the people, when they met

In twos and threes, or fuller companies,

Began to scoff and jeer and babble of

As of a prince whose manhood was all gone,

And molten down in mere uxoriousness.

And this she gather'd from the people's eyes:

This, too, the women who attired her head,

To please her, dwelling on his boundless love,

Told Enid, and they sadden'd her the more:

And day by day she thought to tell Geraint,

But could not out of bashful deli-

While he that watch'd her sadden, was the more

Suspicious that her nature had a taint.

At last, it chanced that on a summer morn

(They sleeping each by either) the

Beat thro' the blindless casement of the room,

And heated the strong warrior in his dreams:

Who, moving, cast the coverlet aside,

And bared the knotted column of his throat,

The massive square of his heroic breast,

And arms on which the standing muscle sloped,

As slopes a wild brook o'er a little stone,

Running too vehemently to break upon it.

And Enid woke and sat beside the couch,

Admiring him, and thought within herself.

Was ever man so grandly made as he?

Then, like a shadow, past the people's talk

And accusation of uxoriousness

Across her mind, and bowing over

Low to her own heart piteously she said:

"O noble breast and all-puissant arms,

Am I the cause, I the poor cause that men

Reproach you, saying all your force is gone?

I am the cause, because I dare not speak

And tell him what I think and what they say.

And yet I hate that he should linger here:

I cannot love my lord and not his name.

Far liefer had I gird his harness on him,

And ride with him to battle and stand by,

And watch his mightful hand striking great blows

At caitiffs and at wrongers of the world.

Far better were I laid in the dark earth,

Not hearing any more his noble voice,

Not to be folded more in these dear arms,

And darken'd from the high light in his eyes,

Than that my lord thro' me should suffer shame.

IDYLLS OF THE KING

Am I so bold, and could I so stand by,

And see my dear lord wounded in the strife,

Or maybe pierced to death before mine eyes,

And yet not dare to tell him what I think,

And how men slur him, saying all his force

Is melted into mere effeminacy?
O me, I fear that I am no true wife."

Half inwardly, half audibly she spoke,

And the strong passion in her made her weep

True tears upon his broad and naked breast,

And these awoke him, and by great mischance

He heard but fragments of her later words,

And that she fear'd she was not a true wife.

And then he thought, "In spite of all my care,

For all my pains, poor man, for all my pains,

She is not faithful to me, and I see her

Weeping for some gay knight in Arthur's hall."

Then tho' he loved and reverenced her too much

To dream she could be guilty of foul act,

Right thro' his manful breast darted

That makes a man, in the sweet face of her

Whom he loves most, lonely and miserable.

At this he hurl'd his huge limbs out of bed,

And shook his drowsy squire awake and cried,

"My charger and her palfrey;" then to her,

"I will ride forth into the wilderness;

For tho' it seems my spurs are yet to win,

I have not fall'n so low as some would wish.

And thou, put on thy worst and meanest dress

And ride with me." And Enid ask'd, amazed, "If Enid errs, let Enid learn her

fault."
But he, "I charge thee, ask not, but

obey."
Then she bethought her of a faded

Then she bethought her of a faded silk,

A faded mantle and a faded veil, And moving toward a cedarn cabinet.

Wherein she kept them folded reverently

With sprigs of summer laid between the folds,

She took them, and array'd herself therein,

Remembering when first he came on

Drest in that dress, and how he loved her in it,

And all her foolish fears about the dress,

And all his journey to her, as himself

Had told her, and their coming to the court.

For Arthur on the Whitsuntide before

Held court at old Caerleon upon

There on a day, he sitting high in hall,

Before him came a forester of Dean, Wet from the woods, with notice of a hart Taller than all his fellows, milky-white,

First seen that day: these things he told the King.

Then the good King gave order to let blow

His horns for hunting on the morrow-morn.

And when the Queen petition'd for his leave

To see the hunt, allow'd it easily. So with the morning all the court were gone.

But Guinevere lay late into the

Lost in sweet dreams, and dreaming of her love

For Lancelot, and forgetful of the hunt;

But rose at last, a single maiden with her,

Took horse, and forded Usk, and gain'd the wood;

There, on a little knoll beside it, stay'd

Waiting to hear the hounds; but heard instead

A sudden sound of hoofs, for Prince Geraint,

Late also, wearing neither huntingdress

Nor weapon, save a golden-hilted brand,

Came quickly flashing thro' the shallow ford

Behind them, and so gallop'd up the knoll.

A purple scarf, at either end whereof

There swung an apple of the purest

Sway'd round about him, as he gallop'd up

To join them, glancing like a dragon-

In summer suit and silks of holiday. Low bow'd the tributary Prince, and she, Sweetly and statelily, and with all grace

Of womanhood and queenhood, answer'd him:

"Late, late, Sir Prince," she said, "later than we!"

"Yea, noble Queen," he answer'd,
"and so late

That I but come like you to see the hunt,

Not join it." "Therefore wait with me," she said;

"For on this little knoll, if anywhere,

There is good chance that we shall hear the hounds:

Here often they break covert at our feet."

And while they listen'd for the distant hunt,

And chiefly for the baying of Cavall, King Arthur's hound of deepest mouth, there rode

Full slowly by a knight, lady, and dwarf;

Whereof the dwarf lagg'd latest, and the knight

Had visor up, and show'd a youthful face,

Imperious, and of haughtiest lineaments.

And Guinevere, not mindful of his face

In the King's hall, desired his name, and sent

Her maiden to demand it of the

Who being vicious, old and irritable, And doubling all his master's vice of pride,

Made answer sharply that she should not know.

"Then will I ask it of himself," she

"Nay, by my faith, thou shalt not," cried the dwarf;

"Thou art not worthy ev'n to speak So that I be not fall'n in ... ht. of him;

And when she put her horse toward the knight,

Struck at her with his whip, and she return'd

Indignant to the Queen; whereat Geraint

Exclaiming, "Surely I will learn the name,

Made sharply to the dwarf, and ask'd it of him,

Who answer'd as before; and when the Prince

Had put his horse in motion toward the knight,

Struck at him with his whip, and cut his cheek.

The Prince's blood spirted upon the scarf,

Dyeing it; and his quick, instinctive

Caught at the hilt, as to abolish

But he, from his exceeding manful-

And pure nobility of temperament, Wroth to be wroth at such a worm, refrain'd

From ev'n a word, and so returning said:

"I will avenge this insult, noble Queen,

Done in your maiden's person to yourself:

And I will track this vermin to their earths:

For tho' I ride unarm'd, I do not

To find, at some place I shall come at, arms

On loan, or else for pledge; and, being found,

Then will I fight him, and will break his pride,

And on the third day will again be here,

Farewell."

"Farewell, fair Prince," answer'd the stately Queen.

"Be prosperous in this journey, as in

And may you light on all things that you love.

And live to wed with her whom first you love:

But ere you wed with any, bring vour bride.

And I, were she the daughter of a king,

Yea, tho' she were a beggar from the hedge.

Will clothe her for her bridals like the sun."

And Prince Geraint, now thinking that he heard

The noble hart at bay, now the far horn,

A little vext at losing of the hunt,

A little at the vile occasion, rode, By ups and downs, thro' many a grassy glade

And valley, with fixt eye following the three.

At last they issued from the world of wood,

And climb'd upon a fair and even

And show'd themselves against the sky, and sank.

And thither came Geraint, and underneath

Beheld the long street of a little town

In a long valley, on one side whereof.

White from the mason's hand, a fortress rose;

And on one side a castle in decay,

Beyond a bridge that spann'd a dry ravine:

And out of town and valley came a noise

As of a broad brook o'er a shingly bed

Brawling, or like a clamor of the rooks

At distance, ere they settle for the night.

And onward to the fortress rode the three,

And enter'd, and were lost behind the walls.

"So," thought Geraint, "I have track'd him to his earth."

And down the long street riding wearily,

Found every hostel full, and everywhere

Was hammer laid to hoof, and the hot hiss

And bustling whistle of the youth who scour'd

His master's armor; and of such a one

He ask'd, "What means the tumult in the town?"

Who told him, scouring still, "The sparrow-hawk!"

Then riding close behind an ancient

Who, smitten by the dusty sloping

Went sweating underneath a sack of corn,

Ask'd yet once more what meant the hubbuh here?

Who answer'd gruffly, "Ugh! the sparrow-hawk."

Then riding further past an armorer's,

Who, with back turn'd, and bow'd above his work.

Sat riveting a helmet on his knee,

He put the self-same query, but the

Not turning round, nor looking at him, said:

"Friend, he that labors for the sparrow-hawk

Has little time for idle questioners."
Whereat Geraint flash'd into sudden spleen:

"A thousand pips eat up your sparrow-hawk!

Tits, wrens, and all wing'd nothings peck him dead!

Ye think the rustic cackle of your bourg

The murmur of the world! What is it to me?

O wretched set of sparrows, one and all,

Who pipe of nothing but of sparrowhawks!

Speak, if ye be not like the rest, hawk-mad,

Where can I get me harborage for the night?

And arms, arms, arms to fight my enemy? Speak!"

Whereat the armorer turning all amazed

And seeing one so gay in purple silks,

Came forward with the helmet yet in hand

And answer'd, "Pardon me, O stranger knight;

We hold a tourney here to-morrow

And there is scantly time for half the work.

Arms? truth! I know not: all are wanted here.

Harborage? truth, good truth, I know not, save,

It may be, at Earl Yniol's, o'er the bridge

Yonder." He spoke and fell to work again.

Then rode Geraint, a little spicenful vet,

Across the bridge that spann'd the dry ravine.

- There musing sat the hoary-headed Earl,
- (His dress a suit of fray'd magnifi-
- Once fit for feasts of ceremony) and said:
- "Whither, fair son?" to whom Geraint replied,
- "O friend, I seek a harborage for the night."
- Then Yniol, "Enter therefore and partake
- The slender entertainment of a house
- Once rich, now poor, but ever opendoor'd."
- "Thanks, venerable friend," replied Geraint:
- "So that ye do not serve me sparrow-hawks
- For supper, I will enter, I will eat With all the passion of a twelve
- hours' fast."
- Then sigh'd and smiled the hoaryheaded Earl,
- And answer'd, "Graver cause than yours is mine
- To curse this hedgerow thief, the sparrow-hawk:
- But in, go in; for save yourself desire it.
- We will not touch upon him ev'n in jest."
 - Then rode Geraint into the castle
- His charger trampling many a prickly star
- Of sprouted thistle on the broken stones.
- He look'd and saw that all was
- Here stood a shatter'd archway plumed with fern;
- And here had fall'n a great part of a
- Whole, like a crag that tumbles from the cliff,

- And like a crag was gay with wilding flowers:
- And high above a piece of turret
- Worn by the feet that now were silent, wound
- Bare to the sun, and monstrous ivy-
- Claspt the gray walls with hairy-fibered arms,
- And suck'd the joining of the stones, and look'd
- A knot, beneath, of snakes, aloft, a grove.
 - And while he waited in the castle court.
- The voice of Enid, Yniol's daughter, rang
- Clear thro' the open casement of the hall,
- Singing; and as the sweet voice of a
- Heard by the lander in a lonely isle, Moves him to think what kind of bird it is
- That sings so delicately clear, and make
- Conjecture of the plumage and the form;
- So the sweet voice of Enid moved Geraint:
- And made him like a man abroad at
- When first the liquid note beloved of men
- Comes flying over many a windy wave
- To Britain, and in April suddenly
- Breaks from a coppice gemm'd with green and red,
- And he suspends his converse with a friend,
- Or it may be the labor of his hands, To think or say, "There is the nightingale;"
- So fared it with Geraint, who thought and said,

"Here, by God's grace, is the one voice for me."

It chanced the song that Enid

Of Fortune and her wheel, and Enid sang:

"Turn, Fortune, turn thy wheel and lower the proud;

Turn thy wild wheel thro' sunshine, storm, and cloud:

Thy wheel and thee we neither love nor hate.

"Turn, Fortune, turn thy wheel with smile or frown:

With that wild wheel we go not up or down:

Our hoard is little, but our hearts are great.

"Smile and we smile, the lords of many lands;

Frown and we smile, the lords of our own hands:

For man is man and master of his fate.

"Turn, turn thy wheel above the staring crowd;

Thy wheel and thou are shadows in the cloud;

Thy wheel and thee we neither love nor hate."

"Hark, by the bird's song ye may learn the nest,"

Said Yniol; "enter quickly." Enter-

Right o'er a mount of newly-fallen stones,

The dusky-rafter'd many-cobweb'd hall,

He found an ancient dame in dim brocade:

And near her, like a blossom vermeil-white, That lightly breaks a faded flower-sheath,

Moved the fair Enid, all in faded silk,

Her daughter. In a moment thought Geraint,

"Here by God's rood is the one maid for me."

But none spake word except the hoary Earl:

"Enid, the good knight's horse stands in the court;

Take him to stall, and give him corn, and then

Go to the town and buy us flesh and wine;

And we will make us merry as we may.

Our hoard is little, but our hearts are great."

He spake: the Prince, as Enid

To follow, strode a stride, but Yniol caught

His purple scarf, and held, and said, "Forbear!

Rest! the good house, tho' ruin'd, O my son,

Endures not that her guest should serve himself."

And reverencing the custom of the house

Geraint, from utter courtesy, for-

So Enid took his charger to the stall;

And after went her way across the bridge,

And reach'd the town, and while the Prince and earl

Yet spoke together, came again with one,

A youth, that following with a costrel bore

The means of goodly welcome, flesh and wine.

And Enid brought sweet cakes to make them cheer,

And in her veil enfolded, manchet bread.

And then, because their hall must also serve

For kitchen, boil'd the flesh, and spread the board,

And stood behind, and waited on the three.

And seeing her so sweet and serviceable,

Geraint had longing in him evermore

To stoop and kiss the tender little thumb,

That crost the trencher as she laid it down:

But after all had eaten, then Geraint,

For now the wine made summer in his veins,

Let his eye rove in following, or

On Enid at her lowly handmaidwork.

Now here, now there, about the dusky hall;

Then suddenly addrest the hoary Earl: Sent her own maiden to demand the

His dwarf, a vicious under-shapen thing,

Struck at her with his whip, and she return'd

Indignant to the Queen; and then I swore

That I would track this caitiff to his hold,

And fight and break his pride, and have it of him.

And all unarm'd I rode, and thought to find

Arms in your town, where all the men are mad;

They take the rustic murmur of their bourg

For the great wave that echoes round the world;

They would not hear me speak: but if ye know

Where I can light on arms, or if yourself

Should have them, tell me, seeing I have sworn

That I will break his pride and learn his name.

Avenging this great insult done the Queen."

"Fair Host and Earl, I pray your courtesy;

This sparrow-hawk, what is he? tell me of him.

His name? but no, good faith, I will not have it:

For if he be the knight whom late I saw

Ride into that new fortress by your town,

White from the mason's hand, then have I sworn

From his own lips to have it — I am

Of Devon — for this morning when the Queen

Then cried Earl Yniol, "Art thou he indeed,

Geraint, a name far-sounded among

For noble deeds? and truly I, when first

I saw you moving by me on the bridge,

Felt ye were somewhat, yea, and by your state

And presence might have guess'd you one of those

That eat in Arthur's hall at Camelot.

Nor speak I now from foolish flattery;



" HERE EV GOD'S ROOD IS THE ONE MAID FOR ME" -Page 225



For this dear child hath often heard me praise

Your feats of arms, and often when I paused

Hath ask'd again, and ever loved to hear:

So grateful is the noise of noble deeds

To noble hearts who see but acts of wrong:

O never yet had woman such a pair

Of suitors as this maiden; first Limours,

A creature wholly given to brawls and wine,

Drunk even when he woo'd; and be

I know not, but he past to the wild land.

The second was your foe, the sparrow-hawk,

My curse, my nephew — I will not let his name

Slip from my lips if I can help it —

When I that knew him fierce and turbulent

Refused her to him, then his pride awoke:

And since the proud man often is the mean,

He sow'd a slander in the common ear.

Affirming that his father left him gold,

And in my charge, which was not render'd to him;

Bribed with large promises the men who served

About my person, the more easily

Because my means were somewhat broken into

Thro' open doors and hospitality; Raised my own town against me in

the night
Before my Enid's birthday, sack'd
my house;

From mine own earldom foully ousted me;

Built that new fort to overawe my friends,

For truly there are those who love me yet;

And keeps me in this ruinous castle

Where doubtless he would put me soon to death,

But that his pride too much despises me:

And I myself sometimes despise myself;

For I have let men be, and have their way;

Am much too gentle, have not used my power:

Nor know I whether I be very base Or very manful, whether very wise Or very foolish; only this I know, That whatsoever evil happen to me, I seem to suffer nothing heart or limb,

But can endure it all most patiently."

"Well said, true heart," replied Geraint, "but arms,

That if the sparrow-hawk, this nephew, fight

In next day's tourney I may break his pride."

And Yniol answer'd, "Arms, indeed, but old

And rusty, old and rusty, Prince Geraint,

Are mine, and therefore at thine asking, thine.

But in this tournament can no man tilt,

Except the lady he loves best be there.

Two forks are fixt into the meadow ground,

And over these is placed a silver wand,

- And over that a golden sparrowhawk.
- The prize of beauty for the fairest there.
- And this, what knight soever be in field
- Lays claim to for the lady at his side, And tilts with my good nephew thereupon,
- Who being apt at arms and big of bone
- Has ever won it for the lady with him,
- And toppling over all antagonism
- Has earn'd himself the name of sparrow-hawk.
- But thou, that hast no lady, canst not fight."
 - To whom Geraint with eyes all bright replied,
- Leaning a little toward him, "Thy leave!
- Let me lay lance in rest, O noble
- For this dear child, because I never
- Tho' having seen all beauties of our
- Nor can see elsewhere, anything so fair.
- And if I fall her name will yet re-
- Untarnish'd as before; but if I live, So aid me Heaven when at mine uttermost,
- As I will make her truly my true wife."
 - Then, howsoever patient, Yniol's
- Danced in his bosom, seeing better
- And looking round he saw not Enid
- -Who hearing her own name had stol'n away -

- But that old dame, to whom full tenderly
- And fondling all her hand in his he said.
- "Mother, a maiden is a tender thing, And best by her that bore her under-
- Go thou to rest, but ere thou go to
- Tell her, and prove her heart toward the Prince."
 - So spake the kindly-hearted earl, and she
- With frequent smile and nod departing found,
- Half disarray'd as to her rest, the girl;
- Whom first she kiss'd on either cheek, and then
- On either shining shoulder laid a hand,
- And kept her off and gazed upon her face,
- And told her all their converse in the hall.
- Proving her heart: but never light and shade
- Coursed one another more on open ground
- Beneath a troubled heaven, than red and pale
- Across the face of Enid hearing her; While slowly falling as a scale that falls,
- When weight is added only grain by grain,
- Sank her sweet head upon her gentle breast;
- Nor did she lift an eye nor speak a word,
- Rapt in the fear and in the wonder of it;
- So moving without answer to her
- She found no rest, and ever fail'd to

The quiet night into her blood, but

Contemplating her own unworthiness;

And when the pale and bloodless east began

To quicken to the sun, arose, and raised

Her mother too, and hand in hand they moved

Down to the meadow where the jousts were held,

And waited there for Yniol and Geraint.

And thither came the twain, and when Geraint

Beheld her first in field, awaiting him,

He felt, were she the prize of bodily force,

Himself beyond the rest pushing could move

The chair of Idris. Yniol's rusted

Were on his princely person, but

Princelike his bearing shone; and errant knights

And ladies came, and by and by the

Flow'd in, and settling circled all the lists.

And there they fixt the forks into the ground,

And over these they placed the silver wand.

And over that the golden sparrowhawk.

Then Yniol's nephew, after trumpet

Spake to the lady with him and proclaim'd,

"Advance and take, as fairest of the fair,

What I these two years past have won for thee,

The prize of beauty." Loudly spake the Prince,

"Forbear: there is a worthier," and the knight

With some surprise and thrice as much disdain

Turn'd, and beheld the four, and all his face

Glow'd like the heart of a great fire at Yule,

So burnt he was with passion, crying out,

"Do battle for it then," no more; and thrice

They clash'd together, and thrice they brake their spears.

Then each, dishorsed and drawing, lash'd at each

So often and with such blows, that all the crowd

Wonder'd, and now and then from distant walls

There came a clapping as of phantom hands.

So twice they fought, and twice they breathed, and still

The dew of their great labor, and the blood

Of their strong bodies, flowing, drain'd their force.

But either's force was match'd till Yniol's cry,

"Remember that great insult done the Queen,"

Increased Geraint's who heaved his

Increased Geraint's, who heaved his blade aloft,

And crack'd the helmet thro', and bit the bone,

And fell'd him, and set foot upon his breast,

And said, "Thy name?" To whom the fallen man

Made answer, groaning, "Edyrn, son of Nudd!

Ashamed am I that I should tell it thee,

My pride is broken: men have seen my fall."

- "Then, Edyrn, son of Nudd," replied Geraint,
- "These two things shalt thou do, or else thou diest.
- First, thou thyself, with damsel and with dwarf,
- Shalt ride to Arthur's court, and coming there,
- Crave pardon for that insult done the Queen,
- And shalt abide her judgment on it;
- Thou shalt give back their earldom to
- These two things shalt thou do, or thou shalt die."
- And Edyrn answer'd, "These things will I do,
- For I have never y:, been overthrown,
- And thou hast overthrown me, and my pride
- Is broken down, for Enid sees my fall!"
- And rising up, he rode to Arthur's court.
- And there the Queen forgave him easily.
- And being young, he changed and came to loathe
- His crime of traitor, slowly drew
- Bright from his old dark life, and fell
- In the great battle fighting for the King.
 - But when the third day from the hunting-morn
- Made a low splendor in the world, and wings
- Moved in her ivy, Enid, for she lay With her fair head in the dim-yellow
- Among the dancing shadows of the birds,
- Woke and bethought her of her promise given

- No later than last eve to Prince Geraint —
- So bent he seem'd on going the third day.
- He would not leave her, till her promise given —
- To ride with him this morning to the court.
- And there be made known to the stately Queen,
- And there be wedded with all cere-
- At this she cast her eyes upon her dress,
- And thought it never yet had look'd so mean.
- For as a leaf in mid-November is
- To what it was in mid-October, seem'd
- The dress that now she look'd on to
- She look'd on ere the coming of Geraint.
- And still she look'd, and still the ter-
- of that strange bright and dreadful
- thing, a court,
 All staring at her in her faded silk:
 And softly to her own sweet heart she

said:

- "This noble prince who won our earldom back,
- So splendid in his acts and his attire, Sweet heaven, how much I shall discredit him!
- Would he could tarry with us here awhile,
- But being so beholden to the Prince, It were but little grace in any of us Bent as he seem'd on going this thiru
- To seek a second favor at his hands. Yer if he could but tarry a day or
- Myself would work eye dim, and finger lame,

Far liefer than so much discredit him."

And Enid fell in longing for a

All branch'd and flower'd with gold, a costly gift

Of her good mother, given her on the night

Before her birthday, three sad years

That night of fire, when Edyrn sack'd their have,

And scatter'd all they had to all the winds:

For while the mother show'd it, and the two

Were turning and admiring it, the work

To both appear'd so costly, rose a

That Edyrn's men were on them, and they fled

With little save the jewels they had on,

Which being sold and sold had bought them bread;

And Edyrn's men had caught them in their flight,

And placed them in this ruin; and

The Prince had found her in her ancient home;

Then let her fancy flit across the past,

And roam the goodly places that she knew:

And last bethought her how she used to watch,

Near that old home, a pool of golden

And one was patch'd and blurr'd and iusterless

Among his burnish'd brethren of the pool;

And half asleep she made compari-

Of that and these to her own faded self

And the gay court, and fell asleep again;

And dreamt herself was such a faded form

Among her burnish'd sisters of the pool;

But this was in the garden of a king;

And tho' she lay dark in the pool, she knew

That all was bright; that all about were birds

Of sunny plume in gilded trelliswork;

That all the turf was rich in plots that look'd

Each like a garnet or a turkis in

And lords and ladies of the high court went

In silver tissue talking things of state;

And children of the King in cloth of gold

Glanced at the doors or gambol'd down the walks;

And while she thought, "They will not see me," came

A stately queen whose name was Guinevere,

And all the children in their cloth of gold

Ran to her, crying, "If we have fish at all

Let them be gold; and charge the gardeners now To pick the faded creature from the

pool, And cast it on the mixen that it

die."
And therewithal one came and

And therewithal one came and seized on her,

And Enid started waking, with her heart

All overshadow'd by the foolish dream,

- And lo! it was her mother grasping
- To get her well awake; and in her
- A suit of bright apparel, which she laid
- Flat on the couch, and spoke exultingly:
- "See here, my child, how fresh the colors look,
- How fast they hold like colors of a shell
- That keeps the wear and polish of the wave.
- Why not? It never yet was worn,
 I trow:
- Look on it, child, and tell me if ye know it."
 - And Erid look'd, but all confused at first,
- Could scarce divide it from her footish dream:
- Then suddenly she knew it and rejoiced,
- And answer'd, "Yea, I know it; your good gift,
- So sadly lost on that unhappy night; Your own good gift!" "Yea,
- surely," said the dame,
 "And gladly given again this happy
- For when the jousts were ended vesterday,
- Went Yniol thro' the town, and
- He found the sack and plunder of our house
- All scatter'd thro' the houses of the
- And gave command that all which once was ours
- Should now be ours again: and yester-eve,
- While ye were talking sweetly with your Prince,

- Came one with this and laid it in my hand.
- For love or fear, or seeking favor of us.
- Because we have our earldom back again.
- And yester-eve I would not tell you of it,
- But kept it for a sweet surprise at morn.
- Yea, truly is it not a sweet surprise? For I myself unwillingly have
- My faded suit, as you, my child, have yours,
- And howsoever patient, Yniol his.
- Ah, dear, he took me from a goodly house.
- With store of rich apparel, sumptuous fare,
- And page, and m. ., and squire, and seneschal,
- And pastime both of hawk and hound, and all
- That appertains to noble mainte-
- Yea, and he brought me to a goodly house;
- But since our fortune swerved from sun to shade,
- And all thro' that young traitor,
- Constrain'd us, but a better tin a has
- come; So clothe yourself in this, that better fits
- Our mended fortunes and a Prince's
- For the ye won the prize of fairest
- And tho' I heard him call you fairest
- Let never maiden think, however
- She is not fairer in new clothes than old.
- And should some great court-lady say, the Prince

Hath pick'd a ragged-robin from the hedge,

And like a madman brought her to the court,

Then were ye shamed, and, worse, might shame the Prince

To whom we are beholden; but I know,

When my dear child is set forth at her best,

That neither court nor country, tho' they sought

Thro' all the provinces like those of old

That lighted on Queen Esther, has her match."

Here ceased the kindly mother out of breath;

And Enid listen'd brightening as she lay;

Then, as the white and glittering star of morn

Parts from a bank of snow, and by and by

Slips into golden cloud, the maiden

And left her maiden couch, and robed herself,

Help'd by the mother's careful hand and eye,

Without a mirror, in the gorgeous gown:

Who, after, turn'd her daughter

round, and said,
Si.e never yet had seen her half so

And call'd her like that maiden in

the tale, Whom Gwydion made by glamor out of flowers,

And sweeter than the bride of Cassivelaun,

Flur, for whose love the Roman Cæsar first

Invaded Britain, "But we beat him back,

As this great Prince invaded us, and we,

Not beat him back, but welcomed him with joy.

And I can scarcely ride with you to court,

For old am I, and rough the ways and wild;

But Yniol goes, and I full oft shall dream

I see my princess as I see her now, Clothed with my gift, and gay among the gay."

But while the women thus rejoiced, Geraint

Woke where he slept in the high hall, and call'd

For Enid, and when Yniol made report

Of that good mother making Enid

In such apparel as might well beseem

His princess, or indeed the stately Queen,

He answer'd: "Earl, entreat her by my love,

Albeit I give no reason but my wish, That she ride with me in her faded silk."

Yniol with that hard message went;

Like flaws in summer laying lusty

For Enid, all abash'd she knew not why,

Dared not to glance at her good mother's face,

But silently, in all obedience,

Her mother silent too, nor helping her.

Laid from her limbs the costlybroider'd gift,

And robed them in her ancient suit

And so descended. Never man rejoiced

- More than Geraint to greet her thus attired;
- And glancing all at once as keenly at
- As careful robins eye the delver's
- Made her cheek burn and either eyelid fall,
- But rested with her sweet face satisfied:
- Then seeing cloud upon the mother's brow.
- Her by both hands he caught, and sweetly said,
 - "O my new mother, be not wroth or grieved
- At thy new son, for my petition to her.
- When late I left Caerleon, our great Queen,
- In words whose echo lasts, they were so sweet,
- Made promise, that whatever bride
 I brought.
- Herself would clothe her like the sun in Heaven.
- Thereafter, when I reach'd this ruin'd hall,
- Beholding one so bright in dark
- I vow'd that could I gain her, our fair Queen.
- No hand but hers, should make your Enid burst
- Sunlike from cloud and likewise thought perhaps,
- That service done so graciously would bind
- The two together; fain I would the
- Should love each other: how can Enid find
- A nobler friend? Another thought was mine;
- I came among you here so suddenly, That tho' her gentle presence at the lists

- Might well have served for proof that I was loved,
- I doubted whether daughter's ten-
- Or easy nature, might not let
- Be molded by your wishes for her weal:
- Or whether some false sense in her own self
- Of my contrasting brightness, overbore
- Her fancy dwelling in this dusky hall:
- And such a sense might make her long for court
- And all its perilous glories: and I thought,
- That could I someway prove such force in her
- Link'd with such love for me, that
- (No reason given her) she could cast aside
- is plendor dear to women, new to her.
- And therefore dearer; or if not so
- Yet therefore tenfold dearer by the
- Of intermitted usage; then I felt That I could rest, a rock in ebbs and
- flows,
 Fixt on her faith. Now, therefore,
- I do rest,
- A prophet certain of my prophecy, That never shadow of mistrust can
- Between us. Grant me pardon for my thoughts:
- And for my strange petition I will make
- Amends hereafter by some gaudyday,
- When your fair child shall wear your costly gift
- Beside your own warm hearth, with, on her knees,

Who knows? another gift of the high God,

Which, maybe, shall have learn'd to lisp you thanks."

He spoke: the mother smiled, but half in tears,

Then brought a mantle down and wrapt her in it,

And claspt and kiss'd her, and they rode away.

Now thrice that morning Guinevere had climb'd

The giant tower, from whose high crest, they say,

Men saw the goodly hills of Somer-

And white sails flying on the yellow sea;

But not to goodly hill or yellow sea Look'd the fair Queen, but up the vale of Usk,

By the flat meadow, till she saw them come:

And then descending met them at the gates,

Embraced her with all welcome as a friend,

And did her honor as the Prince's bride,

And clothed her for her bridals like the sun:

And all that week was old Caerleon

For by the hands of Dubric, the high saint,

They twain were wedded with all ceremony.

And this was on the last year's Whitsuntide.

But Enid ever kept the faded silk, Remembering how arst he came on her,

Drest in that dress, and how he loved her in it,

And all her foolish fears about the dress,

And all his journey toward her, as himself

Had told her, and their coming to

And now this morning when he said to her,

"Put on your worst and meanest dress," she found

And took it, and array'd he: self therein.

GERAINT AND ENID

O PURBLIND race of miserable men How many among us at this very hour

Do forge a life-long trouble for ourselves,

By taking true for false, or false for true;

Here, thro' the feeble twilight of this world

Groping, how many, until we pass and reach

That other, where we see as we are seen!

So fared it with Geraint, who issuing forth

That morning, when they both had got to horse,

Perhaps because he loved her passionately,

And felt that tempest brooding round his heart,

Which, if he spoke at all, would break perforce

Upon a head so dear in thunder, said:

"Not at my side. I charge thee ride before,

Ever a good vay on before; and this I charge thee, on thy duty as a wife,

Whatever happens, not to speak to me.

No, not a word!" and Enid was aghast;

And forth they rode, but scarce three paces on,

When crying out, "Effeminate as I am,

I will not fight my way with gilded arms,

All shall be iron;" he loosed a mighty purse,

Hung at his belt, and hurl'd it toward the squire.

So the last sight that Enid had of home

Was all the marble threshold flashing, strown

With gold and scatter'd coinage, and the squire

Chafing his shoulder: then he cried again,

"To the wilds!" and Enid leading down the tracks

Thro' which he bade her lead him on, they past

The marches, and by bandit-haunted holds,

Gray swamps and pools, waste places of the hern,

And wildernesses, perilous paths, they rode:

Round was their pace at first, but slacken'd soon:

A stranger meeting them had surely thought

They rode so slowly and they look'd so pale,

That each had suffer'd some exceeding wrong.

For he was ever saying to himself.

"O I that wasted time to tend upon her,

To compass her with sweet observances,

To dress her beautifully and keep her true -

And there he broke the sentence in his heart

Abruptly, as a man upon his tongue May break it, when his passion masters him.

And she was ever praying the sweet heavens

To save her dear lord whole from any wound.

And ever in her mind she cast about For that unnoticed failing in herself, Which made him look so cloudy and so cold;

Till the great plover's human whistle amazed

Her heart, and glancing round the waste she fear'd

'1 every wavering brake an ambuscade.

Then thought again, "If there be such in me,

I might amend it by the grace of Heaven,

If he would only speak and tell me of it."

But when the fourth part of the day was gone,

Then Enid was aware of three tall

On horseback, wholly arm'd, behind a rock

In shadow, waiting for them, caitiffs all;

And heard one crying to his fellows, "Look,

Here comes a laggard hanging down his head,

Who seems no bolder than a beaten hound;

Come, we will slay him and will have his horse

And armor, and his damsel shall be ours."

Then Enid ponder'd in her heart, and said:

"I will go back a little to my lord,

And I will tell him all their caitiff talk;

For, be he wroth even to slaying me, Far liefer by his dear hand had I die.

Than that my lord should suffer loss or shame."

Then she went back some paces of return

Met his full frown timidly firm, and said;

"My lord, I saw three bandits by the rock

Waiting to fall on you, and heard them boast

That they would slay you, and possess your horse

And armor, and your damsel should be theirs."

He made a wrathful answer: "Did I wish

Your warning or your silence? one command

I laid upon you, not to speak to me, And thus ye keep it! Well, then, look — for now.

Whether ye wish me victory or defeat,

Long for my life, or hunger for my death,

Yourself shall see my vigor is not lost."

Then Enid waited pale and sorrowful,

And down upon him bare the bandit three.

And at the midmost charging, Prince Geraint

Drave the long spear a cubit thro' his breast

And out beyond; and then against his brace

Of comrades, each of whom had broken on him

A lance that splinter'd like an icicle,

Swung from his brand a windy buffet out

Once, twice, to right, to left, and stunn'd the twain

Or slew them, and dismounting like a man

That skins the wild beast after slaying him.

Stript from the three dead wolves of woman born

The three gay suits of armor which they wore,

And let the bodies lie, but bound the suits

Of armor on their horses, each on each,

And tied the bridle-reins of all the

Together, and said to her, "Drive them on

Before you;" and she drove them thro' the waste.

He follow'd nearer: ruth began to work

Against his anger in him, while he watch'd

The being he loved best in all the world,

With difficulty in mild obedience Driving them on: he fain had spoken

And loosed in words of sudden fire

And smolder'd wrong that burnt him all within:

But evermore it seem'd an easier thing

At once without remorse to strike her dead,

Than to cry "Halt," and to her own bright face

Accuse her of the least immodesty: And thus tongue-tied, it made him wroth the more

That she could speak whom his own ear had heard

Call herself false: and suffering thus he made

Minutes an age: but in scarce longer time

Than at Caerleon the full-tided Usk,

Before he turn to fall seaward again, Pauses, did Enid, keeping watch, behold

In the first shallow shade of a deep wood,

Before a gloom of stubborn-shafted oaks,

Three other horsemen waiting, wholly arm'd,

Whereof one seem'd far larger than her lord,

And shook her pulses, crying, "Look, a prize!

Three horses and three goodly suits of arms,

And all in charge of whom? a girl: set on."

"Nay," said the second, "yonder comes a knight."

The third, "A craven; how he hangs his head."

The giant answer'd merrily, "Yea, but one?

Wait here, and when he passes fall upon him."

And Enid ponder'd in her heart and said,

"I will abide the coming of my lord,

And I will tell him all their villainy.

My lord is weary with the fight before,

And they will fall upon him unawares.

I needs must disobey him for his good;

How should I dare obey him to his

Needs must I speak, and tho' he kill me for it,

I save a life dearer to me than mine."

And she abode his coming, and said to him

With timid firmness, "Have I leave to sp ak?"

He said, "Ye take it, speaking," and she spoke.

"There lurk three villains yonder in the wood,

And each of them is wholly arm'd, and one

Is larger-limb'd than you are, and they say

That they will fall upon you while ye pass."

To which he flung a wrathful answer back:

"And if there were an hundred in the wood,

And every man were larger-limb'd than I.

And all at once should sally out upon me,

I swear it would not ruffle me so much

As you that not obey me. Stand aside,

And if I fall, cleave to the better man."

And Enid stood aside to wait the event,

Not dare to watch the combat, only breathe

Short fits of prayer, at every stroke a breath.

And he, she dreaded most, bare down upon him.

Aim'd at the helm, his lance err'd; but Geraint's,

A little in the late encounter strain'd,

Struck thro' the bulky bandit's corselet home, And then brake short, and down his enemy roll'd,

And there lay still; as he that tells the tale

Saw once a great piece of a promontory,

That had a sapling g wing on it, slide

From the long shore-cliff's windy walls to the beach,

And there lie still, and yet the sapling grew:

So lay the man transfixt. His craven pair

Of comrades making slowlier at the Prince,

When now they saw their bulwark fallen, stood;

On whom the victor, to confound them more,

Spw 'd with his terrible war-cry; for as one,

That listens near a torrent mountain-brook,

All thro' the crash of the near cataract hears

The drumming thunder of the huger fall

At distance, where the soldiers wont to hear

His voice in battle, and be kindled by it,

And foemen scared, like that false pair who turn'd

Flying, but, overtaken, died the death Themselves had wrought on many an innocent.

Thereon Geraint, dismounting, pick'd the lance

That pleased him best, and drew from those dead wolves

Their three gay suits of armor, each from each,

And bound them on their horses, each on each,

And tied the bridle-reins of all the three

Together, and said to her, "Drive them on

Before you," and she drove them thro' the wood.

He follow'd nearer still: the pain she had

To keep them in the wild ways of the wood,

Two sets of three laden with jingling arms,

Together, served a little to disedge The sharpness of that pain about her heart:

And they themselves, like creatures gently born

But into bad hands fall'n, and now so long

By bandits groom'd, prick'd their light ears, and felt

Her low firm voice and tender government.

So thro' the green gloom of the wood they past,

And issuing under open heavens beheld

A little town with towers, upon a rock,

And close beneath, a meadow gemlike chased

In the brown wild, and mowers mowing in it:

And down a rocky pathway from the place

There came a fair-hair'd youth, that in his hand

Bare victual for the mowers: and Geraint

Had ruth again on Enid looking pale:

Then, moving downward to the meadow ground,

He, when the fair-heir'd youth came by him, said,

"Friend, let her eat; the damsel is so faint."

- "Yea, willingly," replied the youth;
 "and thou,
- My lord, eat also, tho' the fare is coarse,
- And only meet for mowers;" then set down
- His basket, and dismounting on the sward
- They let the horses graze, and ate themselves.
- And Enid took a little delicately,
- Less having stomach for it than desire
- To close with her lord's pleasure; but Geraint
- Ate all the mowers' victual unawares,
- And when he found all empty, was amazed;
- And "Boy," said he, "I have eaten all, but take
- A horse and arms for guerdon; choose the best."
- He, reddening in extremity of delight,
- My lord, you overpay me fifty-
- fold."
 "Ye will be all the wealthier," cried the Prince.
- "I take it as free gift, then," said the boy,
- "Not guerdon; for myself can easily, While your good damsel rests, re-
- turn, and fetch
 Fresh victual for these mowers of our
- For these are his, and all the field is his,
- And I myself am his; and I will tell
- How great a man thou art: he loves to know
- When men of mark are in his terri-
- And he will have thee to his palace
- And serve thee costlier than with mowers' fare."

- Then said Geraint, "I wish no better fare:
- I never ate with angrier appetite
- Than when I left your mowers dinnerless.
- And into no Earl's palace will I go. I know, God knows, too much of palaces!
- And if he want me let him come to me.
- But hire us some fair chamber for the night,
- And stalling for the horses, and return
- With victual for these men, and let us know."
 - "Yea, my kind lord," said the glad youth, and went,
- Held his head high, and thought himself a knight,
- And up the rocky pathway disappear'd,
- Leading the horse, and they were left alone.
 - But when the Prince had brought his errant eyes
- Home from the rock, sideways he let them glance
- At Enid, where she droopt: his own false doom.
- That shadow of mistrust should never cross
- Betwixt them, came upon him, and he sigh'd;
- Then with another humorous ruth remark'd
- The lusty mowers laboring dinner-
- And watch'd the sun blaze on the turning scythe,
- And after nodded sleepily in the heat.
- But she, remembering her old ruin'd hall,
- And all the windy clamor of the

About her hollow turret, pluck'd the

There growing longest by the meadow's edge,

And into many a listless annulet, Now over, now beneath her marriage ring,

Wove and unwove it, till the boy return'd

And told them of a chamber, and they went;

Where, after saying to her, "If ye will,

Call for the woman of the house," to which

She answer'd, "Thanks, my lord;" the two remain'd

Apart by all the chamber's width, and mute

As creatures voiceless thro' the fault of birth,

Or two wild men supporters of a shield,

Painted, who stare at open space, nor glance

The one at other, parted by the shield.

On a sudden, many a voice along the street.

And heel against the pavement echoing, burst

Their drowse; and either started while the door,

Push'd from without, drave backward to the wall,

And midmost of a rout of roisterers, Femininely fair and dissolutely pale, Her suitor in old years before Geraint,

Enter'd, the wild lord of the place, Limours.

He moving up with pliant courtliness.

Greeted Geraint full face, but stealthily,

In the mid-warmth of welcome and graspt hand,

Found Enid with the corner of his

And knew her sitting sad and solitary.

Then cried Geraint for wine and goodly cheer

To feed the sudden guest, and sumptuously

According to his fashion, bade the

Call in what men soever were his friends,

And feast with these in honor of their Earl:

"And care not for the cost; the cost is mine."

And wine and food were brought, and Earl Limours

Drank till he jested with all ease, and told

Free tales, and took the word and play'd upon it,

And made it of two colors; for his talk,

When wine and free companions kindled him,

Was wont to glance and sparkle like a gem

Of fifty facets; thus he moved the Prince

To laughter and his comrades to applause.

Then, when the Prince was merry, ask'd Limours,

"Your leave, my lord, to cross the room, and speak

To your good damsel there who sits apart,

And seems so lonely?" "My free leave," he said;

"Get her to speak: she doth not speak to me."

Then rose Limours, and looking at his feet,

Like him who tries the bridge he fears may fail,

- Crost and came near, lifted adoring
- Bow'd at her side and utter'd whisperingly:
 - "Enid, the pilot star of my lone
- Enid, my early and my only love, Enid, the loss of whom hath turn'd me wild—
- What chance is this? how is it I see you here?
- Ye are in my power at last, are in my power.
- Yet fear me not: I call mine own self wild,
- But keep a touch of sweet civility
- Here in the heart and waste of wilderness.
- I thought, but that your father came between,
- In former days you saw me favorably.
- And if it were so do not keep it
- Make me a little happier: let me know it:
- Owe you me nothing for a life halflost?
- Yea, yea, the whole dear debt of all
- And, Enid, you and he, I see with
- joy, Ye sit apart, you do not speak to him,
- You come with no attendance, page or maid,
- To serve you doth he love you as of oid?
- For, call it lovers' quarrels, yet I
- Tho' men may bicker with the things they love,
- They would not make them laughable in all eyes,
- Not while they loved them; and your wretched dress,

- A wretched insult on you, dumbly speaks
- Your story, that this man loves you no more.
- Your beauty is no beauty to him
- A common chance—right well I know it—pall'd—
- For I know men: nor will ye win him back,
- For the man's love once gone never returns.
- But here is one who loves you as of old:
- With more exceeding passion than
- of old.
 Good, speak the word: my followers
 ring him round:
- He sits unarm'd; I hold a finger up; They understand: nay; I do not
- mean blood:
- Nor need ye look so scared at what I say:
- My malice is no deeper than a moat, No stronger than a wall: there is the keep:
- He shall not cross us more; speak but the word:
- Or speak it not; but then by Him that made me
- The one true lover whom you ever own'd,
- I will make use of all the power I have.
- O pardon mel the madness of that hour,
- When first I parted from thee, moves me yet."
 - At this the tender sound of his
- And sweet self-pity, or the fancy of
- Made his eye moist; but Enid fear'd his eyes,
- Moist as they were, wine-heated from the feast;

And answer'd with such craft as All to be there against a sudden women use.

Guilty or guiltless, to stave off a chance

That breaks upon them perilously, and said:

"Earl, if you love me as in former years,

And do not practise on me, come with morn,

And snatch me from him as by violence;

Leave me to-night: I am weary to the death."

Low at leave-taking, with his brandish'd plume

Brushing his instep, bow'd the allamorous Earl,

And the stout Prince bade him a loud good-night.

He moving homeward babbled to his

How Enid never loved a man but

Nor ared a broken egg-shell for her lord.

But Enid left alone with Prince Geraint,

Debating his command of silence given,

And that she now perforce must

violate it, Held commune with herself, and

while she held He fell asleep, and Enid had no

To wake him, but hung o'er him,

wholly pleased To find him yet unwounded after

fight, And hear him breathing low and

equally.

Anon she rose, and stepping lightly,

The pieces of his armor in one place,

need:

Then dozed awhile herself, but overtoil'd

By that day's grief and travel, ever

Seem'd catching at a rootless thorn, and then

Went slipping down horrible precipices,

And strongly striking out her limbs awoke;

Then thought she heard the wild Earl at the door,

With all his rout of random followers.

Sound on a dreadful trumpet, summoning her;

Which was the red cock shouting to the light,

As the gray dawn stole o'er the dewy world,

And glimmer'd on his armor in the room.

And once again she rose to look at

But touch'd it unawares: jangling, the casque

Fell, and he started up and stared at her.

Then breaking his command of silence given,

She told him all that Earl Limours had said,

Except the passage that he loved her

Nor left untold the craft herself had used;

But ended with apology so sweet,

Low-spoken, and of so few words, and seem'd

So justified by that necessity,

That tho' he thought, "Was it for him she wept

In Devon?" he but gave a wrathful groan,

Saying, "Your sweet faces make good fellows fools

And traitors. Call the host and bid

Charger and palfrey." So she glided out

Among the heavy breathings of the house,

And like a household Spirit at the walls

Beat, till she woke the sleepers, and return'd:

Then tending her rough lord, tho' all unask'd,

In silence, did him service as a squire;

Till issuing arm'd he found the host and cried,

"Thy reckoning, friend?" and ere he learnt it, "Take

Five horses and their armors;" and the host

Suddenly honest, answer'd in amaze, "My lord, I scarce have spent the worth of one!"

"Ye will be all the wealthier," said the Prince,

And then to Enid, "Forward! and to-day

I charge you, Enid, more especially, What thing soever ye may hear, or see,

Or fancy (tho' I count it of small use

To charge you) that ye speak not but obey."

And Enid answer'd, "Yea, my lord, I know

Your wish, and would obey; but riding first,

I hear the violent threats you do not hear.

I see the danger which you cannot see:

Then not to give you warning, that seems hard;

Almost beyond me: yet I would obey."

"Yea so," said he, "do it: be not too wise;

Seeing that ye are wedded to a man, Not all mismated with a yawning clown,

But one with arms to guard his head and yours,

With eyes to find you out however far,

And ears to hear you even in his dreams."

With that he turn'd and look'd as keenly at her

As careful robins eye the delver's toil;

And that within her, which a wanton fool,

Or hasty judger would have call'd her guilt,

Made her cheek burn and either eyelid fall.

And Geraint look'd and was not satisfied.

Then forward by a way which, beaten broad,

Led from the territory of false Limours

To the waste earldom of another earl,

Doorm, whom his shaking vassals call'd the Bull,

Went Enid with her sullen follower on.

Once she look'd back, and when she saw him ride

More near by many a rood than yester-morn,

It well-nigh made her cheerful; till Geraint

Waving an angry hand as who should say

"Ye watch me," sadden'd all her heart again.

But while the sun yet beat a dewy blade

The sound of many a heavily-gailoping hoof

Smote on her ear, and turning round she saw

Dust, and the points of lances bicker in it.

Then not to disobey her lord's be-

And yet to give him warning, for he

As if he heard not, moving back she held

Her finger up, and pointed to the

At which the warrior in his obstinacy,

Because she kept the letter of his word,

Was in a manner pleased, and turning, stood.

And in a moment after, wild Limours,

Borne on a black horse, like a thunder-cloud

Whose skirts are loosen'd by the breaking storm,

Half ridden off with by the thing he rode,

And all in passion uttering a dry shriek.

Dash'd on Geraint, who closed with him, and bore

Down by the length of lance and arm beyond

The crupper, and so left him stunn'd or dead,

And overthrew the next that follow'd

And blindly rush'd on all the rout behind.

But at the flash and motion of the

They vanish'd panic-stricken, like a shoal

Of darting fish, that on a summer

Adown the crystal dykes at Camelot

Come slipping o'er their shadows on the sand,

But if a man who stands upon the brink

But lift a shining hand against the

There is not left the twinkle of a fin Betwixt the cressy islets white in flower:

So, scared but at the motion of the man,

Fled all the boon companions of the Earl.

And left him lying in the public way;

So vanish friendships only made in wine.

Then like a stormy sunlight smiled Geraint,

Who saw the chargers of the two that fell

Start from their fallen lords, and wildly fly,

Mixt with the flyers, "Horse and man," he said,
"All of one mind and all right-

honest friends!

Not a hoof left: and I methinks till now

Was honest - paid with horses and with arms:

I cannot steal or plunder, no nor

And so what say ye, shall we strip him there

Your lover? has your palfrey heart enough

To bear his armor? shall we fast, or dine?

No? - then do thou, being right honest, pray

That we may meet the horsemen of Earl Doorm,

I too would still be honest." Thus he said:

And sadly gazing on her bridle-reins,

- And answering not one word, she Upon her, and she wept beside the led the way.
 - But as a man to whom a dreadful
- Falls in a far land and he knows it
- But coming back he learns it, and the loss
- So pains him that he sickens nigh to death;
- So fared it with Geraint, who being prick'd
- In combat with the follower of Limours,
- Bled underneath his armor secretly, And so rode on, nor told his gentle
- What ail'd him, hardly knowing it himself,
- Till his eye darken'd and his helmet wagg'd;
- And at a sudden swerving of the road,
- Tho' happily down on a bank of grass,
- The Prince, without a word, from his horse fell.
 - And Enid heard the clashing of his fall,
- Suddenly came, and at his side all pale
- Dismounting, loosed the fastenings of his arms,
- Nor let her true hand falter, nor blue eye
- Moisten, till she had lighted on his wound,
- And tearing off her veil of faded silk Had bared her forehead to the blistering sun,
- And swathed the hurt that drain'd her dear lord's life.
- Then after all was done that hand could do.
- She rested, and her desolation came

- way.
- And many past, but none regarded her,
- For in that realm of lawless turbulence,
- A woman weeping for her murder'd
- Was cared as much for as a summer shower:
- One took him for a victim of Earl Doorm,
- Nor dared to waste a perilous pity
- Another hurrying past, a man-at-
- Rode on a mission to the bandit Earl;
- Half whistling and half singing a coarse song,
- He drove the dust against her veilless eves:
- Another, flying from the wrath of Doorm
- Before an ever-fancied arrow, made The long way smoke beneath him in his fear:
- At which her palfrey whinnying lifted heel,
- And scour'd into the coppices and was lost,
- While the great charger stood, grieved like a man.
- But at the point of noon the huge Earl Doorm.
- Broad-faced with under-fringe of russet beard,
- Bound on a foray, rolling eyes of prey,
- Came riding with a hundred lances
- But ere he came, like one that hails a ship.
- Cried out with a big voice, "What, is he dead?"

"No, no, not dead!" she answer'd in all haste.

"Would some of your kind people take him up,

And bear him hence out of this cruel sun?

Most sure am I, quite sure, he is not dead."

Then said Earl Doorm: 64 Well, if he be not dead,

Why wail ye for him thus? ye seem a child.

And be he dead, I count you for a fool.

Your waning will not quicken him: dead or not,

Ye mar a comely face with idiot tears.

Yet, since the face is comely — some of you,

Here, take him up, and bear him to our hall:

An if he live, we will have him of our band;

And if he die, why earth has earth enough

To hide him. See ye take the charger, too,

A noble one."

He spake, and past away, But left two brawny spearmen, who advanced,

Each growling like a dog, when his

Seems to be pluck'd at by the village boys

Who love to vex him eating, and he fears

To lose his bone, and lays his foot upon it,

Gnawing and growling: so the ruffians growl'd,

Fearing to lose, and all for a dead man,

Their chance of booty from the morning's raid,

Yet raised and laid him on a litterbier,

Such as they brought upon their forays out

For those that might be wounded; laid him on it

All in the hollow of his shield, and

And bore him to the naked hall of Doorm,

(His gentle charger following him unled)

And cast him and the bier in which he lay

Down on an oaken settle in the hall, And then departed, hot in haste to join

Their luckier mates, but growling as before,

And cursing their lost time, and the dead man,

And their own Earl, and their own souls, and her

They might as well have blest her: she was deaf

To blessing or to cursing save from one.

So for long hours sat Enid by her lord,

There in the naked hall, propping his head,

And chafing his pale hands, and calling to him.

Till at the last he waken'd from his swoon,

And found his own dear bride propping his head,

And chafing his faint hands, and calling to him:

And felt the warm tears falling on his face;

And said to his own heart, "She weeps for me:"

And yet lay still, and feign'd himself as dead,

That he might prove her to the uttermost,

- And say to his own heart, "She weeps for me."
 - But in the falling afternoon re-
- The huge Earl Doorm with plunder to the hall.
- His lusty spearmen follow'd him with noise:
- Each hurling down a heap of things that rang
- Against the pavement, cast his lance aside.
- And doff'd his helm: and then there flutter'd in,
- Half-bold, half-frightened, with dilated eyes,
- A tribe of women, dress'd in many hues,
- And mingled with the spearmen: and Earl Doorm
- Struck with a knife's haft hard against the board,
- And call'd for flesh and wine to feed his spears.
- And men brought in whole hogs and quarter beeves,
- And all the hall was dim with steam of flesh:
- And none spake word, but all sat down at once,
- And ate with tumult in the naked hall.
- Feeding like horses when you hear them feed:
- Till Enid shrank far back into herself,
- To shun the wild ways of the lawless tribe.
- But when Earl Doorm had eaten all he would,
- He roll'd his eyes about the hall, and found
- A damsel drooping in a corner of it. Then he remember'd her, and how she wept;
- And out of her there came a power upon him;

- And rising on the sudden he said,
- I never yet beheld a thing so pale.
- God's curse, it makes me mad to see you weep.
- Eat! Look yourself. Good luck had your good man,
- For were I dead who is it would weep for me?
- Sweet lady, never since I first drwv breath
- Have I beheld a lily like yourself.
- And so there lived some color in your cheek,
- There is not one among my gentle-
- Were fit to wear your slipper for a glove.
- But listen to me, and by me be ruled, And I will do the thing I have not
- done, For ye shall share my earldom with
- me, girl, And we will live like two birds in
- one nest, And I will fetch you forage from all
- fields,
- For I compel all creatures to my will."
 - He spoke: the brawny spearman let his cheek
- Bulge with the unswallow'd piece, and turning stared;
- While some, whose souls the old serpent long had drawn
- Down, as the worm draws in the wither'd leaf
- And makes it earth, hiss'd each at other's ear
- What shall not be recorded—
 women they,
- Women, or what had been those gracious things,
- But now desired the humbling of their best,
- Yea, would have help'd him to it: and all at once

They hated her, who took no thought of them,

But answer'd in low voice, her meek head yet

Drooping, "I pray you of your courtesy,

He being as he is, to let me be."

She spake so low he hardly heard her speak,

But like a mighty patron, satisfied With what himself had done so graciously,

Assumed that she had thank'd him, adding, "Yea,

Eat and be glad, for I account you mine,"

She answer'd meekly, "low should I be glad

Henceforth in all the world at anything,

Until my lord arise and look upon me?"

Here the huge Earl cried out upon her talk,

As all but empty heart and weariness

And sickly nothing; suddenly seized on her.

And bare her by main violence to the board.

And thrust the dish before her, crying, "Eat."

"No, no," said Enid, vext, "I will not eat

Till yonder man upon the bier arise, And eat with me." "Drink, then," he answer'd. "Here!"

(And fill'd a horn with wine and held it to her),

"Lol I, myself, when flush'd with fight, or hot,

God's curse, with anger - often I my self,

Before I well have drunken, scarce can eat:

Drink, therefore, and the wine will change your will."

"Not so," she cried, "by Heaven, I will not drink

Till my dear lord arise and bid me do it,

And drink with me; and if he rise no more,

I will not look at wine until I die."

At this he turn'd all red and paced his hall,

Now gnaw'd his under, now his upper lip,

And coming up close to her, said at last:

"Girl, for I see ye scorn my courtesies,

Take warning: yonder man is surely dead;

And I compel all creatures to my will.

Not eat nor drink? And wherefore wail for one,

Who put your beauty to this flout and scorn

By dressing it in rags? Amazed am

Beholding how ye butt against my wish,

That I forbear you thus: cross me

At least put off to please me this poor gown,

This silken rag, this beggar-woman's weed:

I love that beauty should go beautifully:

For see ye not my gentlewomen here,

How gay, how suited to the house of

Who loves that beauty should go beautifully?

- Rise therefore; robe yourself in this:
 - He spoke, and one among his gentle-women
- Display'd a splendid silk of foreign loom.
- Where like a shoaling sea the lovely blue
- Play'd into green, and thicker down the front
- With jewels than the sward with drops of dew,
- When all night long a cloud clings to the hill,
- And with the dawn ascending lets
- Strike where it clung: so thickly shone the gems.
 - But Enid answer'd, harder to be
- Than hardest tyrants in their day of
- With lifelong injuries burning unavenged,
- And now their hour has come; and Enid said:
 - "In this poor gown my dear lord found me first,
- And loved me serving in my father's
- hall:
 In this poor gown I rode with him
 to court,
- And there the Queen array'd me
- In this poor gown he bade me clothe myself,
- When now we rode upon this fatal
- Of honor, where no honor can be gain'd:
- And this poor gown I will not cast
- Until himself arise a living man,
- And bid me cast it. I have griefs enough:

- Pray you be gentle, pray you let me
- I never loved, can never love but
- Yea, God, I pray you of your gentleness,
- He being as he is, to let me be."
 - Then strode the brute Earl up and down his hall,
- And took his russet beard between his teeth;
- Last, coming up quite close, and in his mood
- Crying, 'I count it of no more avail, Dame, to be gentle than ungentle with you;
- Take my salute," unknightly with flat hand,
- However lightly, smote her on the cheek.
 - Then Enid, in her utter helpless-
- And since she thought, "He had not dared to do it,
- Except he surely knew my lord was dead,"
- Sent forth a sudden sharp and bitter
- As of a wild thing taken in a trap,
 Which sees the trapper coming thro'
 the wood.
 - This heard Geraint, and grasping at his sword,
- (It lay beside him in the hollow shield),
- Made but a single bound, and with
- a sweep of it Shore thro' the swarthy neck, and
- like a ball
 The russet-bearded head roll'd on the floor.
- So died Earl Doorm by him he counted dead.
- And all the men and women in the

Rose when they saw the dead man rise, and fled

Yelling as from a specter, and the

Were left alone together, and he said:

"Enid, I have used you worse than that dead man;

Done you more wrong: we both have undergone

That trouble which has left me thrice your own:

Henceforward I will rather die than

And here I lay this penance on myself,

Not, tho' mine own ears heard you yestermorn -

You thought me sleeping, but I heard you say,

I heard you say, that you were no true wife:

I swear I will not ask your meaning in it:

I do believe yourself against your-

And will henceforward rather die than doubt."

And Enid could not say one tender word.

She felt so blunt and stupid at the

She only pray'd him, "Fly, they will return

And slay you; fly, your charger is without.

My palfrey lost." "Then, Enid,

shall you ride Behind me." "Yea," said Enid, "let us go."

And moving out they found the stately horse,

Who now no more a vassal to the thief,

But free to stretch his limbs in lawful fight.

Neigh'd with all gladness as they came, and stoop'd

With a low whinny toward the pair: and she

Kiss'd the white star upon his noble

Glad also; then Geraint upon the horse

Mounted, and reach'd a hand, and on his foot

She set her own and climb'd; he turn'd his face

And kiss'd her climbing, and she cast her arms

About him, and at once they rode away.

And never yet, since high in Para-

O'er the four rivers the first roses blew.

Came purer pleasure unto mortal kind

Than lived thre' her, who in that perilous hour

Put hand to hand beneath her husband's heart.

And felt him hers again: she did not

But o'er her meek eyes came a happy mist

Like that which kept the heart of Eden green

Before the useful trouble of the rain: Yet not so misty were her meek blue

As not to see before them on the path,

Right in the gateway of the bandit hold.

A knight of Arthur's court, who laid his lance

In rest, and made as if to fall upon him.

Then, fearing for his hurt and loss of blood.

She, with her mind all full of what had chanced,

Shriek'd to the stranger, "Slay not a dead man!"

"The voice of Enid," said the knight; but she,

Beholding it was Edyrn, son of Nudd,

Was moved so much the more, and shriek'd again,

"O cousin, slay not him who gave you life."

And Edyrn moving frankly forward spake:

"My lord Geraint, I greet you with all love;

I took you for a bandit knight of Doorm;

And fear not, Enid, I should fall upon him,

Who love you, Prince, with something of the love

Wherewith we love the Heaven that chastens us.

For once when I was up so high in pride

That I was halfway down the slope to Hell,

By overthrowing me you threw me higher.

Now, made a knight of Arthur's Table Round,

And since I knew this Earl, when I myself

Was half a bandit in my lawless hour,

I come the mouthpiece of our King to Doorm

(The King is close behind me) bidding him

Disband himself, and scatter all his powers,

Submit, and hear the judgment of the King

"He hears the judgment of the King of kings,"

Cried the wan Prince; "and lo, the powers of Doorm

Are scatter'd," and he pointed to the field,

Where, huddled here and there on mound and knoll,

Were men and women staring and aghast,

While some yet fled; and then he plainlier told

How the huge Earl lay slain within his hall.

But when the knight besought him, "Follow me,

Prince, to the camp, and in the King's own ear

Speak what has chanced; ye surely have endured

Strange chances here alone;" that other flush'd,

And hung his head, and halted in reply,

Fearing the mild face of the blameless King,

And after madness acted question ask'd:

Till Edyrn crying, "If ye will not

To Arthur, then will Arthur come to you,"

"Enough," he said, "I follow," and they went.

But Enid in their going had two fears,

One from the bandit scatter'd in the field,

And one from Edyrn. Every now and then,

When Edyrn rein'd his charger at her side,

She shrank a little. In a hollow land,

From which old fires have broken, men may fear

Fresh fire and ruin. He, perceiving, said:

"Fair and dear cousin, you that most had cause

To fear me, fear no longer, I am changed.

Yourself were first the blameless cause to make

My nature's prideful sparkle in the

Break into furious flame; being repulsed

By Yniol and yourself, I schemed and wrought

Until I overturn'd him; then set up (With one main purpose ever at my

My haughty jousts, and took a paramour;

Did her mock-honor as the fairest fair,

And, toppling over all antagonism, So wax'd in pride, that I believed myself

Unconquerable, for I was well-nigh

And, but for my main purpose in

these jousts, I should have slain your father, seized yourself.

I lived in hope that sometime you would come

To these my lists with Lim whom best you loved;

And there, poor cousin, with your meek blue eyes.

The truest eyes that ever answer'd Heaven.

Behold me overturn and trample on him.

Then, had you cried, or knelt, or pray'd to me,

I should not less have kill'd him. And you came,-

But once you came, - and with your own true eves

Beheld the man you loved (I speak

Speaks of a service done him) over-

My proud self, and my purpose three years old,

And set his foot upon me, and give me life.

There was I broken down; there was I saved:

Tho' thence I rode all-shamed, hating the life

He gave me, meaning to be rid of it. And all the penance the Queen laid upon me

Was but to rest awhile within her court;

Where first as sullen as a beast newcaged,

And waiting to be treated like a wolf,

Because I knew my deeds were known, I found.

Instead of scornful pity or pure scorn,

Such fine reserve and noble reticence, Manners so kind, yet stately, such a

Of tenderest courtesy, that I began To glance behind me at my former life,

And find that it had been the wolf's indeed:

And oft I talk'd with Dubric, the high saint.

Who, with mild heat of holy oratory, Subdued me somewhat to that gentieness.

Which, when it weds with manhood, makes a man.

And you were often there about the Queen,

But saw me not, or mark'd not if you

Nor did I care or dare to speak with

But kept myself aloof till I was changed;

And fear not, cousin; I am changed indeed."

He spoke, and Enid easily believed.

Like simple noble natures, credulous

- Of what they long for, good in friend or foe,
- There most in those who most have done them ill.
- And when they reach'd the camp the King himself
- Advanced to greet them, and beholding her
- Tho' pale, yet happy, ask'd her not a word,
- But went apart with Edyrn, whom he held
- In converse for a little, and return'd, And, gravely smiling, lifted her from horse.
- And kiss'd her with all pureness, brotherlike,
- And show'd an empty tent allotted
- And glancing for a minute, till he saw her
- Pass into it, turn'd to the Prince, and said:
 - "Prince, when of late ye pray'd me for my leave
- To move to your own land, and
- Your marches, I was prick'd with some reproof,
- As one that let foul wrong stagnate and be,
- By having look'd too much thro'
- And wrought too long with delegated hands,
- Not used mine own: but now be-
- To cleanse this common sewer of all my realm,
- With Edyrn and with others: have ye look'd
- At Edyrn? have ye seen how nobly changed?
- This work of his is great and wonderful.
- His very face with change of heart is changed.

- The world will not believe a man repents:
- And this wise world of ours is mainly right.
- Full seldom doth a man repent, or
- Both grace and will to pick the vicious quitch
- Of blood and custom wholly out of him.
- And make all clean, and plant himself afresh.
- Edyrn has done it, weeding all his heart
- As I will weed this land before I go. I, therefore, made him of our Table Round,
- Not rashly, but have proved him everyway
- One of our noblest, our most valor-
- Sanest and most obedient: and indeed This work of Edyrn wrought upon himself
- After a life of violence, seems to me A thousand-fold more great and wonderful
- Than if some knight of mine, risking his life,
- My subject with my subjects under him.
- Should make an onslaught single on a realm
- Of robbers, tho' he slew them one by one.
- And were himself nigh wounded to the death."
 - So spake the King; low bow'd the Prince, and felt
- His work was neither great nor wonderful,
- And past to Enid's tent; and thither came
- The King's own leech to look into his hurt;
- And Enid tended on him there; and there

Her constant motion round him, and the breath

Of her sweet tendance hovering over him,

Fill'd all the genial courses of his blood

With deeper and with ever deeper love

As the south-west that blowing Bala lake

Fills all the sacred Dee. So past the days.

But while Geraint lay healing of his hurt,

The blameless King went forth and cast his eyes

On each of all whom Uther left in charge

Long since, to guard the justice of the King:

He look'd and found them wanting; and as now

Men weed the white horse on the Berkshire hills

To keep him bright and clean as heretofore,

He rooted out the slothful officer

Or guilty, which for bribe had wink'd at wrong,

And in their chairs set up a stronger race

With hearts and hands, and sent a thousand men

To till the wastes, and moving everywhere

Clear'd the dark places and let in the law,

And broke the bandit holds and cleansed the land.

Then, when Geraint was whole again, they past

With Arthur to Caerleon upon Usk. There the great Queen once more embraced her friend, And clothed her in apparel like the day.

And tho' Geraint could never take

That comfort from their converse which he took

Before the Queen's fair name was breathed upon,

He rested well content that all was well.

Thence after tarrying for a space they rode,

And fifty knights rode with them to the shores

Of Severn, and they past to their own land.

And there he kept the justice of the King

So vigorously yet mildly, that all hearts

Applauded, and the spiteful whisper died:

And being ever foremost in the chase,

And victor at the tilt and tournament,

They call'd him the great Prince and man of men.

But Enid, whom her ladies loved to

Enid the Fair, a grateful people

Enid the Good; and in their halls arose

The cry of children, Enids and Geraints

Of times to be; nor did he doubt her more,

But rested in her fealty, till he crown'd

A happy life with a fair death, and fell

Against the heathen of the Northern

In battle, fighting for the blameless King.

BALIN AND BALAN

- PELLAM, the King, who held and lost with Lot
- In that first war, and had his realm restored
- But render'd tributary, fail'd of late To send his tribute; wherefore Arthur call'd
- His treasurer, one of many years, and spake.
- "Go thou with him and him and bring it to us,
- Lest we should set one truer on his throne.
- Man's word is God in man."
 - His Baron said
- "We go but harken: there be two strange knights
- Who sit near Camelot at a fountain side,
- A mile beneath the forest, challenging And overthrowing every knight who
- Wilt thou I undertake them as we pass,
- And send them to thee?"
- Arthur laugh'd upon him.
 "Old friend, too old to be so young,
- Delay not thou for ought, but let them sit,
- Until they find a lustier than themselves."
 - So these departed. Early, one fair
- The light-wing'd spirit of his youth return'd
- On Arthur's heart; he arm'd himself and went.
- So coming to the fountain-side beheld Balin and Balan sitting statuelike,
- Brethren, to right and left the spring, that down,

- From underneath a plume of lady-
- Sang, and the sand danced at the bottom of it.
- And on the right of Ba' Balin's
- Was fast beside an alder, on the left Of Balan Balan's near a poplartree.
- "Fair Sirs," said Arthur, "wherefore sit ye here?"
- Balin and Balan answer'd, "For
- Of glory; we be mightier men than
- In Arthur's court; that also have we proved:
- For whatsoever knight against us
- Or I or he have easily overthrown."
 "I, too," said Arthur, "am of Arthur's hall,
- But rather proven in his Paynim wars Than famous jousts; but see, or
- proven or not,
 Whether me likewise ye can overthrow."
- And Arthur lightly smote the brethren down,
- And lightly so return'd, and no man knew.
 - Then Balin rose, and Balan, and beside
- The caroling water set themselves again,
- And spake no word until the shadow turn'd:
- When from the fringe of coppice round them burst
- A spangled pursuivant, and crying "Sirs.
- Rise, follow! ye be sent for by the King,"
- They follow'd; whom when Arthur seeing ask'd:
- "Tell me your names; why sat ye by the well?"
- Balin the stillness of a minute broke

Saying, "An unmelodious name to To music with thine Order and the

Balin, 'the Savage'- that addition thine -

My brother and my better, this man here,

Balan. I smote upon the naked skull

A thrall of thine in open hall, my

Was gauntleted, half slew him; for I heard

He had spoken evil of me; thy just wrath

Sent me a three-years' exile from thine eyes.

I have not lived my life delightsomely:

For I that did that violence to thy

Had often wrought some fury on myself,

Saving for Balan: those three kingless years

Have past — were wormwood-bitter to me. King,

Methought that if we sat beside the well,

And hurl'd to ground what knight soever spurr'd

Against us, thou would'st take me gladlier back.

And make, as ten-times worthier to be thine

Than twenty Balins, Balan knight. I have said.

Not so - not all. A man of thine to-day

Abash'd us both, and brake my boast. Thy will?"

Said Arthur, "Thou hast ever spoken truth:

Thy too fierce manhood would not let thee lie.

Rise, my true knight. As children learn, be thou

Wiser for falling! walk with me, and move

King.

Thy chair, a grief to all the brethren, stands

Vacant, but thou retake it, mine again!"

Thereafter, when Sir Balin enter'd hall,

The Lost one Found was greeted as in Heaven

With joy that blazed itself in woodland wealth

Of leaf, and gayest garlandage of flowers,

Along the walls and down the board; they sat.

And cup clash'd cup; they drank and someone sang,

Sweet-voiced, a song of welcome, whereupon

Their common shout in chorus, mounting, made

Those banners of twelve battles over-

Stir, as they stirr'd of old, when Arthur's host

Proclaim'd him Victor, and the day was won.

Then Balan added to their Order lived

A wealthier life than heretofore with these

And Balin, till their embassage return'd.

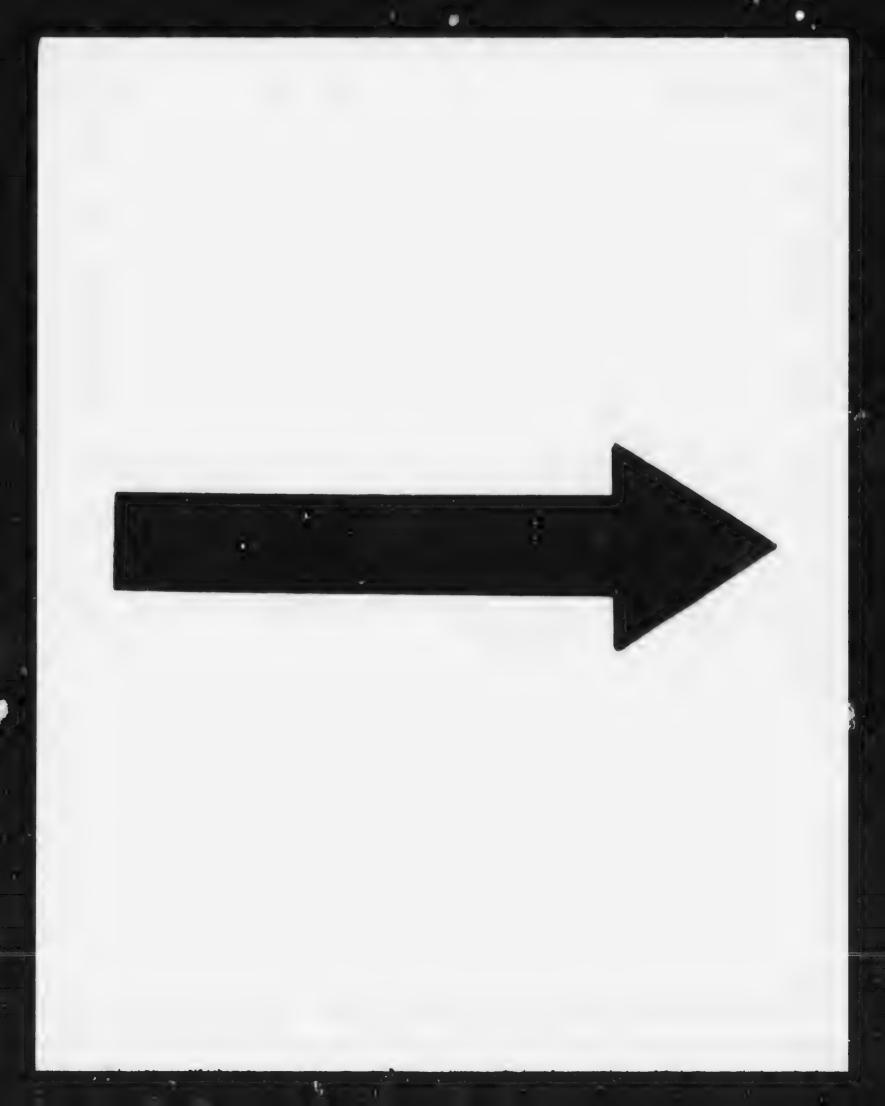
"Sir King," they brought report, "we hardly found,

So bush'd about it is with gloom, the hall

Of him to whom ye sent us, Pellam, once

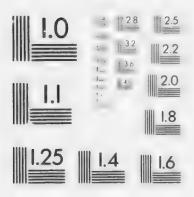
A Christless foe of thine as ever dash'd

Horse against horse; but seeing that thy realm



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART

ANSI and ISO TEST CHART No. 2





APPLIED IMAGE Inc

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Hath prosper'd in the name of Christ, the King

Took, as in rival heat, to holy things;

And finds himself descended from the Saint

Arimathæan Joseph; him who first Brought the great faith to Britain over seas;

He boasts his life as purer than thine

Eats scarce enow to keep his pulse abeat:

Hath push'd aside his faithful wife,

Or dame or damsel enter at his

Lest he should be polluted. This gray King

Show'd us a shrine wherein were wonders — yea —

Rich arks with priceless bones of martyrdom,

Thorns of the crown and shivers of the cross,

And therewithal (for thus he told us) brought

By holy Joseph hither, that same spear

Wherewith the Roman pierced the side of Christ.

He much amazed us; after, when we sought

The tribute, answer'd, 'I have quite foregone

All matters of this world: Garlon, mine heir,

Of him demand it,' which this Garlon gave

With much ado, railing at thine and thee.

But when we left, in those deep woods we found

A knight of thine spear-stricken from behind,

Dead, whom we buried; more than one of us

Cried out on Garlon, but a wood-

Reported of some demon in the

Was once a man, who driven by evil tongues

From all his fellows, lived alone, and came

To learn black magic, and to hate his kind

With such a hate, that when he died, his soul

Became a Fiend, which, as the man in life

Was wounded by blind tongues he saw not whence,

Strikes from behind. This woodman show'd the cave

From which he sallies, and wherein he dwelt.

We saw the hoof-print of a horse, no more."

Then Arthur, "Let who goes before me, see

He do not fall behind me: foully slain

And villainously! who will hunt for

This demon of the woods?" Said Balan, "I!"

So claim'd the quest and rode away, but first,

Embracing Balin, "Good, my brother, hear!

Let not thy moods prevail, when I am gone

Who used to lay them! hold them outer fiends,

Who leap at thee to tear thee; shake them aside,

Dreams ruling when wit sleeps! yea, but to dream

That any of these would wrong thee, wrongs thyself.

Witness their flowery welcome. Bound are they To speak no evil. Truly safe for fears,

My fears for thee, so rich a fellowship

Would make me wholly blest: thou one of them,

Be one indeed: consider them, and all

Their bearing in their common bond of love,

No more of hatred than in Heaven itself,

No more of jealousy than in Paradise."

So Balan warn'd, and went; Balin remain'd:

Who — for but three brief moons had glanced away

From being knighted till he smote the thrall,

And faded from the presence into years

Of exile - now would strictlier set himself

To learn what Arthur meant by courtesy,

Manhood, and knighthood; wherefore hover'd round

Lancelot, but when he mark'd his high sweet smile

In passing, and a transitory word Make knight or churl or child or damsel seem

From being smiled at happier in themselves —

Sigh'd, as a boy lame-born beneath a height,

That glooms his valley, sighs to see the peak

Sun-flush'd, or touch at night the northern star;

For one from out his village lately climb'd

And brought report of azure lands and fair,

Far seen to left and right; and he himself

Hath hardly scaled with help a hundred feet

Up from the base: so Balin marveling oft

How far beyond him Lancelot seem'd to move,

Groan'd, and at times would mutter,
"These be gifts,

Born with the blood, not learnable, divine,

B-yond my reach. Well had I foughten — well —

In those fierce wars, struck hard—and had I crown'd

With my slain self the heaps of whom I slew —

So — better! — But this worship of the Queen,

That honor, too, wherein she holds him — this,

This was the sunshine that hath given the man

A growth, a name that branches o'er the rest,

And strength against all odds, and what the King

So prizes — overprizes — gentleness. Her likewise would I worship an I might.

I never can be close with her, as

That brought her hither. Shall I pray the King

To let me bear some token of his Queen

Whereon to gaze, remembering her — forget

My heats and violences? live afresh? What, if the Queen disdain'd to grant it! nay,

Being so stately-gentle, would she

My darkness blackness? and with how sweet grace

She greeted my return! Bold will I be -

Some goodly cognizance of Guinevere,

- In lieu of this rough beast upon my shield,
- Langued gules, and tooth'd with grinning savagery."
- And Arthur, when Sir Balin sought him, said:
- "What wilt thou bear?" Balin was bold, and ask'd
- To bear her own crown-royal upon shield,
- Whereat she smiled and turn'd her to the King,
- to the King, Who answer'd, "Thou shalt put the crown to use.
- The crown is but the shadow of the King,
- And this a shadow's shadow, let him have it,
- So this will help him of his violences!"
- "No shadow," said Sir Balin, "O my Queen,
- But light to me! no shadow, O my King
- But golden earnest of a gentler life!"
 - So Balin bare the crown, and all the knights
- Approved him, and the Queen, and all the world
- Made music, and he felt his being move
- In music with his Order, and the King.
 - The nightingale, full-toned in middle May,
- Hath ever and anon a note so thin
- It seems another voice in other groves;
- Thus, after some quick burst of sudden wrath.
- The music in him seem'd to change, and grow
- Faint and far-off.

- And once he saw the thrall His passion half had gauntleted to
- death,
 That causer of his banishment and
- That causer of his banishment and shame.
- Smile at him, as he deem'd, presumptuously:
- His arm half rose to strike again, but fell:
- The memory of that cognizance on shield
- Weighted it down, but in himself he moan'd:
 - "Too high this mount of Camelot for me:
- These high-set courtesies are not for me.
- Shall I not rather prove the worse for these?
- Fierier and stormier from restraining, break
- Into some madness ev'n before the Queen?"
 - Thus, as a hearth lit in a mountain home,
- And glancing on the window, when
- Of twilight deepens round it, seems a flame
- That rages in the woodland far be-
- So when his moods were darken'd, court and King
- And all the kindly warmth of Arthur's hall
- Shadow'd an angry distance: yet he strove
- To learn the graces of their Table, fought
- Hard with himself, and seem'd at length in peace.
 - Then chanced, one morning, that Sir Balin sat
- Close-bower'd in that garden nigh the hall.

A walk of roses ran from door to door;

A walk of lilies crost it to the bower:

And down that range of roses the great Queen

Came with slow steps, the morning on her face;

And all in shadow from the counter door

Sir Lancelot as to meet her, then at once,

As if he saw not, glanced aside, and paced

The long white walk of lilies toward the bower.

Follow'd the Queen; Sir Balin heard her "Prince,

Art thou so little loyal to thy Queen, As pass without good morrow to thy Queen?"

To whom Sir Lancelot with his eyes on earth,

"Fain would I still be loyal to the Queen."

"Yea so," she said, "but so to pass me by—

So loyal scarce is loyal to thyself, Whom all men rate the king of cour-

Let be: ye stand, fair lord, as in a dream."

Then Lancelot with his hand among the flowers

"Yea - for a dream. Last night methought I saw

That maiden Saint who stands with lily in hand

In yonder shrine. All round her prest the dark,

And all the light upon her silver

Flow'd from the spiritual lily that she held.

Lo! these her emblems drew mine eyes — away:

For see, how perfect-pure! As

As hardly tints the blossom of the quince

Would mar their charm of stainless maidenhood."

"Sweeter to me," she said, "this garden rose

Deep-hued and many-folded! sweeter still

The wild-wood hyacinth and the bloom of May.

Prince, we have ridd'n before among the flowers

In those fair days — not all as cool as these,

Tho' season-earlier. Art thou sad?

Our noble King will send thee his

Sick? or for any matter anger'd at me?"

Then Lancelot lifted his large eyes; they dwelt

Deep-tranced on hers, and could not fall: her hue

Changed at his gaze: so turning side by side

They past, and Balin started from his bower.

"Queen? subject? but I see not what I see.

Damsel and lover? hear not what I hear.

My father hath begotten me in his wrath.

I suffer from the things before me, know,

Learn nothing; am not worthy to be knight;

A churl, a clown!" and in him gloom on gloom

Deepen'd: he sharply caught his lance and shield,

- Nor stay'd to crave permission of the
- But, mad for strange adventure, dash'd away.
 - He took the selfsame track as Balan, saw
- The fountain where they sat together, sigh'd,
- "Was I not better there with him?"
- The skyless woods, but under open blue
- Came on the hoarhead woodman at a bough
- Wearily hewing. "Churl, thine ax!" he cried,
- Descended, and disjointed it at a blow:
- To whom the woodman utter'd wonderingly,
- "Lord, thou couldst lay the Devil of these woods
- If arm of flesh could lay him."
 Balin cried,
- "Him, or the viler devil who plays
- To lay that devil would lay the Devil in me."
- "Nay," said the churl, "our devil is a truth,
- I saw the flash of him but yester-
- And some do say that our Sir Gar-
- Hath learn'd black magic, and to ride unseen.
- Look to the cave." But Balin answer'd him,
- "Old fabler, these be fancies of the
- Look to thy woodcraft," and so leaving him.
- Now with slack rein and careless of himseif.
- Now with dug spur and raving at himself,

- Now with droopt brow down the long glades he rode;
- So mark'd not on his right a cavernchasm
- Yawn over darkness, where, nor far within.
- The whole day died, but dying, gleam'd on rocks
- Roof-pendent, sharp; and others from the floor,
- Tusklike, arising, made that mouth of night
- Whereout the Demon issued up from Hell.
- He mark'd not this, but blind and deaf to all
- Save that chain'd rage, which ever yelpt within,
- Past eastward from the falling sun.
 At once
- He felt the hollow-beaten mosses
- And tremble, and then the shadow of a spear,
- Shot from behind him, ran along the ground.
- Sideways he started from the path, and saw.
- With pointed lance as if to pierce, a shape,
- A light of arrnor by him flash, and pass
- And vanish in the woods; and follow'd this,
- But all so blind in rage that unawares
- He burst his lance against a forest bough,
- Dishorsed himself, and rose again, and fled
- Far, till the castle of a King, the hall
- Of Pellam, lichen-bearded, grayly draped
- With streaming grass, appear'd, low-built but strong:
- The ruinous donjon as a knoll of moss,

The battlement overtopt with ivy-tods,

A home of bats, in every tower an owl.

Then spake the men of Fellam crying, "Lord,

Why wear ye this crown-royal upon shield?"

Said Balin, "For the fairest and the best

Of ladies living gave me this to bear."

So stall'd his horse, and strode across the court,

But found the greetings both of knight and King

Faint in the low dark hall of banquet: leaves

Laid their green faces flat against the panes,

Sprays grated, and the canker'd boughs without

Whined in the wood; for all was hush'd within,

Till when at feast Sir Garlon likewise ask'd,

"Why wear ye that crown-royal?"
Balin said,

"The Queen we worship, Lancelot, I, and all,

As fairest, best and purest, granted

To bear it!" Such a sound — for Arthur's knights

Were hated strangers in the hall—as makes

The white swan-mother, sitting, when she hears

A strange knee rustle thro' her secret reeds,

Made Garlon, hissing; then he sourly smiled.

"Fairest I grant her: I have seen; but best,

Best, purest? thou from Arthur's hall, and yet

So simple! hast thou eyes, or if, are these

So far besotted that they fail to see This fair wife-worship cloaks a secret shame?

Truly, ye men of Arthur be but babes."

A goblet on the board by Balin, boss'd

With holy Joseph's legend, on his

Stood, all of massiest bronze: one side had sea

And ship and sail and angels blowing on it:

And one was rough with wattling, and the walls

Of that low church he built at Glastonbury.

This Balin graspt, but while in act to hurl,

Thro' memory of that token on the shield

Relax'd his hold: "I will be gentle," he thought

"And passing gentle" caught his hand away.

Then fiercely to Sir Garlon, "Eyes have I

That saw to-day the shadow of a spear,

Shot from behind me, run along the ground;

Eyes, too, that long have watch'd how Lancelot draws

From homage to the best and purest, might,

Name, manhood, and a grace, but scantly thine,

Who, sitting in thine own hall, canst endure

To mouth so huge a foulness — to thy guest,

Me, me of Arthur's Table. Felon

Let be! no more!"

But not the less by

night

The scorn of Garlon, poisoning all his rest,

Stung him in dreams. At length, and dim thro' leaves

Blinkt the white morn, sprays grated, and old boughs

Whined in the wood. He rose, descended, met

The scorner in the castle court, and fain,

For hate and loathing, would have past him by;

But when Sir Garlon utter'd mocking-wise;

"What, wear ye still that same crown-scandalous?"

His countenance blacken'd, and his forehead veins

Bloated, and branch'd; and tearing out of sheath

The brand, Sir Balin with a fiery, "Ha!

So thou be shadow, here I make thee ghost,"

Hard upon helm smote him, and the

Splintering in six, and clinkt upon the stones.

Then Garlon, reeling slowly backward, fell,

And Balin by the banneret of his helm

Dragg'd him, and struck, but from the castle a cry

Sounded across the court, and —

A score with pointed lances, making at him -

He dash'd the pummel at the foremost face,

Beneath a low door dipt, and made his feet

Wings thro' a glimmering gallery, till he mark'd

The portal of King Pellam's chapel wide

And inward to the wall; he stept behind:

Thence in a moment heard them pass like wolves

Howling; but while he stared about the shrine,

In which he scarce could spy the Christ for Saints,

Beheld before a golden altar lie

The longest lance his eyes had ever seen,

Point-painted red; and seizing thereupon

Push'd thro' an open casement down, lean'd on it,

Leapt in a semicircle, and lit on earth;

Then hand at ear, and harkening from what side

The blindfold rummage buried in the walls

Might echo, ran the counter path, and found

His charger, mounted on him and away.

An arrow whizz'd to the right, one to the left,

One overhead; and Pellam's feeble cry,

"Stay, stay him! he defileth heavenly things

With earthly uses "- made him quickly dive

Beneath the boughs, and race thro' many a mile

Of dense and open, till his goodly horse,

Arising wearily at a fallen oak, Stumbled headlong, and cast him face to ground.

Half-wroth he had not ended, but all glad,

Knightlike, to find his charger yet unlamed.

Sir Balin drew the shield from off his neck,

Stared at the priceless cognizance, and thought,

"I have shamed thee so that now thou shainest me.

Thee will I bear no more," high on a

Hung it, and turn'd aside into the woods,

And there in gloom cast himself all

along, Moaning, "My violences, my violences!"

But now the wholesome music of the wood

Was dumb'd by one from out the hall of Mark.

A damsel-errant, warbling, as she rode

The woodland alleys, Vivien, wich her Squire.

"The fire of Heaven has kill'd the barren cold.

And kindled all the plain and all the

The new leaf ever pushes off the old. The fire of Heaven is not the flame of Hell.

Old priest, who mumble worship in your quire -

Old monk and nun, ye scorn the world's desire,

Yet in your frosty cells ye feel the

The fire of Heaven is not the flame of Hell.

The fire of Heaven is on the dusty ways.

The wayside blossoms open to the blaze.

The whole wood-world is one full peal of praise.

The fire of Heaven is not the flame of Hell.

The fire of Heaven is Lord of all things good.

And starve not thou this fire within thy blood,

But follow Vivien thro' the fiery flood!

The fire of Heaven is not the flame of Hell!"

Then turning to her Squire, "This fire of Heaven.

This old sun-worship, boy, will rise again,

And beat the cross to earth, and break the King

And all his Table.'

Then they reach'd a glade, Where under one long lane of cloudless air

Before another wood, the royal

Sparkled, and swaying upon a restless elm

Drew the vague glance of Vivien, and her Squire;

Amazed were these; "Lo, there," she cried - " a crown -

Borne by some high lord-prince of Arthur's hall,

And there a horse! the rider? where is he?

See, yonder lies one dead within the wood.

Not dead; he stirs! - but sleeping. I will speak.

Hail, royal knight, we break on thy sweet rest,

Not, doubtless, all unearn'd by noble deeds.

But bounden art thou, if from Arthur's hall,

To help the weak. Behold, I fly from shame,

A lustful King, who sought to win my love

Thro' evil ways: the knight, with whom I rode,

Hath suffer'd misadventure, and my

Hath in him small defense; but thou, Sir Prince,

Wilt surely guide me to the warrior King,

Arthur the blameless, pure as any maid,

To get me shelter for my maidenhood.

I charge thee by that crown upon thy shield,

And by the great Queen's name, arise and hence."

And Balin rose, "Thither no more! nor Prince

Nor knight am I, but one that hath defamed

The cognizance she gave me: here I dwell

Savage among the savage woods,

Die: let the wolves' black maws ensepulcher

Their brother beast, whose anger was his lord.

O me, that such a name as Guine-

Which our high Lancelot hath so lifted up,

And been thereby uplifted, should thro' me,

My violence, and my villainy, come to shame."

Thereat she suddenly laugh'd and shrill, anon

Sigh'd all as suddenly. Said Balin to her,

"Is this thy courtesy — to mock me, ha?

Hence, for I will not with thee."
Again she sigh'd,

"Pardon, sweet lord! we maidens often laugh

When sick at heart, when rather we should weep.

I knew thee wrong'd. I brake upon thy rest,

And now full loth am I to break thy dream,

But thou art man, and canst abide a truth,

Tho' bitter. Hither, boy — and mark me well.

Dost thou remember at Caerleon once —

A year ago — nay, then I love thee not —

Aye, thou rememberest well—one summer dawn—

By the great tower -- Caerleon upon Usk --

Nay, truly we were hidden: this fair lord.

The flower of all their vestal knighthood, knelt

In amorous homage — knelt — what else? — O aye,

Knelt, and drew down from out his night-black hair

And mumbled that white hand whose ring'd caress

Had wander'd from her own King's golden head,

And lost itself in darkness, till she

I thought the great tower would crash down on both —

'Rise, my sweet King, and kiss me on the lips,

Thou art my King.' This lad, whose lightest word

Is mere white truth in simple nakedness,

Saw them embrace: he reddens, cannot speak,

So bashful, he! but all the maiden Saints.

The deathless mother-maidenhood of Heaven

Cry out upon her. Up then, ride with me!

Talk not of shame! thou canst not, an thou would'st,

Do these more shame than these have done themselves."

She lied with ease; but horrorstricken he,

Remembering that dark bower at Camelot,

Breathed in a dismal whisper, "It is truth."

Sunnily she smiled, "And even in this lone wood,

Sweet lord, ye do right well to whisper this.

Fools prate, and perish traitors. Woods have tongues,

As walls have ears: but thou shalt go with me,

And we will speak at first exceeding

Meet is it the good King be not de-

See now, I set thee high on vantage

ground, From whence to watch the time, and eagle-like

Stoop at thy will on Lancelot and the Queen."

She ceased; his evil spirit upon him leapt.

He ground his teeth together, sprang with a yell,

Tore from the branch, and cast on earth, the shield,

Drove his mail'd heel athwart the royal crown,

Stampt all into defacement, hurl'd it from him

Among the forest weeds, and cursed the tale.

The told-of, and the teller.

That weird yell, Unearthlier than all shriek of bird or beast,

Thrill'd thro' the woods; and Balan lurking there

(His quest was unaccomplish'd) heard and thought,

"The scream of that Wood-devil I came to quell!"

Then nearing, "Lo! he hath slain some brother-knight,

And tramples on the goodly shield to

His loathing of our Order and the Queen.

My quest, meseems, is here. Or devil or man

Guard thou thine head." Sir Balin spake not word,

But snatch'd a sudden buckler from the Squire,

And vaulted on his horse, and so they crash'd

In onset, and King Pellam's holy spear,

Reputed to be red with sinless blood, Redden'd at once with sinful, for the

Across the maiden shield of Balan prick'd

The hauberk to the flesh; and Balin's horse

Was wearied to the death, and, when they clash'd,

Rolling back upon Balin, crush'd the

Inward, and either fell, and swoon'd away.

Then to her Squire mutter'd the damsel, "Fools!

This fellow hath wrought some foulness with his Oueen:

Else never had he borne her crown, nor raved

And thus foam'd over at a rival name:

But thou, Sir Chick, that scarce hast broken shell,

Art yet half-yolk, not even come to down —

Who never sawest Caerleon upon Usk —

- And yet hast often pleaded for my
- See what I see, be thou where I have
- Or else Sir Chick dismount and loose their casques
- I fain would know what manner of men they be."
- And when the Squire had loosed them, "Goodly! look!
- They might have cropt the myriad flower of May,
- And butt each other here, like brainless bulls,
- Dead for one heifer!"
- Then the gentle Squire, "I hold them happy, so they died for love:
- And, Vivien, tho' ye beat me like your dog,
- I, too, could die, as now I live, for
 - "Live on, Sir Boy," she cried. "better prize
- The living dog than the dead lion:
- I cannot brook to gaze upon the dead."
- Then leapt her palfrey o'er the fallen
- And bounding forward, "Leave them to the wolves."
 - But when their foreheads felt the cooling air,
- Balin first woke, and seeing that true face,
- Familiar up from cradle-time, so wan,
- Crawl'd slowly with low moans to where he lay,
- And on his dying brother cast himself
- Dying; and he lifted faint eyes; he felt

- One near him; all at once they found the world,
- Staring wild-wide; then with a childlike wail,
- And drawing down the dim disastrous brow
- That o'er him hung, he kiss'd it, moan'd and spake:
 - "O Balin, Balin, I that fain had died
- To save thy life, have brought thee to thy death.
- Why had ye not the shield I knew? and why
- Trampled ye thus on that which bare the Crown?
 - Then Balin told him brokenly, and in gasps,
- All that had chanced, and Balan moan'd again.
 - "Brother, I dwelt a day in Pellam's hall:
- This Garlon mock'd me, but I heeded not.
- And one said, 'Eat in peace! a liar is he,
- And hates thee for the tribute!' this good knight
- Told me, that twice a wanton damsel came,
- And sought for Garlon at the castle-
- Whom Pellam drove away with holy heat.
- I well believe this damsel, and the
- Who stood beside thee even now, the same.
- 'She dwells among the woods,' he said, 'and meets
- And dallies with him in the Mouth of Hell.'
- Foul are their lives; foul are their lips; they lied,

Pure as our own true Mother our Queen."

"O brother," answer'd Balin,

My madness all thy life has been thy doom,

Thy curse, and darken'd all thy day;

The night has come. I scarce can see thee now.

Good-night! for we shall never bid

Good-morrow - Dark my doom was here, and dark

It will be there. I see thee now no more.

I would not mine again should darken thine,

Good-night, true brother."

Balan answer'd low "Good-night, true brother here!

We two were born together, and we die

Together by one doom:" and while he spoke

Closed his death-drowsing eyes, and slept the sleep

With Balin, either lock'd in either's arms.

MERLIN AND VIVIEN

A STORM was coming, but the winds were still,

And in the wild woods of Broceliande,

Before an oak, so hollow, huge and old

It look'd a tower of ivied mason-work,

At Merlin's feet the wily Vivien lay.

For he that always bare in bitter grudge

The slights of Arthur and his Table, Mark

The Cornish King, had heard a wandering voice,

girl

A minstrel of Caerleon by strong

Blown into shelter at Tintagil, say That out of naked knightlike purity Sir Lancelot worshipt no unmarried

But the great Queen herself, fought in her name,

Sware by her — vows like cheirs, that high in heaven

Love most, but neither marry, nor are given

In marriage, angels of our Lord's report.

He ceased, and then — for Vivien sweetly said

(She sat beside the banquet nearest Mark),

"And is the fair example follow'd, Sir,

In Arthur's household?"— answer'd innocently:

"Aye, by some few — aye, truly — youths that hold

It more beseems the perfect virgin knight

To worship woman as true wife beyond

All hopes of gaining, than as maiden girl.

They place their pride in Lancelot and the Queen.

So passionate for an utter purity Beyond the limit of their bond, are

these,

For Arthur bound them not to single-

ness.
Brave hearts and clean! and yet—

God guide them — young."

Then Mark was half in heart to hurl his cup

- Straight at the speaker, but forebore: he rose
- To leave the hall, and, Vivien following him,
- Turn'd to her: "Here are snakes within the grass;
- And you methinks, O Vivien, save ye fear
- The monkish manhood, and the mask of pure
- Worn by this court, can stir them till they sting."
 - And Vivien answer'd, smiling scornfully.
- "Why fear? because that foster'd at
- I savor of thy virtues? fear them?
- As Love, if Love be perfect, casts out
- So Hate, if Hate be perfect, casts out
- My father died in battle against the King,
- My mother on his corpse in open field;
- She bore me there, for born from death was I
- Among the dead and sown upon the wind —
- And then on thee! and shown the truth betimes,
- That old true filth, and bottom of
- the well, Where Truth is hidden. Gracious lessons thine
- And maxims of the mud! 'This Arthur pure!
- Great Nature thro' the flesh herself hath made
- Gives him the lie! There is no being pure,
- My cherub; saith not Holy Writ the same?'—
- If I were Arthur, I would have thy blood.

- Thy bleesing, stainless King! I bring thee back,
- When I have ferreted out their burrowings,
- The hearts of all this Order in mine hand —
- Aye so that fate and craft and folly close.
- Perchance, one curl of Arthur's golden beard.
- To me this narrow grizzled fork of
- Is cleaner-fashion'd Well, I loved thee first,
- That warps the wit."
- Loud laugh'd the graceless Mark. But Vivien, into Camelot stealing, lodged
- Low in the city, and on a festal day When Guinevere was crossing the
- great hall
 Cast herself down, knelt to the Queen,
 and wail'd.
 - "Why kneel ye there? What evil have ye wrought?
- Rise!" and the damsel bidden rise
- And stood with folded hands and downward eyes
- Of glancing corner, and all meekly said,
- "None wrought, but suffer'd much, an orphan maid!
- My father died in battle for thy King,
- My mother on his corpse in open field.
- The sad sea-sounding wastes of Lyonnesse —
- Poor wretch no friend! and now by Mark the King
- For that small charm of feature mine, pursued —
- If any such be mine I fly to thee. Save, save me thou — Woman of women — thine

The wreath of beauty, thine the crown of power,

Be thine the balm of pity, O Heaven's own white

Earth-angel, stainless bride of stainless King —

Help, for he follows! take me to thyself!

O yield me shelter for mine innocency Among thy maidens!"

Here her slow sweet eyes Fear-tremulous, but humbly hopeful, rose

Fixt on her hearer's, while the Queen who stood

All glittering like May sunshine on May leaves

In green and gold, and plumed with green replied.

"Peace, child! of overpraise and overblame

We choose the last. Our noble Arthur, him

Ye scarce can overpraise, will hear and know.

Nay—we believe all evil of thy
Mark—

Well, we shall test thee farther; but this hour

We ride a-hawking with Sir Lancelot.

He hath given us a fair falcon which he train'd:

We go to prove it. Bide ye here the while."

She past; and Vivien murmur'd after "Go!

I bide the while." Then thro' the portal-arch

Peering askance, and muttering brokenwise,

As one that labors with an evil dream, Beheld the Queen and Lancelot get to horse. "Is that the Lancelot? goe. ly --- aye, but gaunt:

Courteous — amends for gauntness takes her hand —

That glance of theirs, but for the street, had been

A clinging kiss — how hand lingers in hand!

Let go at last! — they ride away — to hawk

For waterfowl. Royaller game is mine.

For such a supersensual sensual bond As that gray cricket chirpt of at our hearth—

Touch flax with flame — a glance will serve — the liars!

Ah, little rat that borest in the dyke Thy hole by night to let the boundless deep

Down upon far-off cities while they dance —

Or dream — of thee they dream'd not — nor of me

These — aye, but each of either: ride, and dream

The mortal dream that never yet was mine —

Ride, ride and dream until ye wake — to me!

Then, narrow court and lubber King, farewell!

For Lancelot will be gracious to the rat,

And our wise Queen, if knowing that I know,

Will hate, loathe, fear — but honor me the more."

Yet while they rode together down the plain,

Their talk was all of training, terms of art.

Diet and seeling, jesses, leash and lure.

"She is too no' le," he said, " to check at p.es,

- Nor will she rake: there is no baseness in her."
- Here when the Queen demanded as by chance,
- "Know ye the stranger woman?"
 "Let her be,"
- Said Lancelot and unhooded casting off
- The goodly falcon free; she tower'd; her bells,
- Tone under tone, shrill'd, and they lifted up
- Their eager faces, wondering at the strength,
- Boldness and royal knighthood of the bird
- Who pounced her quarry and slew it.

 Many a time
- As once of old among the flowers they rode.
 - But Vivien half-forgotten of the Queen
- Among her damsels broidering sat, heard, watch'd
- And whisper'd: thro' the peaceful court she crept
- And whisper'd: then as Arthur in the
- Leaven'd the world, so Vivien in the lowest,
- Arriving at a time of golden rest, And sowing one ill hint from ear to
- While all the heathen lay at Arthur's
- And no quest came, but all was joust and play,
- Leaven'd his hall. They heard and let her be.
 - Thereafter as an enemy that has left
- Death in the living waters, and withdrawn,
- The wily Vivien stole from Arthur's court.

- She hated all the knights, and heard in though:
- Their lavish comment when her name was named.
- For once, when Arthur walking all alone,
- Vext at a rumor issued from herself
- Of some corruption crept among his knights,
- Had met her, Vivien, being greeted fair,
- Would fain have wrought upon his cloudy mood
- With reverent eyes mock-loyal, shaken voice,
- And flutter'd adoration, and at last With dark sweet hints of some who
- prized him more
 Than who should prize him most; at
 which the King
- Had gazed upon her blankly and gone by:
- But one had watch'd, and had not held his peace:
- It made the laughter of an after-
- That Vivien should attempt the
- blameless King.

 And after that, she set herself to gain
- Him, the most famous man of all those times,
- Merlin, who knew the range of all their arts,
- Had built the King his havens, ships, and halls,
- Was also Bard, and knew the starry heavens:
- The people call'd him Wizard; whom at first
- She play'd about with slight and
- sprightly talk,
 And vivid smiles, and faintly-venom'd
 points
- Of slander, glancing here and grazing there;
- And yielding to his kindlier moods, the Seer

Would watch her at her petulance, and play,

Ev'n when they seem'd unloveable, and laugh

As those that watch a kitten; thus he grew

Tolerant of what he half disdain'd, and she,

Perceiving that she was but half disdain'd,

Began to break her sports with graver fits,

Turn red or pale, would often when they met

Sigh fully, or all-silent gaze upon him With such a fixt devotion, that the old man,

Tho' doubtful, felt the flattery, and at times

Would flatter his own wish in age for love,

And half believe her true: for thus at times

He waver'd; but that other clung to him,

Fixt in her will, and so the seasons went.

Then fell on Merlin a great melancholy;

He walk'd with dreams and darkness, and he found

A doom that ever poised itself to fall.

An ever-moaning battle in the mist, World-war of dying flesh against the

Death in all life and lying in all love, The meanest having power upon the highest,

And the high purpose broken by the worm.

So leaving Arthur's court he gain'd the beach;

There found a little boat, and stept into it;

And Vivien follow'd, but he mark'd her not.

She took the helm and he the sail; the boat

Drave with a sudden wind across the deeps,

And touching Breton sands, they disembark'd.

And then she follow'd Merlin all the way,

Ev'n to the wild woods of Broceliande.

For Merlin once had told her of a charm,

The which if any wrought on anyone With woven paces and with waving arms.

The man so wrought on ever seem'd to lie

Closed in the four walls of a hollow tower,

From which was no escape for evermore;

And none could find that man for evermore,

Nor could he see but him who wrought the charm

Coming and going, and he lay as dead And lost to life and use and name and fame.

And Vivien ever sought to work the

Upon the great Enchanter of the Time,

As fancying that her glory would be great

According to his greatness whom she quench'd.

There lay she all her length and kiss'd his feet,

As if in deepest reverence and in love.

A twist of gold was round her hair; a
robe

Of samite without price, that more exprest

Than hid her, clung about her lissome limbs,

In color like the satin-shining palm On sallows in the windy gleams of March:

And while she kiss'd them, crying, "Trample me,

Dear feet, that I have follow'd thro' the world,

And I will pay you worship; tread me down

And I will kiss you for it;" he was mute:

So dark a forethought roll'd about his brain,

As on a dull day in an Ocean cave The blind wave feeling round his long sea-hall

In silence: wherefore, when she lifted up

A face of sad appeal, and spake and said,

"O Merlin, do ye love me?" and again.

"O Merlin, do ye love me?" and once more,

"Great Master, do ye love me?" he was mute.

And lissome Vivien, holding by his heel,

Writhed toward him, slided up his knee and sat,

Behind his ankle twined her hollow

Together, curved an arm about his neck,

Clung like a snake; and letting her left hand

Droop from his mighty shoulder, as a leaf,

Made with her right a comb of pearl to part

The lists of such a beard as youth gone out

Had left in ashes: then he spoke and said.

Not looking at her, "Who are wise

Love most, say least," and Vivien answer'd quick,

"I saw the little elf-god eyeless once In Arthur's arras hall at Camelot:

But neither eyes nor tongue — O stupid child!

Yet you are wise who say it; let me

Silence is wisdom: I am silent then, And ask no kiss;" then adding all at once,

"And lo, I clothe myself with wisdom," drew

The vast and shaggy mantle of his beard

Across her neck and bosem to her knee,

And call'd herself a gilded summer fly Caught in a great old tyrant spider's web.

Who meant to eat her up in that wild wood

Without one word. So Vivien call'd herself,

But rather seem'd a lovely baleful

Veil'd in gray vapor; till he sadly smiled:

"To what request for what strange boon," he said,

"Are these your pretty tricks and fooleries,

O Vivien, the preamble? yet my thanks,

For these have broken up my melancholy."

And Vivien answer'd smiling sau-

"What, O my Master, have ye found your voice?

I bid the stranger welcome. Thanks at last!

But yesterday you never open'd lip, Except indeed to drink: no cup had

In mine own lady palms I cull'd the

That gather'd trickling dropwise from the cleft,

And made a pretty cup of both my And when I look'd, and saw you

And offer'd you it kneeling: then you drank

And knew no more, nor gave me one poor word:

O no more thanks than might a goat have given

With no more sign of reverence than a beard.

And when we halted at that other well,

And I was faint to swooning, and you lay

Foot-gilt with all the blossom-dust of those

Deep meadows we had traversed, did vou know

That Vivien bathed your feet before her own?

And yet no thanks: and all thro' this wild wood

And all this morning when I fondled

Boon, aye, there was a boon, one not so strange -

How had I wrong'd you? surely ye are wise,

But such a silence is more wise than kind."

And Merlin lock'd his hand in hers and said:

"O did ye never lie upon the shore, And watch the curl'd white of the coming wave

Glass'd in the slippery sand before it breaks?

Ev'n such a wave, but not so pleasurable,

Dark in the glass of some presageful mood,

Had I for three days seen, ready to fall.

And then I rose and fled from Arthur's court

To break the mood. You follow'd me unask'd;

following still.

My mind involved yourself the nearest thing

In that mind-mist, for shall I tell you truth?

You seem'd that wave about to break upon me

And sweep me from my hold upon the world.

My use and name and fame. Your pardon, child.

Your pretty sports have brighten'd all again.

And ask your boon, for boon I owe you thrice.

Once for wrong done you by confusion, next

For thanks it seems till now neglected,

For these your dainty gambols: wherefore ask;

And take this boon so strange and not so strange."

And Vivien answer'd smiling mournfully:

"O not so strange as my long asking

Not yet so strange as you yourself are strange,

Nor half so strange as that dark mood of yours.

I ever fear'd ye were not wholly mine: And see, yourself have own'd ye did

me wrong. The people call you prophet: let it

be:

But not of those that can expound themselves.

Take Vivien for expounder; she will call

That three-days-long presageful gloom of yours

No presage, but the same mistrustful mood

- That makes you seem less noble than yourself,
- Whenever I have ask'd this very boon.
- Now ask'd again: for see you not, dear love,
- That such a mood as that, which lately gloom'd
- Your fancy when ye saw me following you,
- Must make me fear still more you are not mine,
- Must make me yearn still more to prove you mine,
- And make me wish still more to learn this charm
- Of woven paces and of waving hands, As proof of trust. O Merlin, teach
- The charm so taught will charm us both to rest.
- For, grant me some slight power upon your fate,
- I, feeling that you felt me worthy trust.
- Should rest and let you rest, knowing you mine.
- And therefore be as great as ye are
- named, Not muffled round with selfish reti-
- How hard you look and how deny-
- o, if you think this wickedness in
- That I should prove it on you un-
- awares, That makes me passing wrathful;
- then our bond Had best be loosed forever: but
- think or not,
 By Heaven that hears I tell you the
- clean truth,
 As clean as blood of babes, as white
- as milk:
- O Merlin, may this earth, if ever I,
- If these unwitty wandering wits of mine,

- Ev'n in the jumbled rubbish of a dream.
- Have tript on such conjectural treachery—
- May this hard earth cleave to the Nadir hell
- Down, down, and close again, and nip me flat,
- If I be such a traitress. Yield my
- Till which I scarce can yield you all I am;
- And grant my re-reiterated wish,
- The great proof of your love: because I think,
- However wise, ye hardly know me yet."
 - And Merlin loosed his hand from hers and said.
- "I never was less wise, however wise, Too curious Vivien, tho' you talk of trust,
- Than when I told you first of such a
- Yea, if ye talk of trust I tell you this, Too much I trusted when I told you
- And stirr'd this vice in you which ruin'd man
- Thro' woman the first hour; for howsoe'er
- In children a great curiousness be
- well, Who have to learn themselves and all
- the world, In you, that are no child, for still I
- find
 Your face is practised when I spell
- the lines,
 I call it,—well, I will not call it
- vice:
 But since you name yourself the sum-
- mer fly,

 I well could wish a cobweb for th
- I well could wish a cobweb for the
- That settles, beaten back, and beaten back

Settles, till one could yield for weariness:

But since I will not yield to give you power

Upon my life and use and name and fame,

Why will ye never ask some other boon?

Yea, by God's rood, I trusted you too ...uch."

And Vivien, like the tenderesthearted maid

That ever bided tryst at village stile, Made answer, either eyelid wet with tears:

"Nay, Master, be not wrathful with your maid;

Caress her: let her feel herself forgiven

Who feels no heart to ask another boon.

I think ye hardly know the tender

Of 'trust me not at all or all in all.'

I heard the great Sir Lancelot sing it once.

And it shall answer for me. Listen to it.

'In Love, if Love be Love, if Love be ours,

Faith and unfaith can ne'er be equal powers:

Unfaith in aught is want of faith in all.

'It is the little rift within the lute, That by and by will make the music mute,

And ever widening slowly silence all.

'The little rift within the lover's lute

Or little pitted speck in garner'd fruit,

That rotting inward slowly molders all.

'It is not worth the keeping: let it

But shall it? answer, darling, answer, no.

And trust me not at all or all in all.'

O Master, do ye love my tender rhyme?"

And Merlin look'd and half believed her true,

So tender was her voice, so fair her face,

So sweetly gleam'd her eyes behind her tears

Like sunlight on the plain behind a shower:

And yet he answer'd half indignantly:

"Far other was the song that once I heard

By this huge oak, sung nearly where we sit:

For here we met, some ten or twelve of us.

To chase a creature that was current then

In these wild woods, the hart with golden horns.

It was the time when first the question rose

About the founding of a Table Round,

That was to be, for love of God and men

And noble deeds, the flower of all the world.

And each incited each to noble deeds.

And while we waited, one, the youngest of us.

We could not keep him silent, out he flash'd,

- And into such a song, such fire for fame.
- Such trumpet-blowings in it, coming down
- To such a stern and iron-clashing close,
- That when he stopt we long'd to hurl together,
- And should have done it; but the beauteous beast
- Scared by the noise upstarted at our feet,
- And like a silver shadow slipt away Thro' the dim land; and all day
- long we rode
 Thro' the dim land against a rushing
- That glorious roundel echoing in our
- And chased the flashes of his golden
- Until they vanish'd by the fairy well That laughs at iron — as our warriors did —
- Where children cast their pins and nails, and cry,
- Laugh, little well!' but touch it with a sword,
- It buzzes fiercely round the point,
- We lost him: such a noble song was
- But, Vivien, when you sang me that sweet rhyme,
- I felt as tho' you knew this cursed charm.
- Were proving it on me, and that I lay
- And felt them slowly ebbing, name and fame."
 - And Vivien answer'd smiling mournfully:
- "O mine have ebb'd away for ever-
- And all thro' following you to this wild wood,

- Because I saw you sad, to comfort
- Lo, now, what hearts have men! they never mount
- As high as woman in her selfless mood.
- And touching fame, howe'er ye scorn my song,
- Take one verse more the lady speaks it this:
 - "'My name, once mine, now thine, is closelier mine,
- For fame, could fame be mine, that fame were thine,
- And shame, could shame be thine, that shame were mine.
- So trust me not at all or all in all.'
 - "Says she not well? and there is more this rhyme
- Is like the fair pearl-necklace of the Oueen,
- That burst in dancing, and the pearls were spilt;
- Some lost, some stolen, some as relics kept.
- But nevermore the same two sister pearls
- Ran down the silken thread to kiss each other
- On her white neck so is it with this rhyme:
- It lives dispersedly in many hands,
- And every minstrel sings it differently:
- Yet is there one true line, the pearl of pearls:
- Man dreams of Fame while woman wakes to love.
- Yea! Love, tho' Love were of the grossest, carves
- A portion from the solid present,
- And uses, careless of the rest; but Fame.
- The Fame that follows death is nothing to us;

And what is Fame in life but half-disfame,

And counterchanged with darkness? ye yourself

Know well that Envy calls you Devil's son,

And since ye seem the Master of all Art,

They fain would make you Master of all vice."

And Merlin lock'd his hand in hers and said,

"I once was looking for a magic weed,

And found a fair young squire who sat alone.

Had carved himself a knightly shield of wood,

And then was painting on it fancied arms,

Azure, an Eagle rising or, the Sun In dexter chief; the scroll, 'I follow fame.'

And speaking not, but leaning over him,

I took his brush and blotted out the bird,

And made a Gardener putting in a graff,

With this for motto, 'Rather use

You s ould have seen him blush; but afterwards

He made a stalwart knight. O

For you, methinks you think you love me well:

For me, I love you somewhat; rest: and Love

Should have some rest and pleasure in himself,

Not ever be too curious for a boon,

Too prurient for a proof against the grain

Of him ye say ye love: but Fame with men,

Being but ampler means to serve mankind,

Should have small rest or pleasure in herself,

But work as vassal to the larger love,

That dwarfs the petty love of one to

Use gave me Fame at first, and Fame again

Increasing gave me use. Lo, there my boon!

What other? for men sought to prove me vile,

Because I fain had given them greater wits:

And then did Envy call me Devil's son:

The sick, weak beast seeking to help herself

By striking at her better, miss'd, and brought

Her own claw back, and wounded her own heart.

Sweet were the days when I was all unknown,

But when my name was lifted up, the storm

Brake on the mountain and I cared not for it.

Right well know I that Fame is half-disfame,

Yet needs must work my work.

That other fame,

To one at least, who hath not children, vague,

The cackle of the unborn about the grave,

I cared not for it: a single misty star,

Which is the second in a line of stars

That seem a sword beneath a belt of three,

I never gazed upon it but I dreamt Of some vast charm concluded in that star To make fame nothing. Wherefore, if I fear, Giving you power upon me thro'

this charm,

That you might play me falsely, having power,

However well ye think ye love me

(As sons of kings loving in pupilage Have turn'd to tyrants when they came to power)

I rather dread the loss of use than fame;

If you — and not so much from wickedness,

As some wild turn of anger, or a mood

Of overstrain'd affection, it may be, To keep me all to your own self, or else

A sudden spurt of woman's jealousy,—

Should try this charm on whom ye say ye love."

And Vivien unswer'd smiling as in wrath.

"Have I not sworn? I am not trusted. Good!

Well, hide it, hide it; I shall find it out;

And being found take heed of Vivien. A woman and not trusted, doubtless

Might feel some sudden turn of anger born

Of your misfaith; and your fine epithet

Is accurate, too, for this full love of mine

Without the full heart back may merit well

Your term of overstrain'd. So used as I,

My daily wonder is, I love at all. And as to woman's jealousy, O why not?

O to what end, except a jealous one,

And one to make me jealous if I

Was this fair charm invented by yourself?

I well believe that all about this world

Ye cage a buxom captive here and there,

Closed in the four walls of a hollow tower

From which is no escape for evermore."

Then the great Master merrily answer'd her:

"Full many a love in loving youth was mine;

I needed then no charm to keep them mine

But youth and love; and that full heart of yours

Whereof ye prartle, may now assure you mine;

So live uncharm'd. For those who wrought it first,

The wrist is parted from the hand that waved,

The feet unmortised from their ankle-bones

Who paced it, ages back: but will ye hear

The legend as in guerdon for your rhyme?

"There lived a king in the most Eastern East,

Less old than I, yet older, for my blood

Hath earnest in it of far springs to be.

A tawny pirate anchor'd in his port, Whose bark had plunder'd twenty nameless isles;

And passing one, at the high peep of dawn.

He saw two cities in a thousand

All fighting for a woman on the sea.

And pushing his black craft among them all,

He lightly scatter'd theirs and brought her off,

With loss of half his people arrowslain;

A maid so smooth, so white, so wonderful,

They said a light come from her when she moved:

And since the pirate would not yield her up,

The King impaled him for his piracy;

Then made her Queen: but those isle-nurtured eyes

Waged such unwilling tho' successful war

On all the youth, they sicken'd; councils thinn'd,

And armies waned, for magnet-like she drew

The rustiest iron of old fighters' hearts;

And beasts themselves would worship; camels knelt

Unbidden, and the brutes of mountain back

That carry kings in castles, bow'd black knees

Of homage, ringing with their serpent hands,

To make her smile, her golden anklebells.

What wonder, being jealous, that he sent

His horns of proclamation out thro'

The hundred under-kingdoms that he sway'd

To find a wizard who might teach the King

Some charm, which being wrought upon the Queen

Might keep her all his own: to such

He promised more than ever king has given,

A league of mountain full of golden mines,

A province with a hundred miles of

A palace and a princess, all for him:

But on all those who tried and fail'd, the King

Pronounced a dismal sentence, meaning by it

To keep the list low and pretenders back,

Or like a king, not to be trifled with —

Their heads should molder on the city gates.

And many tried and fail'd, because the charm

Of nature in her overbore their own: And many a wizard brow bleach'd on the walls:

And many weeks a troop of carrion

Hung like a cloud above the gateway towers."

And Vivien breaking in upon him, said:

"I sit and gather honey; yet, methinks,

Thy tongue has tript a little: ask thyself.

The lady never made unwilling war With those fine eyes: she had her pleasure in it,

And made her good man jealous with good cause.

And lived there neither dame nor damsel then

Wroth at a lover's loss? were all as tame.

I mean, as noble, as their Queen was fair?

Not one to flirt a venom at her eyes, Or pinch a murderous dust into her drink,

Or make her paler with a poison'd rose?

- Well, those were not our days: but And lash'd it at the base with slantdid they find
- A wizard? Tell me, was he like to thee?"
 - She ceased, and made her lithe arm round his neck
- Tighten, and then drew back, and let her eyes
- Speak for her, glowing on him, like a bride's
- On her new lord, her own, the first of men.
 - He answer'd laughing, "Nay, not like to me.
- At last they found his foragers for charms -
- A little glassy-headed hairless man, Who lived alone in a great wild on
- Read but one book, and ever reading
- So grated down and filed away with thought,
- So lean his eyes were monstrous; while the skin
- Clung but to crate and basket, ribs and spine.
- And since he kept his mind on one sole aim,
- Nor ever touch'd fierce wine, nor tasted flesh.
- Nor own'd a sensual wish, to him the wall
- That sunders ghosts and shadowcasting men
- Became a crystal, and he saw them thro' it.
- And heard their voices talk behind the wall,
- And learnt their elemental secrets,
- And forces; often o'er the sun's bright eye
- Drew the vast eyelid of an inky cloud,

- ing storm;
- Or in the noon of mist and driving
- When the lake whiten'd and the pinewood roar'd.
- And the cairn'd mountain was a shadow, sunn'd
- The world to peace again: here was the man.
- And so by force they dragg'd him to the King.
- And then he taught the King to charm the Queen
- In such-wise, that no man could see her more,
- Nor saw she save the King, who wrought the charm,
- Coming and going, and she lay as
- And lost all use of life: but when the King
- Made proffer of the league of golden mines,
- The province with a hundred miles of coast.
- The palace and the princess, that old
- Went back to his old wild, and lived on grass,
- And vanished, and his book came down to me."
 - And Vivien answer'd smiling saucily:
- "Ye have the book: the charm is written in it:
- Good: take my counsel: let me know it at once:
- For keep it like a puzzle chest in chest.
- With each chest lock'd and padlock'd thirty-fold.
- And whelm all this beneath as vast a mound
- As after a furious battle turfs the slain

On some wild down above the windy deep,

I yet should strike upon a sudden means

To dig, pick, open, find and read the charm:

Then, if I tried it, who should blame me then?"

And smiling as a master smiles at one

That is not of his school, nor any school

But that where blind and naked Ignorance

Delivers brawling judgments, unashamed,

On all things all day long, he answer'd her:

"Thou read the book, my pretty Vivien!

O aye, it is but twenty pages long, But every page having an ample

And every marge enclosing in the

A square of text that looks a little

blot,
The text no larger than the limbs of

The text no larger than the limbs of fleas;

And every square of text an awful charm,

Writ in a language that has long gone by.

So long, that mountains have arisen since

With cities on their flanks — thou read the book!

And every margin scribbled, crost, and cramm'd

With comment, densest condensation, hard

To mind and eye; but the long sleepless nights

Of my long life have made it easy to me.

And none can read the text, not even I;

And none can read the comment but myself;

And in the comment did I find the charm.

O, the results are simple; a mere child

Might use it to the harm of anyone,

And never could undo it: ask no more:

For tho' you should not prove it upon me,

But keep that oath ye sware, ye might, perchance,

Assay it on someone of the Table Round,

And all because ye dream they babble of you."

And Vivien, frowning in true anger, said:

"What dare the full-fed liars say of me?

They ride abroad redressing human wrongs!

They sit with knife in meat and wine in horn!

They bound to holy vows of chastity! Were I not woman, I could tell a

But you are man, you well can understand

The shame that cannot be explain'd for shame.

Not one of all the drove should touch me: swine!"

Then answer'd Merlin careless of her words:

"You breathe but accusation vast and vague,

Spleen-born, I think, and proofless.

If ye know,

Set up the charge ye know, to stand or fall!"

And Vivien answer'd frowning wrathfully:

"O aye, what say ye to Sir Valence,

Whose kinsman left him watcher o'er his wife

And two fair babes, and went to distant lands;

Was one year gone, and on returning found

Not two but three? there lay the reckling, one

But one hour old! What said the happy sire?

A seven-months' babe had been a truer gift.

Those twelve sweet moons confused his fatherhood."

Then answer'd Merlin, "Nay, I know the tale.

Sir Valence wedded with an outland dame:

Some cause had kept him sunder'd from his wife.

One child they had: it lived with her: she died:

His ka sman traveling on his own

Was charged by Valence to bring home the child.

He brought, not found it therefore: take the truth."

"O aye," said Vivien, "overtrue a

What say ye then to sweet Sir Sagramore,

That ardent man? 'To pluck the flower in season,'

So says the song, 'I trow it is no treason.'

() Master, shall we call him overquick

To crop his own sweet rose before the hour?"

And Merlin answer'd, "Overquick art thou

To catch a loathly plume fall'n from the wing

Of that foul bird of rapine whose whole prey

Is man's good name: he never wrong'd his bride.

I know the tale. An angry gust of wind

Puff'd out his torch among the myriad-room'd

And many-corridor'd complexities

Of Arthur's palace: then he found
a door,

And darkling felt the sculptured ornament

That wreathen round it made it seem his own:

And wearied out made for the couch and slept,

A stainless man beside a stainless maid;

And either slept, nor knew of other there;

Till the high dawn piercing the royal rose

In Arthur's casement glimmer'd chastely down,

Blushing upon them blushing, and at once

He rose without a word and parted from her:

But when the thing was blazed about the court,

The brute world howling forced them into bonds,

And as it chanced they are happy, being pure."

"O aye," said Vivien, "that were likely, too.

What say ye then to fair Sir Percivale

And of the horrid foulness that he wrought,

The saintly youth, the spotless lamb of Christ,

Or some black wether of St. Satan's Sir Lancelot went ambassador, at

What, in the precincts of the chapelyard,

Among the knightly brasses of the graves,

And by the cold Hic Jacets of the dead!"

And Merlin answer'd careless of her charge,

" A sober man is Percivale and pure; But once in life was fluster'd with new wine,

Then paced for coolness in the chapel-yard;

Where one of Satan's shepherdesses caught

And meant to stamp him with her master's mark;

And that he sinned is not believable: For, low upon his face! - but if he sinn'd.

The sin that practise burns into the blood,

And not the one dark hour which brings remorse,

Will brand us, after, of whose fold we be:

Or else were he, the holy king, whose hymns

Are chanted in the minster, worse than all.

But is your spleen froth'd out, or have ye more?"

And Vivien answer'd frowning yet in wrath:

"O aye; what say ye to Sir Lancelot, friend

Traitor or true? that commerce with the Queen,

I ask you, is it clamor'd by the child, Or whisper'd in the corner! do ye know it?"

To which he answer'd sadly, "Yea, I know it.

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first,

To fetch her, and she watch'd him from her walls.

A rumor runs, she took him for the King,

So fixt her fancy on him: let them

But have ye no one word of loyal praise

For Arthur, blameless King and stainless man?"

She answer'd with a low and chuckling laugh:

"Man! is he man at all, who knows and winks?

Sees what his fair bride is and does, and winks?

By which the good King means to blind himself.

And blinds himself and all the Table Round

To all the foulness that they work. Myself

Could call him (were it not for womanhood)

The pretty, popular name such manhood earns.

Could call him the main cause of all their crime;

Yea, were he not crown'd King, coward, and fool,"

Then Merlin to his own heart, loathing, said:

"O true and tender! O my liege and King!

O selfless man and stainless gentle-

Who wouldst against thine own eyewitness fain

Have all men true and leal, all women pure:

How, in the mouths of base interpreters,

From over-fineness not intelligible

To things with every sense as false and foul

As the poach'd filth that floods the middle street,

Is thy white blamelessness accounted blame!"

But Vivien, deeming Merlin overborne

By instance, recommenced, and let her tongue

Rage like a fire among the noblest names,

Polluting, and imputing her whole self,

Defaming and defacing, till she left Not even Lancelot brave, nor Galahad clean.

Her words had issue other than she will'd.

He dragg'd his eyebrow bushes down, and made

A snowy penthouse for his hollow eyes,

And mutter'd in himself, "Tell her the charm!

So, if she had it, would she rail on

To snare the next, and if she have it

So will she rail. What did the wanton say?

'Not mount as high;' we scarce can sink as low:

For men at most differ as Heaven and earth,

But women, worst and best, as Heaven and Hell.

I know the Table Round, my friends of old;

All brave, and many generous, and some chaste.

She cloaks the scar of some repulse with lies;

I well believe she tempted them and fail'd,

Being so bitter: for fine plots may fail,

Tho' harlots paint their talk as well as face

With colors of the heart that are not theirs.

I will not let her know: nine tithes of times

Face-flatterer and backbiter are the same.

And they, sweet soul, that most impute a crime

Are pronest to it, and impute them-

Wantii the mental range; or low desire

Not to feel lowest makes them level all;

Yea, they would pare the mountain to the plain,

To leave an equal baseness; and in this

Are harlots like the crowd, that if they find

Some stain or blemish in a name of note.

Not grieving that their greatest are so small.

Inflate themselves with some insane delight,

And judge all nature from her feet of clay,

Without the will to lift their eyes, and see

Her godlike head crown'd with spiritual fire,

And touching other worlds. I am weary of her."

He spoke in words part heard, in whispers part,

Half-suffocated in the hoary fell And many-winter'd fleece of throat

and chin.

But Vivien gathering somewhat of

But Vivien, gathering somewhat of his mood,

And hearing "harlot" mutter'd twice or thrice,

Leapt from her session on his lap,

Stiff as a viper frozen; loathsome sight,

How from the rosy lips of life and love,

Flash'd the bare-grinning skeleton of death!

White was her cheek; sharp breaths of anger puff'd

Her fairy nostril out; her hand halfclench'd

Went faltering sideways downward to her belt,

And feeling; had she found a dagger there

(For in a wink the false love turns to hate)

She would have stabb'd him; but she found it not:

His eye was calm, and suddenly she took

To bitter weeping like a beaten child,

A long, long weeping, not consolable.

Then her false voice made way, broken with sobs:

"O crueller than was ever told in tale,

Or sung in song! O vainly lavish'd love!

O cruel, three was nothing wild or strange,

Or seeming shameful — for what shame in love,

So love be true, and not as yours is — nothing

Poor Vivien had not done to win his

Who call'd her what he call'd her — all her crime,

All—all—the wish to prove him wholly hers."

She mused a little, and then clapt her hands Together with a wailing shriek, and said:

"Stabb'd through the heart's affections to the heart!

Seethed like the kid in its own mother's milk!

Kill'd with a word worse than a life of blows!

I thought that he was gentle, being great:

O God, that I had loved a smaller man!

I should have found in him a greater heart.

O, I, that flattering my true passion, saw

The knights, the court, the King, dark, in your light,

Who loved to make men darker than they are,

Because of that high pleasure which
I had

To seat you sole upon my pedestal
Of worship — I am answer'd, and
henceforth

The course of life that seem'd so flowery to me

With you for guide and master, only you,

Becomes the sea-cliff pathway broken short,

And ending in a ruin — nothing left, But into some low cave to crawl, and there.

If the wolf spare me, weep my life away,

Kill'd with inutterable unkindliness,"

She paused, she turn'd away, she hung her head,

The snake of gold slid from her hair, the braid

Slipt and uncoil'd itself, she wept afresh,

And the dark wood grew darker toward the storm In silence, while his anger slowly

Within him, till he let his wisdom

For ease of heart, and half believed her true:

Call'd her to shelter in the hollow oak,

"Come from the storm," and having no reply,

Gazed at the heaving shoulder, and the face

Hand-hidden, as for utmost grief or shame;

Then thrice essay'd, by tenderesttouching terms,

To sleek her ruffled pear mind, in vain.

At last she let herself be conquer'd by him,

And as the cageling newly flown re-

The seeming-injured simple-hearted

Came to her old perch back, and settled there.

There while she sat, half-falling from his knees,

Half-nestled at his heart, and since

The slow tear creep from her closed eyelid yet,

About her, more in kindness than in love,

The gentle wizard cast a shielding arm.

But she dislink'd herself at once and

Her arms upon her breast across, and stood,

A virtuous gentlewoman deeply wrong'd,

Upright and flush'd before him: then she said:

"There must be now no passages of love

Betwixt us twain henceforward evermore;

Since, if I be what I am grossly call'd,

What should be granted which your own gross heart

Would reckon worth the taking? I will go.

In truth, but one thing now — better have died

Thrice than have ask'd it once could make me stay—

That proof of trust — so often ask'd in vain!

How justly, after that vile term of yours,

I find with grief! I might believe you then,

Who knows? once more. Lo! what was once to me

Mere matter of the fancy, now hath grown

The vast necessity of heart and life. Farewell; think gently of me, for I

My fate or folly, passing gayer youth For one so old, must be to love thee still.

But ere I leave thee let me swear

That if I schemed against thy peace in this,

May yon just heaven, that darkens o'er me, send

One flash, that, missing all things else, may make

My scheming brain a cinder, if I lie.

Scarce had she ceased, when out of heaven a polt

(For now the storm was close above them) struck,

Furrowing a giant oak, and javelining

With darted spikes and splinters of the wood

The dark earth round. He raised his eyes and saw

The tree that shone white-listed thro' the gloom.

But Vivien, fearing heaven had heard her oath,

And dazzled by the livid-flickering fork,

And deafen'd with the stammering cracks and claps

That follow'd, flying back and crying out,

"O Merlin, tho' you do not love me, save,

Yet save me!" clung to him and hugg'd him close;

And call'd him dear protector in her fright,

Nor yet forgot her practise in her fright,

But wrought upon his mood and hugg'd him close.

The pale blood of the wizard at her touch

Took gayer colors, like an opal warm'd.

She blamed herself for telling hearsay tales:

She shook from fear, and for her fault she wept

Of petulancy; she call'd him lord and liege,

Her seer, her bard, her silver star of eve.

Her God, her Merlin, the one passionate love

Of her whole life; and ever overhead

Bellow'd the tempest, and the rotten branch

Snapt in the rushing of the river-

Above them; and in change of glare and gloom

Her eyes and neck glittering went and came;

Till now the storm, its burst of passion spent,

Moaning and calling out of other lands,

Had left the ravaged woodland yet once more

To peace; and what should not have been had been,

For Merlin, overtalk'd and overworn,

Had yielded, told her all the charm, and slept.

Then, in one moment, she put forth the charm

Of woven paces and of waving hands,

And in the hollow oak he lay as dead, And lost to life and use and name and fame.

Then crying, "I have made his glory mine,"

And shrieking out, "O fool!" the harlot leapt

Adown the forest, and the thicket closed

Behind her, and the forest echo'd "fool."

LANCELOT AND ELAINE

ELAINE the fair, Elaine the loveable, Elaine, the lily maid of Astolat,

High in her chamber up a tower to

Guarded the sacred shield of Lancelot;

Which first she placed where morning's earliest ray

Might strike it, and awake her with the gleam;

Then fearing rust or soilure fashion'd for it

A case of silk, and braided there-

All the devices blazon'd on the shield In their own tinct, and added, of her

A border fantasy of branch and flower,

- And yellow-throated nestling in the
- Nor rested thus content, but day by
- Leaving her household and good father, climb'd
- That eastern tower, and entering barr'd her door,
- Stript off the case, and read the naked shield.
- Now guess'd a hidden meaning in his arms,
- Now made a pretty history to herself
- Of every dint a sword had beaten in it,
- And every scratch a lance had made upon it,
- Conjecturing when and where: this cut is fresh;
- That ten years back; this dealt him at Caerlyle;
- That at Caerleon; this at Camelot:
- And ah, God's mercy, what a stroke was there!
- And here a thrust that might have kill'd, but God
- Broke the strong lance, and roll'd his enemy down,
- And saved him: so she lived in fantasy.
 - How came the lily maid by that good shield
- Of Lancelot, she that knew not ev'n his name?
- He left it with her, when he rode to
- For the great diamond in the diamond jousts,
- Which Arthur had ordain'd, and by that name
- Had named them, since a diamond was the prize.
 - For Arthur, long before they crown'd him King,

- Roving the trackless realms of Lyonnesse.
- Had found a glen, gray boulder and black tarn.
- A horror lived about the tarn, and clave
- Like its own mists to all the mountain side:
- For here two brothers, one a king, had met
- And fought together; but their names were lost;
- And each had slain his brother at a blow:
- And down they fell and made the glen abhorr'd:
- And there they lay till all their bones were bleach'd,
- And lichen'd into color with the
- And he, that once was king, had on
- Of diamonds, one in front, and four
- And Arthur came, and laboring up
- All in a misty moonshine, unawares Had trodden that crown'd skeleton,
- and the skull

 Brake from the nape, and from the
- skull the crown
 Roll'd into light, and turning on its
- rims
- Fled like a glittering rivulet to the tarn:
- And down the shingly scaur he plunged, and caught,
- And set it on his head, and in his heart
- Heard murmurs, "Lo, thou likewise shalt be King."
 - Thereafter, when a King, he had the gems
- Pluck'd from the crown, and show'd them to his knights,
- Saying, "These jewels, whereupon I chanced

Divinely, are the kingdom's, not the Of Lancelot, and his prowess in the King's -

For public use: henceforward let there be.

Once every year, a joust for one of these:

For so by nine years' proof we needs must learn

Which is our mightiest, and ourselves shall grow

In use of arms and manhood, till we

The heathen, who, some say, shall rule the land

Hereafter, which God hinder." Thus he spoke:

And eight years past, eight jousts had been, and still

Had Lancelot won the diamond of the year,

With purpose to present them to the Queen,

When all were won; but meaning all at once

To snare her royal fancy with a boon

Worth half her realm, had never spoken word.

Now for the central diamond and the last

And largest, Arthur, holding then his court

Hard on the river nigh the place which now

Is this world's hugest, let proclaim a

At Camelot, and when the time drew

Spake (for she had been sick) to Guinevere,

"Are you so sick, my Queen, you cannot move

To these fair jousts?" "Yea, lord," she said, "ye know it."

"Then will ye miss," he answer'd, "the great deeds

A sight ye love to look on." And the Queen

Lifted her eyes, and they dwelt languidly

On Lancelot, where he stood beside the King.

He thinking that he read her meaning there.

"Stay with me, I am sick; my love is more

Than many diamonds," yielded; and a heart

Love-loyal to the least wish of the Oueen

(However much he yearn'd to make complete

The tale of diamonds for his destined boon)

Urged him to speak against the truth, and say,

"Sir King, mine ancient wound is hardly whole,

And lets me from the saddle;" and the King

Glanced first at him, then her, and went his way.

No sooner gone than suddenly she began:

"To blame, my lord, Sir Lancelot, much to blame!

Why go ye not to these fair jousts? the knights

Are half of them our enemies, and the crowd

Will murmur, 'Lo, the shameless ones, who take

Their pastime now the trustful King is gone!"

Then Lancelot vext at having lied in

"Are ye so wise? ye were not once so wise,

My Queen, that summer, when ye loved me first.

Then of the crowd ye took no more account

Than of the myriad cricket of the mead,

When its own voice clings to each blade of grass,

And every voice is nothing. As to knights,

Them surely can I silence with all ease.

But now my loyal worship is allow'd

Of all men: many a bard, without offense,

Has link'd our names together in his lay,

Lancelot, the flower of bravery, Guinevere,

The pearl of beauty: and our knights at feast

Have pledged us in this union, while the King

Would listen smiling. How then? is there more?

Has Arthur spoken aught? or would yourself,

Now weary of my service and devoir, Henceforth be truer to your faultless lord?"

She broke into a little scornful laugh:

"Arthur, my lord, Arthur, the faultless King,

That passionate perfection, my goc'

But who can gaze upon the Sun in heaven?

He never spake word of reproach to me,

He never had a glimpse of mine untruth,

He cares not for me: only here to-day

There gleam'd a vague suspicion in his eyes:

Some meddling rogue has tamper'd with him — else

Rapt in this fancy of his Table Round,

And swearing men to vows impossible,

To make them like himself: but, friend, to me

He is all fault who hath no fault at all:

For who loves me must have a touch of earth:

The low sun makes the color: I am yours,

Not Arthur's, as ye know, save by the bond.

And therefore hear my words: go to the jousts:

The tiny-trumpeting gnat can break our dream

When sweetest; and the vermin voices here

May buzz so loud — we scorn them, but they sting."

Then answer'd Lancelot, the chief of knights:

"And with what face, after my pretext made,

Shall I appear, O Queen, at Camelot. I

Before a King who honors his own word,

As if it were his God's?"

"Yea," said the Queen,
"A moral child without the craft to
rule.

Else had he not lost me: but listen to me,

If I must find you wit: we hear it said

That men go down before your spear at a touch,

But knowing you are Lancelot; your great name,

This conquers: hide it therefore; go unknown:

Win! by this kiss you will: and cur true King Will then allow your pretext, O my Elaine, his daughter: mother of the knight.

As all for glory; for to speak him

Ye know right well, how meek soe'er he seem.

keener hunter after breathes.

He loves it in his knights more than himself:

They prove to him his work: win and return."

Then got Sir Lancelot suddenly to horse,

Wroth at himself. Not willing to be known,

He left the barren-beaten thorough-

Chose the green path that show'd the rarer foot.

And there among the solitary downs, Full often lost in fancy, lost his way;

Till as he traced a faintly-shadow'd track,

That all in loops and links among the dales

Ran to the Castle of Astolat, he saw Fired from the west, far on a hill, the towers.

Thither he made, and blew the gateway horn.

Then came an old, dumb, myriadwrinkled man,

Who let him into lodging and dis-

And Lancelot marvel'd at the wordless man;

And issuing found the Lord of Asto-

With two strong sons, Sir Torre and Sir Lavaine,

Moving to meet him in the castle court:

And close behind them stept the lily maid

house

There was not: some light jest among them rose

With laughter dying down as the great knight

Approach'd them: then the Lord of Astolat:

"Whence comest thou, my guest, and by what name

Livest between the lips? for by the

And presence I might guess thee chief of those,

After the King, who eat in Arthur's

Him have I seen: the rest, his Table Round,

Known as they are, to me they are unknown.1

Then answer'd Lancelot, the chief of knights:

"Known am I, and of Arthur's hall, and known,

What I by mere mischance have brought, my shield.

But since I go to joust as one unknown

At Camelot for the diamond, ask me

Hereafter ye shall know me - and the shield -

I pray you lend me one, if such you have.

Blank, or at least with some device not mine."

Then said the Lord of Astolat, "Here is Torre's:

Hurt in his first tilt was my son, Sir Torre.

And so, God wot, his shield is blank enough.

His ye can have." Then added plain Sir Torre,

"Yea, since I cannot use it, ye may have it."

- Here laugh'd the father, saying, "Fie, Sir Churl,
- Is that an answer for a noble knight? Allow him! but Lavaine, my younger
- He is so full of lustihood, he will ride,
- Joust for it, and win, and bring it in an hour,
- And set it in this damsel's golden hair,
- To make her theice as wilful as before."
 - "Nay, father, nay, good father, shame me not
- Before this noble knight," said young Lavaine,
- "For nothing. Surely I but play'd on Torre:
- He seem'd so sullen, vext he could not go:
- A jest, no more! for, knight, the maiden dreamt
- That some one put this diamond in her hand,
- And that it was too slippery to be held.
- And slipt and fell into some pool or stream,
- The castle-well, belike; and then I said
- That if I went and if I fought and won it
- (But all was jest and joke among ourselves)
- Then must she keep it safelier. All was jest.
- But, father, give me leave, an if he will.
- To ride to Camelot with this noble knight:
- Win shall I not, but do my best to win:
- Young as I am, yet would I do my best."

- "So ye will grace me," answer'd Lancelot.
- Smiling a moment, "with your fellowship
- O'er these waste downs whereon I lost myself,
- Then were I glad of you as guide and friend:
- And you shall win this diamond,—as I hear
- It is a fair large diamond,—if ye may,
- And yield it to this maiden, if ye will."
- "A fair large diamond," added plain Sir Torre,
- "Such be for queens, and not for simple maids."
- Then she, who held her eyes upon the ground,
- Elaine, and heard her name so tost about,
- Flush'd slightly at the slight disparagement
- Before the stranger knight, who, looking at her,
- Full courtly, yet not falsely, thus return'd:
- "If what is fair be but for what is fair.
- And only queens are to be counted so.
- Rash were my judgment then, who deem this maid
- Might wear as fair a jewel as is on earth,
- Not violating the bond of like to like."
 - He spoke and ceased: the lily maid, Elaine,
- Won by the mellow voice before she look'd,
- Lifted her eyes, and read his lineaments.
- The great and guilty love he bare the Queen,

In battle with the love he bare his lord,

Had marr'd his face, and mark'd it ere his time.

Another sinning on such heights with one,

The flower of all the west and all the world,

Had been the sleeker for it: but in him

His mood was often like a fiend, and rose

And drove him into wastes and solitudes

For agony, who was yet a living soul.

Marr'd as he was, he seem'd the goodliest man

That ever among ladies ate in hall, And noblest, when she lifted up her eves.

However marr'd, of more than twice her years,

Seem'd with an ancient swordcut on the cheek,

And bruised and bronzed, she lifted up her eyes

And loved him, with that love which was her doom.

Then the great knight, the darling of the court,

Loved of the loveliest, into that rude hall

Stept with all grace, and not with half disdain

Hid under grace, as in a smaller time, But kindly man moving among his kind:

Whom they with meats and vintage of their best

And talk and minstrel melody entertain'd.

And much they ask'd of court and Table Round,

And ever well and readily answer'd he:

But Lancelot, when they glanced at Guinevere,

Suddenly speaking of the wordless man,

Heard from the Baron that, ten years before,

The heathen caught and reft him of his tongue.

"He learnt and warn'd me of their fierce design

Against my house, and him they caught and maim'd;

But I, my sons, and little daughter fled

From bonds or death, and dwelt among the woods

By the great river in a boatman's hut. Dull days were those, till our good Arthur broke

The Pagan yet once more on Badon hill."

"O there, great lord, doubtless," Lavaine said, rapt

By all the sweet and sudden passion of youth

Toward greatness in its elder, "you have fought.

O tell us — for we live apart — you know

Of Arthur's glorious wars." And Lancelot spoke

And answer'd him at full, as having been

With Arthur in the fight which all day long

Rang by the white mouth of the violent Glem;

And in the four loud battles by the

Of Duglas; that on Bassa; then the

That thunder'd in and out the gloomy skirts

Of Celidon the forest; and again

By castle Gurnion, where the glorious King Had on his cuirass worn our Lady's Head.

Carved of one emerald center'd in a

Of silver rays, that lighten'd as he breathed;

And at Caerleon had he help'd his

When the strong neighings of the wild white Horse

Set every gilded parapet shuddering; And up in Agned-Cathregonion, too, And down the waste sand-shores of Trath Treroit.

Where many a heathen fell; " and on the mount

Of Badon I myself beheld the King Charge at the head of all his Table Round,

And all his legions crying Christ and him,

And break them; and I saw him, after, stand

High on a heap of slain, from spur to plume

Red as the rising sun with heathen blood,

And seeing me, with a great voice he cried,

'They are broken, they are broken!'
for the King.

However mild he seems at home, nor

For triumph in our mimic wars, the jousts —

For if his own knight cast him down, he laughs

Saying, his knights are better men than he—

Yet in this heathen war the fire of God

Fills him: I never saw his like: there lives

No greater leader."

While he utter'd this, Low to her own heart said the lily maid, "Save your great self, fair lord;" and when he fell

From talk of war to traits of pleasantry —

Being mirthful he, but in a stately kind —

She still took note that when the living smile

Died from his lips, across him came a

Of melancholy severe, from which

Whenever in her hovering to and

The lily maid had striven to make him cheer,

There brake a sudden-beaming tenderness

Of manners and of nature: and she thought

That all was nature, all, perchance, for her.

And all night long has face before her lived,

As when a painter, poring on a face, Divinely thre' all hindrance finds the man

Behind it, and so paints him that his face.

The shape and color of a mind and life.

Lives for his children, ever at its best And fullest; so the face before her lived,

Dark-splendid, speaking in the silence, full

Of noble things, and held her from her sleep.

Till rathe she rose, half-cheated in the thought

She needs must bid farewell to sweet Lavaine.

First as in fear, step after step, she stole

Down the long tower-stairs, hesita-

Anon, she heard Sir Lancelot cry in the court,

"This shield, my friend, where is And found it true, and answer'd, it?" and Lavaine

Past inward, as she came from out the tower.

There to his proud horse Lancelot turn'd, and smooth'd

The glossy shoulder, humming to himself.

Half-envious of the flattering hand, she drew

Nearer and stood. He look'd, and more amazed

Than if seven men had set upon him,

The maiden standing in the dewy

He had not dream'd she was so beau-

Then came on him a sort of sacred

For silent, tho' he greeted her, she stood

Rapt on his face as if it were a God's.

Suddenly flash'd on her a wild desire, That he should wear her favor at the tilt.

She braved a riotous heart in asking

"Fair lord, whose name I know not - noble it is,

I well believe, the noblest - will you

My favor at this tourney?" "Nay," said he,

"Fair lady, since I never yet have worn

Favor of any lady in the lists.

Such is my wont, as those, who know me, know."

"Yea, so," she answer'd; "then in wearing mine

Needs must be lesser likelihood, noble lord,

That those who know should know you." And he turn'd

Her counsel up and down within his mind,

"True, my child.

Well, I will wear it: fetch it out to

What is it?" and she told him, "A red sleeve

Broider'd with pearls," and brought it: then he bound

Her token on his helmet, with a smile Saying, "I never yet have done so much

For any maiden living," and the blood Sprang to her face and fill'd her with delight:

But left her all the paler, when Lavaine

Returning brought the yet-unblazon'd shield.

His brother's; which he gave to Lancelot,

Who parted with his own to fair Elaine:

"Do me this grace, my child, to have my shield

In keeping till I come." "A grace to me,"

She answer'd, "twice to-day. I am your squire!"

Whereat Lavaine said, laughing, "Lily maid,

For fear our people call you lily

In earnest, let me bring your color back:

Once, twice, and thrice: now get you hence to bed:"

So kiss'd her, and Sir Lancelot his own hand,

And thus they moved away: she stay'd a minute.

Then made a sudden step to the gate, and there -

Her bright hair blown about the serious face

Yet rosy-kindled with her brother's kiss -

Paused by the gateway, standing near the shield

- In silence, while she watch'd their Dearer to true young hearts than arms far-off
- Sparkle, until they dipt below the downs.
- Then to her tower she climb'd, and took the shield.
- There kept it, and so lived in fantasy.
 - Meanwhile the new companions past away
- Far o'er the long backs of the bushless downs,
- To where Sir Lancelot knew there lived a knight
- Not far from Camelot, now for forty
- A hermit, who had pray'd, labor'd and
- And ever laboring had scoop'd himself In the white rock a chapel and a hall On massive columns, like a shorecliff
- cave. And cells and chambers: all were fair and dry:
- The green light from the meadows underneath
- Struck up and lived along the milky
- And in the :neadows tremulous aspen tree
- And poplars made a noise of falling showers.
- And thither wending there that night they bode.
 - But when the next day broke from underground.
- And shot red fire and shadows thro' the cave.
- They rose, heard mass, broke fast, and rode away:
- Then Lancelot saying, "Hear, but hold my name
- Hidden, you ride with Lancelot of the
- Abash'd Lavaine, whose instant reverence,

- their own praise,
- But left him leave to stammer, " Is it indeed?"
- And after muttering, "The great Lancelot,"
- At last he got his breath and answer'd, "One,
- One have I seen that other, our liege lord,
- The dread Pendragon, Britain's King of kings,
- Of whom the people talk mysteriously, He will be there - then were I
- stricken blind That minute, I might say that I had seen."
 - So spake Lavaine, and when they reach'd the lists
- By Camelot in the meadow, let his
- Run thro' the peopled gallery which half round
- Lay like a rainbow fall'n upon the
- grass, Until they found the clear-faced
- King, who sat Robed in red samite, easily to be
- known. Since to his crown the golden dragon
- clung. And down his robe the dragon writhed in gold,
- And from the carven-work behind him
- Two dragons gilded, sloping down to make
- Arms for his chair, while all the rest of them
- Thro' knots and loops and folds innu-
- Fled ever thro' the woodwork, till they found
- The new design wherein they lost themselves.
- Yet with all ease, so tender was the work:

And, in the costly canopy o'er him set, Blazed the last diamond of the nameless king.

Then Lancelot answer'd young Lavaine and said,

"Me you call great: mine is the firmer seat,

The truer lance: but there is many a youth

Now crescent, who will come to all I am

And overcome it; and in me there dwells

No greatness, save it be some far-off touch

Of greatness to know well I am not great:

There is the man." And Lavaine gaped upon him

As on a thing miraculous, and anon The trumpets blew; and then did either side,

They that assail'd, and they that held the lists,

Set lance in rest, strike spur, suddenly move.

Meet in the midst, and there so furiously

Shock, that a man far-off might well perceive,

If any man that day were left afield, The hard earth shake, and a low thunder of arms.

And Lancelot bode a little, till he saw

Which were the weaker; then he hurl'd into it

Against the stronger: little need to speak

Of Lancelot in his glory! King, duke, earl,

Count, baron — whom he smote, he

But in the field were Lancelot's kith and kin,

Ranged with the Table Round that held the lists,

Strong men, and wrathful that a stranger knight

Should do and almost overdo the deeds

Of Lancelot; and one said to the other, "Lo!

What is he? I do not mean the force alone —

The grace and versatility of the man!

Is it not Lancelot?" "When has Lancelot worn

Favor of any lady in the lists?

Not such his wont, as we, that know him, know."

"How then? who then?" a fury seized them all,

A fiery family passion for the

Of Lancelot, and a glory one wit. theirs.

They couch'd their spears and prick'd their steeds, and thus,

Their plumes driv'n backward by the wind they made

In moving, all together down upon him

Bare, as a wild wave in the wide North-sea,

Green-glimmering toward the summit, bears, with all

Its stormy crests that smoke some it the skies,

Down on a bark, and overbe.

And him that helms it, so they overbore

Sir Lancelot and his charger, and a spear

Down-glancing lamed the charger, and a spear

Prick'd sharply his own cuirass, and the head

Pierced thro' his side, and there snapt, and remain'd. Then Sir Lavaine did well and worshipfully;

He bore a knight of old repute to the earth,

And brought his horse to Lancelot where he lay.

He up the side, sweating with agony,

But thought to do while he might yet endure,

And being lustily holpen by the rest, His party,—tho' it seem'd halfmiracle

To those he fought with,—drave his kith and kin,

And all the Table Round that held the lists,

Back to the barrier; then the trumpets blew

Proclaiming his the prize, who wore the sleeve

Of scarlet, and the pearls; and all the knights,

His party, cried, "Advance and take thy prize

The diamond;" but he answer'd,
"Diamond me

No diamonds! for God's love, a little air!

Prize me no prizes, for my prize is death!

Hence will I, and I charge you, follow me not."

He spoke, and vanish'd suddenly from the field

With young Lavaine into the poplar grove.

There from his charger down he slid, and sat,

Gasping to Sir Lavaine, "Draw the lance-head:"

"Ah my sweet lord Sir Lancelot," said Lavaine,

"I dread me, if I draw it, you will die."

But he, "I die already with it:

Draw,"—and Lavaine drew, and Sir Lancelot gave

A marvelous great shriek and ghastly groan,

And half his blood burst forth, and down he sank

For the pure pain, and wholly swoon'd away.

Then came the hermit out and bare him in,

There stanch'd his wound; and there, in daily doubt

Whether to live or die, for many a week

Hid from the wide world's rumor by the grove

Of poplars with their noise of falling showers,

And ever-tremulous aspen-trees, he lay.

But on that day when Lancelot fled the lists,

His party, knights of utmost North and West,

Lords of waste marshes, kings of desolate isles,

Came round their great Pendragon, saving to him,

'Lo, Sire, our knight, thro' whom we won the day,

Hath gone sore wounded, and hath left his prize

Untaken, crying that his prize is death."

"Heaven hinder," said the King, "that such an one,

So great a knight as we have seen to-

He seem'd to me another Lancelot — Yea, twenty times I thought him Lancelot —

He must not pass uncared for. Wherefore, rise,

O Gawain, and ride forth and find the knight.

Wounded and wearied needs must he be near.

I charge you that you get at once to horse.

And, knights and kings, there

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Will deem this prize of ours is rashly given:

His prowess was too wondrous. We will do him

No customary honor: since the knight Came not to us, of us to claim the prize,

Curselves will send it after. Rise and take

This diamond, and deliver it, and return,

And bring us where he is, and how he fares,

And cease not from your quest until ye find."

So saying, from the carven flower above,

To which it made a restless heart, he took,

And gave the diamond: then from where he sat

At Arthur's right, with smiling face arose.

With smiling face and frowning heart
a Prince

In the mid might and flourish of his May.

Gawain, surnamed The Courteous, fair and strong,

And after Lancelot, Tristram, and Geraint

And Gareth, a good knight, but therewithal

Sir Modred's brother, and the child of Lot,

Nor often loyal to his word, and

Wroth that the King's command to sally forth

In quest of whom he knew not, made him leave

The banquet, and concourse of knights and kings.

So all in wrath he got to horse and went;

While Arthur to the banquet, dark in mood,

Past, thinking, "Is it Lancelot who hath come

Despite the wound he spake of, all for

Of glory, and hath added wound to wound,

And ridd'n away to die?" So fear'd the King,

And, after two days' tarriance there, return'd.

Then when he saw the Queen, embracing ask'd,

"Love, are you yet so sick?" "Nay, lord," she said.

"And where is Lancelot?" Then the Queen amazed,

"Was he not with you? won he not your prize?"

"Nay, but one like him." "Why that like was he."

And when the King demanded how she knew,

Said, "Lord, no sooner had ye parted from us,

Than Lancelot told me of a common talk

That men went down before his spear at a touch,

But knowing he was Lancelot; his great name

Conquer'd; and therefore would he hide his name

From all men ev'n the King and the

From all men, ev'n the King, and to this end

Had made the pretext of a hindering wound,

That he might joust unknown of all, and learn

If his old prowess were in aught decay'd;

And added, 'Our true Arthur, when he learns.

Will well allow my pretext, as for gain

Of purer glory."

Then replied the King:
"Far lovelier in our Lancelot had it been.

In lieu of idly dallying with the truth, To have trusted me as he hath trusted thee.

Surely his King and most familiar friend

Might well have kept his secret. True, indeed,

Albeit I know my knights fantastical, So fine a fear in our large Lancelot Must needs have moved my laughter: now remains

But little cause for laughter: his own kin —

Ill news, my Queen, for all who love him, this!—

His kith and kin, not knowing, set upon him;

So that he went sore wounded from the field:

Yet good news, too: for goodly hopes are mine

That Lancelot is no more a lonely heart.

He wore, against his wont, upon his helm

A sleeve of scarlet, broider'd with great pearls,

Some gentle maiden's gift."

"Yea, lord," she said,
"Thy hopes are mine," and saying
that, she choked,

And sharply turn'd about to hide her face,

Past to her chamber, and there flung

Down on the great King's couch, and writhed upon it,

And clench'd her fingers till they bit the palm,

And shriek'd out, "Traitor" to the unhearing wall,

Then flash'd into wild tears, and rose again,

And moved about her palace, proud and pale.

Gawain the while thro' all the region round

Rode with his diamond, wearied of the quest,

Touch'd at all points, except the poplar grove,

And came at last, tho' late, to Astolat:

Whom glittering in enamel'd arms the maid

Glanced at, and cried, "What news from Camelot, lord?

What of the knight with the red sleeve?" "He won."

"I knew it," she said. "But parted from the jousts

Hurt in the side," whereat she caught her breath;

Thro' her own side she felt the sharp lance go;

Thereon she smote her hand: wellnigh she swoon'd:

And, while he gazed wonderingly at her, came

The Lord of Astolat out, to whom

Reported who he was, and on what quest

Sent, that he bore the prize and could not find

The victor, but had ridd'n a random round

To seek him, and had wearied of the search.

To whom the Lord of Astolat, "Bide with us.

And ride no more at random, noble Prince!

Here was the knight, and here he left a shield:

This will he send or come for: furthermore

Our son is with him; we shall hear anon,

Needs must we hear." To this the courteous Prince

Accorded with his wonted courtesy, Courtesy with a touch of traitor in

And stay'd; and cast his eyes on fair Elaine:

Where could be found face daintier? then her shape

From forehead down to foot, perfect - again

From foot to forehead exquisitely turn'd:

"Well-if I bide, lo! this wild flower for me!'

And oft they met among the garden

And there he set himself to play upon

With sallying wit, free flashes from a height

Above her, graces of the court, and songs,

Sighs, and slow smiles, and golden eloquence

And amorous adulation, till the maid Rebell'd against it, saying to him, " Prince,

O loyal nephew of our noble King, Why ask you not to see the shield he

Whence you might learn his name? Why slight your King,

And lose the quest he sent you on, and prove

No surer than our falcon yesterday, Who lost the hern we slipt her at, and went

To all the winds?" "Nay, by mine

head," said he,
"I lose it, as we lose the lark in heaven,

O damsel, in the light of your blue

But an ye will it let me see the shield."

And when the shield was brought, and Gawain saw

Sir Lancelot's azure lions, cown'd with gold,

Ramp in the field, he smote his thigh, and mock'd:

"Right was the King! our Lancelot! that true man!

"And right was I," she answer'd merrily, "I,

Who dream'd my knight the greatest knight of all."

"And if I dream'd," said Gawain, "that you love

This greatest knight, your pardon! lo, ye know it!

Speak therefore: shall I waste myself in vain?"

Full simple was her answer, "What know I?

My brethren have been all my fellowship;

And I, when often they have talk'd of love.

Wish'd it had been my mother, for they talk'd,

Meseem'd, of what they knew not; so myself -

I know not if I know what true love

But if I know, then, if I love not

I know there is none other I can love."

"Yea, by God's dearn," said he, "ye love him well.

But would not, knew ye what all others know.

And whom he loves." "So be it," cried Elaine.

And lifted her fair face and moved

But he pursued her, calling, "Stay a little!

One golden minute's gracel he wore your sleeve:

Would he break faith with one I may not name?

- Must our true man change like a leaf at last?
- Nay like enow: why then, far be it from me
- To cross our mighty Lancelot in his loves!
- And, imsel, for I deem you know full well
- Where your great knight is hidden, let me leave
- My quest with you; the diamond also: here!
- For if you love, it will be sweet to give it;
- And if he love, it will be sweet to have it
- From your own hand; and whether he love or not,
- A diamond is a diamond. Fare you well
- A thousand times!—a thousand times farewell!
- Yet, if he love, and his love hold, we
- May meet at court hereafter: there, I think.
- So ye will learn the courtesies of the
- We two shall know each other."
 - Then he gave.
- And slightly kiss'd the hand to which he gave,
- The diamond, and all wearied of the quest
- Leapt on his horse, and caroling as he went
- A true-love ballad, lightly rode away.
 - Thence to the court he past; there told the King
- What the King knew, "Sir Lancelot is the knight."
- And added, "Sire, my liege, so much I learnt;
- But fail'd to find him tho' I rode all round
- The region: but I lighted on the maid

- Whose sleeve he crore; she loves him; and to her.
- Deeming our courtesy is the truest law.
- I gave the diamond: she will render
- For by mine head she knows his hiding-place."
- The seldom-frowning King frown'd, and replied,
- "Too courteous truly! ye shall go no more
- On quest of mine, seeing that ye for-
- Obedience is the courtesy due to kings."
 - He spake and parted. Wroth, but all in awe,
- For twenty strokes of the blood, without a word,
- Linger'd that other, staring after
- him; Then shook his hair, strode off, and
- buzz'd abroad
 About the maid of Astolat, and her
- love.
- All ears were prick'd at once, all tongues were loosed.
- "The maid of Astolat loves Sir Lancelot,
- Sir Lancelot loves the maid of Astolat."
- Some read the King's face, some the Queen's, and all
- Had marvel what the maid might be, but most
- Predoom'd her as unworthy. One old dame
- Came suddenly on the Queen with the sharp news.
- She, that had heard the noise of it before,
- But sorrowing Lancelot should have stoop'd so low,
- Marr'd her friend's aim with pale tranquillity.

So ran the tale like fire about the court,

Fire in dry stubble a nine-days' wonder flared:

Till ev'n the knights at banquet twice or thrice

Forgot to drink to Lancelot and the Queen,

And pledging Lancelot and the lily maid

Smiled at each other, while the Queen, who sat

With lips severely placid, felt the

Climb in her throat, and with her feet unseen

Crush'd the wild passion out against the floor

Beneath the banquet, where the meats became

As wormwood, and she hated all who pledged.

But far away the maid in Astolat, Her guiltless rival, she that ever kept The one-day-seen Sir Lancelot in her heart,

Crept to her father, while he mused alone.

Sat on his knee, stroked his gray face and said,

"Father, you call me wilful, and the fault

Is yours who let me have my will, and now,

Sweet father, will you let me lose my wits?"

"Nay," said he, "surely." "Wherefore, let me hence,"

She answer'd, "and find out our dear Lavaine."

"Ye will not lose your wits for dear Lavaine:

Bide," answer'd he: "we needs must hear anon

Of him, and of that other." "Aye," she said,

"And of that other, for I needs must hence

And find that other, wheresoe'er he be,

And with mine own hand give his diamond to him,

Lest I be found as faithless in the quest

As you proud Prince who left the

Sweet father, I behold him in my dreams

Gaunt as it were the skeleton of himself,

Death-pale, for lack of gentle maiden's aid.

The gentler-born the maiden, the more bound,

My father, to be sweet and serviceable To noble knights in sickness, as ye know

When these have worn their tokens: let me hence

I pray you." Then her father nodding said,

"Aye, aye, the diamond: wit ye well, my child,

Right fain were I to learn this knight were whole,

Being our greatest: yea, and you must give it —

And sure I think this fruit is hung too high

For any mouth to gape for save a queen's -

Nay, I mean nothing: so then, get you gone,

Being so very wilfu! you must go."

Lightly, her suit allow'd, she slipt away,

And while she made her ready for her ride,

Her father's latest word humm'd in her ear,

"Being so very wilful you must go,"
And changed itself and echo'd in her
heart,

"Being so very wilful you must die."
But she was happy enough and shook it off,

As we shake off the bee that buzzes at us:

And in her heart she answer'd it and said,

"What matter, so I help him back to life?"

Then far away with good Sir Torre for guide

Rode o'er the long backs of the bushless downs

To Camelot, and before the city-gates Came on her brother with a happy face

Making a roan horse caper and curvet For pleasure all about a field of flow-

Whom when she saw, "Lavaine," she cried, "Lavaine,

How fares my lord Sir Lancelot?"
He amazed,

"Torre and Elaine! why here? Sir Lancelot!

How know ye my lord's name is Lancelot?"

But when the maid had told him all her tale,

Then turn'd Sir Torre, and being in his moods

Left them, and under the strangestatued gate,

Where Arthur's wars were render'd mystically,

Past up the still rich city to his kin, His own far blood, which dwelt at Camelot;

And her, Lavaine across the poplar grove

Led to the caves: there first she saw the casque

Of Lancelot on the wall: her scarlet sleeve,

Tho' carved and cut, and half the pearls away,

Stream'd from it still; and in her heart she laugh'd,

Because he had not loosed it from his helm,

But meant once more perchance to tourney in it.

And when they gain'd the cell wherein he slept,

His battle-writhen arms and mighty hands

Lay naked on the wolfskin, and a

Of dragging down his enemy made them move.

Then she that saw him lying unsleek, unshorn,

Gaunt as it were the skeleton of himself,

Utter'd a little tender dolorous cry. The sound not wonted in a place so

Woke the sick knight, and while he roll'd his eyes

Yet blank from sleep, she started to him, saying,

"Your prize the diamond sent you by the King:"

His eyes glisten'd: she fancied, "Is it for me?"

And when the maid had told him all the tale

Of King and Prince, the diamond sent, the quest

Assign'd to her not worthy of it, she knelt

Full lowly by the corners of his bed, And laid the diamond in his open hand.

Her face was near, and as we kiss the child

That does the task assign'd, he kiss'd her face.

At once she slipt like water to the floor.

"Alas," he said, "your ride hath wearied you.

Rest must you have." "No rest for me," she said;

"Nay, for near you, fair lord, I am at rest."

What might she mean by that? his large black eyes,

Yet larger thro' his leanness, dwelt upon her,

Till all her heart's sad secret blazed itself

In the heart's colors on her simple face;

And Lancelot look'd and was perplext in mind,

And being weak in body said no more;

But did not love the color; woman's love.

Save one, he not regarded, and so turn'd

Sighing, and feign'd a sleep until he slept.

Then rose Elaine and glided thro' the fields,

And past beneath the weirdly-sculptured gates

Far up the dim rich city to her kin; There bode the night: but woke with dawn, and past

Down thro' the dim rich city to the fields,

Thence to the cave: so day by day she past

In either twilight ghost-like to and

Gliding, and every day she tended him.

And likewise many a night: and Lancelot

Would, tho' he call'd his wound a little hurt

Whereof he should be quickly whole, at times

Brain-feverous in his heat and agony, seem

Uncourteous, even he: but the meek

Sweetly forbore him ever, being to

Meeker than any child to a rough nurse,

Milder than any mother to a sick child,

And never woman yet, since man's first fall,

Did kindlier unto man, but her deep love

Upbore her; till the hermit, skill'd in

The simples and the science of that time,

Told him that her fine care had saved his life.

And the sick man forgot her simple blush,

Would call her friend and sister, sweet Elaine,

Would listen for her coming and regret

Her parting step, and held her tenderly,

And loved her with all love except

Of man and woman when they love their best,

Closest and sweetest, and had died the death

In any knightly fashion for her sake. And peradventure had he seen her first

She might have made this and that other world

Another world for the sick man; but

The shackles of an old love straiten'd him,

His honor rooted in dishonor stood, And faith unfaithful kept him falsely true.

Yet the great knight in his midsickness made

Full many a holy vow and pure resolve.

These, as but born of sickness, could not live:

For when the blood ran lustier in him again,

Full often the bright image of one face.

Making a treacherous quiet in his heart.

Dispersed his resolution like a cloud. Then if the maiden, while that ghostly grace

Beam'd on his fancy, spoke, he answer'd not,

Or short and coldly, and she knew right well

What the rough sickness meant, but what this meant

She knew not, and the sorrow dimm'd her sight,

And drave her ere her time across the fields

Far into the rich city, where alone She murmur'd, "Vain, in vain: it cannot be.

He will not love me: how then? must I die?"

Then as a little helpless innocent

That has but one plain passage of few notes,

Will sing the simple passage o'er and o'er

For all an April morning, till the ear Wearies to hear it, so the simple maid

Went half the night repeating, "Must I die?"

And now to right she turn'd, and now to left,

And found no ease in turning or in rest:

And "Him or death," she mutter'd, "death or him,"

Again and like a burthen, "Him or death."

But when Sir Lancelot's deadly hurt was whole,

To Astolat returning rode the three. There morn by morn, arraying her sweet self

In that wherein she deem'd she look'd her best,

She came before Sir Lancelot, for she thought

"If I be loved, these are my festal robes,

If not, the victim's flowers before he fall."

And Lancelot ever prest upon the

That she should ask some goodly gift of him

For her own self or hers; "and do not shun

Such service have ye done me, that I make

My will of yours, and Prince and Lord am I

In mine own land, and what I will I can."

Then like a ghost she lifted up her face,

But like a ghost without the power to speak.

And Lancelot saw that she withheld her wish,

And bode among them yet a little space

Till he should learn it; and one morn it chanced

He found her in among the garden yews,

And said, "Delay no longer, speak your wish,

Seeing I go to-day:" then out she brake:

"Going? and we shall never see you more.

And I must die for want of one bold word."

"Speak: that I live to hear," he said,
"is yours."

Then suddenly and passionately she spoke:

"I have gone mad. I love you: let me die."

"Ah, sister," answer'd Lancelot,

And innocently extending her white arms,

"Your love," she said, "your love to be your wife."

And Lancelot answer'd, "Had I chosen to wed,

I had been wedded earlier, sweet Elaine:

But now there never will be wife of mine."

"No, no," she cried, "I care not to be wife,

But to be with you still, to see your face,

To serve you, and to follow you thro' the world."

And Lancelot answer'd, "Nay, the world, the world,

All ear and eye, with such a stupid heart

To interpret ear and eye, and such a tongue

To blare its own interpretation -

Full ill then should I quit your brother's love,

And your good father's kindness."
And she said,

"Not to be with you, not to see your face —

Alas for me then, my good days are done."

"Nay, noble maid," he answer'd, ten times nay!

This is not love: but love's first flash in youth,

Most common: yea, I know it of mine own self:

And you yourself will smile at your own self

Hereafter, when you yield your flower of life

To one more fitly yours, not thrice your age:

And then will I, for true you are and sweet

Beyond mine old belief in woman-hood,

More specially should your good knight be poor,

Endow you with broad land and terri-

Even to the half my realm beyond the seas,

So that would make you happy: furthermore,

Ev'n to the death, as tho' ye were my blood,

In all your quarrels will I be your knight.

This will I do, dear damsel, for your sake,

And more than this I cannot."

While he spoke

She neither blush'd nor shook, but deathly-pale

Stood grasping what was nearest, then replied:

"Of all this will I nothing;" and so fell,

And thus they bore her swooning to her tower.

Then spake, to when thro' those black walls of yew

Their talk had pierced, her father: "Aye, a flash,

I fear me, that will strike my blossom dead.

Too courteous are ye, fair Lord Lancelot.

I pray you, use some rough discourtesy

To blunt or break her passion."

"That were against me: what I can I will;"

And there that day remain'd, and toward even

Sent for his shield: full meekly rose the maid,

- Stript off the case, and gave the naked
- Then, when she heard his horse upon the stones,
- Unclasping flung the casement back, and look'd
- Down on his helm, from which her sleeve had gone.
- And Lancelot knew the little clinking sound:
- And she by tact of love was well
- That Lancelot knew that she was looking at him.
- And yet he glanced not up, nor waved his hand,
- Nor bade farewell, but sadly rode away.
- This was the one discourtesy that he used.
 - So in her tower alone the maiden
- His very shield was gone; only the
- Her own poor work, her empty labor,
- But still she heard him, still his picture form'd
- And grew between her and the pictured wall.
- Then came her father, saying in low tones.
- "Have comfort," whom she greeted quietly.
- Then came her brethren saying, "Peace to thee,
- Sweet sister," whom she answer'd with all calm.
- But when they left her to herself again,
- Death, like a friend's voice from a distant field
- Approaching thro' the darkness, call'd; the owls
- Wailing had power upon her, and she mixt

- Her fancies with the sallow-rifted
- Of evening, and the moanings of the wind.
 - And in those days she made a little song,
- And call'd her song, "The Song of Love and Death,"
- And sang it: sweetly could she make and sing.
 - "Sweet is true love tho' given in vain, in vain;
- And sweet is death who puts an end to pain:
- I know not which is sweeter, no, not 1.
 - "Love, art mou sweet? then bitter death must be:
- Love, thou art bitter; sweet is death to me.
- O, Love, if death be sweeter, let me die.
 - "Sweet love, that seems not made to fade away,
- Sweet death, that seems to make us loveless clay,
- I know not which is sweeter, no, not
 - "I fain would follow love, if that could be;
- I needs must follow death, who calls for me:
- Call and I follow, I follow! let me die."
 - High with the last line scaled her voice, and this,
- All in a fiery dawning wild with wind
- That shook her tower, the brothers heard, and thought
- With shuddering, "Hark the Phantom of the house

That ever shrieks before a death," and call'd

The father, and all three in hurry and fear

Ran to her, and lol the blood-red light of dawn

Flared on her face, she shrilling, "Let me die!"

As when we dwell upon a word we know,

Repeating, till the word we know so well

Becomes a wonder, and we know not why,

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So dwelt the father on her face, and thought

"Is this Elaine?" till back the maiden fell,

Then gave a languid hand to each, and lay,

Speaking a still good-morrow with her eyes.

At last she said, "Sweet brothers, yesternight

I seem'd a curious little maid again, As happy as when we dwelt among the woods,

And when ye used to take me with the flood

Up the great river in the boatman's boat.

Only ye would not pass beyond the

That has the poplar on it: there ye fixt

Your limit, oft returning with the

And yet I cried because ye would not

Beyond it, and far up the shining

Until we found the palace of the King.

And yet ye would not; but this night I dream'd

That I was all alone upon the flood,

And then I said, 'Now shall I have my will:'

And there I woke, but still the wish remain'd.

So let me hence that I may pass at last

Beyond the poplar and far up the flood,

Until I find the palace of the King. There will I enter in among them

And no man there will dare to mock at me:

But there the fine Gawain will wonder at me,

And there the great Sir Lancelot muse at me;

Gawain, who bade a thousand farewells to me,

Lancelot, who coldly went, nor bade me one:

And there the King will know me and my love,

And there the Queen herself will pity me,

And all the gentle court will welcome me,

And after my long voyage I shall rest!"

"Peace," said he father, "O my child, ye seem

Light-headed, for what force is yours to go

So far, being sick? and wherefore would ye look

On this proud fellow again, who scorns us all?"

Then the rough Torre began to heave and move,

And bluster into stormy sobs and say,

"I never loved him: an I meet with him,

I care not howsoever great he be, Then will I strike at him and strike him down,

- Give me good fortune, I will strike him dead,
- For this discomfort he hath done the house."
 - To whom the gentle sister made
- "Fret not yourself, dear brother, nor be wroth,
- Seeing it is no more Sir Lancelot's
- Not to love me, than it is mine to
- Him of all men who seems to me the highest."
 - "Highest?" the father answer'd, echoing "highest?"
- (He meant to break the passion in her) "nay,
- Daughter, I know not what you call the highest;
- But this I know, for all the people know it,
- He loves the Queen, and in an open shame:
- And she returns his love in open shame;
- If this be high, what is it to be low?"
 - Then spake the lily maid of Asto-
- "Sweet father, all too faint and sick
- For anger: these are slanders: never
- Was noble man but made ignoble
- He makes no friend who never made
- But now it is my glory to have loved One peerless, without stain: so let me pass,
- My father, howsoe'er I seem to you, Not all unhappy, having loved God's

- And greatest, tho' my love had no
- Yet, seeing you desire your child to live,
- Thanks, but you work against your own desire;
- For if I could believe the things you say
- I should but die the sooner; wherefore cease,
- Sweet father, and bid call the ghostly
- Hither, and let me shrive me clean, and die."
 - So when the ghostly man had come and gone,
- She with a face, bright as for sin forgiven,
- Besought Lavaine to write as she devised
- A letter, word for word; and when he ask'd,
- "Is it for Lancelot, is it for my dear lord?
- Then will I bear it gladly;" she replied,
- "For Lancelot and the Queen and all the world,
- But I myself must bear it." Then he wrote
- The letter she devised; which being
- And folded, "O sweet father, tender and true,
- Deny me not," she said —" ye never
- Denied my fancies this, however strange,
- My latest: lay the letter in my hand A little ere I die, and close the hand Upon it; I shall guard it even in death.
- And when the heat is gone from out my heart,
- Then take the little bed on which I died

For Lancelot's love, and deck it like the Queen's

For richness, and me also like the Queen

In all I have of rich, and lay me on it.

And let there be prepared a chariotbier

To take me to the river, and a barge Be ready on the river, clothed in black.

I go in state to court, to meet the Queen.

There surely I shall speak for mine own self,

And none of you can speak for me so well.

And therefore let our dumb old man

Go with me, he can steer and row, and he

Will guide me to that palace, to the doors."

She ceased: her father promised; whereupon

She grew so cheerful that they deem'd her death

Was rather in the fantasy than the blood.

But ten slow mornings past, and on the eleventh

Her father laid the letter in her hand,

And closed the hand upon it, and she died.

So that day there was dole in Astolat.

But when the next sun brake from underground,

Then, those two brethren slowly with bent brows

Accompanying, the sad chariot-bier Past like a shadow thro' the field. that shone

Full-summer, to that stream whereon the barge, Pall'd all its length in blackest samite, lay.

There sat the lifelong creature of the house,

Loyal, the dumb old servitor, on deck,

Winking his eyes, and twisted all his face.

So those two brethren from the

And on the black decks laid her in her bed,

Set in her hand a lily, o'er her hung The silken case with braided blazonings,

And kiss'd her quiet brows, and saying to her,

"Sister, farewell forever," and

"Farewell, sweet sister," parted all in tears.

Then rose the dumb old servitor, and the dead,

Oar'd by the dumb, went upward with the flood —

In her right hand the lily, in her left The letter—all her bright hair streaming down—

And all the coverlid was cloth of

Drawn to her waist, and she herself in white

All but her face, and that clear-featured face

Was lovely, for she did not seem as dead,

But fast asleep, and lay as tho' she smiled.

That day Sir Lancelot at the palace craved

Audience of Guinevere, to give at

The price of half a realm, his costly gift,

Hard-won and hardly won with bruise and blow,

With deaths of others, and almost his own,

The nine-years-fought-for diamonds: for he saw

One of her house, and sent him to the Queen

Bearing his wish, whereto the Queen agreed

With such and so unmoved a majesty She might have seem'd her statue, but that he,

Low-drooping till he wellnigh kiss'd her feet

For loyal awe, saw with a sidelong eye

The shadow of some piece of pointed lace,

In the Queen's shadow, vibrate on the walls,

And parted, laughing in his courtly heart.

All in an oriel on the summer side, Vine-clad, of Arthur's palace toward the stream,

They met, and Lancelot kneeling utter'd, "Queen,

Lady, my liege, in whom I have my

Take, what I had not won except for

These jewels, and make me happy, making them

An armlet for the roundest arm on earth,

Or necklace for a neck to which the swan's

Is tawnier than her cygnet's: these are words:

Your beauty is your beauty, and I

In speaking, yet O grant my worship of it

Words, as we grant grief tears. Such sin in words

Perchance, we both can pardon: but, my Queen,

I hear of rumors flying thro' your

Our bond, as not the bond of man and wife,

Should have in it an absoluter trust To make up that defect: let rumors be:

When did not rumors fly? these, as I trust

That you trust me in your own nobleness,

I may not well believe that you believe."

While thus he spoke, half turn'd away, the Queen

Brake from the vast oriel-embowering vine

Leaf after leaf, and tore, and cast them off,

Till all the place whereon she stood was green;

Then, when he ceased, in one cold passive hand

Received at once and laid aside the gems

There on a table near her, and replied:

"It may be, I am quicker of belief Than you believe me, Lancelot of the Lake.

Our bond is not the bond of man and wife.

This good is in it, whatso'er of ill, It can be broken easier. I for you

This many a year have done despite and wrong

To one whom ever in my heart of hearts

I did acknowledge nobler. What are these?

Diamonds for me! they had been thrice their worth

Being your gift, had you not lost

To loyal hearts the value of all gifts

Must vary as the giver's. Not for me!

For her! for your new fancy. Only

Grant me, I pray you: have your joys apart.

I doubt not that however changed, you keep

So much of what is graceful: and myself

Would shun to break those bounds of courtesy

In which as Arthur's Queen I move and rule:

So cannot speak my mind. An end to this!

A strange one! yet I take it with Amen.

So pray you, add my diamonds to her pearls;

Deck her with these; tell her, she shines me down:

An armlet for an arm to which the Queen's

Is haggard, or a necklace for a neck
O as much fairer — as a faith once
fair

Was richer than these diamonds — hers not mine —

Nay, by the mother of our Lord himself,

Or hers or mine, mine now to work my will

She shall not have them."

And, thro' the casement standing wide for heat,

Flung them, and down they flash'd, and smote the stream.

Then from the smitten surface flash'd, as it were.

Diamonds to meet them, and they past away.

Then while Sir Lancelot leant, in half disdain

At love, life, all things, on the window ledge,

Close underneath his eyes, and right across

Where these had fallen, slowly past the barge

Whereon the lily maid of Astolat Lay smiling, like a star in blackest night.

But the wild Queen, who saw not, burst away

To weep and wail in secret; and the barge,

On to the palace-doorway sliding, paused.

There two stood arm'd, and kept the door; to whom,

All up the marble stair, tier over tier,

Were added mouths that gaped, and eyes that ask'd,

"What is it?" but that oarsman's haggard face,

As hard and still as is the face that

Shape to their fancy's eye from broken rocks

On some cliff-side, appall'd them, and they said,

"He is enchanted, cannot speak — and she,

Look how she sleeps - the Fairy Queen, so fair!

Yea, but how pale! what are they?
flesh and blood?

Or come to take the King to Fairy-land?

For some do hold our Arthur cannot die,

But that he passes into Fairyland."

While thus they babbled of the King, the King

Came girt with knights: then turn'd the tongueless man

From the half-face to the full eye,

And pointed to the damsel, and the

- So Arthur bade the meek Sir Percivale
- And pure Sir Galahad to uplift the maid:
- And reverently they bore her into hall.
- Then came the fine Gawain and wonder'd at her,
- And Lancelot later came and mused at her,
- And last the Queen herself, and pitied her:
- But Arthur spied the letter in her hand,
- Stoopt, took, brake seal, and read it; this was all:
 - "Most noble lord, Sir Lancelot of the Lake.
- I, sometime call'd the maid of Astolat,
- Come, for you left me taking no farewell.
- Hither, to take my last farewell of you.
- I loved you, and my love had no return,
- And therefore my true love has been my death.
- And therefore to our Lady Guine-
- And to all other ladies, I make moan:
- Pray for my soul, and yield me burial.
- Pray for my soul thou, too, Sir Lancelot,
- As thou art a knight peerless."
- Thus he read; And ever in the reading, lords and
- dames
 Wept, looking often from his face
 who read
- To hers which lay so silent, and at times.
- So touch'd were they, half-thinking that her lips,

- Who had devised the letter, moved again.
 - Then freely spoke Sir Lancelot to them all:
- "My lord liege Arthur, and all ye that hear.
- Know that for this most gentle maiden's death
- Right heavy am I; for good she was and true.
- But loved me with a love beyond all love
- In women, whomsoever I have
- Yet to be loved makes not to love again;
- Not at my years, however it hold in youth.
- I swear by truth and knighthood that I gave
- No cause, not willingly, for such a love:
- To this I call my friends in testi-
- mony, Her brethren, and her father, who
- himself Besought me to be plain and blunt,
- and use,
 To break her passion, some discour-
- Against my nature: what I could, I
- did.

 I left her and I bade her no farewell;
 Tho' had I dreamt the damsel would
- have died,
 I might have put my wits to some
- rough use, And help'd her from herself."
 - Then said the Queen
- (Sea was her wrath, yet working after storm)
- "Ye might at least have done her so much grace,
- Fair lord, as would have help'd her from her death."

He raised his head, their eyes met and hers fell,

He adding,

"Queen, she would not be content Save that I wedded her, which could not be.

Then might she follow me thro' the world, she ask'd;

It could not be. I told her that her love

Was but the flash of youth, would darken down

To rise hereafter in a stiller flame Toward one more worthy of her then would I,

More specially were he, she wedded, poor,

Estate them with large land and territory

In mine own realm beyond the narrow seas,

To keep them in all joyance: more than this

I could not; this she would not, and she died."

He pausing, Arthur answer'd, "O my knight,

It will be to thy worship, as my knight,

And mine, as head of all our Table Round,

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To see that she be buried worship-fully."

So toward that shrine which then in all the realm

Was richest, Arthur leading, slowly went

The marshal'd Order of their Table Round,

And Lancelot sad boyond his wont,

The maiden buried, not as one unknown,

Nor meanly, but with gorgeous obsequies, And mass, and rolling music, like a queen.

And when the knights had laid her comely head

Low in the dust of half-forgotten kings,

Then Arthur spake among them,
"Let her tomb

Be costly, and her image thereupon,

And let the shield of Lancelot at

Be carven, and her lily in her hand. And let the story of her dolorous

For all true hearts be blazon'd on her tomb

In letters gold and azure!" which was wrought

Thereafter; but when now the lords and dames

And people, from the high door streaming, brake

Disorderly, as homeward each, the Queen,

Who mark'd Sir Lancelot where he moved apart,

Drew near, and sigh'd in passing, "Lancelot,

Forgive me; mine was jealousy in love."

He answer'd with his eyes upon the ground,

"That is love's curse; pass on, my Queen, forgiven."

But Arthur, who beheld his cloudy brows,

Approach'd him, and with full affection said,

"Lancelot, my Lancelot, thou in whom I have

Most joy and most affiance, for I

What thou hast been in battle by my side,

And many a time have watch'd thee at the tilt

Strike down the lusty and long practised knight,

And let the younger and unskill'd go

To win his honor and to make his name,

And loved thy courtesies and thee, a

Made to be loved; but now I would to God,

Seeing the homeless trouble in thine eyes,

Thou couldst have loved this maiden, shaped, it seems,

By God for thee alone, and from her face,

If one may judge the living by the dead,

Delicately pure and marvelously fair,

Who might have brought thee, now a lonely man

Wifeless and heirless, noble issue, sons

Born to the glory of thy name and fame,

My knight, the great Sir Lancelot of the Lake."

Then answer'd Lancelot, "Fair she was, my King,

Pure, as you ever wish your knights to be.

To doubt her fairness were to want an eye,

To doubt her pureness were to want a heart —

Yea, to be loved, if what is worthy love

Could bind him, but free love will not be bound."

" Free love, so bound, were freest," said the King.

"Let love be free; free love is for the best:

And, after heaven, on our dull side of death,

What should be best, if not so pure a love

Clothed in so pure a loveliness? yet thee

She fail'd to bind, tho' being, as I think,

Unbound as yet, and gentle, as I know."

And Lancelot answer'd nothing, but he went,

And at the inrunning of a little brook

Sat by the river in a cove, and watch'd

The high reed wave, and lifted up

And saw the barge that brought her moving down,

Far-off, a blot upon the stream, and said

Low in himself, "Ah, simple heart and sweet,

Ye loved me, damsel, surely with a love

Far tenderer than my Queen's.

Proy for thy soul?

Aye, that will I. Farewell, too -now at last --

Farewell, fair lily. 'Jealousy in love?'

Not rather dead love's harsh heir, jealous pride?

Queen, if I grant the jealousy as of love,

May not your crescent fear for name and fame

Speak, as it waxes, of a love that wanes?

Why did the King dwell on my name to me?

Mine own name shames me, seeming a reproach,

Lancelot, whom the Lady of the

Caught from his mother's arms—the wondrous one

Who passes thro' the vision of the Not knowing he should die a holy

She chanted snatches of mysterious hymns

Heard on the winding waters, eve and morn

She kiss'd me saying, "Thou art fair, my child,

As a king's son," and often in her arms

She bare me, pacing on the dusky

Would she had drown'd me in it, where'er it be!

For what am I? what profits me my

Of greatest knight? I fought for it, and have it:

Pleasure to have it, none; to lose it, pain:

Now grown a part of me: but what use in it?

To make men worse by making my sin known?

Or sin seem less, the sinner seeming great?

Alas, for Arthur's greatest knight, a man

Not after Arthur's heart! I needs must break

These bonds that so defame me: not without

She wills it: would I, if she will'd it?

Who knows? but if I would not, then may God,

I pray him, send a sudden Angel down

To seize me by the hair and bear me

And fling me deep in that forgotten

Among the tumbled fragments of the hills."

So groan'd Sir Lancelot in reremorseful pain,

THE HOLY GRAIL

From noiseful arms, and acts of prowess done

In tournament or tilt, Sir Percivale, Whom Arthur and his knighthood call'd The Pure,

Had pass'd into the silent life of prayer,

Praise, fast and alms; and leaving for the cowl

The helmet in an abbey far away From Camelot, there, and not long after, died.

And one, a fellow-monk among the rest,

Ambrosius, loved him much beyond the rest,

And honor'd him, and wrought into his heart

A way by love that waken'd love within,

To answer that which came: and as they sat

Beneath a world-old yew-tree, darkening half

The cloisters, on a gustful April morn

That puff'd the swaying branches into smoke

Above them, ere the summer when he died,

The monk Ambrosius question'd Percivale:

"O brother, I have seen this yewtree smoke,

Spring after spring, for half a hundred years:

For never have I known the world without,

Nor ever stray'd beyond the pale: but thee,

- When first thou camest such a courtesy
- Spake thro' the limbs and in the voice I knew
- For one of those who eat in Arthur's hall;
- For good ye are and bad, and like to coins,
- Some true, some light, but every one of you
- Stamp'd with the image of the King; and now
- Tell me, what drove thee from the Table Round,
- My brother? was it earthly passion crost?"
- "Nay," said the knight; "for no such passion mine.
- But the sweet vision of the Holy Grail
- Drove me from all vain glories, rivalries,
- And earthly heats that spring and sparkle out
- Among us in the jousts, while women watch
- Who wins, who falls; and waste the spiritual strength
- Within us, better offer'd up to Heaven."
 - To whom the monk: "The Holy Grail!—I trust
- We are green in Heaven's eyes; but here too much
- We molder as to things without I mean —
- Yet one of your own knights, a guest of ours,
- Told us of this in our refectory.
- But spake with such a sadness and so low
- We heard not half of what he said. What is it?
- The phantom of a cup that comes and goes?"

- "Nay, monk! what phantom?" answer'd Percivale.
- "The cup, the cup itself, from which our Lord
- Drank at the last sad supper with his own.
- This, from the blessed land of Aromat —
- After the day of darkness, when the dead
- Went wandering o'er Moriah the good saint
- Arimathæan Joseph, journeying brought
- To Glastonbury, where the winter thorn
- Blossoms at Christmas, mindful of our Lord.
- And there awhile it bode; and if a man
- Could touch or see it, he was heal'd at once,
- By faith, of all his ills. But then the times
- Grew to such evil that the holy cup Was caught away to Heaven, and disappear'd."
 - To whom the monk: "From our old books I know
- That Joseph came of old to Glaston-
- And there the heathen Prince, Arviragus,
- Gave him an isle of marsh whereon to build;
- And there he built with wattles from the marsh
- A little lonely church in days of yore,
- For so they say, these books of ours, but seem
- Mute of this miracle, far as I have read.
- But who first saw the holy thing today?"

"A woman," answer'd Percivale,
"a nun,
And one no further off in blood from

me

Than sister; and if ever holy maid With knees of adoration wore the stone,

A holy maid; tho' never maiden glow'd,

But that was in her earlier maidenhood,

With such a fervent flame of human love,

Which being rudely blunted, glanced and shot

Only to holy things; to prayer and praise

She gave herself, to fast and alms.
And yet,

Nun as she was, the scandal of the Court,

Sin against Arthur and the Table Round,

And the strange sound of an adulterous race,

Across the iron grating of her cell Beat, and she pray'd and fasted all the more.

"And he to whom she told her sins, or what

Her all but utter whiteness held for sin,

A man well-nigh a hundred winters old,

Spake often with her of the Holy Grail,

A legend handed down thro' five or six,

And each of these a hundred winters old,

From our Lord's time. And when King Arthur made

His Table Round, and all men's hearts became

Clean for a season, surely he had thought

That now the Holy Grail would come again;

But sin broke out. Ah, Christ, that it would come.

And heal the world of all their wickedness!

'O Father!' asked the maiden,
'might it come

To me by prayer and fasting?'
'Nay,' said he,

'I know not, for thy heart is pure as snow.'

And so she pray'd and fasted, till the sun

Shone, and the wind blew, thro' her, and I thought

She might have risen and floated when I saw her.

"For on a day she sent to speak with me.

And when she came to speak, behold her eyes

Beyond my knowing of them, beautiful,

Beyond all knowing of them, wonderful,

Beautiful in the light of holiness. And 'O my brother Percivale,' she said,

'Sweet brother, I have seen the Holy Grail:

For, waked at dead of night, I heard a sound

As of a silver horn from o'er the

Blown, and I thought, "It is not Arthur's use

To hunt by moonlight;" and the slender sound

As from a distance beyond distance grew

Coming upon me — O never harp nor horn,

Nor aught we blow with breath, or touch with hand,

Was like that music as it came; and

- Stream'd thro' my cell a cold and My sister's vision, fill'd me with silver beam,
- And down the long beam stole the Holy Grail,
- Rose-red with beatings in it, as if
- Till all the white walls of my cell were dyed
- With rosy colors leaping on the wall: And then the music faded, and the Grail
- Past, and the beam decay'd, and from the walls
- The rosy quiverings died into the night.
- So now the Holy Thing is here again Among us, brother, fast thou too and pray,
- And tell thy brother knights to fast and pray,
- That so perchance the vision may be
- By thee and those, and all the world be heal'd.'
 - "Then leaving the pale nun, I spake of this
- To all men; and myself fasted and pray'd
- Always, and many among us many a week
- Fasted and pray'd even to the utter-
- Expectant of the wonder that would be.
 - "And one there was among us, ever moved
- Among us in white armor, Galahad. 'God make thee good as thou art beautiful.
- Said Arthur, when he dubb'd him knight; and none,
- In so young youth, was ever made a
- Till Galahad; and this Galahad, when he heard

- amaze;
- His eyes became so like her own, they seem'd
- Hers, and himself her brother more than I.
 - "Sister or brother none had he; but some
- Call'd him a son of Lancelot, and some said
- Begotten by enchantment chatterers they,
- Like birds of passage piping up and down,
- That gape for flies we know not whence they come;
- For when was Lancelot wanderingly lewd?
 - "But she, the wan sweet maiden, shore away
- Clean from her forehead all that wealth of hair
- Which made a silken mat-work for her feet:
- And out of this she plaited broad and long
- A strong sword-belt, and wove with silver thread
- And crimson in the belt a strange device.
- A crimson grail within a silver beam;
- And saw the bright boy-knight, and bound it on him,
- Saying, 'My knight, my love, my knight of heaven,
- O thou, my love, whose love is one with mine,
- I. maiden, round thee, maiden, bind my belt.
- Go forth, for thou shalt see what I have seem,
- And break thro' all, till one will crown thee king
- Far in the spiritual city: ' and as she spake

She sent the deathless passion in her

Thro' him, and made him hers, and laid her mind

On hi.n, and he believed in her beiief.

"Then came a year of miracle: O brother,

In our great hall there stood a vacant chair,

Fashion'd by Merlin ere he past away,

And carven with strange figures; and in and out

The figures, like a serpent, ran a scroll

Of letters in a tongue no man could read.

And Merlin call'd it 'The Siege perilous,'

Perilous for good and ill; 'for there,' he said,

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'No man could sit but he should lose himself:'

And once by misadvertence Merlin

In his own chair, and so was lost; but he.

Galahad, when he heard of Merlin's doom,

Cried, 'If I lose myself, I save my-self!'

"Then on a summer night it came to pass,

While the great banquet lay along the hall,

That Galahad would sit down in Merlin's chair.

"And all at once, as there we sat, we heard

A cracking and a riving of the roofs, And rending, and a blast, and over-

Thunder, and in the thunder was a cry.

And in the blast there smote along the hall

A beam of light seven times more clear than day:

And down the long beam stole the Holy Grail

All over cover'd with a luminous

And none might see who bare it, and it past.

But every knight beheld his fellow's face

As in a glory, and all the knights arose,

And staring each at other like dumb

Stood, till I found a voice and sware a vow.

"I sware a vow before them all, that I,

Because I had not seen the Grail, would ride

A twelvemonth and a day in quest of it,

Until I found and saw it, as the

My sister saw it; and Galahad sware the vow,

And good Sir Bors, our Lancelot's cousin, sware,

And Lancelot sware, and many among the knights,

And Gawain sware, and louder than the rest."

Then spake the monk Ambrosius, asking him,

"What said the King? Did Arthur take the yow?"

"Nay, for my lord," said Percivale, "the King,

Was not in hall: for early that same day,

Scaped thro' a cavern from a bandit hold,

An outraged maiden sprang into the hall

Crying on help: for all her shining hair

Was smear'd with earth, and either milky arm

Red-rent with hooks of bramble, and all she wore

Torn as a sail that leaves the rope is torn

In tempest: so the King arose and went

To smoke the scandalous hive of those wild bees

That made such honey in his realm. Howbeit

Some little of this marvel he too saw,

Returning o'er the plain that then began

To darken under Camelot; whence the King

Look'd up, calling aloud, 'Lo, there!

Of our great hall are roll'd in thunder-smoke!

Pray Heaven, they be not smitten by the bolt.'

For dear to Arthur was that hall of ours,

As having there so oft with all his knights

Feasted, and as the stateliest under

"O brother, had you known our mighty hall.

Which Merlin built for Arthur long ago!

For all the sacred mount of Camelot,

And all the dim rich city, roof by roof,

Tower after tower, spire beyond spire,

By grove, and garden-lawn, and rushing brook,

Climbs to the mighty hall that Merlin built.

And four great zones of sculpture, set betwixt

With many a mystic symbol, gird the hall:

And in the lowest beasts are slaying men,

And in the second men are slaying beasts,

And on the third are warriors, perfect men,

And on the fourth are men with growing wings,

And over all one statue in the mold Of Arthur, made by Merlin, with a crown.

And peak'd wings pointed to the Northern Star.

And eastward fronts the statue, and the crown

And both the wings are made of gold, and flame

At sunrise till the people in far fields, Wasted so often by the heathen hordes,

Behold it, crying, 'We have still a King.'

"And, brother, had you known our hall within,

Broader and higher than any in all the lands!

Where twelve great windows blazon Arthur's wars,

And all the light that falls upon the

Streams thro' the twelve great battles of our King.

Nay, one there is, and at the eastern end,

Wealthy with wandering lines of mount and mere,

Where Arthur finds the brand Excalibur.

And also one to the west, and counter to it,

And blank: and who shall blazon it? My King, thou wouldst have sworn. when and how? -

O there, perchance, when all our wars are done.

The brand Excalibur will be cast

"So to this hall full quickly rode the King,

In horror lest the work by Merlin wrought,

Dreamlike, should on the pidden vanish, wrapt

In unremorseful folds of rolling fire. And in he rode, and up I glanced, and saw

The golden dragon sparkling over all:

And many of those who burnt the hold, their arms

Hack'd, and their foreheads grimed with smoke, and sear'd,

Follow'd, and in among bright faces, ours,

Full of the vision, prest: and then the King

Spake to me, being nearest, 'Perci-

(Because the hall was all in tumult - some

Vowing, and some protesting), 'what is this?

"O brother, when I told him what had chanced,

My sister's vision, and the rest, his face

Darken'd, as I have seen it more than once,

When some brave deed seem'd to be done in vain,

Darken; and 'Woe is me, my knights,' he cried,

'Had I been here, ye had not sworn the vow.'

Bold was mine answer, 'Had thyself been here.

Yea, yea,' said he,

'Art thou so bold and hast not seen the Grail?

" Nay, lord, I heard the sound, I saw the light,

But since I did not see the Holy Thing,

sware a vow to follow it till I saw.

"Then when he ask'd us, knight by knight, if any

Had seen it, all their answers were as one:

' Nay, lord, and therefore have we sworn our vows."

" Lo now, said Arthur, have ye seen a cloud?

What go ye into the wilderness to see?'

"Then Galahad on the sudden, and in a voice

Shrilling along the hall to Arthur, call'd.

'But I, Sir Arthur, saw the Holy Grail,

I saw the Holy Grail and heard a CTY -

"O Galahad, and O Galahad, follow me."

"' Ah, Galahad, Galahad,' said the King, 'for such

As thou art is the vision, not for

Thy holy nun and thou have seen a sign -

Holier is none, my Percivale, than

A sign to maim this Order which I made.

But ye, that follow but the leader's bell'

(Brother, the King was hard upon his knights)

'Taliessin is our fullest throat of

And one hath sung and all the dumb will sing.

Lancelot is Lancelot, and hath overborne

Five knights at once, and every younger knight,

Unproven, holds himself as Lancelot,

Till overborne by one, he learns — and ye,

What are ye? Galahads? — no, nor Percivales'

(For thus it pleased the King to range me close

After Sir Galahad); 'nay,' said he, but men

With strength and will to right the wrong'd, of power

To lay the sudden heads of violence flat,

Knights that in twelve great battles splash'd and dyed

The strong White Horse in his own heathen blood—

But one hath seen, and all the blind will see.

Go, since your vows are sacred, being made:

Yet — for ye know the cries of all my realm

Pass thro' this hall — how often, O my knights,

Your places being vacant at my side,

This chance of noble deeds will come and go

U.ichallenged, while ye follow wandering fires

Lost in the quagmire! Many of you, yea most,

Return no more: yo think I show myself

Too dark a prophet: come now, let

The morrow morn once more in one full field

Of gracious pastime, that once more the King,

Before ye leave him for this Quest, may count

The yet-unbroken strength of all his knights,

Rejoicing in that Order which he made.'

"So when the sun broke next from under ground,

All the great table of our Arthur closed

And clash'd in such a tourney and so full,

So many lances broken — never yet Had Camelot seen to like, since Arthur came;

And I myself and Galahad, for a strength

Was in us from the vision, overthrew So many knights that all the people cried,

And almost burst the barriers in their heat,

Shouting, 'Sir Galahad and Sir Percivale!'

"Put when the next day brake from under ground —

O brother, had you known our Camelot,

Built by old kings, age after age, so old

The King himself had fears that it would fall,

So strange, and rich, and dim; for where the roofs

Totter'd toward each other in the sky,

Met foreheads all along the street of those

Who watch'd us pass; and lower, and where the long

Rich galleries, lady-laden, weigh'd

Of dragons clinging to the crazy walls,

Thicker than drops from thunder, showers of flowers

Fell as we past; and men and boys astride

On wyvern, lion, dragon, griffin, swan,

At all the corners, named us each by name,

Calling 'God speed!' but in the ways below

The knights and ladies wept, and rich and poor

Wept, and the King himself could hardly speak

For grief, and all in middle street the Quen,

Who rode by Lancelot, wail'd and shriek'd aloud,

'This madness has come on us for our sins.'

So to the Gate of the three Queens we came,

Where Arthur's wars are render'd mystically,

And thence departed every one his way.

"And I was lifted up in heart,

Of all my late-shown prowess in the lists,

How my strong lance had beaten down the knights,

So man: and famous names; and

Had haven appear'd so blue, nor earth so green,

For all my blood danced in me, and I knew

That I should light upon the Holy Grail.

"Thereafter, the dark warning of our King,

That most of us would follow wandering fires, Came like a driving gloom across my mind.

Then every evil word I had spoken once,

And every evil thought I had thought of old,

And every evil deed I ever did,

Awoke and cried, 'This Quest is not for thee.'

And lifting up mine eyes, I found myself

Alone, and in a land of sand and thorns,

And I was thirsty even unto death; And I, too, cried, 'This Quest is not for thee.'

"And on I rode, and when I thought my thirst

Would slay me, saw deep lawns, and then a brook,

With one sharp rapid, where the crisping white

Play'd ever back upon the sloping wave,

And took both ear and eye; and o'er the brook

Were apple-trees, and apples by the brook

Fallen, and on the lawns. 'I will rest here,'

I said, 'I am not worthy of the Quest;'

But even while I drank the brook, and ate

The goodly apples, all these things

Fell into dust, and I was left alone, And thirsting, in a land of sand and thorns.

"And then behold a woman at a door

Spinning; and fair the house whereby she sat,

And kind the woman's eyes and innocent,

- And all her bearing gracious; and
- Opening her arms to meet me, as who should say,
- 'Rest here;' but when I touch'd her, lo! she, too,
- Fell into dust and nothing, and the house
- Became no better than a broken shed,
- And in it a dead babe; and also
- Fell into dust, and I was left alone.
 - "And on I rode, and greater was my thirst.
- Then flasn'd a yellow gleam across the world,
- And where it smote the plowshare in the field,
- The plowman left his plowing, and fell down
- Before it; where it glitter'd on her pail.
- The milkmaid left her milking, and fell down
- Before it, and I knew not why, but thought
- 'The sun is rising,' tho' the sun had
- Then was I ware of one that on me
- In golden armor with a crown of
- About a casque all jewels; and his
- In golden armor jewel'd everywhere: And on the splendor came, flashing me blind:
- And seem'd to me the Lord of all the world,
- Being so huge. But when I thought
- To crush me, moving on me, lo! he,
- Open'd his arms to embrace me as he came,

- And up I went and touch'd him, and he, too,
- Fell into dust, and I was left alone And wearying in a land of sand and thorns.
 - "And I rode on and found a mighty hill,
- And on the top, a city wall'd: the
- Prick'd with incredible pinnacles into heaven.
- And by the gateway stirr'd a crowd; and these
- Cried to me climbing, Welcome, Percivale!
- Thou mightiest and thou purest among men!
- And glad was I and clomb, but found at top
- No man, nor any voice. And thence I past
- Far thro' a ruinous city, and I saw That mar. had once dwelt there; but there I found
- Only one man of an exceeding age. 'Where is that goodly company,'
- said I,
 'That so cried out upon me?' and
 he had
- Scarce any voice to answer, and yet
- gasp'd, 'Whence and what art thou?' and
- even as he spoke Fell into dust, and disappear'd, and
- Was left alone once more, and cried in grief,
- 'Lo, if I find the Holy Grail itself And touch it, it will crumble into dust.'
 - "And thence I dropt into a lowly vale,
- Low as the hill was high, and where the vale
- Was lowest, found a chapel, and thereby

A holy hermit in a hermitage,
To whom I told my phantoms, and
he said:

"O son, thou hast not true humility,

The highest virtue, mother of them all;

For when the Lord of all things made Himself

Naked of glory for His mortal change,

"Take thou my robe," she said, "for all is thine,"

And all her form shone forth with sudden light

So that the angels were amazed, and

Follow'd Him down, and like a flying star

Led on the gray-hair'd wisdom of the east;

But her thou hast not known: for what is this

Thou thoughtest of thy prowess and thy sins?

Thou hast not lost thyself to save thyself

As Galahad.' When the hermit made an end,

In silver armor suddenly Galahad shone

Before us, and against the chapel door

Laid lance, and enter'd, and we knelt in prayer.

And there the hermit slaked my burning thirst.

And at the sacring of the mass I

The holy elements alone; but he, 'Saw ye no more? I, Galahad, saw the Grail.

The Holy Grail, descend upon the shrine:

I saw the fiery face as of a child That smote itself into the bread, and went; And hither am I come; and never

Hath what thy sister taught me first to see,

This Holy Thing, fail'd from my side, nor come

Cover'd, but moving with me night and day,

Fainter by day, but always in the night

Blood-red, and sliding down the blacken'd marsh

Blood-red, and on the naked mountain top

Blood-red, and in the sleeping mere below

Blood-red. And in the strength of this I rode,

Shattering all evil customs everywhere,

And past thro' Pagan realms, and made them mine,

And clash'd with Pagan hordes, and bore them down,

And broke thro' all, and in the strength of this

Come victor. But my time is hard at hand,

And hence I go; and one will crown me king

Far in the spiritual city; and come thou, too,

For thou shalt see the vision when I go.'

"While thus he spake, his eye, dwelling on mine,

Drew me, with power upon me, till I grew

One with him, to believe as he believed.

Then, when the day began to wane, we went.

"There rose a hill that none but man could climb,

Scarr'd with a hundred wintry water-courses —

- Storm at the top, and when we If boat it were I saw not whence gain'd it, storm
- Round us and death; for every moment glanced
- His silver arms and gloom'd: so quick and thick
- The lightnings here and there to left and right
- Struck, till the dry old trunks about us, dead,
- Yea, rotten with a hundred years of death,
- Sprang into fire: and at the base we found
- On either hand, as far as eye could
- A great black swamp and of an evil
- Part black, part whiten'd with the bones of men,
- Not to be crost, save that some ancient king
- Had built a way, where, link'd with many a bridge,
- A thousand piers ran into the great Sea.
- And Galahad fled along them bridge
- by bridge, And every bridge as quickly as he
- Sprang into fire and vanish'd, tho' I
- vearn'd To follow; and thrice above him all
- the heavens Open'd and blazed with thunder
- such as seem'd Shoutings of all the sons of God:
- and first At once I saw him far on the great
- Sea In silver-shining armor starry-clear;
- And o'er his head the Holy Vessel
- Clothed in white samite or a luminous cloud.
- And with exceeding swiftness ran the boat,

- it came.
- And when the heavens open'd and blazed again
- Roaring, I saw him like a silver star -
- And had he set the sail, or had the
- Become a living creature clad with wings?
- And o'er his head the Holy Vessel
- hung Redder than any rose, a joy to me,
- For now I knew the veil had been withdrawn.
- Then in a moment when they blazed 207 11
- Opening, I saw the least of little stars
- Down on the waste, and straight beyond the star
- I saw the spiritual city and all her
- And gateways in a glory like one pearl -
- No larger, tho' the goal of all the saints -
- Strike from the sea; and from the star there shot
- A rose-red sparkle to the city, and
- Dwelt, and I knew it was the Holy Grail,
- Which never eyes on earth again shall see.
- Then fell the floods of heaven drowning the deep.
- And how my feet recrost the deathful ridge
- No memory in me lives; but that I touch'd
- The chapel-doors at dawn I know; and thence
- Taking my war-horse from the holy
- Glad that no phantom vext me more, return'd

To whence I came, the gate of No man, no woman?"

Arthur's wars."

"O brother," ask'd Ambrosius,—
"for in sooth

These ancient books—and they would win thee—teem,

Only I find not there this Holy Grail,

With miracles and marvels like to these,

Not all unlike; which oftentime I read,

Who read but on my breviary with ease,

Till my head swims; and then go forth and pass

Down to the little thorpe that lies so close,

And almost plaster'd like a martin's nest

To these old walls — and mingle with our folk;

And knowing every honest face of theirs

As well as ever shepherd knew his sheep,

And every homely secret in their hearts.

Delight myself with gossip and old wives,

And ills and aches, and teethings, lyings-in,

And mirthful sayings, children of the place,

That have no meaning half a league away:

Or lulling random squabbles when they rise,

Chafferings and chatterings at the market-cross,

Rejoice, small man, in this small world of mine,

Yea, even in their hens and in their

O brother, saving this Sir Galahad, Came ye on none but phantoms in your quest, "All men, to one so bound by such a vow,

And women were as phantoms. O my brother,

Why wilt thou shame me to confess to thee

How far I falter'd from my quest and vow?

For after I had lain so many nights, A bedmate of the snail and eft and snake,

In grass and burdock, I was changed to wan

And meager, and the vision had not come;

And then I chanced upon a goodly town

With one great dwelling in the middle of it;

Thither I made, and there was I disarm'd

By maidens each as fair as any flower:

But when they led me into hall, behold,

The Princess of that castle was the one,

Brother, and that one only, who had

Made my heart leap; for when I moved of old

A slender page about her father's hall,

And she a slender maiden, all my heart

Went after her with longing: yet we twain

Had never kiss'd a kiss, or vow'd a vow.

And now I came upon her, once again,

And one had wedded her, and he was dead,

And all his land and wealth and state were hers.

And while I tarried, every day she set

A banquet richer than the day before

By me; for all her longing and her will

Was toward me as of old; till one fair morn,

I walking to and fro beside a stream

That flash'd across her orchard underneath

Her castle-walls, she stole upon my walk,

And calling me the greatest of all knights,

Embraced me, and so kiss'd me the first time,

And gave herself and all her wealth to me.

Then I remember'd Arthur's warning word,

That most of us would follow wandering fires,

And the Quest faded in my heart.

The heads of all her people drew to me.

With supplication both of knees and tongue:

'We have heard of thee: thou art our greatest knight,

Our lady says it, and we well be-

Wed thou our Lady, and rule over

And thou shalt be as Arthur in our land.'

O me, my brother! but one night my

Burnt me within, so that I rose and fled.

But wail'd and wept, and hated mine own self,

And ev'n the Holy Quest, and all but her;

Then after I was join'd with Galahad Cared not for her, nor anything upon earth."

Then said the monk, "Poor men, when yule is cold,

Must be content to sit by little fires.

And this am I, so that ye care for me

Ever so little; yea, and blest be Heaven

That brought thee here to this poor house of ours

Where all the brethren are so hard, to warm

My cold heart with a friend: but O the pity

To find thine own first love once more — to hold,

Hold her a wealthy bride within thine arms,

Or all but hold, and then — cast her aside,

Foregoing all her sweetness, like a weed.

For we that want the warmth of double life,

We that are plagued with dreams of something sweet

Beyond all sweetness in a life so rich,—

Ah, blessed Lord, I speak too earthlywise,

Seeing I never stray'd beyond the cell,

But live like an old badger in his earth,

With earth about him everywhere, despite

All fast and penance. Saw ye none beside,

None of your knights?"

"Yea so," said Percivale:

"One night my pathway swerving east, I saw

The pelican on the casque of our Sir Bors

All in the middle of the rising moon;

And toward him spurr'd, and hail'd him, and he me,

And each made joy of either; then he ask'd,

'Where is he? hast thou seen him — Lancelot? — Once,'

Said good Sir Bors, 'He dash'd across me — mad,

And maddening what he rode: and when I cried,

"Ridest thou then so hotly on a quest

So holy," Lancelot shouted, "Stay me not!

I have been the sluggard, and I ride apace,

For now there is a lion in the way." So vanish'd.'

"Then Sir Bors had ridden on Softly, and sorrowing for our Lancelot,

Because his former madness, once the talk

And scandal of our table, had return'd;

For Lancelot's kith and kin so worship him

That ill to him is ill to them; to

Beyond the rest: he well had been content

Not to have seen, so Lancelot might have seen,

The Holy Cup of healing; and, indeed,

Being so clouded with his grief and love,

Small heart was his after the Holy Quest:

If God would send the vision, well:

The Quest and he were in the hands of Heaven.

"And then, with small adventure met, Sir Bors

Rode to the lonest tract of all the

And found a people there among their crags,

Our race and blood, a remnant that were left

Paynim amid their circles, and the

They pitch up straight to heaven: and their wise men

Were strong in that old magic which can trace

The wandering of the stars, and scoff'd at him

And this high Quest as at a simple thing:

Told him he follow'd — almost Arthur's words —

A mocking fire: What other fire

Whereby the blood bests, and the blossom blows,

And the sea rolls, and all the world is warm'd?'

And when his answer chafed them, the rough crowd,

Hearing he had a difference with their priests,

Seized him, and bound and plunged him into a cell

Of great piled stones; and lying bounden there

In darkness thro' innumerable hours

He heard the hollow-ringing heavens

Over him till by miracle — what

Heavy as it was, a great stone slipt and fell.

Such as no wind could move: and thro' the gap

Glimmer'd the streaming scud: then came a night

Still as the day was loud; and thro' the gap

The seven clear stars of Arthur's Table Round

- For, brother, so one night, because they roll
- Thro' such a round in heaven, we named the stars,
- Rejoicing in ourselves and in our King —
- And these, like bright eyes of familiar friends,
- In on him shone: 'And then to me, to me,'
- Said good Sir Bors, 'Beyond all hopes of mine,
- Who scarce had pray'd or ask'd it for myself—
- Across the seven clear stars O
- In color like the fingers of a hand Before a burning taper, the sweet Grail
- Glided and past, and close upon it peal'd
- A sharp quick thunder.' Afterwards, a maid,
- Who kept our holy faith among her
- In secret, entering, loosed and let him go."
 - To whom the monk: 4 And I remember now
- That pelican on the casque: Sir Bors it was
- Who spake so low and sadly at our board;
- And mighty reverent at our grace was he:
- A square-set man and honest; and his eyes,
- An out-door sign of all the warmth
- Smiled with his lips a smile beneath a cloud,
- But heaven had meant it for a sunny
- Aye, aye, Sir Bors, who else? But when ye reach'd
- The city, found ye all your knights return'd,

- Or was there sooth in Arthur's prophecy,
- Tell me, and what said each, and what the King?"
 - Then answer'd Percivale: "And that can I.
- Brother, and truly; since the living words
- Of so great men as Lancelot and our King
- Pass not from door to door and out again,
- But sit wi'hin the house. O, when we reach'd
- The city, our horses stumbling as they trode
- On heaps of ruin, hornless unicorns, Crack'd basilisks, and splinter'd cockatrices,
- And shatter'd talbots, which had left the stones
- Raw, that they fell from, brought us to the hall.
 - "And there sat Arthur on the daïs-throne,
- And those that had gone out upon the Quest,
- Wasted and worn, and but a tithe of them,
- And those that had not, stood before the King,
- Who, when he saw me, rose, and bade me hail,
- Saying, 'A welfare in thine eye re-
- Our fear of some disastrous chance for thee
- On hill, or plain, at sea, or flooding ford.
- So ficice a gale made havoc here of late
- Among the strange devices of our kings:
- Yea, shook this newer, stronger hall of ours,

And from the statue Merlin molded for us

Half-wrench'd a golden wing; but now — the Quest,

This vision — hast thou seen the Holy Cup.

That Joseph brought of old to Glastonbury?'

"So when I told him all thyself hast heard,

Ambrosius, and my fresh but fixt

To pass away into the quiet life, He answer'd not, but, sharply turning, ask'd

Of Gawain, 'Gawain, was this Quest for thee?'

"'Nay, lord,' said Gawain, 'not for such as I.

Therefore I communed with a saintly man,

Who made me sure the Quest was

For I was much awearied of the Quest:

But found a silk pavilion in a field, And merry maidens in it; and then this gale

Tore my pavilion from the tentingpin,

And blew my merry maidens all about

With all discomfort; yea, and but for this,

My twelvemonth and a day were pleasant to me.'

"He ceased; and Arthur turn'd to whom at first

He saw not, for Sir Bors, on entering, push'd

Athwart the throng to Lancelot, caught his hand,

Held it, and there, half-hidden by him, stood,

Until the King espied him, saying to him,

'Hail, Bors! if ever loyal man and

Could see it, thou hast seen the Grail; and Bors,

'Ask me not, for I may not speak of it:

I saw it; and the tears were in his eyes.

"Then there remain'd but Lancelot, for the rest

Spake but of sundry perils in the storm;

Perhaps, like him of Cana in Holy Writ,

Our Arthur kept his best until the last;

'Thou, too, my Lancelot,' ask'd the King, 'my friend,

Our mightiest, hath this Quest avail'd for thee?'

"'Our mightiest!' answer'd Lancelot, with a groan;

O King!'—and when he paused, methought I spied

A dying fire of madness in his eyes—
'O King, my friend, if friend of thine I be.

Happier are those that welter in their sin,

Swine in the mud, that cannot see for slime,

Slime of the ditch: but in me lived

So strange, of such a kind, that all of pure.

Noble, and knightly in me twined and clung

Round that one sin, until the wholesome flower

And poisonous grew together, each as each,

Not to be pluck'd asunder; and when thy knights

Sware, I sware with them only in And blackening in the sea-foam the hope

That could I touch or see the Holy Grail

They might be pluck'd asunder. Then I spake

To one most holy saint, who wept and said,

That save they could be pluck'd asunder, all

My quest were but in vain; to whom I vow'd

That I would work according as he will'd.

And forth I went, and while I yearn'd and strove

To tear the twain asunder in my heart.

My madness came upon me as of old,

And whipt me into waste fields far

There was I beaten down by little

Mean knights, to whom the moving of my sword

And shadow of my spear had been

To scare them from me once; and then I came

All in my folly to the naked shore,

Wide flats, where nothing but coarse grasses grew;

But such a blast, my King, began to blow.

So loud a blast along the shore and

Ye could not hear the waters for the blast,

Tho' heapt in mounds and ridges all the sea

Drove like a cataract, and all the

Swept like a river, and the clouded heavens

Were shaken with the motion and the sound.

sway'd a boat.

Half-swallow'd in it, anchor'd with a chain;

And in my madness to myself I said, "I will embark and I will lose my-

And in the great sea wash away my sin."

I burst the chain, I sprang into the boat.

Seven days I drove along the dreary deep.

And with me drove the moon and all the stars;

And the wind fell, and on the seventh

I heard the shingle grinding in the surge,

And felt the boat shock earth, and looking up,

Behold, the enchanted towers of Carbonek.

A castle like a rock upon a rock, With chasm-like portals open to the

And steps that met the breaker!

there was none Stood near it but a lion on each

That kept the entry, and the moon

was full.

Then from the boat I leapt, and up the stairs.

There drew my sword. With sudden-flaring manes

Those two great beasts rose upright like a man.

Each gript a shoulder, and I stood between;

And, when I would have smitten them, heard a voice,

"Doubt not, go forward; if thou doubt, the beasts

Will tear thee piecemeal." Then with violence

The sword was dash'd from out my hand, and fell.

And up into the sounding hall I That which I saw; but what I saw

But nothing in the sounding hall I

No bench nor table, painting on the wall

Or shield of knight; only the rounded moon

Thro' the tall oriel on the rolling sea.

But always in the quiet house I heard.

Clear as a lark, high o'er me as a lark.

A sweet voice singing in the topmost tower

To the eastward: up I climb'd a thousand steps

With pain: as in a dream I seem'd to climb

For ever: at the last I reach'd a door,

A light was in the crannies, and I heard,

"Glory and joy and honor to our Lord

And to the Hol- Vessel of the Grail.

Then in my madness I essay'd the door;

It gave; and thro' a stormy glare, a heat

As from a seventimes-heated furnace,

Blasted and burnt, and blinded as I was,

With such a fierceness that I swoon'd away -

O, yet methought I saw the Holy Grail,

All pall'd a crimson samite, and around

Great angels, awful shapes, and wings and eyes.

And but for all my madness and my

And then my swooning, I had sworn I saw

was veil'd

And cover'd; and this Quest was not for me.

"So speaking, and here ceasing, Lancelot left

The hall long silent, till Sir Gawain - nay,

Brother, I need not tell thee foolish words .-

A reckless and irreverent knight was he,

Now bolden'd by the silence of his King.-

Well, I will tell thee: O King, my liege,' he said.

'Hath Gawain fail'd in any quest of thine?

When have I stinted stroke in foughten field?

But as for thine, my good friend Percivale.

Thy holy nun and thou have driven men mad.

Yea, made our mightiest madder than our least.

But by mine eyes and by mine ears I swear,

I will be deafer than the blue-eyed cat,

And thrice as blind as any noonday owl,

To holy virgins in their ecstasies, Henceforward.'

" Deafer,' said the blameless King,

'Gawain, and blinder unto holy things

Hope not to make thyself by idle vows,

Being too blind to have desire to see. But if indeed there came a sign from heaven,

Blessed are Bors, Lancelot and Percivale,

For these have seen according to their sight.

For every fiery prophet in old times, And all the sacred madness of the bard.

When God made music thro' them, could but speak

His music by the framework and the chord:

And as ye saw it ye have spoken truth.

" 'Nay - but thou errest, Lancelot: never yet

Could all of true and noble in knight and man

Twine round one sin, whatever it might be,

With such a closeness, but apart there grew,

Save that he were the swine thou spakest of,

Some root of knighthood and pure nobleness;

Whereto see thou, that it may bear its flower.

" And spake I not too truly, O my knights?

Was I too dark a prophet when I said

To those who went upon the Holy Quest,

That most of them would follow wandering fires,

Lost in the quagmire? — lost to me and gone,

And left me gazing at a barren board,

And a lean Order — scarce return'd a tithe —

And out of those to whom the vision came

My greatest hardly will believe he

Another hath beheld it afar off,

And leaving human wrongs to right themselves,

Cares but to pass into the silent life. And one hath had the vision face to face,

And now his chair desires him here in vain,

However they may crown him otherwhere.

"And some among you held, that if the King

Had seen the sight he would have sworn the vow:

Not easily, seeing that the King must guard

That which he rules, and is but as

To whom a space of land is given to plow.

Who may not wander from the allotted field

Before his work be done; but, being done,

Let visions of the night or of the day Come, as they will; and many a time they come,

Until this earth he walks on seems not earth.

This light that strikes his eyeball is not light,

This air that smites his forehead is not air

But vision — yea, his very hand and foot —

In moments when he feels he cannot die,

And knows himself no vision to himself.

Nor the high God a vision, nor that One

Who rose again: ye have seen what ye have seen.'

"So spake the King: I knew not all he meant."

PELLEAS AND ETTARRE

KING ARTHUR made new knights to fill the gap

Left by the Holy Quest; and as he sat

In hall at old Caerleon, the high doors

Were softly sunder'd, and thro' these a youth,

Pelleas, and the sweet smell of the fields

Past, and the sunshine came along with him.

"Make me thy knight, because I know, Sir King,

All that belongs to knighthood, and I love."

Such was his cry: for having heard the King

Had let proclaim a tournament—
the prize

A golden circlet and a knightly sword,

Full fain had Pelleas for his lady won

The golden circlet, for himself the sword:

And there were those who knew him near the King,

And promised for him: and Arthur made him knight.

And this new knight, Sir Pelleas of the isles —

But lately come to his inheritance, And lord of many a barren isle was

Riding at noon, a day or twain before,

Across the forest call'd of Dean, to find

Caerleon and the King, had felt the sun

Beat like a strong knight on his helm, and reel'd

Almost to falling from his horse; but saw

Near him a mound of even-sloping side,

Whereon a hundred stately beeches grew,

And here and there great hollies under them;

But for a mile all round was open space,

And fern and heath: and slowly Pelleas drew

To that dim day, then binding his good horse

To a tree, cast himself down; and as he lay

At random looking over the brown earth

Thro' that green-glooming twilight of the grove,

It seem'd to Pelleas that the fern without

Burnt as a living fire of emeralds, So that his eyes were dazzled looking at it.

Then o'er it crost the dimness of a

Floating, and once the shadow of a bird

Flying, and then a fawn; and his eyes closed.

And since he loved all maidens, but no maid

In special, half-awake he whisper'd, "Where?

O where? I love thee, tho' I know thee not.

For fair thou art and pure as Guinevere,

And I will make thee with my spear and sword

As famous — O my Queen, my Guinevere,

For I will be thine Arthur when we meet."

Suddenly waken'd with a sound of talk

- And laughter at the limit of the wood.
- And glancing thro' the hoary boles, he saw,
- Strange as to some old prophet might have seem'd
- A vision hovering on a sea of fire,

 Damsels in divers colors like the

 cloud
- Of sunset and sunrise, and all of them
- On horses, and the horses richly trapt Breast-high in that bright line of bracken stood:
- And all the damsels talk'd confusedly,
- And one was pointing this way, an.' one that,
- Because the way was lost.
 - And Pelleas rose,
- And loosed his horse, and led him to the light.
- There she that seem'd the chief among them said,
- "In happy time behold our pilotstar!
- Youth, we are damsels-errant, and we ride,
- Arm'd as ye see, to tilt against the knights
- There at Caerleon, but have lost our
- To right? to left? straight forward? back again?
- Which? tell us quickly?"
 - Pelleas gazing thought,
- "Is Guinevere herself so beautiful?"
- For large her violet eyes look'd, and her bloom
- A rosy dawn kindled in stainless neavens,
- And round her limbs, mature in womanhood;
- And slender was her hand and small her shape;

- And but for those large eyes, the haunts of scorn,
- She might have seem'd a toy to trifle with.
- And pass and care no more. But while he gazed
- The heauty of her flesh abash'd the
- As tho' it were the beauty of her soul:
- For as the base man, judging of the good.
- Puts his own baseness in him by default
- Of will and nature, so did Pelleas
- All the young beauty of his own soul to hers,
- Believing her; and when she spake to him.
- Stammer'd, and could not make her a reply.
- For out of the waste islands had he come,
- Where saving his own sisters he had known
- Scarce any but the women of his isles,
- Rough wives, that laugh'd and scream'd against the gulls,
- Makers of nets, and living from the sea.
 - Then with a slow smile turn'd the lady round
- And look'd upon her people; and as
- A stone is flung into some sleeping
- The circle widens till it lip the
- marge,
 Spread the slow smile thro' all her
 company.
- Three knights were thereamong; and they too smiled,
- Scorning him; for the lady was Ettarre,

And she was a great lady in her And all her damsels too

Again she said, "O wild and of the woods,

Knowest thou not the rashion of our speech?

Or have the Heavens but given thee a fair face,

Lacking a tongue?"

"I woke from dreams; and coming out of gloom

Was dazzled by the sudden light, and crave

Pardon: but will ye to Caerleon? I Go likewise: shall I lead you to the King?"

"Lead then," she said; and thro' the woods they went.

And while they rode, the meaning in his eyes,

His tenderness of manner, and chaste awe,

His broken utterances and bashfulness,

Were all a burthen to her, and in her heart

She mutter'd, "I have lighted on a fool,

Raw, yet so stale!" But since her mind was bent

On hearing, after trumpet blown, her name

And title, "Queen of Beauty," in

Cried—and beholding him so strong, she thought

That peradventure he will fight for me,

And win the circlet: therefore flatter'd him,

Being so gracious, that he well-nigh deem'd

His wish by hers was echo'd; and her knights

And all her damsels too were gracious to him,
For she was a great lady.

Caerleon, ere they past to lodging, she,

Taking his hand, "O the strong hand," she said,

"See! look at mine! but wilt thou fight for me,

And win me this fine circlet, Pel-

That I may love thee?"

Then his helpless heart Leapt, and he cried, "Aye! wilt thou if I win?"

"Aye, that will I," she answer'd, and she laugh'd,

And straitly nipt the hand, and flung it from her;

Then glanced askew at those three knights of hers,

Till all her ladies laugh'd along with her.

"O happy world," thought Pelleas, "all, meseems,

Are happy; I the happiest of them all."

Nor slept that night for pleasure in his blood,

And green wood-ways, and eyes among the leaves;

Then being on the morrow knighted, sware

To love one only. And as he came away,

The men who met him rounded on their heels

And wonder'd after him, because his

Shone like the countenance of a priest of old

Against the flame about a sacrifice

- Kindled by fire from heaven: so glad was he.
 - Then Arthur made vast banquets, and strange knights
- From the four winds came in: and each one sat,
- Tho' served with choice from air, land, stream, and sea,
- Oft in mid-banquet measuring with his eyes
- His neighbor's make and might: and Pelleas look'd
- Noble among the noble, for he dream'd
- His lady loved him, and he knew himself
- Loved of the King: and him his newmade knight
- Worshipt, whose lightest whisper moved him more
- Than all the ranged reasons of the world.
 - Then blush'd and brake the morning of the jousts
- ing of the jousts,
 And this was call'd "The Tournament of Youth:"
- For Arthur, loving his young knight, withheld
- withheld His older and his mightier from the
- That Pelleas might obtain his lady's
- According to her promise, and re-
- Lord of the tourney. And Arthur had the jousts
- Down in the flat field by the shore of Usk
- Holden: the gilded parapets were crown'd
- With faces, and the great tower fill'd with eves
- Up to the summit, and the trumpets blew.
- There all day long Sir Pelleas kept the field

- With honor: so by that strong hand of his
- The sword and golden circlet were achieved.
- Then rang the shout his lady loved: the heat
- Of pride and glory fired her face; her eye
- Sparkled; she caught the circlet from his lance,
- And there before the people crown'd herself:
- So for the last time she was gracious to him.
 - Then at Caerleon for a space her look
- Bright for all others, cloudier on her knight —
- Linger'd Ettarre: and seeing Pelleas droop,
- Said Guinevere, "We marvel at thee much,
- O damsel, wearing this unsunny face To him who won thee glory!"
- And she said,
 "Had ye not held your Lancelot in
 your bower.
- My Queen, he had not won."
 Whereat the Queen,
- As one whose foot is bitten by an ant,
- Glanced down upon her, turn'd and went her way.
 - But after, when her damsels, and herself,
- And those three knights all set their faces home.
- Sir Pelleas follow'd. She that saw him cried,
- "Damsels and yet I should be shamed to say it —
- I cannot bide Sir Baby. Keep him
- Among yourselves. Would rather that we had

Some rough old knight who knew the worldly way,

Albeit grizzlier than a bear, to ride And jest with: take him to you, keep him off,

And pamper him with papmeat, if ye will,

Old milky fables of the wolf and sheep,

Such as the wholesome mothers tell their boys.

Nay, should ye try him with a merry one

To find his mettle; good: and if he fly us,

Small matter! let him." This her damsels heard,

And mindful of her small and cruel hand,

They, closing round him thro' the journey home,

Acted her hest, and always from her side

Restrain'd him with all manner of device,

So that he could not come to speech with her.

And when she gain'd her castle, upsprang the bridge,

Down rang the grate of iron thro' the groove,

And he was left alone in open field.

"These be the ways of ladies," Pelleas thought,

"To those who love them, trials of our faith.

Yea, let her prove me to the uttermost,

For loyal to the uttermost am I."
So made his moan; and, darkness falling, sought

A priory not far off, there lodged, but rose

With morning every day, and, moist or dry,

Full-arm'd upon his charger all day long

Sat by the walls, and no one open'd to him.

And this persistence turn'd her scorn to wrath,

Then calling her three knights, she charged them, "Out!

And drive him from the walls."
And out they came,

But Pelleas overthrew them as they dash'd

Against him one by one; and these return'd,

But still he kept his watch beneath the wall.

Thereon her wrath became a hate; and once,

A week beyond, while walking on the walls

With her three knights, she pointed downward, "Look,

He haunts me — I cannot breathe — besieges me;

Down! strike him! put my hate into

And drive him from my walls."
And down they went,

And Pelleas overthrew them one by

And from the tower above him cried
Ettarre,

"Bind nim and bring him in."

Then let the strong hand, which had overthrown

Her minion-knights, by those he overthrew

Be bounden straight, and so they brought him in.

Then when he came before Ettarre, the sight

Of her rich beauty made him at one glance

More bondsman in his heart than in his bonds.

- Yet with good cheer he spake, "Behold me, Lady,
- A prisoner, and the vassal of thy will:
- And if thou keep me in thy donjon here.
- Content am I so that I see thy face But once a day: for I have sworn
- my vows,
 And thou hast given thy promise, and
 I know
- That all these pains are trials of my
- And that thyself, when thou hast seen me strain'd
- And sifted to the utmost, wilt at length
- Yield me thy love and know me for thy knight."
- Then she began to rail so bitterly, With all her damsels, he was stricken mute;
- But when she mock'd his vows and the great King,
- Lighted on words: "For pity of thine own self,
- Peace, Lady, peace: is he not thine and mine?"
- "Thou fool," she said, "I never heard his voice
- But long'd to break away. Unbind him now,
- And thrust him out of doors; for save
- Fool to the midmost marrow of his bones,
- He will return no more." And those, her three,
- Laugh'd, and unbound, and thrust him from the gate.
- And after this, a week beyond,
- She call'd them, saying, "There he watches yet,
- There like a dog before his master's door!

- Kick'd, he returns: do ye not hate him, ye?
- Ye know yourselves: how can ye bide at peace,
- Affronted with his fulsome innocence?
- Are ye but creatures of the board and bed.
- No men to strike? Fall on him all at once,
- And if ye slay him I reck not: if ye fail.
- Give ye the slave mine order to be bound,
- Bind him as heretofore, and bring him in:
- It may be ye shall slay him in his bonds."
 - She spake; and at her will they couch'd their spears,
- Three against one: and Gawain passing by,
- Bound upon solitary adventure, saw Low down beneath the shadow of those towers
- A villainy, three to one: and thro'
- The fire of honor and all noble deeds Flash'd, and he call'd, "I strike upon thy side—
- The caitiffs!" "Nay," said Pelleas, "but forbear;
- He needs no aid who doth his lady's will."
- So Gawain, looking at the villainy done,
- Forbore, but in his heat and eagerness
- Frembled and quiver'd, as the dog, withheld
- A moment from the vermin that he
- Before him, shivers, ere he springs and kills.

And Pelleas overthrew them, one to A something - was it nobler than

And they rose up, and bound, and brought him in.

Then first her anger, leaving Pelleas, burn'd

Full on her knights in many an evil name

Of craven, weakling, and thricebeaten hound:

"Yet, take him, ye that scarce are sit to touch,

Far less to bind, your victor, and thrust him out,

And let who will release him from his bonds.

And if he comes again "- there she brake short;

And Pelleas answer'd, "Lady, for indeed

I loved you and I deem'd you beauti-

I cannot brook to see your beauty marr'd

Thro' evil spite: and if ye love me

I cannot bear to dream you so for-

I had liefer ye were worthy of my

Than to be loved again of you - farewell:

And tho' ye kill my hope, not yet my

Vex not yourself: ye will not see me more."

While thus he spake, she gazed upon the man

Of princely bearing, tho' in bonds, and thought,

"Why have I push'd him from me? this man loves,

If love there be: yet him I loved not.

I deem'd him fool? yea, so? or that in him

myself? -

Seem'd my reproach? He is not of my kind.

He could not love me, did he know me well.

Nay, let him go - and quickly." And her knights

Laugh'd not, but thrust him bounden out of door.

Forth sprang Gawain, and loosed him from his bonds,

And flung them o'er the walls; and afterward,

Shaking his hands, as from a lazar's rag,

"Faith of my body," he said, "and art thou not -

Yea thou art he, whom late our Arthur made

Knight of his table; yea and he that won

The circlet? wherefore hast thou so defamed

Thy brotherhood in me and all the

As let these caitiffs on thee work their will?"

And Pelleas answer'd, "O, their wills are hers

For whom I won the circlet; and mine, hers,

Thus to be bounden, so to see her face,

Marr'd tho' it be with spite and mockery now,

Other than when I found her in the woods:

And tho' she hath me bounden but in spite.

And all to flout me, when they bring me in,

Let me be bounden, I shall see her face:

Else must I die thro' mine unhappiness."

And Gawain answer'd kindly tho' in scorn,

"Why, let my lady bind me if she will,

And let my lady beat me if she will: But an she send her delegate to thrall These fighting hands of mine—

Christ kill me then

But I will slice him handless by the wrist.

And let my lady sear the stump for him,

Howl as he may. But hold me for your friend:

Come, ye know nothing: here I pledge my troth,

Yea, by the honor of the Table Round,

I will be leal to thee and work thy work,

And tame thy jailing princess to thine hand.

Lend me thine horse and arms, and I will say

That I have slain thee. She will let me in

To hear the manner of thy fight and fall;

Then, when I come within her counsels, then

From prime to vespers will I chant thy praise

As prowest knight and truest lover,

Than any have sung thee living, till she long

To have thee back in lusty life again,

Not to be bound, save by white bonds and warm,

Dearer than freedom. Wherefore now thy hor.

And armor: let me go: be comforted:

Give me three days to melt her fancy, and hope

The third night hence will bring thee news of gold."

Then Pelleas lent his horse and all his arms,

Saving the goodly sword, his prize, and took

Gawain's, and said, "Betray me not, but help—

Art thou not he whom men call lightof-love?

"Aye," said Gawain, "for women be so light."

Then bounded forward to the castle walls,

A..d raised a bugle hanging from his neck,

And winded it, and that so musically

That all the old echoes hidden in the wall

Rang out like hollow woods at hunting-tide.

Up ran a score of damsels to the tower;

"Avaunt," they cried, "our lady loves thee not."

But Gawain lifting up his vizor said, "Gawain am I, Gawain of Prthur's court,

And I have slain this Pelleas whom ye hate:

Behold his horse and armor. Open gates,

And I will make you merry."

And down they ran,

Her damsels, crying to their lady, "Lo!

Pelleas is dead — he told us — he that hath

His horse and armor: will ye let him in?

He slew him! Gawain, Gawain of the court,

Sir Gawain — there he waits below the wall,

Blowing his bugle as who should say him nay."

And so, leave given, straight on thro' open door

Rode Gawain, whom she greeted courteously.

"Dead, is it so?" she ask'd, "Aye, aye," said he,

"And oft in dying cried upon your name."

"Pity on him," she answer'd, "a good knight,

But never let me bide one hour at peace."

"Aye," thought Gawain, "and you be fair enow:

But I to your dead man have given my troth,

That whom ye loathe, him will I make you love."

So those three days, aimless about the land,

Lost in a doubt, Pelleas wandering Waited, until the third night brought a moon

With promise of large light on woods and ways.

Hot was the night and silent; but a sound

Of Gawain ever coming, and this lay —

Which Pelleas had heard sung before the Queen,

And seen her sadden listening --vext his heart,

And marr'd his rest —" A worm within the rose,"

"A rose, but one, none other rose had I,

A rose, one rose, and this was wondrous fair,

One rose, a rose that gladden'd earth and sky,

One rose, my rose, that sweeten'd all mine air —

I cared not for the thorns; the thorns were there.

"One rose, a rose to gather by and by,

One rose, a rose, to gather and to wear,

No rose but one — what other rose had I?

One rose, my rose; a rose that will not die.—

He dies who loves it,—if the worm be there."

This tender rhyme, and evermore the doubt,

"Why lingers Gawain with his golden news?"

So shook him that he could not rest, but rode

Ere midnight to her walls, and bound his horse

Hard by the gates. Wide open were the gates,

And no watch kept; and in thro' these he past,

And heard but his own steps, and his own heart

Beating, for nothing moved but his own self,

And his own shadow. Then he crost the court,

And spied not any light in hall or bower,

But saw the postern portal also wide Yawning; and up a slope of garden, all

Of roses white and red, and brambles

And overgrowing them, went on, and found,

Here too, all hush'd below the mellow moon,

Save that one rivulet from a tiny

Came lightening downward, and so spilt itself

Among the roses, and was lost again.

Then was he ware of three pavilions rear'd Above the bushes, gilden-peakt: in one.

Red after revel, droned her lurdane knights

Slumbering, and their three squires across their feet:

In one, their malice on the placid lip Froz'n by sweet sleep, four of her damsels lay:

And in the third, the circlet of the

Bound on her brow, were Gawain and Ettarre.

Back, as a hand that pushes thro'

To find a nest and feels a snake, he drew:

Back, as a coward slinks from what he fears

To cope with, or a traitor proven, or hound

Beaten, did Pelleas in an utter shame

Creep with his shadow thro' the court again,

Fingering at his sword-handle until

There on the castle-bridge once more, and thought,

"I will go back, and slay them where they lie."

And so went back and seeing them yet in sleep

Said, "Ye, that so dishallow the holy sleep,

Your sleep is death," and drew the sword, and thought,

"What! slay a sleeping knight? the King hath bound

And sworn me to this brotherhood;" again,

"Alas that ever a knight should be so false."

Then turn'd, and so return'd, and groaning laid

The naked sword athwart their naked throats,

There left it, and them sleeping; and she lay,

The circlet of the tourney round her brows,

And the sword of the tourney across her throat.

And forth he past, and mounting on his horse

Stared at her towers that, larger than themselves

In their own darkness, throng'd into the moon.

Then crush'd the saddle with his thighs, and clench'd

His hands, and madden'd with himself and moan'd:

"Would they have risen against me in their blood

At the last day? I might have answer'd them

Even before high God. O towers so strong,

Huge, solid, would that even while I

The crack of earthquake shivering to your base

Split you, and Hell burst up your harlot roofs

Bellowing, and charr'd you thro' and thro' within,

Black as the harlot's heart — hollow as a sku!!!

Let the fierce east scream thro' your eyelet-holes,

And whirl the dust of harlots round and round

In dung and nettles! hiss, snake — I saw him there —

Let the fox bark, let the wolf yell. Who yells

Here in the still sweet summer night, but I —

I, the poor Pelleas whom she call'd her fool?

Fool, beast - he, she, or I? myself And over hard and soft, striking the most fool;

Beast too, as lacking human witdisgraced,

Dishonor'd all for trial of true love -

Love? we be all alike: only the King

Hath made us fools and liars. O noble vows!

O great and sane and simple race of brutes

That own no lust because they have no law l

For why should I have loved her to my shame?

I loathe her, as I loved her to my

I never loved her, I but lusted for her ---

Away -"

He dash'd the rowel into his

And bounded forth and vanish'd thro' the night.

Then she, that felt the cold touch on her throat,

Awaking knew the sword, and turn'd herself

To Gawain: " Liar, for thou hast not slain

This Pelleas! here he stood, and might have slain

Me and thyself." And he that tells the tale

Says that her ever-veering fancy turn'd

To Pellcas, as the one true knight on

And only lover; and thro' her love her life

Wasted and pined, desiring him in vain.

But he by wild and way, for half the night,

From out the soft, the spark from off the hard,

Rode till the star above the awakening

Beside that tower where Percivale was cowl'd,

Glanced from the rosy forehead of the dawn.

For so the words were flash'd into his heart

He knew not whence or wherefore: "O sweet star,

Pure on the virgin forehead of the dawn!"

And there he would have wept, but felt his eyes

Harder and drier than a fountain bed

In summer: thither came the village girls

And linger'd talking, and they come no more

Till the sweet heavens have fill'd it from the heights

Again with living waters in the change

Of seasons: hard his eyes; harder his heart

Seem'd; but so weary were his limbs, that he,

Gasping, "Of Arthur's hall am I, but here,

Here let me rest and die," cast himself down,

And gulf'd his griefs in inmost sleep; so lay,

Till shaken by a dream, that Gawain fired

The hall of Merlin, and the morning star

Reel'd in the smoke, brake into flame, and fell.

He woke, and being ware of some one nigh,

- Sent hands upon him, as to tear him, crying.
- "False! and I held thee pure as Guinevere."
- But Percivale stood near him and replied,
- "Am I but false as Guinevere is pure?
- Or art thou mazed with dreams? or being one
- Of our free-spoken Table hast not heard
- That Lancelot"—there he check'd himself and paused.
 - Then fared it with Sir Pelleas as with one
- Who gets a wound in battle, and the sword
- That made it plunges thro' the wound again,
- And pricks it deeper: and he shrank and wail'd,
- "Is the Queen talse?" and Percivale was mute.
- "Have any of our Round Table held their vows?"
- And Percivale made answer not a word.
- "Is the King true?" "The King!" said Percivale.
- "Why then let men couple at once with wolves.
- What! art thou mad?"
- But Pelleas, leaping up, Ran thro' the doors and vaulted on
- his horse
 And fled: small pity upon his horse
 had he,
- Or on himself, or any, and when he
- A cripple, one that held a hand for alms—
- Hunch'd as he was, and like an old dwarf-elm

- That turns its back on the salt blast, the boy
- Paused not, but overrode him, shouting, "False,
- And false with Gawain!" and so less him bruised
- And batter'd, and fled on, and hill and wood
- Went ever streaming by him till the gloom.
- That follows on the turning of the world,
- Darken'd the common path: he twitch'd the reins,
- And made his beast that better knew it, swerve
- Now off it and now on; but when he saw
- High up in Heaven the hall that Merlin built,
- Blackening against the dead-green stripes of even,
- "Black nest of rats," he groan'd ye build too high."
- Not long thereafter from the city
- gates
 Issued Sir Lancelot riding airily,
- Warm with a gracious parting from the Oueen.
- Peace at his heart, and gazing at a
- And marveling what it was: on whom the boy,
- Across the silent seeded meadowgrass
- Borne, clash'd: and Lancelot, saying, "What name hast thou
- That ridest here so blindly and so hard?"
- "No name, no name," he shouted, "a scourge am I
- To lash the treasons of the Table Round."
- "Yea, but thy name?" "I have many names," he cried:
- "I am wrath and shame and hate and evil fame,

And like a poisonous wind I pass to blast

And blaze the crime of Lancelot and the Queen."

"First over me," said Lancelot, "shalt thou pass,"

"Fight therefore," yell'd the youth, and either knight

Drew back a space, and when they closed, at once
The weary steed of Pelleas flounder-

ing flung
His rider, who call'd out from the

His rider, who call'd out from the dark field,

"Thou art false as Hell: slay me: I have no sword."

Then Lancelot, "Yea, between thy lips — and sharp;

But here will I disedge it by thy death."

"Slay then," he shriek'd, "my will is to be slain,"

And Lancelot, with his heel upon the fall'n,

Rolling his eyes, a moment stood, then spake:

"Rise, weakling; I am Lancelot; say

And Lancelot slowly rode his warhorse back

To Camelot, and Sir Pelleas in brief while

Caught his unbroken limbs from the dark field,

And follow'd to the city. It

Brake into hall together, worn and pale.

There with her knights and dames was Guinevere,

Full wonderingly she gazed on Lancelot

So soon return'd, and then on Pelleas,

Who had not greeted her, but cast himself

Down on a bench, hard-breathing. "Have ye fought?"

She ask'd of Lancelot. "Aye, my Queen," he said.

"And thou hast overthrown him?"
"Aye, my Queen,"

Then she, turning to Pelleas, "O young knight,

Hath the great heart of knighthood in thee fail'd

So far thou canst not bide, unfrowardly,

A fall from him?" Then, for he answer'd not,

"Or hast thou other griefs? If I, the Queen,

May help them, loose thy tongue, and let me know."

But Pelleas lifted up an eye so fierce She quail'd; and he, hissing "I have no sword,"

Sprang from the door into the dark.
The Queen

Look'd hard upon her lover, he on her:

And each foresaw the dolorous day to be:

And all talk died, as in a grove all song

Beneath the shadow of some bird of prey;

Then a long silence came upon the hall,

And Modred thought, "The time is hard at hand."

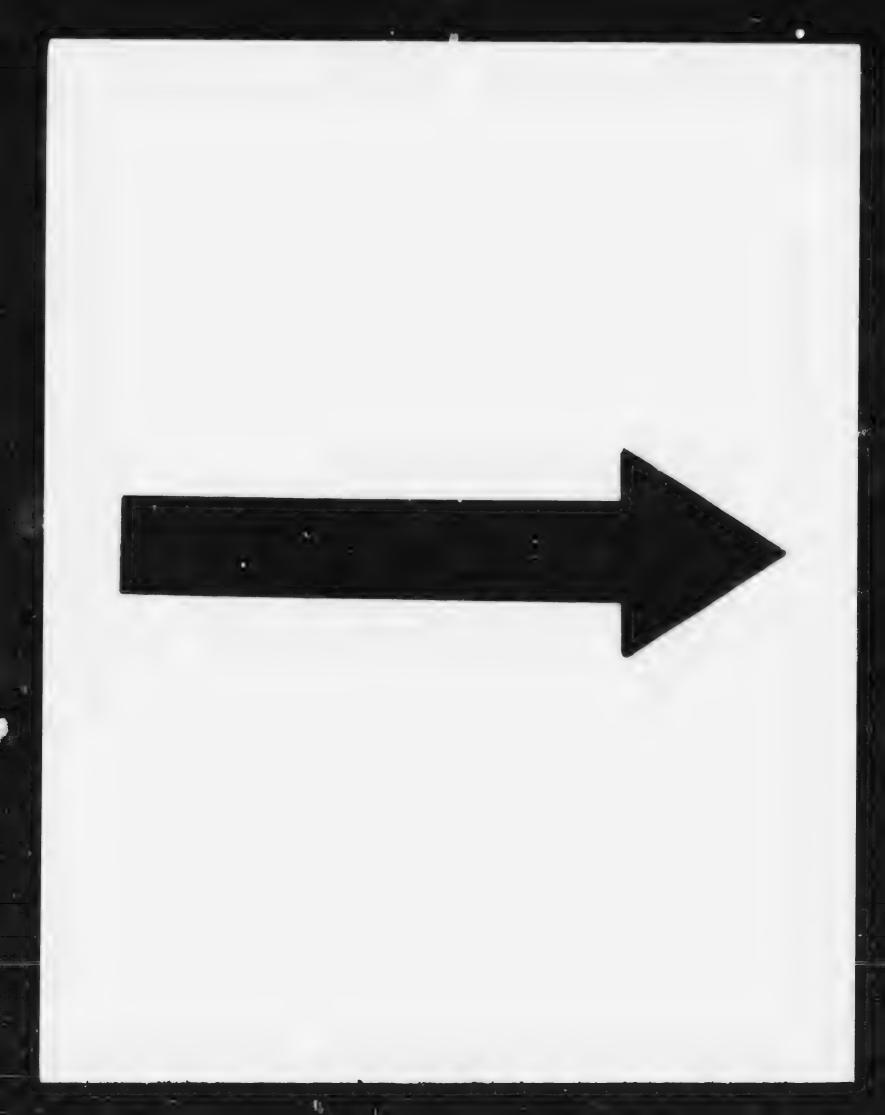
THE LAST TOURNAMENT

DAGONET, the fool, whom Gawain in his mood

Had made mock-knight of Arthur's Table Round,

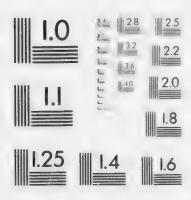
At Camelot, high above the yellowing woods,

Danced like a wither'd leaf before the hall.



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART

ANSI and ISO TEST CHART No. 2





harp in hand, And from the crown thereof a

carcanet

Of ruby swaying to and fro, the prize

Of Tristram in the jousts of yester-

Came Tristram, saying, "Why skip ye so, Sir Fool?'

For Arthur and Sir Lancelot riding

Far down beneath a winding wall of rock

Heard a child wail. A stump of oak half-dead.

From roots like some black coil of carven snakes,

Clutch'd at the crag, and started thro' mid air

Bearing an eagle's nest: and thro' the tree

Rush'd ever a rainy wind, and thro' the wind

Pierced ever a child's cry: and crag and tree

Scaling, Sir Lancelot from the perilous nest,

This ruby necklace thrice around her

And all unscarr'd from beak or talon, brought

A maiden babe; which Arthur pitying took,

Then gave it to his Queen to rear: the Queen

But coldly acquiescing, in her white arms

Received, and after loved it tenderly, And named it Nestling; so forgot herself

A moment, and her cares; till that young life

Being smitten in mid heaven with mortal cold

Past from her; and in time the carcanet

And toward him from the hall, with Vext her with plaintive memories of the child:

> So she, delivering it to Arthur, said, "Take thou the jewels of this dead innocence.

> And make them, an thou wilt, a tourney-prize."

To whom the King, "Peace to thine eagle-borne

Dead nestling, and this honor after death,

Following thy will! but, O my Queen, I muse

Why we not wear on arm, or neck, or

Those diamonds that I rescued from the tarn.

And Lancelot won, methought, for thee to wear."

"Would rather you had let them fall," she cried,

"Plunge and be lost - ill-fated as they were.

bitterness to me! - ye look amazed,

Not knowing they were lost as soon as given -

Slid from my hands, when I was leaning out

Above the river — that unhappy child Past in her barge: but rosier luck will go

With these rich jewels, seeing that they came

Not from the skeleton of a brotherslaver,

But the sweet body of a maiden babe. Perchance - who knows? - the purest of thy knights

May win them for the purest of my maids."

She ended, and the cry of a great

With trumpet-blowings ran on all the ways

From Camelot in among the faded fields

To furthest towers; and everywhere the knights

Arm'd for a day of glory before the King.

But on the hither side of that loud morn

Into the hall stagger'd, his visage ribb'd

From ear to ear with dogwhip-weals, his nose

Bridge-broken, one eye out, and one hand off,

And one with shatter'd fingers dangling lame,

A churl, to whom indignantly the King,

"My churl, for whom Christ died, what evil beast

Hath drawn his claws athwart thy face? or fiend?

Man was it who marr'd heaven's image in thee thus?"

Then, sputtering thro' the hedge of splinter'd teeth,

Yet strangers to the tongue, and with blunt stump

Pitch-blacken'd sawing the air, said the maim'd churl,

"He took them and he drave them to his tower—

Some hold he was a table-knight of thine —

A hundred goodly ones — the Red Knight, he —

Lord, I was tending swine, and the Red Knight

Brake in upon me and drave them to his tower;

And when I call'd upon thy name as one

That doest right by gentle and by churl,

Maim'd me and maul'd, and would outright have slain,

Save that he sware me to a message, saying,

'Tell thou the King and all his liars, that I

Have founded my Round Table in the North,

And whatsoever his own knights have sworn

My knights have sworn the counter to it — and say

My tower is full of harlots, like his court,

But mine are worthier, seeing they profess

To be none other than themselves — and say

My knights are all adulterers like his own.

But mine are truer, seeing they profess

To be none other; and say his hour is come,

The heathen are upon him, his long lance

Broken, and his Excalibur a straw."

Then Arthur turn'd to Kay the seneschal,

"Take thou my churl, and tend him curiously

Like a king's heir, till all his hurts be whole.

The heathen — but that ever-climbing wave,

Hurl'd back again so often in empty foam,

Hath lain for years at rest—and renegades,

Thieves, bandits, leavings of confusion, whom

The wholesome realm is purged of otherwhere,

Friends, thro' your manhood and your fealty, -- now

Make their last head like Satan in the North.

- My younger knights, new-made, in whom your flower
- Waits to be solid fruit of golden deeds,
- Move with me toward their quelling, which achieved,
- The loneliest ways are safe from shore to shore.
- But thou, Sir Lancelot, sitting in my place
- Enchair'd to-morrow, arbitrate the field:
- For wherefore shouldst thou care to mingle with it,
- Only to yield my Queen her own again?
- Speak, Lancelot, thou art silent: is it well?"
 - Thereto Sir Lancelot answer'd, "It is well:
- Yet better if the King abide, and
- The leading of his younger knights to
- Else, for the King has will'd it, it is well."
- Then Arthur rose and Lancelot follow'd him,
- And while they stood without the doors, the King
- Turn'd to him saying, "Is it then so well?
- Or mine the blame that oft I seem
- Of whom was written, 'A sound is in his ears'?
- The foot that loiters, bidden go,—
 the glance
- That only seems half-loyal to command,—
- A manner somewhat fall'n from reverence—
- Or have I dream'd the bearing of our knights
- Tells of a manhood ever less and lower?

- Or whence the fear lest this my realm, uprear'd,
- By noble deeds at one with noble yows.
- From flat confusion and brute violences.
- Reel back into the beast, and be no more?"
 - He spoke, and taking all his younger knights,
- Down the slope city rode, and sharply turn'd
- North by the gate. In her high bower the Queen,
- Working a tapestry, lifted up her head,
- Watch'd her lord pass, and knew not that she sigh'd.
- Then ran across her memory the strange rhyme
- Of bygone Merlin, "Where is he who knows?
- From the great deep to the great deep he goes."
 - But when the morning of a tournament,
- By these in earnest those in mockery call'd
- The Tournament of the Dead Inno-
- Brake with a wet wind blowing, Lancelot,
- Round whose sick head all night, like birds of prey,
- The words of Arthur flying shriek'd, arose,
- And down a streetway hung with folds of pure
- White samite, and by fountains running wine,
- Where children sat in white with cups of gold,
- Moved to the lists, and there, with slow sad steps
- Ascending, fill'd his double-dragon'd chair.

He glanced and saw the stately galleries,

Dame, damsel, each thro' worship of their Queen

White-robed in honor of the stainless child,

And some with scatter'd jewels, like a bank

Of maiden snow mingled with sparks of fire.

He look'd but once, and vail'd his eyes again.

The sudden trumpet sounded as in a dream

To ears but half-awaked, then one low roll

Of autumn thunder, and the jousts began:

And ever the wind blew, and yellowing leaf

And gloom and gleam, and shower and shorn plume

Went down it. Sighing weariedly, as one

Who sits and gazes on a faded fire, When all the goodlier guests are past away,

Sat their great umpire, looking o'er the lists.

He saw the laws that ruled the tournament

Broken, but spake not; once, a knight cast down

Before his throne of arbitration cursed

The dead babe and the follies of the King;

And once the laces of a helmet crack'd,

And show'd him, like a vermin in its hole,

Modred, a narrow face: anon he heard

The voice that billow'd round the barriers roar

An ocean-sounding welcome to one knight,

But newly-enter'd, taller than the rest.

And armor'd all in forest green, whereon

There tript a hundred tiny silver deer,

And wearing but a holly-spray for crest,

With ever-scattering berries, and or shield

A spear, a harp, a bugle — Tristram — late

From overseas in Brittany return'd, And marriage with a princess of that realm,

Isolt the White — Sir Tristram of the Woods —

Whom Lancelot knew, had held sometime with pain

His own against him, and now yearn'd to shake

The burthen off his heart in one full shock

With Tristram ev'n to death: his strong hands gript

And dinted the gilt dragons right and left,

Until he groan'd for wrath—so many of those,

That ware their ladies' colors on the casque,

Drew from before Sir Tristram to the bounds,

And there with gibes and flickering mockeries

Stood, while he mutter'd, "Craven crests! O shame!

What faith have these in whom they sware to love?

The glory of our Round Table is no more."

So Tristram won, and Lancelot gave, the gems,

Not speaking other word than, "Hast thou won?

Art thou the purest, brother? See, the hand

Wherewith thou takest this, is red!"

Tristram, half plagued by Lancelot's languorous mood,

Made answer, "Aye, but wherefore toss me this

Like a dry bone cast to some hungry hound?

Let be thy fair Queen's fantasy. Strength of heart

And might of limb, but mainly use and skill,

Are winners in this pastime of our King.

My hand — belike the lance hath dript upon it —

No blood of mine, I trow; but O chief knight,

Right arm of Arthur in the battlefield,

Great brother, thou nor I have made the world;

Be happy in thy fair Queen as I in mine."

And Tristram round the gallery made his horse

Caracole; then bow'd his homage, bluntly saying,

"Fair damsels, each to him who worships each

Sole Queen of Brauty and of love, behold

This day my Queen of Beauty is not here."

And most of these were mute, some anger'd, one

Murmuring, "All courtesy is dead," and one.

"The glory of our Round Table is no more."

Then fell thick rain, plume droopt and mantle clung,

And pettish cries awoke, and the wan

Went glooming down in wet and weariness:

But under her black brows a swarthy one

Laugh'd shrilly, crying, "Praise the patient saints,

Our one white day of Innocence hath past,

Tho' somewhat draggled at the skirt. So be it.

The snowdrop only, flowering thro' the year,

Would make the world as blank as Winter-tide.

Come — let us gladden their sad eyes, our Queen's

And Lancelot's, at this night's solemnity

With all the kindlier colors of the field."

So dame and damsel glitter'd at the feast

Variously gay: for he that tells the

Liken'd them, saying, as when an hour of cold

Falls on the mountain in midsummer snows,

And all the purple slopes of mountain flowers

Pass under white, till the warm hour returns

With veer of wind, and all are flowers again;

So dame and damsel cast the simple white,

And glowing in all colors, the live

Rose-campion, bluebell, kingcup, poppy, glanced

About the revels, and with mirth so loud

Beyond all use, that, half-amazed, the Queen,

And wroth at Tristram and the lawless jousts,

Brake up their sports, then slowly to her bower Parted, and in her bosom pain was For when thou playest that air with

And little Dagonet on the morrow

High over all the yellowing Autumn-

Danced like a wither'd leaf before the hall.

Then Tristram saying, "Why skip ye so, Sir Fool?"

Wheel'd round on either heel, Dagonet replied,

"Belike for lack of wiser company; Or being fool, and seeing too much

Makes the world rotten, why, belike I skip

To know myself the wisest knight of all."

"Aye, fool," said Tristram, "but 'tis eating dry

To dance without a catch, a rounde-

To dance to." Then he twangled on his harp,

And while he twangled little Dagonet stood

Quiet as any water-sodden log

Stay'd in the wandering warble of a brook;

But when the twangling ended, skipt

And being ask'd, "Why skipt ve not, Sir Fool?"

Made answer, "I had liefer twenty years

Skip to the broken music of my brains

Than any broken music thou canst make."

Then Tristram, waiting for the quip to come,

"Good now, what music have I broken, fool?"

And little Dagonet, skipping, "Arthur, the King's;

Queen Isolt,

Thou makest broken music with thy bride.

Her daintier namesake down in Brittany -

And so thou breakest Arthur's music, too."

"Save for that broken music in thy brains,

Sir Fool," said Tristram, "I would break thy head.

Fool, I came late, the heathen wars were o'er.

The life had flown, we sware but by the shell -

I am but a fool to reason with a fool -

Come, thou art crabb'd and sour: but lean me down,

Sir Dagonet, one of thy long asses' ears.

And harken if my music be not true.

" Free love — free field — we love but while we may:

The woods are hush'd, their music is no more:

The leaf is dead, the yearning past away:

New leaf, new life — the days of frost are o'er:

New life, new love, to suit the newer

New loves are sweet as those that went before:

Free love - free field - we love but while we may.'

"Ye might have moved slow-measure to my tune,

Not stood stockstill. I made it in the woods,

And heard it ring as true as tested gold."

But Dagonet with one foot poised in his hand,

- "Friend, did ye mark that fountain yesterday
- Made to run wine? but this had run itself
- All out like a long life to a sour
- And them that round it sat with golden cups
- To hand the wine to whosoever came -
- The twelve small damsels white as Innocence,
- In honor of poor Innocence the
- Who left the gems which Innocence the Queen
- Lent to the King, and Innocence the King
- Gave for a prize and one of those white slips
- Handed her cup and piped, the pretty
- 'Drink, drink, Sir Fool,' and thereupon I drank,
- Spat pish the cup was gold, the draught was mud."
 - And Tristram, "Was it muddier than thy gibes?
- Is all the laughter gone dead out of thee? —
- Not marking how the knighthood mock thee, fool —
- 'Fear God: honor the King—his
 one true knight—
- Sole follower of the vows'— for here be they
- Who knew thee swine enow before I came,
- Smuttier than blasted grain: but when the King
- Had made thee fool, thy vanity so shot up
- It frighted all free fool from out thy
- Which left thee less than fool, and less than swine,

- A naked aught yet swine I hold thee still.
- For I have flung thee pearls and find thee swine."
 - And little Dagonet mincing with his feet,
- "Knight, an ye fling those rubies round my neck
- In lieu of hers, I'll hold thou hast some touch
- Of music, since I care not for thy pearls.
- Swine? I have wallow'd, I have wash'd the world
- Is flesh and shadow I have had my
- The dirty nurse, Experience, in her kind
- Hath foul'd me an I wallow'd, then I wash'd —
- I have had my day and my philosophies —
- And thank the Lord I am King Arthur's fool.
- Swine, say ye? swine, goats, asses, rams and geese
- Troop'd round a Paynim harper once, who thrumm'd
- On such a wire as musically as thou
 Some such fine song but never a
 king's fool."
 - And Tristram, "Then were swine, goats, asses, geese
- The wiser fools, seeing thy Paynim bard
- Had such a mastery of his mystery
 That he could harp his wife up out of
 hell."
 - Then Dagonet, turning on the ball of his foot,
- "And whither harp'st thou thine?
- Down! and two more: a helpful harper thou,

That harpest downward! Dost thou know the star

We call the harp of Arthur up in heaven?"

And Tristram, "Aye, Sir Fool, for when our King

Was victor well-nigh day by day, the knights,

Glorying in each new glory, set his name

High on all hills, and in the signs of heaven."

And Dagonet answer'd, "Aye, and when the land

Was freed, and the Queen false, ye set yourself

To babble about him, all to show your wit —

And whether he were King by courtesy,

Or King by right—and so went harping down

The black king's highway, got so far, and grew

So witty that ye play'd at ducks and drakes

With Arthur's vows on the great lake of fire.

Tuwhoo! do ye see it? do ye see the star?"

"Nay, fool," said Tristram, "not in open day."

And Dagonet, "Nay, nor will: I see it and hear.

It makes a silent music up in heaven,

And I, and Arthur and the angels hear,

And then we skip." "Lo, fool," he said, "ye talk

Fool's treason: is the King thy brother fool?"

Then little Dagonet clapt his hands and shrill'd,

"Aye, aye, my brother fool, the king of fools!

Conceits himself as God that he can make

Figs out of thistles, silk from bristles, milk

From burning spurge, honey from hernet-combs,

And men from beasts - Long live the king of fc ls!"

And down the city Dagonet danced away;

But thro' the slowly-mellowing avenues

And solitary passes of the wood Rode Tristram toward Lyonnesse and

the west. Before him fled the face of Queen

Isolt
With ruby-circled neck, but ever-

Past, as a rustle or twitter in the

Made duli his inner, keen his outer

For all that walk'd, or crept, or perch'd, or flew.

Anon the face, as, when a gust hath blown,

Unruffling waters re-collect the

Of one that in them sees himself, return'd;

But at the slot or fewmets of a deer, Or ev'n a fall'n feather, vanish'd again.

So on for all that day from lawn to

Thro' many a league-long bower he rode. At length

A lodge of intertwisted beechenboughs

Furze-cramm'd, and bracken-rooft, the which himself

Built for a summer day with Queen Isolt

- Against a shower, dark in the golden
- Appearing, sent his fancy back to where
- She lived a moon in that low lodge with him:
- Till Mark her lord had past, the Cornish King,
- With six or seven, when Tristram was away,
- And snatch'd her thence; yet dreading worse than shame
- Her warrior Tristram, spake not any word,
- But bode his hour, devising wretchedness.
 - And now that desert lodge to Tristram lookt
- So sweet, that halting, in he past, and
- Down on a drift of foliage randomblown:
- But could not rest for musing how to
- And sleek his marriage over to the Queen.
- Perchance in lone Tintagil far from
- The tonguesters of the court she had not heard.
- But then what folly had sent him overseas
- After she left him lonely here? a name?
- Was it the name of one in Brittany, Isolt, the daughter of the King?
 "Isolt
- Of the white hands" they call'd her:
- Allured him first, and then the maid herself,
- Who served him well with those white hands of hers,
- And loved him well, until himself had thought
- He loved her also, wedded easily,

- But left her all as easily, and return'd.
- The black-blue Irish hair and Irish eyes
- Had drawn him home what marvel? then he laid
- His brows upon the drifted leaf and dream'd.
 - He seem'd to pace the strand of
- Between Isolt of Britain and his bride.
- And show'd them both the rubychain, and both
- Began to struggle for it, till his
- Graspt it so hard, that all her hand was red.
- Then cried the Breton, "Look, her hand is red!
- These be no rubies, this is frozen blood,
- And melts within her hand her hand is hot
- With ill desires, but this I gave thee, look,
- Is all as cool and white as any flower."
- Follow'd a rush of eagle's wings, and then
- A whimpering of the spirit of the child,
- Because the twain had spoil'd her carcanet.
 - He dream'd; but Arthur with a hundred spears
- Rode far, till o'er the illimitable reed, And many a glancing plash and sallowy isle,
- The wide-wing'd sunset of the misty
- Glared on a huge machicolated tower That stood with open doors, where-
- out was roll'd A roar of riot, as from men secure

Amid their marshes, ruffians at their ease

Among their harlot-brides, an evil song.

"Lo, there," said one of Arthur's youth, for there,

High on a grim dead tree before the tower,

A goodly brother of the Table Round Swung by the neck: and on the boughs a shield

Showing a shower of blood in a field noir,

And there beside a horn, inflamed the knights

At that dishonor done the gilded

Till each would clash the shield, and blow the horn.

But Arthur waved them back. Alone he rode.

Then at the dry harsh roar of the great horn,

That sent the face of all the marsh aloft

An ever upward-rushing storm and cloud

Of shriek and plume, the Red Knight heard, and all,

Even to tipmost lance and topmost helm,

In blood-red armor, sallying, howl'd to the King:

"The teeth of Hell — flay bare and gnash thee flat! —

Lo! art thou not that anuch-hearted

Who fain had clipt free manhood from the world —

The woman-worshiper? Yea, God's curse, and I!

Slain was the brother of my paramour

By a knight of thine, and I that heard her whine

And snivel, being eunuch-hearted, too

Sware by the scorpion-worm that twists in hell,

And stings itself to everlasting death, To hang whatever knight of thine I fought

And tumbled. Art thou King? — Look to thy life!"

He ended: Arthur knew the voice; the face

Well-nigh was helmet-hidden, and the name

Went wandering somewhere darkling in his mind.

And Arthur deign'd not use of word or sword,

But let the drunkard, as he stretch'd from horse

To strike him, overbalancing his bulk,

Down from the causeway heavily to the swamp

Fall, as the crest of some slow-arching wave,

Heard in dead night along that tableshore.

Drops flat, and after the great waters break

Whitening for half a league, and thin themselves.

Far over sands marbled with moon and cloud,

From less and less to nothing; thus he fell

Head-heavy; then the knights, who watch'd him, roar'd

And shouted and leapt down upon the fall'n;

There trampled out his face from being known,

And sank his head in mire, and slimed themselves:

Nor heard the King for their own cries, but sprang

Thro' open doors, and swording right and left

Men, women, on their sodden faces, hurl'd The tables over and the wines, and

Till all the rafters rang with womanyells,

And all the pavement stream'd with massacre;

Then, echoing yell with yell, they fired the tower,

Which half that autumn night, like the live North,

Red-pulsing up thro' Alioth and Alcor,

Made all above it, and a hundred

About it, as the water Moab saw Come round by the East, and out beyond them flush'd

The long low dune, and lazy-plunging sea.

So all the ways were safe from shore to shore,

But in the heart of Arthur pain was lord.

Then, out of Tristram waking, the red dream

Fled with a shout, and that low lodge return'd,

Mid-forest, and the wind among the boughs.

He whistled his good warhorse left to

Among the forest greens, vaulted upon him,

And rode beneath an ever-showering leaf.

Till one lone woman, weeping near a cross,

Stay'd him. "Why weep ye?"
"Lord," she said, "my man

Hath left me or is dead;" whereon he thought—

"What, if she hate me now? I would not this.

What, if she love me still? I would not that.

I know not what I would "-but said to her,

"Yet weep not thou, lest, if thy mate return,

He find thy favor changed and love thee not "-

Then pressing day by day thro' Lyon-

Last in a roky hollow, belling, heard The hounds of Mark, and felt the goodly hounds

Yelp at his heart, but turning, past and gain'd

Tintagil, half in sea, and high on land,

A crown of towers.

Down in a casement sat, A low sea-sunset glorying round her

And glossy-throated grace, Isolt the Queen.

And when she heard the feet of Tristram grind

The spiring stone that scaled about her tower,

Flush'd, started, met him at the doors, and there

Belted his body with her white embrace,

Crying aloud, "Not Mark - not Mark, my soul!

The footstep flutter'd me at first: not he:

Catlike thro' his own castle steals my Mark, But warrior-wise thou stridest thro'

his halls Who hates thee, as I him — ev'n to

the death.
My soul, I felt my hatred for my

Mark Quicken within me, and knew that

thou wert nigh."
To whom Sir Tristram smiling, "I am here.

Let be thy Mark, seeing he is not thine."

And drawing somewhat backward she replied,

"Can he be wrong'd who is not ev'n

But save for dread of thee had beaten me,

Scratch'd, bitten, blinded, marr'd me somehow — Mark?

 What rights are his that dare not strike for them?

Not lift a hand — not, tho' he found me thus!

But harken! have ye met him? hence he went

To-day for three days' hunting — as he said —

And so returns belike within an hour.

Mark's way, my soul! — but eat not thou with Mark,

Because he hates thee even more than fears;

Nor drink: and when thou passest any wood

Close vizor, lest an arrow from the bush

Should leave me all alone with Mark and heli.

My God, the measure of my hate for Mark

Is as the measure of my love for thee."

So, pluck'd one way by hate and one by love,

Drain'd of her force, again she sat, and spake

To Tristram, as he knelt before her, saying,

"O hunter, and O blower of the horn,

Harper, and thou hast been a rover,

For, ere I mated with my shambling king,

Ye twain had fallen out about the bride

Of one—his name is out of me the prize, If prize she washe could see) ---

Thine, friend; and ever since my craven seeks

To wreck thee villainously: but, O Sir Knight,

What dame or damsel have ye kneel'd to last?"

And Tristram, "Last to my Queen Paramount,

Here now to my Queen Paramount

And loveliness - aye, lovelier than when first

Her light feet fell on our rough Lyonnesse,

Sailing from Ireland."

Softly laugh'd Isolt;

"Flatter me not, for hath not our great Queen

My dole of beauty trebled?" and he said,

"Her beauty is her beauty, and thine, thine,

And thine is more to me — soft, gracious, kind —

Save when thy Mark is kindled on thy lips

Most gracious; but she, haughty, ev'n to him,

Lancelot; for I have seen him wan

To make one doubt if ever the great Queen

Have yielded him her love."

To whom Isolt,

"Ah, then, false hunter and false harper, thou

Who brakest thro' the scruple of my bond,

Calling me thy white hind, and saying to me

That Guinevere had sinn'd against the highest,

- And I misyoked with such a want of man —
- That I could hardly sin against the lowest."
 - He answer'd, "O my soul, be comforted!
- If this be sweet, to sin in leadingstrings,
- If here be comfort, and if ours be sin, Crown'd warrant had we for the crowning sin
- That made us happy: but how ye greet me fear
- And fault and doubt no word of that fond tale —
- Thy deep heart-yearnings, thy sweet memories
- Of 'Tristram in that year he was away."
 - And, saddening on the sudden, spake Isolt,
- I had forgotten all in my strong joy To see thee — yearnings? — aye! for,
- hour by hour,
 Here in the never-ended afternoon,
 O sweeter than all memories of thee,
 Deeper than any yearnings after thee
 Seem'd those far-rolling, westward-
- smiling seas,
 Watch'd from this tower. Isolt of
 Britain dash'd
- Before Isolt of Brittany on the strand,
- Would that have chill'd her bridekiss? Wedded her?
- Fought in her father's battles? wounded there?
- The King was all fulfill'd with gratefulness,
- And she, my namesake of the hands, that heal'd
- Thy hurt and heart with unguent and caress —
- Well—can I wish her any huger wrong

- Than having known thee? her, too, hast thou left
- To pine and waste in those sweet memories.
- O were I not my Mark's, by whom all men
- Are noble, I should hate thee more than love."
 - And Tristram, fondling her light hands, replied,
- "Grace, Queen, for being loved: she loved me well.
- Did I love her? the name at least I
- Isolt?—I fought his battles, for Isolt!
- The night was dark; the true star set.

 Isolt!
- The name was ruler of the dark—
 Isolt?
- Care not for her! patient, and prayerful, meek,
- Pale-blooded, she will yield herself to God."
 - And Isolt answer'd, "Yea, and why not I?
- Mine is the larger need, who am not meek,
- Pale-blooded, prayerful. Let me tell thee now.
- Here one black, mute midsummer night I sat,
- Lonely, but musing on thee, wondering where,
- Murmuring a light song I had heard thee sing,
- And once or twice I spake thy name aloud.
- Then flash'd a levin-brand; and near me stood,
- In fuming sulphur blue and green, a fiend —
- Mark's way to steal behind one in the
- For there was Mark: 'He has wedded her,' he said,

Not said, but hiss'd it: the ihis crown of towers

So shook to such a roar of al' the

That here in utter dark I swoon'd

And woke again in utter dark, and cried,

I will flee hence and give myself to God '-

And thou wert lying in thy new leman's arms.'

Then Tristram, ever dallying with her hand,

" May God be with thee, sweet, when old and gray, And past desire!" a saying that an-

gered her.

May God be with thee, sweet, when thou art old,

And sweet no more to me!' I need Him now.

For when had Lancelot utter'd aught so gross

Ev'n to the swineherd's malkin in the mast?

The greater man, the greater cour-

Far other was the Tristram, Arthur's knight!

But thou, thro' ever harrying thy wild beasts -

Save that to touch a harp, tilt with a lance

Becomes thee well - art grown wild beast thyself.

How darest thou, if lover, push me

In fancy from thy side, and set me far In the gray distance, half a life away, Her to be loved no more? Unsay it, unswear!

Flatter me rather, seeing me so weak, Broken with Mark and hate and soli-

Thy marriage and mine own, that I should such

Lies like sweet wines: lie to me: I believe.

Will ye not lie? not swear, as there ye kneel.

And solemnly as when ye sware to him,

The man of men, our King - My God, the power

Was once in vows when men believed the King!

They lied not then, who sware, and thro' their vows

The King prevailing made his realm: — I say,

Swear to me thou wilt love me ev'n when old.

Gray-hair'd, and past desire, and in despair."

Then Tristram, pacing moodily up and down,

"Vows! did you keep the vow you made to Mark

More than I mine? Lied, say ye? Nay, but learnt.

The vow that binds too strictly snaps itself -

My knighthood taught me this - aye, being snapt -

We run more counter to the soul thereof

Than had we never sworn. I swear no more.

I swore to the great King, and am forsworn.

For once - ev'n to the height - I honor'd him.

'Man, is he man at all?' methought, when first

I rode from our rough Lyonnesse, and beheld

That victor of the Pagan throned in

His hair, a sun that ray'd from off a

Like hill-snow high in heaven, the steel-blue eyes,

The golden beard that clothed his lips with light —

Moreover, that weird legend of his birth,

With Merlin's mystic babble about his end

Amazed me; then, his foot was on a stool

Shaped as a dragon; he seem'd to me

But Michael trampling Satan; so I sware,

Being amazed: but this went by—
The yows!

O aye — the wholesome madness of an hour —

They served their use, their time; for every knight

Believed himself a greater than himself,

And every follower eyed him as a God;

Till he, being lifted up beyond himself,

Did mightier deeds than elsewise he had done,

And so the realm was made; but then their vows —

First mainly thro' that sullying of our Queen —

Began to gall the knighthood, asking whence

Had Arthur right to bind them to himself?

Dropt down from heaven? wash'd up from out the deep?

They fail'd to trace him thro' the flesh and blood

Of our old kings: whence then? a doubtful lord

To bind them by inviolable yows.

Which flesh and blood perforce would violate:

For feel this arm of mine — the tide within

Red with free chase and heatherscented air,

Pulsing full man; can Arthur make me pure

As any maiden child? lock up my tongue

From uttering freely what I freely hear?

Bind me to one? The wide world laughs at it.

And worldling of the world am I, and know

The ptarmigan that whitens ere his hour

Woos his own end; we are not angels here

Nor shall be: vows — I am woodman of the woods,

And hear the garnet-headed yaffingale

Mock them: my soul, we love but while we may;

And therefore is my love so large for thee,

Seeing it is not bounded save by love."

Here ending, he moved toward her, and she said,

"Good: an I turn'd away my love for

To someone thrice as courteous as thyself—

For courtesy wins woman all as well As valor may, but he that closes both Is perfect, he is Lancelot—taller indeed,

Rosier and comelier, thou — but say I loved

This knightliest of all knights, and cast thee back

Thine own small saw, 'We love but while we may,'

Well, then, what answer?"

He that while she spake, Mindful of what he brought to adorn her with,

The jewels, had let one finger lightly touch

The warm white apple of her throat, replied,

"Press this a little closer, sweet, until —

Come, I am hunger'd and half-anger'd — meat,

Wine, wine — and I will love thee to the death,

And out beyond into the dream to come."

So then, when both were brought to full accord.

She rose, and set before him all he will'd;

And after these had comforted the blood

With meats and wines, and satiated their hearts —

Now talking of their woodland paradise,

The deer, the dews, the fern, the founts, the lawns;

Now mocking at the much ungainliness,

And craven shifts, and long crane legs of Mark —

Then Tristram laughing caught the harp, and sang:

"Aye, aye, O aye—the winds that bend the brier!

A star in heaven, a star within the mere!

Aye, aye, O aye — a star was my desire,

And one was far apart, and one was near:

Aye, aye, O aye — the winds that bow the grass!

And one was water and one star was fire,

And one will ever shine and one will pass.

Aye, aye, O aye—the winds that move the mere."

Then in the light's last glimmer Tristram show'd

And swung the ruby carcanet. She cried,

"The collar of some Order, which our King

Hath newly founded, all for thee, my soul,

For thee, to yield thee grace beyond thy peers."

"Not so, my Queen," he said, "but the red fruit

Grown on a magic oak-tree in midheaven,

And won by Tristram as a tourney-

And hither brought by Tristram for

Love-offering and peace-offering unto thee."

He spoke, he turn'd, then, flinging round her neck,

Claspt it, and cried, "Thine Order, O my Queen!"

But, while he bow'd to kiss the jewel'd throat,

Out of the dark, just as the lips had touch'd,

Behind him rose a shadow and a shriek —

"Mark's way," said Mark, and clove him thro' the brain,

That night came Arthur home, and while he climb'd.

All in a death-dumb autumn-dripping

The stairway to the hall, and look'd and saw

The great Queen's bower was dark,—about his feet

A voice clung sobbing till he question'd it,

"What art thou?" and the voice about his feet

- Sent up an answer, sobbing, "I am thy fool,
- And I shall never make thee smile again."

GUINEVERE

- QUEEN GUINEVERE had fled the court, and sat
- There in the holy house at Almesbury
- Weeping, none with her save a little maid,
- A novice: one low light betwixt them burn'd
- Blurr'd by the creeping mist, for all aboard,
- Beneath a moon unseen albeit at full, The white mist, like a face-cloth to the face.
- Clung to the dead earth, and the land was still.
- For hither had she fled, her cause of flight
- Sir Modred; he that like a subtle
- Lay couchant with his eyes upon the
- Ready to spring, waiting a chance: for this
- He chill'd the popular praises of the King
- With silent smiles of slow disparagement;
- And tamper'd with the Lords of the White Horse,
- Heathen, the brood by Hengist left; and sought
- To make disruption in the Table Round
- Of Arthur, and to splinter it into feuds
- Serving his traitorous end; and all his aims
- Were sharpen'd by strong hate for Lancelot.

- For thus it chanced one morn when all the court,
- Green-suited, but with plumes that mock'd the may,
- Had been, their wot, a-maying and return'd,
- That Modred still in green, all ear and eye,
- Climb'd to the high top of the garden-wall
- To spy some secret scandal if he might,
- And saw the Queen who sat betwixt
- her best Enid, and lissome Vivien, of her court
- The wiliest and the worst; and more than this
- He saw not, for Sir Lancelot passing
- Spied where he couch'd, and as the gardener's hand
- Picks from the colewort a green cater-
- So from the high wall and the flowering grove
- Of grasses Lancelot pluck'd him by the heel,
- And cast him as a worm upon the
- But when he knew the Prince tho'
- marr'd with dust, He, reverencing king's blood in a
- bad man, Made such excuses as he might, and
- these
 Full knightly without scorn; for in
- those days
 No knight of Arthur's noblest dealt
- in scorn;
 But, if a man were halt or hunch'd,
- in him
 By those whom God had made full-
- limb'd and tall, Scorn was allow'd as part of his de-
- And he was answer'd softly by the King

And all his Table. So Sir Lancelot

To raise the Prince, who rising twice or thrice

Full sharply smote his knees, and smiled, and went:

But, ever after, the small violence

Rankled in him and ruffled all his

As the sharp wind that ruffles all day long

A little bitter pool about a stone On the bare coas:

But when Sir Lancelot told This matter to the Queen, at first she laugh'd

Lightly, to think of Modred's dusty fall,

Then shudder'd as the village wife who cries

"I shudder, some one steps across my grave;"

Then laugh'd again, but faintlier, for indeed

She half-foresaw that he, the subtle beast,

Would track her guilt until he found, and hers

Would be for evermore a name of scorn.

Henceforward rarely could she front in hall,

Or elsewhere, Modred's narrow foxy face,

Heart-hiding smile, and gray persistent eye:

Henceforward too, the Powers that tend the soul,

To help it from the death that cannot die,

And save it even in extremes, began To vex and plague her. Many a time for hours,

Beside the placid breathings of the King,

In the dead night, grim faces came and went

Before her, or a vague spiritual

Like to some doubtful noise of creaking doors,

Heard by the watcher in a haunted house,

That keeps the rust of murder on the walls —

Held her awake: or if she slept she dream'd

An awful dream; for then she seem'd to stand

On some vast plain before a setting sun,

And from the sun there swiftly made at her

A ghastly something, and its shadow flew

Before it, till it touch'd her, and she turn'd —

When lo! her own, that broadening from her feet,

And blackening, swallow'd all the land, and in it

Far cities burnt, and with a cry she woke.

And all this trouble did not pass but grew;

Till ev'n the clear face of the guileless King,

And trustful courtesies of household life,

Became her bane; and at the last she said,

"O Lancelot, get thee hence to thine own land,

For if thou tarry we shall meet again,

And if we meet again, some evil

Will make the smoldering scandal break and blaze

Before the people, and our lord the King."

And Lancelot ever promised, but remain'd,

- And still they met and met. Again she said,
- "O Lancelot, if thou love me get thee hence."
- And then they were agreed upon a night
- (When the good King should not be there) to meet
- And part for ever. Vivien, lurking, heard.
- She told Sir Modred. Passion-pale they met
- And greeted. Hands in hands, and eye to eye
- Low on the border of her couch they sat
- Stammering and staring. It was their last hour,
- A madness of farewells. And Modred brought
- His creatures to the basement of the tower
- For testimony; and crying with full voice
- "Traitor, come out, ye are trapt at last," aroused
- Lancelot, who rushing outward lion-
- Leapt on him, and hurl'd him headlong, and he fell
- Stunn'd, and his creatures took and bare him off,
- And all was still: then she, "The end is come,
- And I am shamed for ever;" and he said.
- "Mine be the shame; mine was the sin: but rise,
- And fly to my strong castle overseas:
- There will I hide thee, till my life shall end,
- There hold thee with my life against the world."
- She answer'd, "Lancelot, wilt thou hold me so?
- Nay, friend, for we have taken our farewells.

- Would God that thou couldst hide me from myself!
- Mine is the shame, for I was wife, and thou
- Unwedded: yet rise now, and let us
- For I will draw me into sanctuary,
- And bide my doom." So Lancelot got her horse,
- Set her thereon, and mounted on his
- And then they rode to the divided
- There kiss'd, and parted weeping: for he past,
- Love-loyal to the least wish of the Queen,
- Back to his land; but she to Almesbury
- Fled all night long by glimmering waste and weald,
- And heard the Spirits of the waste and weald
- Moan as she fled, or thought she heard them moan:
- And in herself she moan'd "Too late, too late!"
- Till in the cold wind that foreruns the morn,
- A blot in heaven, the Raven, flying high,
- Croak'd, and she thought, "He spies a field of death;
- For now the Heathen of the Northern Sea,
- Lured by the crimes and frailties of the court,
- Begin to slay the folk, and spoil the land."
 - And when she came to Almestury she spake
- There to the nuns, and said, "Mine enemies
- Pursue me, but, O peaceful Sister-hood,
- Receive, and yield me sanctuary, nor ask

Her name to whom ye yield it, till Whereat full willingly sang the little

To tell you:" and her beauty, grace and power,

Wrought as a charm upon them, and they spared

To ask it.

So the stately Queen abode For many a week, unknown, among the nuns;

Nor with them mix'd, nor told her name, nor sought,

Wrapt in her grief, for housel or for shrift,

But communed only with the little maid,

Who pleased her with a babbling heedlessness

Which often lured her from herself; but now,

This night, a rumor wildly blown about

Came, that Sir Modred had usurp'd the realm,

And leagued him with the heathen, while the King

Was waging war on Lancelot: then she thought,

"With what a hate the people and the King

Must hate me," and bow'd down upon her hands

Silent, until the little maid, who brook'd

No silence, brake it, uttering "Late! so late!

What hour, I wonder, now?" and when she drew

No answer, by and by began to hum An air the nuns had taught her; "Late, so late!"

Which when she heard, the Queen look'd up, and said,

"O maiden, if indeed ye list to sing, Sing, and unbind my heart that I may weep."

maid.

"Late, late, so late! and dark the night and chill!

Late, late, so late! but we can enter still.

Too late, too late! ye cannot enter now.

"No light had we: for that we do repent;

And learning this, the bridegroom will relent.

Too late, too late! ye cannot enter

"No light: so late! and dark and chill the night!

O let us in, that we may find the light!

Too late, too late: ye cannot enter now.

"Have we not heard the bridegroom is so sweet?

O let us in, tho' late, to kiss his feet! No, no, too late! ye cannot enter now.'

So sang the novice, while full passionately,

Her head upon her hands, remember-, ing

Her thought when first she came, wept the sad Queen.

Then said the little novice prattling to her,

"O pray you, noble lady, weep no

But let my words, the words of one so small.

Who knowing nothing knows but to obev.

And if I do not there is penance given -

Comfort your sorrows; for they do not flow

From evil done; right sure am I of that,

Who see your tender grace and stateliness.

But weigh your sorrows with our lord the King's,

And weighing find them less; for gone is he

To wage grim war against Sir Lancelot there,

Round that strong castle where he holds the Queen;

And Modred whom he left in charge of all,

The traitor — Ah sweet lady, the King's grief

For his own self, and his own Queen, and realm,

Must needs be thrice as great as any of ours.

For me, I thank the saints, I am not great.

For if there ever come a grief to me I cry my cry in silence, and have done.

None knows it, and my tears have brought me good:

But even were the griefs of little ones As great as those of great ones, yet this grief

Is added to the griefs the great must bear,

That howsoever much they may desire

Silence, they cannot weep behind a cloud:

As even here they talk at Almesbury About the good King and his wicked Queen,

And were I such a King with such a Queen,

Well might I wish to veil her wickedness,

But were I such a King, it could not be."

Then to her own sad heart mutter'd the Queen,

"Will the child kill me with her innocent talk?"

But openly she answer'd, "Must not I,

If this false traitor have displaced his lord,

Grieve with the common grief of all the realm?"

"Yea," said the maid, "this is all woman's grief,

That she is woman, whose disloyal life

Hath wrought confusion in the Table Round

Which good King Arthur founded, years ago,

With signs and miracles and wonders, there

At Camelot, ere the coming of the Queen."

Then thought the Queen within herself again,

"Will the child kill me with her foolish prate?"

But openly she spake and said to her,

"O little maid, shut in ' nunnery walls,

What canst thou know of I ing and Tables Round,

Or what of signs and wonde s, but the signs

And simple miracles of thy nunnery?"

To whom the little novice garrulously,

"Yea, but I know: the land was full of signs

And wonders ere the coming of the Queen.

So said my father, and himself was knight

Of the great Table — at the founding of it;

And rode thereto from Lyonnesse, and he said

That as he rode, an hour or maybe

After the sunset, down the coast, he heard

Strange music, and he paused, and turning — there,

All down the lonely coast of Lyonnesse,

Each with a beacon-star upon his head,

And with a wild sea-light about his feet,

He saw them - headland after headland flame

Far on into the rich heart of the west:

And in the light the white mermaiden swam,

And strong man-breasted things stood from the sea,

And sent a deep sea-voice thro' all the land,

To which the little elves of chasm and cleft

Made answer, sounding like a distant horn.

So said my father — yea, and furthermore,

Next morning, while he past the dimlit woods,

Himself beheld three spirits mad with

Come dashing down on a tall wayside flower,

That shook beneath them, as the thistle snakes

When three gray linnets wrangle for the seed:

And still at evenings on before his horse

The flickering fairy-circle wheel'd and broke

Flying, and link'd again, and wheel'd and broke

Flying, for all the land was full of life.

And when at last he came to Camelot,

A wreath of airy dancers hand-inhand

Swung round the lighted lantern of the hall;

And in the hall itself was such a feast As never man had dream'd; for every knight

Had whatsoever meat he long'd for served

By hands unseen; and even as he said

Down in the cellars merry bloated things

Shoulder'd the spigot, straddling on the butts

While the wine ran: so glad were spirits and men

Before the coming of the sinful Queen."

Then spake the Queen and somewhat bitterly,

"Were they so glad? ill prophets were they all,

Spirits and men: could none of them foresee,

Not even thy wise father with his signs

And wenders, what has fall'n upon the realm?"

To whom the novice garrulously again,

"Yea, one, a bard; of whom my father said,

Full many a noble war-song nad he sung,

Ev'n in the presence of an enemy's fleet,

Between the steep cliff and the coming wave;

And many a mystic lay of life and death

Had chanted on the smoky mountaintops,

When round him bent the spirits of the hills

With all their dewy hair blown back like flame:

So said my father — and that night the bard

Sang Arthur's glorious wars, and sang the King

As well-nigh more than man, and rail'd at those

Who call'd him the false son of Gorloïs:

For there was no man knew from whence he came;

But after tempest, when the long wave broke

All down the thundering shores of Bude and Bos,

There came a day as still as heaven, and then

They found a naked child upon the sands

Of dark Tintagil by the Cornish sea:

And that was Arthur; and they foster'd him

Till he by miracle was approven King:

And that his grave should be a mystery

From all men, like his birth; and could he find

A woman in her womanhood as great As he was in his manhood, then, he sang,

The twain together well might change the world.

But even in the middle of his song He falter'd, and his hand fell from the harp,

And pale he turn'd, and reel'd, and would have fall'n,

But that they stay'd him up; nor would he tell

His vision; but what doubt that he foresaw

This evil work of Lancelot and the Queen?"

Then thought the Queen, "Lo! they have set her on.

Our simple-seeming Abbess and her nuns.

To play upon me," and bow'd her head nor spake.

Whereat the novice crying, with clasp'd hands,

Shame on her own garrulity garrulously,

Said the good nuns would check her gadding tongue

Full often, "and, sweet lady, if I

To vex an ear too sad to listen to me.

Unmannerly, with prattling and the tales

Which my good father told me, check me too

Nor let me shame my father's memory, one

Of noblest manners, tho' himself would say

Sir Lancelot had the noblest; and he died,

Kill'd in a tilt, come next, five summers back,

And left me; but of others who remain,

And of the two first-famed for courtesy —

And pray you check me if I ask amiss —

But pray you, which had noblest, while you moved

Among them, Lancelot or our lord the King?"

Then the pale Queen look'd up and answer'd her,

"Sir Lancelot, as became a noble knight.

Was gracious to all ladies, and the same

In open battle or the tilting-field Forbore his own advantage, and the King

In open battle or the tilting-field Forbore his own advantage, and these

Were the most nobly-manner'd men of all:

For manners are not idle, but the fruit

Of loyal nature, and of noble mind."

"Yea," said the maid, "be manners such fair fruit?

Then Lancelot's needs must be a thousand-fold

Less noble, being, as all rumor runs, The most disloyal i. end in all the world."

To which a mournful answer made the Queen:

"O closed about by narrowing nunnery-walls,

What knowest thou of the world, and all its lights

And shadows, all the wealth and all the woe?

If ever Lancelot, that most noble knight,

Were for one hour less noble than himself,

Pray for him that he scape the doom of fire.

And weep for her who drew him to his doom."

"Yea," said the little novice, "I pray for both;

But I should all as soon believe that

Sir Lancelot's, were as noble as the King's,

As I could think, sweet lady, yours would be

Such as they are, were you the sinful Queen."

So she, like many another babbler, hurt

Whom she would soothe, and harm'd where she would heal:

For here a sudden flush of wrathful heat

Fired all the pale face of the Queen, who cried,

"Such as thou art be never maiden more

For ever! thou their tool, set on to plague

And play upon, and harry me, petty

And traitress." When that storm of anger brake

From Guinevere, aghast the maiden rose,

White as her veil, and stood before the Queen

As tremulously as foam upon the beach

Stands in a wind, ready to break and fly,

And when the Queen had added "Get thee hence,"

Fled frighted. Then that other left alone

Sigh'd, and began to gather heart again,

Saying in herself, "The simple, fearful child

Meant nothing, but my own too-fearful guilt,

Simpler than any child, betrays itself. But help me, heaven, for surely I repent.

For what is true repentance but in thought—

Not ev'n in inmost thought to think again

The sins that made the past so pleasant to us:

And I have sworn never to see him more,

To see him more."

And ev'n in saying this,

Her memory from old habit of the

Went slipping back upon the golden days

In which she saw him first, when Lancelot came,

Reputed the best knight and goodliest man,

Ambassador, to lead her to his lord Arthur, and led her forth, and far ahead

Of his and her retinue moving, they, Rapt in sweet talk or lively, all on

And sport and tilts and pleasure (for the time

Was maytime, and as yet no sin was dream'd),

Rode under groves that look'd a paradise

Of blossom, over sheets of hyacinth That seem'd the heavens upbreaking thro' the earth,

And on from hill to hill, and every

Beheld at noon in some delicious dale The silk pavilions of King Arthur raised

For brief repast or afternoon repose By couriers gone before; and on again.

Till yet once more ere set of sun they saw

The Dragon of the great Pendragonship,

That crown'd state pavilion of the King,

Blaze by the rushing brook or silent well.

But when the Queen immersed in such a trance,

And moving thro' the past unconsciously,

Came to that point where first she saw the King

Ride toward her from the city, sigh'd to find

Her journey done, glanced at him, thought him cold,

High, self-contain'd, and passionless, not like him,

"Not like my Lancelet"—while she

And grew half-guilty in her thoughts again,

There rode an armed warrior to the doors.

A murmuring whisper thro' the nunnery ran,

Then on a sudden a cry, "The King."
She sat

Stiff-stricken, listening; but when armed feet

Thro' the long gallery from the outer doors

Rang coming, prone from off her seat she fell,

And grovel'd with her face against the floor:

There with her milkwhite arms and shadowy hair

She made her face a darkness from the King:

And in the darkness heard his armed

Pause by her; then came silence, then a voice,

Monotonous and hollow like a
Ghost's

Denouncing judgment, but tho' changed, the King's:

"Liest thou here so low, the child of one

I honor'd, happy, dead before thy shame?

Well is it that no child is born of thee.

The children born of thee are sword and fire,

Red ruin, and the breaking up of laws,

The craft of kindred and the Godless hosts

Of heathen swarming o'er the North- That I the King should greatly care ern Sea;

Whom I, while yet Sir Lancelot, my right arm.

The mightiest of my knights, abode with me,

Have everywhere about this land of Christ

In twelve great battles ruining overthrown.

And knowest thou now from whence I come - from him.

From waging bitter war with him: and he,

That did not shun to smite me in worse way,

Had yet that grace of courtesy in him

He spared to lift his hand against the King

Who made him knight: but many a knight was slain;

And many more, and all his kith and

Clave to him, and abode in his own land.

And many more when Modred raised revolt,

Forgetful of their troth and fealty. clave

To Modred, and a remnant stays with me.

And of this remnant will I leave a

True men who love me still, for whom I live,

To guard thee in the wild hour coming on,

Lest but a hair of this low head be harm'd.

Fear not: thou shalt be guarded till my death.

Howbeit I know, if ancient prophe-

Have err'd not, that I march to meet my doom.

Thou hast not made my life so sweet to me,

to live:

For thou hast spoilt the purpose of my life.

Bear with me for the last time while I show,

Ev'n for thy sake, the sin which thou hast sinn'd.

For when the Roman left us, and their law

Relax'd its hold upon us, and the ways

Were fill'd with rapine, here and there a deed

Of prowess done redress'd a random wrong.

But I was first of all the kings who drew

The knighthood-errant of this realm and all

The realms together under me, their Head,

In that fair Order of my Table Round,

A glorious company, the flower of men,

To serve as model for the mighty world

And be the fair beginning of a time. I made them lay their hands in mine and swear

To reverence the King, as if he were

Their conscience, and their conscience as their King,

To break the heathen and uphold the Christ,

To ride abroad redressing human wrongs,

To speak no slander, no, nor listen to

To honor his own word as if his God's.

To lead sweet lives in purest chastity, To love one maiden only, cleave to her,

And we ship her by years of noble decds.

Until they won her; for indeed I knew

Of no more subtle master under heaven

Than is the maiden passion for a maid,

Not only to keep down the base in man,

But teach high thought, and amiable words

And courtliness, and the desire of fame,

And love of truth, and all that makes a man.

And all this throve before I wedded thee,

Believing, 'lo mine helpmate, one to feel

My purpose and rejoicing in my joy.'

Then came thy shameful sin with Lancelot;

Then came the sin of Tristram and Isolt;

Then others, following these my mightiest knights,

And drawing foul ensample from fair names,

Sinn'd also, till the loathsome opposite

Of all my heart had destined did obtain,

And all thro' thee! so that this life of mine

I guard as God's high gift from scathe and wrong,

Not greatly care to lose; but rather think

How sad it were for Arthur, should he live,

To sit once more within his lonely hall,

And miss the wonted number of my nights,

And miss to hear high talk of noble deeds

As in the golden days before thy sin.

For which of us, who might be left, could speak

Of the pure heart, nor seem to glance at thee?

And in thy bowers of Camelot or of Usk

Thy shadow still would glide from room to room,

And I should evermore be vext with thee

In hanging robe or vacant ornament, Or ghostly footfall echoing on the stair.

For think not, tho' thou wouldst not love thy lord,

Thy lord hast wholly lost his love for thee,

I am not made of so slight elements.

Yet must I leave thee, woman, to thy shan...

I hold that man the worst of poblic foes

Who either for his own or children's sake,

To save his blood from scandal, lets the wife

Whom he knows false, abide and rule the house:

For being thro' his cowardice allow'd Her station, taken everywhere for pure,

She like a new disease, unknown to men,

Creeps, no precaution used, among the crowd,

Makes wicked lightnings of her eyes, and saps

The fealty of our friends, and stirs the pulse

With devil's leaps, and poisons half the young.

Worst of the worst were that man he that reigns!

Better the King's waste hearth and aching heart

Than thou reseated in thy place of light,

The mockery of my people, and their bane,"

He paused, and in the pause she crept an inch

Nearer, and laid her hands about his feet.

Far off a solitary trumpet blew.

Then waiting by the doors the war-horse neigh'd

As at a friend's voice, and he spake again:

"Yet think not that I come to urge thy crimes,

I did not come to curse thee, Guinevere,

I, whose vast pity almost makes me

To see thee, laying there thy golden head,

My pride in happier summers, at my feet.

The wrath which forced my thoughts on that fierce law,

The doom of treason and the flaming death

(When first I learnt thee hidden here), is past.

The pang—which while I weigh'd thy heart with one

Too wholly true to dream untruth in thee,

Made my tears burn — is also past — in part.

And all is past, the sin is sinn'd, and I,

Lo! I forgive thee, as Eternal God Forgives: do thou for thine own soul the rest.

But how to take last leave of all I loved?

O golden hair, with which I used to play

Not knowing! O imperial-molded form,

And beauty such as never woman wore,

Until it came a kingdom's curse with

I cannot touch thy lips, they are not mine,

But Lancelot's: nay, they never were the King's.

I cannot take thy hand; that too is flesh,

And in the flesh thou hast sinn'd; and mine own flesh,

Here looking down on thine polluted,

'I loathe thee:' yet not less, O Guinevere,

For I was ever virgin save for thee, My love thro' flesh hath wrought into my life

So far, that my doom is, I love thee still.

Let no man dream but that I love thee still.

Perchance, and so thou purify thy

And so thou lean on our fair father Christ,

Hereafter in that world where all are pure

We two may meet before high God, and thou

Wilt spring to me, and claim me

I am thine husband — not a smaller soul,

Nor Lancelot, nor another. Leave me that,

I charge thee, my last hope. Now must I hence.

Thro' the thick night I hear the trumpet blow:

They summon me their King to lead mine hosts

Far down to that great battle in the west,

Where I must strike against the man they call

My sister's son — no kin of mine, who leagues

- With Lords of the White Horse, heathen, and knights,
- Traitors and strike him dead, and meet myself
- Death, or I know not what mysterious doom.
- And thou remaining here wilt learn the event;
- But hither shall I never come again, Never lie by thy side; see thee no more—
- Farewell!"
- And while she grovel'd at his feet, She felt he King's breath wander o'er her neck.
- And in the darkness o'er her fallen head,
- Perceived the waving of his hands that blest.
 - Then, listening till those armed steps were gone,
- Rose the pale Queen, and in her anguish found
- The casement: "peradventure," so she thought,
- "If I might see his face, and not be seen."
- And lo, he sat on horseback at the
- And near him the sad nuns with each a light
- Stood, and he gave them charge about the Queen,
- To guard and foster her for evermore.
- And while he spake to these his helm was lower'd,
- To which for crest the golden dragon clung
- Of Britain; so she did not see the face,
- Which then was as an angel's, but she saw,
- Wet with the mists and smitten by the lights,

- The Dragon of the great Pendragonship
- Blaze, making all the night a stear of fire.
- And even then he turn'd; and more and more
- The moony vapor rolling round the King.
- Who seem'd the phantom of a Giant in it,
- Enwound him fold by fold, and made him gray
- And grayer, till himself became as
- Before her, moving ghostlike to his
 - Then she stretch'd out her arms and cried aloud
- "Oh Arthur!" there her voice brake suddenly,
- Then as a stream that spouting from a cliff
- Fails in mid air, but gathering at the base
- Re-makes itself, and flashes down the
- Went on in passionate utterance:
 - "Gone my lord!
- Gone thro' my sin to slay and to be slain!
- And he forgave me, and I could not speak.
- Farewell? I should have answer d
- his farewell.

 His mercy choked me. Gone, my
- lord the King,
 My own true lord! how dare I call
- him mine?
 The shadow of another cleaves to me,
- And makes me one pollution: he, the King,
- Call'd me polluted: shall I kill my-self?
- What help in that? I cannot kill my sin,

If soul be soul; nor can I kill my I yearn'd for warmth and color which

No, nor by living can I live it down.

The days will grow to weeks, the weeks to months,

The months will add themselves and make the years,

The years will roll into the centuries, And mine will ever be a name of scorn.

I must not dwell on that defeat of fame.

Let the world be; that is but of the world;

What else? what hope? I think there was a hope,

Except he mock'd me when he spake of hope;

His hope he call'd it; but he never mocks.

For mockery is the fume of little hearts.

And blessed be the King, who hath forgiven

My wickedness to him, and left me

That in mine own heart I can live down sin

And be his mate hereafter in the heavens

Before high God. Ah great and gentle lord.

Who wast, as is the conscience of a saint

Among his warring senses, to thy knights -

To whom my false voluptuous pride, that took

Full easily all impressions from below,

Would not look up, or half-despised the height

To which I would not or I could not climb -

I thought I could not breathe in that

That pure severity of perfect light -

I found

In Lancelot - now I see thee what thou art,

Thou art the highest and most human

Not Lancelot, nor another. Is there

Will tell the King I love him tho' so late?

Now - ere he goes to the great Battle? none:

Myself must tell him in that purer

But now it were too daring. Ah my God,

What might I not have made of thy fair world,

Had I but loved thy highest creature here?

It was my duty to have loved the highest:

It surely was my profit had I known: It would have been my pleasure had 1 seen.

We needs must love the highest when we see it,

Not Lancelot, nor another."

Here her hand Grasp'd, made her vail her eyes: she look'd and saw

The novice, weeping, suppliant, and said to her,

"Yea, little maid, for am I not forgiven?"

Then glancing up beheld the holy nuns

All round her, weeping; and her heart was loosed

Within her, and she wept with these and said.

"Ye know me then, that wicked one, who broke

The vast design and purpose of the King.

IDYLLS OF THE KING

O shut me round with narrowing nunnery-walls,

Meek maidens, from the voices crying 'shame.'

I must not scorn myself: he loves me still.

Let no one dream but that he loves me still.

So let me, if you do not shudder at me,

Nor shun to call me sister, dwell with you;

Wear black and white, and be a nun like you,

Fast with your fasts, not feasting with your feasts;

Grieve with your griefs, not grieving at your joys,

But not rejoicing; mingle with your rites;

Pray and be pray'd for; lie before your shrines;

Do each low office of your holy house;

Walk your dim cloister, and distribute dole

To poor sick people, richer in His

Who ransom'd us and haler too than I;

And treat their loathsome hurts and heal mine own;

And so wear out in almsdeed and in prayer

The somber close of that voluptuous day,

Which wrought the ruin of my lord the King."

She said: they took her to themselves; and she

Still hoping, fearing "is it yet too late?"

Dwelt with them, till in time their Abbess died.

Then she, for her good deeds and her pure life,

And for the power of ministration in her,

And likewise for the high rank she had borne,

Was chosen Abbess, there, an Abbess, lived

For three brief years, and there, an Abbess, past

To where beyond these voices there is peace.

End of "The Round Table."

THE PASSING OF ARTHUR.

THAT story which the bold Sir Bedivere.

First made and latest left of all the knights,

Told, when the man was no more than a voice

In the white winter of his age, to

With whom he dwelt, new faces, other minds.

For on their march to westward, Bedivere, Who slowly paced among the slumbering host,

Heard in his tent the moanings of the King:

"I found Him in the shining of the stars,

I mark'd Him in the flowering of His fields,

But in His ways with men I find Him not.

I waged His wars, and now I pass and die.



"'VEAL THEFT MAID, FOR AM F NOT FORGIVEN?" Page 381



O me! for why is all around us here As if some lesser god had made the world,

But had not force to shape it as he would,

Till the High God behold it from beyond,

And enter it, and make it beautiful? Or else as if the world were wholly fair,

But that these eyes of men are dense and dim,

And have not power to see it as it is: Perchance, because we see not to the close;—

For I, being simple, thought to work His will,

And have but stricken with the sword in vain;

And all whereon I lean'd in wife and friend

Is traitor to my peace, and all my realm

Reels back into the beast, and is no more.

My God, thou hast forgotten me in my death:

Nay — God my Christ — I pass but shall not die."

Then, ere that last weird battle in the west,

There came on Arthur sleeping, Gawain kill'd

In Lancelot's war, the ghost of Gawain blown

Along a wandering wind, and past his ear

Went shrilling, "Hollow, hollow all delight!

Hail, King! to-morrow thou shalt pass away.

Farewell! there is an isle of rest for thee.

And I am blown along a wandering wind,

And hollow, hollow, hollow all delight." And fainter onward, like wild birds that change

Their season in the night and wail their way

From cloud to cloud, down the long wind the dream

Shrill'd; bur in going mingled with

Far in the moonlit haze among the hills,

As of some lonely city sack'd by night, When all is lost, and wife and child with wail

Pass to new lords; and Arthur woke and call'd,

"Who spake? A dream. O light upon the wind,

Thine, Gawain, was the voice — are these dim cries

Thine? or doth all that haunts the waste and wild

Mourn, knowing it will go along with me?"

This heard the bold Sir Bedivere and spake:

"O me, my King, let pass whatever will,

Elves, and the harmless glamour of the field;

But in their stead thy name and glory cling

To all high places like a golden cloud

For ever: but as yet thou shalt not pass.

Light was Gawain in life, and light in death

Is Gawain, for the ghost is as the man;

And care not thou for dreams from him, but rise —

I hear the steps of Modred in the west,

And with him many of thy people, and knights

Once thine, whom thou hast loved, but grosser grown Than heathen, spitting at their vows and thee.

Right well in heart they know thee for the King.

Arise, go forth and conquer as of old."

Then spake King Arthur to Sir Bedivere:

Fur other is this battle in the west Whereto we move, than when we strove in youth,

And brake the petty kings, and fought with Rome,

Or thrust the heathen from the Roman wall,

And shook him thro' the north. Ill

To war against my people and my knights.

The king who fights his people fights himself.

And they my knights, who loved me once, the stroke

That strikes them dead is as my death

Yet let us hence, and find or feel a

Thro' this blind haze, which ever since I saw

One lying in the dust at Almesbury, Hath folded in the passes of the world."

Then rose the King and moved his host by night,

And ever push'd Sir Modred, league by league,

Back to the sunset bound of Lyonnesse —

A land of old upheaven from the abyss

By fire, to sink into the abyss again; Where fragments of forgotten peoples dwelt,

And the long mountains ended in a coast

Of ever-shifting sand, and far away The phantom circle of a moaning sea. There the pursuer could pursue no more,

And he that fled no further fly the King;

And there, that day when the great light of heaven

Burn'd at his lowest in the rolling year,

On the waste sand by the waste sea they closed.

Nor ever yet had Arthur fought a

Like this last, dim, weird battle of the west.

A deathwhite mist slept over sand and sea:

Whereof the chill, to him who breathed it, drew

Down with his blood, till all his heart was cold

With formless fear; and ev'n on Arthur fell

Confusion, since he saw not whom he fought.

For friend and foe were shadows in the mist,

And friend slew friend not knowing whom he slew;

And some had visions out of golden youth,

And some beheld the faces of old ghosts

Look in upon the battle; and in the

Was many a noble detd, many a base, And chance and craft and strength in single fig. s,

And ever and anon with host to host Shocks, and the splintering spear, the hard mail hewn,

Shield-breakings, and the clash of brands, the crash

Of battleaxes on shatter'd helms, and

After the Christ, of those who falling down

Look'd up for heaven, and only saw the mist;

And shouts of heathen and the traitor knights,

Oaths, insult, filth, and monstrous blasphemies,

Sweat, writhings, anguish, laboring of the lungs

In that close mist, and cryings for the light,

Moans of the dying, and voices of the dead.

Last, as by some one deathbed after wail

Of suffering, silence follows, or thro' death

Or death-like swoon, thus over all that shore,

Save for some whisper of the seething seas,

A dead hush fell; but when the dolorous day,

Grew drearier toward twilight falling, came

A bitter wind, clear from the North, and blew

The mist aside, and with that wind the tide

Rose, and the pale King glanced across the field

Of battle: but no man was moving there:

Nor any cry of Christian heard thereon,

Nor yet of heathen; only the wan wave

Brake in among dead faces, to and fro

Swaying the helpless hands, and up and down

Tumbling the hollow helmets of the fallen,

And shiver'd brands that once had fought with Rom;

And rolling far along the gloomy shores

The voice of days of old and days to be.

Then spake King Arthur to Sir Bedivere.

And whiter than the mist that all day long

Had held the field of battle was the King:

"Hearest thou this great voice that shakes the world,

And wastes the narrow realm whereon we move,

And beats upon the faces of the dead, My dead, as tho' they had not died for me?—

O Bedivere, for on my heart hath

Confusion, till I know not what I am.

Nor whence I am, nor whether I be King.

Behold, I seem but King among the dead."

Then spake the bold Sir Bedivere: "My King,

King everywhere! and so the dead have kings.

There also will I worship thee as King.

Yet still thy life is whole, and still I

Who love thee; but who hates thee, he that brought

The heathen back among us, yonder stands,

Modred, unharm'd, the traitor of thine house,"

Then spake the King: "My house hath been my doom.

But call not thou this traitor of my house

Who hath but dwelt beneath one roof with me.

My house are rather they who sware my vows,

Yea, even while they brake them, own'd me King.

And well for thee, saying in my dark hour,

When all the purport of my throne hath fail'd,

That quick or dead thou holdest me for King.

King am I, whatsoever be their cry; And one last act of kinghood shalt thou see

Yet, ere I pass." And uttering this the King

Made at the man: then Modred smote his liege

Hard on that helm which many a heathen sword

Had beaten thin; while Arthur at one

Striking the last stroke with Excalibur,

Slew him, and all but slain himself, he fell.

So all day long the noise of battle

Among the mountains by the winter sea;

Until King Arthur's Table, man by

Had fall'n in Lyonnesse about their lord,

King Arthur. Then, because his wound was deep,

The bold Sir Bedivere uplifted him, And bore him to a chapel nigh the field.

A broken chancel with a broken cross, That stood on a dark strait of barren land:

On one side lay the Ocean, and on

Lay a great water, and the moon was full.

Then spake King Arthur to Sir Bedivere:

"The sequel of to-day unsolders all The goodliest fellowship of famous knights

Whereof this world holds record. Such a sleep

They sleep—the men I loved. I think that we

Shall never more, at any future time, Delight our souls with talk of knightly deeds,

Walking about the gardens and the halls

Of Camelot, as in the days that were. I perish by this people which I made.—

Tho' Merlin sware that I should come again

To rule once more; but, let what will be, be,

I am so deeply smitten thro' the helm That without help I cannot last till

Thou therefore take my brand Excalibur.

Which was my pride: for thou rememberest how

In those old days, one summer noon, an arm

Rose up from out the bosom of the lake.

Clothed in white samite, mystic, wonderful,

Holding the sword — and how I row'd across

And took it, and have worn it, like a king;

And, wheresoever I am sung or told In aftertime, this also shall be known: But now delay not: take Excalibur, And fling him far into the middle mere:

Watch what thou seëst, and lightly bring me word."

To him replied the bold Sir Bedivere:

"It is not meet, Sir King, to leave thee thus,

Aidless, alone, and smitten thro' the

A little thing may harm a wounded man;

Yet I thy hest will all perform at full,

Watch what I see, and lightly bring thee word."

So saying, from the ruin'd shrine he stept

And in the moon athwart the place of tombs,

Where lay the mighty bones of ancient men,

Old knights, and over them the seawind sang

Shrill, chill, with flakes of foam. He, stepping down

By zigzag paths, and juts of pointed rock,

Came on the shining levels of the lake.

There drew he forth the brand Excalibur.

And o'er him, drawing it, the winter moon,

Brightening the skirts of a long cloud, ran forth

And sparkled keen with frost against the hilt:

For all the haft twinkled with diamond sparks,

Myriads of topaz-lights, and jacinthwork

Of subtlest jewelry. He gazed so

That both his eyes were dazzled as he stood,

This way and that dividing the swift mind,

In act to throw: but at the last it seem'd

Better to leave Excalibur conceal'd

There in the many-knotted water-flags,

That whistled stiff and dry about the marge.

So strode he back slow to the wounded King.

Then spake King Arthur to Sir Bedivere:

"Hast thou perform'd my mission which I gave?

What is it thou hast seen? or what hast heard?"

And answer made the bold Sir Bedivere:

"I heard the ripple washing in the reeds,

And the wild water lapping on the crag."

To whom replied King Arthur, faint and pale:

"Thou hast betray'd thy nature and thy name,

Not rendering true answer, as beseem'd

Thy fëalty, nor like a noble knight: For surer sign had follow'd, either hand,

Or voice, or else a motion of the mere.

This is a shameful thing for men to lie.

Yet now, I charge thee, quickly go again,

As thou art lief and dear, and do the thing

I bade thee, watch, and lightly bring me word."

Then went Sir Bedivere the sec-

Across the ridge, and paced beside the mere,

Counting the dewy pebbles, fix'd in thought;

But when he saw the wonder of the hilt,

How curiously and strangely chased,

His palms together, and he cried aloud:

"And if indeed I cast the brand away,

Surely a precious thing, one worthy note,

Should thus be lost forever from the earth,

Which might have pleased the eyes of many men.

What good should follow this, if this were done?

What harm, undone? Deep harm to disobev,

Seeing obedience is the bond of rule. Were it well to obey then, if a king demand

An act unprofitable, against himself?

The King is sick, and knows not what he does.

What record - what relic of my lord

Should be to aftertime, but empty breath

And rumors of a doubt? But were this kept,

Stored in some treasure-house of mighty kings,

Some one might show it at a joust of arms,

Saying, 'King Arthur's sword, Excalibur,

Wrought by the lonely maiden of the Lake.

Nine years she wrought it, sitting in the deeps

Upon the hidden bases of the hills.' So might some old man speak in the aftertime

To all the people, winning reverence. But now much honor and much fame were lost." oo spake he, clouded with his own conceit,

And hid Excalibur the second time, And so strode back slow to the wounded King.

Then spoke King Arthur, breathing heavily:

"What is it thou hast seen? or what hast heard?"

And answer made the bold Sir Bedivere:

"I heard the water lapping on the

And the long ripple washing in the

To whom replied King Arthur, much in wrath:

"Ah, miserable and unkind, untrue, Unknightly, traitor-hearted! Woe is me!

Authority forgets a dying king, I aid widow'd of the power in his

That bow'd the will. I see thee what thou are.

For thou, the latest-left of all my knights,

In whom should meet the offices of all.

Thou wouldst betray me for the precious hilt;

Either from lust of gold, or like a girl

Valuing the giddy pleasure of the eyes.

Yet, for a man may fail in duty twice,

And the third time may prosper, get thee hence:

But, if thou spare to fling Excalibur, I will arise and slay thee with my hands."

Then quickly rose Sir Bedivere, and ran,

And, leaping down the ridges lightly, plunged

Among the bulrush beds, and clutch'd the sword,

And strongly wheel'd and threw it.
The great brand

Made lightnings in the splendor of the moon,

And flashing round and round, and whirl'd in an arch,

Shot like a streamer of the northern morn,

Seen where the moving isles of winter shock

By night, with noises of the Northern Sea.

So flash'd and fell the brand Excal-

But ere he dipt the surface, rose an arm

Clothed in white samite, mystic, wonderful,

And caught him by the hilt, and brandish'd him

Three times, and drew him under in the mere.

And lightly went the other to the King.

Then spoke King Arthur, drawing thicker breath:

"Now see I by thine eyes that this is done.

Speak out: what is it thou hast heard, or seen?"

And answer made the bold Sir Bedivere:

"Sir King, I closed mine eyelids, lest the gems

Should blind my purpose, for I never saw,

Nor shall see, here or elsewhere, till I die,

Not tho' I live three lives of mortal men,

So great a miracle as yonder hilt.

Then with both hands I flung him, wheeling him;

But when I look'd again, behold an arm,

Clothed in white samite, mystic, wonderful,

That caught him by the hilt, and brandish'd him

Three times, and drew him under in the mere."

And answer made King Arthur, breathing hard:

"My end draws nigh: 'tis time that I were gone.

Make broad thy shoulders to receive my weight,

And bear me to the margin; yet I fear

My wound hath taken cold, and I shall die."

So saying, from the pavement he half rose,

Slowly, with pain, reclining on his

And looking wistfully with wide blue eyes

As in a picture. Him Sir Bedivere Remorsefully regarded thro' his tears,

And would have spoken, but he found not words;

Then took with care, and kneeling on one knee,

O'er both his shoulders drew the languid hands,

And rising bore him thro' the place of tombs.

But, as he walk'd, King Arthur panted hard.

Like one that feels a nightmare on his bed

When all the house is mute. So sigh'd the King,

Muttering and murmuring at his ear, "Quick, quick!

I fear it is too late, and I shall die."

- But the other swiftly strode from ridge to ridge,
- Clothed with his breath, and looking, as he walk'd,
- Larger than human on the frozen hills.
- He heard the deep behind him, and a cry
- Before. His own thought drove him like a goad.
- Dry clash'd his harness in the icy caves
- And barren chasms, and all to left and right
- The bare black cliff clang'd round him, as he based
- His feet on juts of slippery crag that rang
- Sharp-smitten with the dint of armed heels —
- And on a sudden, lo! the level lake, And the long glories of the winter moon.
 - Then saw they how there hove a dusky barge.
- Dark as a funeral scarf from stem to stern,
- Beneath them; and descending they were ware
- That all the decks were dense with stately forms,
- Black-stoled, black-hooded, like a dream by these
- Three Queens with crowns of gold: and from them rose
- A cry that shiver'd to the tingling stars.
- And, as it were one voice, an agony
 Of lamentation, like a wind that
 shrills
- All night in a waste land, where no one comes,
- Or hath come, since the making of the world.
 - Then murmur'd Arthur, "Place me in the barge."

- So to the barge they came. There those three Queens
- Put forth their hands, and took the King, and wept.
- But she, that rose the tallest of them
- And fairest, laid his head upon her lap.
- And loosed the shatter'd casque, and chafed his hands,
- And call'd him by his name, com-
- And dropping bitter tears against a
- Striped with dark blood: for all his face was white
- And colorless, and like the wither'd
- Smote by the fresh beam of the springing east;
- And all his greaves and cuisses dash'd with drops
- Of onset; and the light and lustrous curls —
- That made his forehead like a rising
- High from the daïs-throne were parch'd with dust;
- Or, clotted into points and hanging loose,
- Mix'd with the knightly growth that fringed his lips.
- So like a shatter'd column lay the
- King; Not like that Arthur who, with lance
- in rest, From spur to plume a star of tourna-
- ment, Shot thro' the lists at Camelot, and
- charged

 Before the eyes of Lidies and o
- Before the eyes of ladies and of kings.
 - Then loudly cried the bold Sir Bedivere:
- "Ah! my Lord Arthur, whither shall

Where shall I hide my forehead and That nourish a blind life within the

For now I see the true old times are dead.

When every morning brought a noble chance,

And every chance brought out a noble knight.

Such times have beer not since the light that led

The holy Elders with the gift of myrrh.

But now the whole Round Table is dissolved

Which was an image of the mighty world,

And I, the last, go forth companionless,

And the days darken round me, and the years.

Among new men, strange faces, other minds."

And slowly answer'd Arthur from the barge:

"The old order changeth, yielding place to new,

And God fulfils himself in many

Lest one good custom should corrupt the world.

Comfort thyself: what comfort is in me?

I have lived my life, and that which I have done

May He within himself make pure! but thou,

If thou shouldst never see my face again,

Pray for my soul. More things are wrought by prayer

Than this world dreams Wherefore, let thy voice

Rise like a fountain for me night and

For what are men better than sheep or goats

brain.

If, knowing God, they lift not hands of prayer

Both for themselves and those who call them friend?

For so the whole round earth is every way

Bound by gold chains about the feet of God.

But now farewell. I am going a long way

With these thou seest - if indeed I

- For all my mind is clouded with a doubt -

To the island-valley of Avilion;

Where falls not hail, or rain, or any snow,

Nor ever wind blows loudly; but it lies

Deep-meadow'd, happy, fair with orchard lawns

And bowery hollows crown'd with summer sea,

Where I will heal me of my grievous wound,"

So said he, and the barge with oar and sail

Moved from the brink, like some full-breasted swan

That, fluting a wild carol ere her death,

Ruffles her pure cold plume, and takes the flood

With swarthy webs. Long stood Sir Bedivere

Revolving many memories, till the hull

Look'd one black dot against the verge of dawn,

And on the mere the wailing died away.

But when that moan had past for evermore,

- The stillness of the dead world's Of Arthur, who should help him at winter dawn
- Amazed him, and he groan'd, "The King is gone."
- And therewithal came on him the weird rhyme,
- "From the great deep to the great deep he goes."
 - Whereat he slowly turn'd and slowly clomb
- The last hard footstep of that iron crag;
- Thence mark'd the black hull moving yet, and cried.
- "He passes to be King among the
- And after healing of his grievous wound
- He comes again; but if he comes no more -
- O me, be you dark Queens in you black boat,
- Who shriek'd and wail'd, the three whereat we gazed
- On that high day, when, clothed with living light,
- They stood before his throne in silence, friends

- his need?'
- Then from the dawn it seem'd there came, but faint
- As from beyond the limit of the world,
- Like the last echo born of a great Cry,
- Sounds, as if some fair city were one voice
- Around a king returning from his wars.
 - Thereat once more he moved about, and clomb
- Ev'n to the highest he could climb, and saw,
- Straining his eyes beneath an arch of hand,
- Or thought he saw, the speck that bare the King,
- Down that long water opening on the deep
- Somewhere far off, pass on and on, and go
- From less to less and vanish into light.
- And the new sun rose bringing the new year.

TO THE QUEEN

- O LOYAL to the royal in thyself,
- And loval to thy land, as this to thee -
- Bear witness, that rememberable
- When, pale as yet, and fever-worn, the Prince
- Who scarce had pluck'd his flickering life again
- From halfway down the shadow of the grave,
- Past with thee thro' thy people and their love,

- And London roll'd one tide of joy thro' all
- Her trebled millions, and loud leagues of man
- And welcome! witness, too, the silent cry,
- The prayer of many a race and creed, and clime -
- Thunderless lightnings striking under
- From sunset and sunrise of all thy realm,

And that true North, whereof we lately heard

A strain to shame us, "Keep you to yourselves;

So loyal is too costly! friends — your love

Is but a burthen: loose the bond, and

Is this the tone of empire? here the faith

That made us rulers? this, indeed, her voice

And meaning, whom the roar of Hougoumont

Left mightiest of all peoples under heaven?

What shock has fool'd her since, that she should speak

So feebly? wealthier — wealthier — hour by hour!

The voice or Britain, or a sinking land,

Some third-rate isle half-lost among her seas?

There rang her voice, when the full city peal'd

Thee and thy Prince! The loyal to their crown

Are loyal to their own far sons, who

Our ocean-empire with her boundless homes

For ever-broadening England, and her throne

In our vast Orient, and one isle, one isle,

That knows not her own greatness: if she knows

And dreads it we are fall'n.—But thou, my Queen,

Not for itself, but thro' thy living love

For one to whom I made it o'er his grave

Sacred, except this old imperfect tale,

New-old, and shadowing Sense at war with Soul Ideal manhood closed in real man, Rather than that gray king, whose name, a ghost,

Streams like a cloud, man-shaped, from mountain peak,

And cleaves to cairn and cromlech still; or him

Of Geoffrey's book, or him of Malleor's, one

Touch'd by the adulterous finger of a time

That hover'd between war and wantonness,

And crownings and dethronements:

Thy poet's blessing, and his trust that Heaven

Will blow the tempest in the distance back

From thine and ours: for some are scared, who mark,

Or wisely or unwisely, signs of storm, Waverings of every vane with every wind,

And wordy trucklings to the transient hour,

And fierce or careless looseners of the faith,

And Softness breeding scorn of simple life,

Or Cowardice, the child of lust for gold,

Or Labor, with a groan and not a voice,

Or Art with poisonous honey stol'n from France,

And that which knows, but careful for itself,

And that which knows not, ruling that which knows

To its own harm: the goal of this great world

Lies beyond sight: yet — if our slowly-grown

And crown'd Republic's crowning common-sense,

That saved her many times, not fail
— their fears

IDYLLS OF THE KING

Are morning shadows huger than the shapes

That cast them, not those gloomier which forego

The darkness of that battle in the West,

Where all of high and holy dies away.

